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J. David Palmer Vice President Regulatory Affairs

May 1, 2023

Ms. Jennifer Ivory, Secretary Arkansas Public Service Commission P.O. Box 400 1000 Center Street Little Rock, Arkansas 72201

Re: Docket No. 07-085-TF

In the Matter of the Application of Entergy Arkansas, Inc. For Approval of Energy Efficiency Programs and Energy

Efficiency Cost Rate Rider

Dear Ms. Ivory:

Please find attached for filing with the Arkansas Public Service Commission, Entergy Arkansas, LLC's Energy Efficiency Program Portfolio Annual Report for the 2022 Program Year and the accompanying Program Portfolio Annual Report Excel Workbook. This Annual Report and Workbook are filed pursuant to the provisions of Section 9 of the Commission's Rules for Conservation and Energy Efficiency Programs approved in Docket No. 06-004-R.

If you have any questions or need anything additional concerning this filing, please call me at (501) 377-3571 or Spencer Whitfield at (501) 377-5884.

Sincerely,

/s/ J. David Palmer

JDP/sw Attachments

c: All parties of record w/ attachments



ENTERGY ARKANSAS, LLC

Arkansas Energy Efficiency
Program Portfolio Annual Report

Docket No. 07-085-TF

2022 PROGRAM YEAR **May 1, 2023**

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1.0 Executive Summary

Entergy Arkansas, LLC ("Entergy Arkansas" or the "Company") submits its Energy Efficiency Program Annual Report for the 2022 program year. This Annual Report demonstrates that the Company has developed and offered cost-effective energy efficiency programs to all classes of its customers, as it has since the Arkansas Public Service Commission ("APSC" or the "Commission") adopted its Rules for Conservation and Energy Efficiency Programs ("C&EE Rules") and comprehensiveness guidance. The 2022 Annual Report provides information for the 2022 program year.

Overall, the Annual Report demonstrates:

- Entergy Arkansas' successful implementation of its energy efficiency programs continued for the 2022 program year, with the Company maintaining its overall energy efficiency savings through its portfolio of energy efficiency programs.
- Energy savings of 302,315 MWh (gross or ex ante¹) for the 2022 program year, which is comparable to the 319,928 MWh energy savings achieved by the Company for the 2021 program year.²
- Entergy Arkansas achieved net savings³ of 292,926 MWh which is comparable to the 311,158 MWh achieved in 2021 by effectively working with its program implementers and evaluation contractor to expand offerings to low-income households and identify deeper savings for commercial customers. The overall portfolio net-to-gross factor increased from 95 percent in 2021 to 97 percent in 2022.
- The 2022 program year was designed to achieve 120% of the Commission-established target for achieved savings of 1.2% of 2018 retail sales. Entergy Arkansas exceeded that goal with an overall achievement of 133% of the Commission-established goal, which allows the programs to meet the performance incentive thresholds established by the Commission in Docket No. 13-002-U.
- Entergy Arkansas' energy efficiency programs continue to receive national recognition. Below are the latest awards being issued to various programs:

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¹ For purposes of this Annual Report, Entergy Arkansas uses the term "ex ante" to refer to the actual savings achieved by Entergy Arkansas prior to application of a number of adjustments that are applied to the Company's achieved savings figures.

² See infra Table 1.1.2 for additional details regarding the figures for this and other program years

³ Net savings refers to the application of the EM&V researched net-to-gross ratio to ex post savings.

- Manufactured Homes ACEEE Exemplary Program 2019.
- Agricultural Energy Solutions ACEEE Exemplary Program 2019.
- Residential Lighting & Appliances EPA ENERGY STAR® Partner of the Year Award 2019-2022.

In prior annual reports, Entergy Arkansas discussed the challenges inherent in running energy efficiency programs. In 2022, several steps were taken to overcome current challenges, while also exploring new avenues to lower the barriers facing customer adoption of the measures offered through the Company's energy efficiency programs. Those steps are enumerated below:

- Non-Energy Benefits (NEBs)
 - 2022 saw the continued application of NEBs, per Order Nos. 7 and 30 in Docket No. 13-002-U.
 - Entergy Arkansas, in collaboration with the Parties Working Collaboratively ("PWC") and its evaluator, Tetra Tech, refined the presentation and application of NEBs in 2018 through a NEBs working group. The NEBs working group established consensus definitions, methodologies and protocols for the identification and calculation of avoided and deferred replacement costs across the Company's portfolio, including processes for efficiently identifying, estimating and/or verifying avoided or deferred replacement costs associated with custom projects. These protocols were followed for the 2022 program year NEBs.

Consistent Weatherization Act and Act 1102

- Order No. 7 in Docket No.13-002-U requires all investor-owned utilities ("IOUs") to implement a consistent approach to providing weatherization services to eligible Arkansas residents. Order No. 7 identified key programmatic features that this consistent weatherization approach must include, features that were further developed and refined into a recommended framework referred to as the Core Program for implementation by the IOUs. The APSC approved the Consistent Weatherization Approach on December 9, 2014 with Order No. 22 in Docket No. 13-002-U. Beginning in 2016 and continuing through 2022, Entergy Arkansas' Home Energy Solutions, Manufactured Homes, Multifamily Homes and now Low-Income Solutions programs offered the "core" weatherization measures to residential customers.
- Act 1102 of 2017, concerning Ark. Code Ann. § 23-3-405(a) and the authority of the APSC over energy efficiency programs and measures provided by IOUs, states that the APSC is "permitted to order, require, promote, or engage in energy conservation

programs and measures for the benefit of utility customers" that fall into one or both of two key segments:

- 1. Utility customers who are 65 years of age or older, or
- Utility customers who meet the income eligibility qualifications for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program ("LIHEAP") administered by the Department of Human Services (administration since transferred to the Arkansas Energy Office).

Entergy Arkansas began offering a Low-Income Program in 2020 in accordance with Act 1102 quidelines.

- The PY2020 process evaluation found the new Low-Income Solutions successful, and this success continued in its third year of implementation, once again exceeding its energy savings filed goal. The program effectively served the intended customers with approximately three-quarters (71.1%) of customers LIHEAP eligible⁴ and almost half (45.2%) of customers 65 or older.
- In addition to the Low-Income Solutions program, other Entergy Arkansas residential programs also serve the Arkansas low-income and senior population. The Home Energy Solutions ("HES") Program, Manufactured Homes and Multifamily Homes are the other primary programs providing services to these customer segments. About a quarter of HES and Manufactured Homes participants are 65 or older (23.6% of HES participants, 23.9% of Manufactured Homes participants). In addition, about a quarter of Manufactured Homes and Multifamily Homes participants are LIHEAP eligible (21.5% of Manufactured Homes participants, 26.3% of Multifamily Homes). With a total of 12,071 unique participants enrolled, the four residential programs installed 90,209 energy-saving units. While the programs addressed multiple enduses including lighting, HVAC, hot water, envelope and appliances, weatherization improvements continue to be one of the most popular measures, with duct sealing representing over half of savings in the programs, and ceiling insulation and air infiltration representing the next most energy saving measures.
- Common Commercial and Industrial ("C&I") Approach

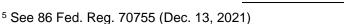
⁴ Combining data collected on household size and household income, the EM&V team generated an estimate of the number and share of survey respondents that were eligible for assistance under LIHEAP. The EM&V team utilized a table of LIHEAP eligibility cutoffs provided by the State of Arkansas, where LIHEAP eligibility is determined through a combination of household size and household income.

- On June 8, 2015, the Commission, in Order No. 27 in Docket No. 13-002-U, approved the Common C&I Approach. This order directed the utilities to report on the performance of the Common C&I approach within their respective annual reports as data becomes available.
- On December 15, 2016, the Commission issued Order No. 49 in Docket No. 07-083-TF, finding that some questions remain regarding the reconciliation of the discrepancies noted by Staff in budgets and expenditures as between the Energy Efficiency Arkansas ("EEA") Annual Report and the Annual Reports submitted by the utilities for PY2015. On May 1, 2022, the Arkansas Energy Office filed direct testimony in accordance with Order No. 52 in Docket No. 07-083-TF, which provides data and demonstration of the performance of the Common C&I Approach.

Evolving Retail LED Lighting Market and Regulatory Uncertainties

While 2022 saw policy updates for General Service Lamps ("GSLs"), enforcement phases in during 2023, necessitating continued incentives for GSLs through mid-2023. On December 13, 2021, the Department of Energy ("DOE") issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking ("NOPR") to enact the "backstop" efficacy requirement of 45 lumens/watt for General Service Lamps ("GSLs").5 Enforcement of the "backstop" is resulting in market transformation for all major bulb shapes (A-Line, Candle, Globe, Reflector) with the definition expansion and efficacy requirement being enacted. The rulemaking was completed in 2022 as DOE published two Final Rules related to GSLs. One rule concerned an update to the definitions of GSLs and General Service Incandescent Lamps. The second rule updated the energy efficiency of GSLs to the aforementioned 45 lumens per watt requirement. While the Final Rules went into effect in 2022, full compliance is phased in over 2023. The EM&V team conducted analysis of the impacts of the new baseline on Entergy Arkansas' portfolio savings. The analysis of the EISA changes found that it would significantly decrease the residential lighting savings delivered through Entergy Arkansas' residential energy efficiency programs in future program years. However, opportunities for savings through the commercial programs will continue.

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Residential

The residential portfolio is experiencing post pandemic effects that have presented challenges to program implementation and could be long lasting. With supply chain constraints and a surge of inflation, energy efficiency product and shipping costs are continuing to rise. The Home Energy Solutions, Low-Income Solutions, Manufactured Homes, and Multifamily Homes programs increased incentives for ceiling insulation and direct installation products to help offset the rise in costs. The Smart Direct Install program also increased incentives in 2022. The programs are increasing incentives again in 2023 for air sealing, audits, heat pump tune-ups, and Direct Installations (DI) measures. Entergy Arkansas continues to monitor these challenges as it could continue to create constraints on the program incentive budgets in 2023.

1.1 2022 Program Results and Achievements

For the 2022 program year, Entergy Arkansas achieved 94.6 MW⁶ of evaluated net demand reduction and 292,926 MWh⁴ of evaluated net energy savings.

In accordance with Order No. 17 in Docket No. 10-100-R, Entergy Arkansas' portfolio summary information, after independent EM&V and other adjustments are applied, is shown in Table 1.1.1:

Table 1.1.1

Portfolio Summary of 2022 Entergy Arkansas' energy efficiency Program Results⁷

2022 Portfolio Summary											
Net Energ	y Savings		Costs		Cost-Effectiveness			Goal Achievement			
Demand	Energy	Actual Expenditures	LCFC	Performance Incentives	TRC Net Benefits	TRC Ratio	PAC Ratio	Commission Established Target	Actual Savings Achieved	% of Target Achieved	
MW	MWh				(NPV)			% of Baseline	% of Baseline	(%)	
95	292,926	\$ 59,151,986	\$ -	\$ 5,548,361	\$137,308,341	2.94	2.67	1.20%	1.59%	133%	

Applying the required adjustments to these savings estimates for the PY 2022, and comparing those net figures to Entergy Arkansas' targets (as adjusted to account for the loss of Self Direct ("SD") customers), the Company achieved savings of 133% of its savings target established by the Commission, as reflected in Table 1.1.2 below:

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⁶ Energy savings and Demand Reduction do not include line losses as calculated by Tetra Tech.

⁷ Demand and Energy values do not include transmission and distribution line losses.

Table 1.1.2
Evaluated Savings and Goal Achievement

Entergy Arkansas' Gross Savings (ex ante)	302,315 MWh ⁸
As adjusted by Tetra Tech for Realization Rate (ex post)	301,059 MWh
As adjusted for Net-To-Gross ("NTG") ratios	292,926 MWh
Entergy Arkansas MWh Target adjusted for SD	220,845 MWh
% of Target Achievement Based on Evaluated Energy Savings	133%

The Commission's initiatives have fostered significant growth in energy efficiency, as reflected in the unadjusted savings that Entergy Arkansas has realized for the program years 2011-2022. These initiatives have helped increase energy efficiency savings by approximately 449% over that 11-year time period.

GROSS ENERGY SAVINGS (MWH) 300,000 250,000 200,000 150,000 100,000 50,000 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022

Table 1.1.3 – Gross Energy Savings

For the 2022 Program Year, there were differences, as is normally the case, between budgeted and actual expenditures. These differences can be attributed to the following factors:

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⁸ Unadjusted figures provide a good basis for comparing growth of Entergy Arkansas' Energy Efficiency programs because that was the basis upon which the IOUs were required to report their energy efficiency savings prior to the Annual Report for the 2011 Program Year filed April 2012.

- The largest program in Entergy Arkansas' portfolio is the Large C&I Solutions Program, which also serves the class of the Company's customers who are eligible to self direct their EE efforts and opt out of the utility programs. This program is affected the most with respect to energy savings achievement because of the loss in the number and respective energy usage of the customers obtaining SD exemptions. In 2022, Entergy Arkansas customer accounts approved to opt out of the programs remained consistent to that of 2021. The sales to SD customers represents approximately 18.1% of Entergy Arkansas' total retail sales. Additionally. approximately 46% of C&I customer accounts eligible to self direct have done so, representing approximately 60% of MWh sales eligible to be exempted. These SD exemptions continue to have a negative impact upon the Large C&I Program's ability to meet targeted energy savings goals. Recognizing this difficulty, the Large C&I Program has focused on increasing the number of energy efficiency projects from smaller C&I customers, while continuing to reach the remaining large industrial customers in the program through account management and trade ally efforts. Due to levels of participation lower than anticipated, the Large C&I Program underspent its 2022 incentive budget.
- In general, the Company's energy efficiency portfolio benefited from economies of scale realized in the 2022 program year. As discussed throughout this Annual Report, Entergy Arkansas continually works to evaluate its programs and implementation plans to determine whether improvements can be made. Over the years, numerous innovations to program deliveries have been implemented, the results of which are now being seen. Programs are operating more efficiently in many respects, as evidenced by customers implementing multiple measures through their participation in programs.

As was mentioned earlier, all of Entergy Arkansas' energy efficiency programs were cost-effective on a TRC basis in 2022, except the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control, Smart Direct Load Control, and Residential Direct Load Control programs. Further explanation of these results, including how Entergy Arkansas intends to manage these programs, will be addressed herein.

1.2 Entergy Arkansas' 2022 Program Year Results and 2023 Program Changes and Goals

With another full year of information available regarding implementation of Entergy Arkansas' comprehensive programs from its three-year plan approved by the Commission, the Company achieved a significant amount of demand and energy savings. The Company's overall results for program year 2022 are shown in Table 1.2.1 below:

Table 1.2.1
Entergy Arkansas 2022 Results

Entergy Arkansas' Gross Savings	302,315 MWh
As adjusted by Tetra Tech for RR (ex post)	301,059 MWh
As adjusted for NTG and RR ratios ⁹	292,926 MWh

Indeed, Tetra Tech's Evaluation Report recognized Entergy Arkansas' continued success in its 2022 program year report and EM&V processes, stating:

Evaluation results are positive with EAL and its implementers demonstrating continuous improvement in its program design and delivery processes, tracking system, documentation, and savings tools, even as challenges from the pandemic persisted such as staff shortages and supply chain issues. Evidence of this continuous improvement is an improvement in net savings, as demonstrated through an increase in the overall portfolio's NTG from 90 percent in PY2020, 95 percent in PY2021, and now 97 percent in PY2022 as EAL continues to effectively serve harder-to-reach segments. This increase resulted from specific outreach and expanded delivery to low-income households of energy-efficient products through downstream residential and upstream point-of-purchase programs as well as realizing high net-to-gross results across all residential and commercial offerings. Both EAL and its implementation contractors have been responsive to evaluation recommendations and engaged with the EM&V contractor throughout the program. Of particular note, continual technical assistance and collaboration between EAL, its program implementers, and the EM&V team supported the programs and facilitated healthy gross savings realization rates. All in all,

⁹ Energy savings do not include transmission and distribution line losses.

evaluated savings were very close to *ex-ante* energy savings with an overall portfolio gross realization rates of 100.4% for energy savings and 100.1% for demand reductions. Program-level gross realization rates ranged from 96% to 107% for energy savings and 94% to 107% for demand savings.

The EM&V team calculates net-to-gross for all residential and C&I programs (outside of demand response, which are deemed from industry standard) at least once over the course of the program cycle. Net-to-gross remains strong across all programs with the majority of saving directly attributable its portfolio energy goals, achieving 103% of its filed goal and 133% of APSC targets. Entergy Arkansas fell short of its demand goals, meeting 58% of the demand goal. The performance difference between energy savings and demand goals is similar to prior years. While much of the difference is due to demand response programs not reaching their goals, investigations to better align energy savings and demand savings continue per a recommendation from prior evaluations and is part of planning for the next program cycle.

Individual program performance relative to program savings and demand goals varied. Six of the ten programs¹⁰ achieved their megawatt-hour savings goals. Four programs did not reach their energy savings goals. These four programs ranged between 58 percent and 88 percent of energy savings goals. EAL, the program implementer, and the EM&V team have discussed this shortfall and program changes to increase energy savings. In particular, Section 3 of the EM&V report summarizes key findings and recommendations from a Market Trends Study. Four of the 12 programs achieved their megawatt goals. While two programs met 90 percent or more of the demand savings goal, six met less than 90 percent of the demand savings goal. The Smart Direct Load Control pilot is still gaining momentum, meeting 58 percent of its energy savings and 14 percent of its demand reduction goals. The Agricultural Energy Solutions program was once again the highest performer across energy savings and demand reductions relative to program goals due to a few large new construction projects.

As discussed earlier, the SD option continues to impair Entergy Arkansas' ability to achieve savings with C&I customers. In 2022, there were 556 accounts that had been approved by the Commission to "opt out" of the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.

acidential Direct Load Central an

¹⁰ Residential Direct Load Control and Agricultural Irrigation Load Control programs had no megawatt-hour savings goals.

Accordingly, for 2022, the overall targets were reduced by 17% as a result of the SD accounts. Based upon Entergy Arkansas' assessment, and to preserve its ability to meet 2022 C&I program goals, Entergy Arkansas made minor adjustments to the C&I energy efficiency program budgets and the energy savings reductions for 2022.¹¹ Entergy Arkansas' 2020-2022 Energy Efficiency Plan forecasts higher participation in the upstream and midstream offerings for smaller commercial customers and an expanded measure mix to address the higher costs of C&I projects. The 2022 goals and the associated adjustments are shown in Table 1.2.2.

Table 1.2.2 Entergy Arkansas' 2022 Energy Savings Goals

Original 2022 Goal (MWh)	268,075
Adjustment due to SD (MWh)	47,230
New 2022 Goal (MWh)	220,845

Entergy Arkansas made changes to the commercial programs in 2022 based upon:

- 1) the number and magnitude of 2022 SD applications and approvals;¹²
- 2) the independent evaluation results; and
- 3) the impact of changes to lighting standards in the Arkansas markets.

The gross savings for all programs reported in this document were calculated using the Arkansas TRM 9.0 Deemed Savings and Protocols as adjusted by the Joint Recommendations of the Independent Evaluation Monitor ("IEM") and the PWC and approved by the Commission, 13 or where appropriate, utilizing an International Performance Measurement & Verification Protocol ("IPMVP") approved method.

As indicated earlier, Entergy Arkansas' reported net savings reflect the final results of the independent EM&V analysis performed by Tetra Tech. Tetra Tech's EM&V Report of Entergy Arkansas' 2022 Energy Efficiency programs is attached as Appendix A.

¹¹ Entergy Arkansas will need to continue to monitor SD impacts as a result of the SD Legislation passed and implemented in 2013.

¹² Legislation has increased the uncertainties regarding the magnitude of industrial customers that will choose to SD.

¹³ Docket No. 10-100-R.

1.3 Cost Benefit Results

Entergy Arkansas performed a cost-benefit analysis in connection with the 2022 results, using the same modeling approaches that were used in prior annual reports and using the fixed avoided costs from the 2020-2022 program plan, in accordance with Order No. 7 in Docket No. 13-002-U,¹⁴ as well as accounting for any reasonably quantifiable NEBs. The results of these analyses are included in the table below:

Table 1.3
Entergy Arkansas' 2022 Cost-Effectiveness Results

Including NEBs	То	tal Resourc (TRC)	e Cost	Lev	TRC velized Cost			t Cost Test CT)	F	Ratepayer Imp Measure (RIM)	act	Program Admir Cost (PAC)	nistrator
Program	NP'	V (\$000's)	Ratio	\$.	/ kWh	NF	PV (\$000's)	Ratio	NF	PV (\$000's)	Ratio	NPV (\$000's)	Ratio
Home Energy Solutions	\$	24,029	3.3	\$	0.03	\$	42,382	5.9	\$	(21,270)	0.5	\$ 14,688	2.4
Multifamily Homes	\$	5,221	3.0	\$	0.02	\$	15,726	12.8	\$	(8,691)	0.5	\$ 4,728	2.8
Manufactured Homes	\$	3,450	3.8	\$	0.02	\$	8,577	13.7	\$	(4,190)	0.5	\$ 3,089	3.5
Low Income Solutions	\$	4,682	2.3	\$	0.04	\$	11,359	6.4	\$	(7,272)	0.5	\$ 2,403	1.7
Point of Purchase Solutions	\$	62,591	6.0	\$	0.01	\$	94,922	8.9	\$	(48,087)	0.5	\$ 37,344	5.0
Commercial & Industrial	\$	20,832	1.9	\$	0.03	\$	46,407	3.7	\$	(29,175)	0.6	\$ 24,154	2.6
Small Business	\$	10,143	3.5	\$	0.02	\$	18,067	6.3	\$	(10,564)	0.5	\$ 8,090	3.7
Public Institution Solutions	\$	8,116	3.1	\$	0.02	\$	18,703	7.9	\$	(11,269)	0.5	\$ 7,774	3.7
Agriculture Energy Solutions	\$	4,462	3.5	\$	0.02	\$	7,859	8.5	\$	(3,187)	0.7	\$ 4,653	4.0
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot	\$	(480)	0.8	\$	0.08	\$	4,197	n/a	\$	(4,294)	0.2	\$ (1,708	0.4
Direct Load Control	\$	(2,160)	0.0	\$	126.84	\$	484	n/a	\$	(2,643)	0.0	\$ (2,643	0.0
Agriculture Irrigation Load Control	\$	(3,164)	0.0	\$	131.05	\$	378	n/a	\$	(3,542)	0.0	\$ (3,542	0.0
Energy Efficiency Arkansas	\$	(266)	0.0		n/a	\$	-	n/a	\$	(266)	0.0	\$ (266	0.0
Portfolio	\$	137,456	2.9	\$	0.03		\$269,061	6.5	\$	(154,449)	0.5	\$ 98,766	2.67

Note: Total Portfolio for the PCT Test does not equal sum of the programs because the PCT uses a discount rate based on customer class.

As can be seen from Table 1.3, all of Entergy Arkansas' programs are cost-effective, except for the demand response programs. As anticipated in the 2020-2022 EE Plan Filing testimony, ¹⁵ Agricultural Irrigation Load Control, Smart Direct Load Control Pilot, and Residential Direct Load Control Programs were not cost effective. However, Entergy Arkansas currently has approximately 15,685 total installed end points for residential customers enrolled in the Res DLC program that provide capacity in the Midcontinent Independent Service Operator, Inc. ("MISO") for this program, as does the AILC program. Further, Entergy Arkansas has invested substantially in the success of these programs and expects that, even under the APSC's methodology, they could be cost effective in the future. However, as noted in Entergy Arkansas' Plan for 2020-22 in Docket No. 07-085-TF filed June 17, 2019, Entergy Arkansas is proposing to phase out the Res DLC program in the coming years. This overall cost-effectiveness for the portfolio is primarily due to two reasons. First, the 2022 program year

¹⁴ Entergy Arkansas' cost-benefit analysis method involves an in-depth analysis of the hours (e.g., on peak vs. off peak) in which the expected energy savings likely would be realized.

¹⁵ Docket No. 07-085-TF, Blankenship Direct Testimony at 19 (Document 566 filed June 17, 2019).

was planned considering the directives set forth by the Commission in Order No. 7 of Docket No. 13-002-U, including the Real Economic Carrying Charge Method ("RECC") and market value capacity. The 2022 achieved results are evaluated based upon the directives in Order No. 150 in Docket No. 07-085-TF and Order No. 51 in Docket No. 13-002-U for the Three-Year Plan filing for the years 2020-2022. In addition, Entergy Arkansas included NEBs in the TRC test, as approved in the TRM 8.2. The NEBs had a Net Present Value of approximately \$49M in the 2022 TRC. Compared to the TRC without NEBs, this was an increase of approximately 36% of the total Net Present Value in the portfolio's TRC.

1.4 2022 Budgets and Changes

The 2022 program year budget was originally approved by the Commission in Order No. 150 of Docket No. 07-085-TF, as part of the 2020-2022 Energy Efficiency Program Plan with an overall portfolio cost of \$69,354,507. In 2022, Entergy Arkansas revised the approved budget within the Commission's budget flexibility guidelines and transferred budgeted dollars from underachieving programs to programs seeing more positive market acceptance. The details of the revised budget are provided in Table 1.4. In accordance with Order No. 62 in Docket No. 13-002-U, no program had more than 20% of its budget reduced, and the total portfolio budget remained within the 20% limit.

Table 1.4
Revised 2022 Budgets¹⁶

Program Name	Revised Budget*	Ini	tial Budget	Difference	Change	Explanation for the Change		
Home Energy Solutions	\$11,158,430	\$	11,303,430	-\$145,000	-1%	145,000 of incentives were transferred from HES to MA. This represents 1.28% of the HES budget. Incentive funds were transferred to MA from HES so that the program could achieve additional kWh savings due to incentive dollars exceeding plan.		
Multifamily Homes	\$2,790,169	\$	2,650,169	\$140,000	5%	Incentive funds were transferred from SDLC to MF so that the program could achieve additional kWh savings due to incentive dollars exceeding plan.		
Manufactured Homes	\$1,406,021	\$	1,261,021	\$145,000	11%	Incentive funds were transferred to MA from HES so that the program could achieve additional kWh savings due to incentive dollars exceeding plan.		
Low-Income Solutions	\$4,957,950	\$	4,957,950	\$0	0%	N/A		
Point of Purchase Solutions	\$9,162,638	\$	7,888,520	\$1,274,118	16%	Increased the incentive budget to allow for Foodbank Overdrive.		
Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions	\$20,318,245	\$	21,779,439	-\$1,461,194	-7%	Decreased the incentive budget to allow for overdrive in Small Business and POPS		
Small Business Solutions	\$3,114,204	\$	2,580,679	\$533,525	21%	Increased the incentive budget to allow for trade ally project overdrive.		
Public Institutions Solutions	\$3,459,184	\$	3,805,633	-\$346,449	-9%	Decreased the incentive budget to allow for overdrive in Small Business and POPS		
Agricultural Energy Solutions	\$1,637,798	\$	1,352,798	\$285,000	21%	Incentive funds were transferred from SDLC to AES due to the higher Ag enrollment rate above plan and to offset savings deficits from MA and MF programs.		
Residential Direct Load Control	\$3,547,988	\$	3,547,988	\$0	0%	N/A		
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot	\$3,580,439	\$	4,005,439	-\$425,000	-11%	\$140,000 of incentives were transferred to MF and \$285,000 transferred to ASF mod \$12,000 moved from SULC This represents 10.61% of the SULC budget. MF burn rate exceeded plan, SULC incentives were shifted to MF for program to achieve additional WKH savings. Incentive funds were moved from SULC to ASG due to the higher enrollment rate above plan and to offset savings deficits from MA and MF.		
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	\$3,918,060	\$	3,918,060	\$0	0%	N/A		
Energy Efficiency Arkansas	\$303,382	\$	303,382	\$0	0%	N/A		
Regulatory	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	-	N/A		
Total Portfolio:	\$ 69,354,508	\$	69,354,507	\$ 0	0%	NA		
Order # 150 approved the Initial Budget.								

1.5 Planned Program Modifications for the 2023 Program Year

Entergy Arkansas continues to seek to achieve efficiencies and make improvements in the various energy efficiency programs that it offers to its customers, and numerous examples of these efforts are discussed in the specific program descriptions contained herein.

Entergy Arkansas proposed its three-year 2020-2022 Program Plan ("Plan") in Docket No. 07-085-TF, filed March 15, 2019, which was approved by the Commission in Order No. 150 on June 17, 2019. Although Entergy Arkansas has made no significant modifications to the Plan as filed, it should be noted that the forecasted allocations of savings and budgets in that Plan reflect an anticipated shift from higher-cost programs to more cost-effective programs and delivery channels for 2023, which was approved as a bridge year in Order No. 62 in Docket No. 13-002-U.

The following three tables are from the tabular report workbook as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

- "EE Portfolio Summary by Program" from Workbook Table 2, Table 1.5.1 below
- "EE Portfolio Summary by Cost Type" from Workbook Table 3, Table 1.5.2 below
- "Company Statistics" from Workbook Table 4, Table 1.5.3 below

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¹⁶ The APSC approved the Budget in Order No. 150 in Docket No. 07-085-TF.

Table 1.5.1
EE Portfolio Summary Expenditures by Program

			202	2	% of
Program Name	Target Sector	Program Type	Budget (\$)	Actual (\$)	Budget
Home Energy Solutions	Residential	Whole Home	11,303,430	10,639,863	94%
Low-Income Solutions	Residential	Market Specific/Hard to Reach	4,957,950	3,652,325	74%
Manufactured Homes	Residential	Whole Home	1,261,021	1,247,001	99%
Multifamily Homes	Residential	Whole Home	2,650,169	2,621,921	99%
Residential Direct Load Control	Residential	Demand Response	3,547,988	2,643,301	75%
Small Business Solutions	Small Business	Market Specific/Hard to Reach	2,580,679	3,048,245	118%
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot	Res/Small Business	Demand Response	4,005,439	2,986,435	75%
Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions	Commercial & Industrial	Custom	21,779,439	14,752,019	68%
Public Institutions Solutions	Municipalities/Schools	Market Specific/Hard to Reach	3,805,633	2,840,708	75%
Agricultural Energy Solutions	Agriculture	Prescriptive/Standard Offer	1,352,798	1,552,719	115%
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	Agriculture	Demand Response	3,918,060	3,541,018	90%
Point of Purchase Solutions	All Classes	Consumer Product Rebate	7,888,520	9,214,545	117%
Energy Efficiency Arkansas	All Classes	Other	303,382	264,359	87%
Regulatory	-	-	-	147,528	-
		Total	69,354,507	59,151,986	85%

Table 1.5.2
EE Portfolio Expenditure Summary by Cost Type

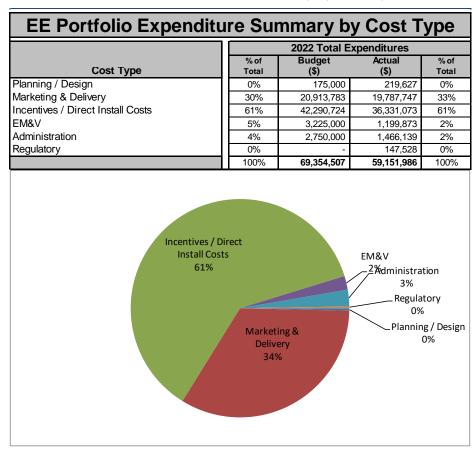


Table 1.5.3
Company Statistics

Company Statistics Revenue and Expenditures Energy Budget Actual Plan Evaluated Program % of % of Portfolio % of Portfolio **Total Annual** % of **Net Annual Net Annual** Year Energy Energy **Total Revenue Budget** Revenue **Spending** Revenue **Energy Sales** Savings Savings Sales Sales (f) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (\$000's) (\$000's) (%=b/a) (\$000's) (%=c/a) (kWh) (kWh) (%=e/d) (kWh) (%=f/d) 2018 1,667,424 62,812 3.8% 57,744 3.5% 22,524,809 239,878 1.06% 255,997 1.14% \$ \$ 64,016 56,919 248,663 2019 1,861,403 21,818,158 239,488 1.14% \$ \$ 3.4% \$ 3.1% 1.10% 2020 1,787,352 70,658 4.0% 58,834 3.3% 20,748,190 285,557 1.38% 294,313 1.42% \$ \$ \$ 2021 \$ 1,878,947 \$ 69,585 3.7% 58,872 3.1% 22,281,461 285,765 1.28% 311,158 1.40% \$ 2022 2,056,565 69,355 3.4% 59,152 2.9% 22,326,106 285,149 1.28% 292,926 1.31% \$80,000 350,000 \$70,000 300,000 Net Annual Savings \$60,000 250,000 \$50,000 200,000 \$40,000 Portfolio Spending 150,000 \$30,000 100,000 \$20,000 Portfolio Budget (b) \$10,000 50,000 \$-

2021

2022

2020

2018

2019

2.0 Portfolio Programs

2.1 Home Energy Solutions

2.1.1 Program Description

Home Energy Solutions ("HES") was designed to improve energy efficiency and benefit the owners and renters of single-family homes in Entergy Arkansas' service territory. The HES Program will help homeowners achieve electricity savings by working with participating trade allies, who will help residential customers analyze their energy use, identify energy efficiency improvement projects and install no-cost, energy-saving measures at the home.

Design elements of HES include incentives to offset 100% of the cost of an energy evaluation provided by a certified trade ally. To determine eligibility, the trade ally will complete a home energy assessment. During the home energy assessment, the trade ally completes a walk-through inspection, identifies eligible direct install opportunities, secures customer permission to directly install equipment at the time of inspection (LED bulbs, advanced power strips, and high efficiency showerheads, kitchen and bathroom aerators for customers with electric water heating) and produces a written report based on the visual inspection.

The trade ally also will perform diagnostic testing including a blower door test and duct blaster test to provide the customer with estimated energy savings and a list of prioritized recommendations. In 2022, the program achieved its energy savings by providing incentivized energy saving measures such as ceiling insulation, air conditioner tune-ups, duct sealing and air sealing measures to customers. These measures continue to make up the bulk of energy savings for the program. In addition, this program educates tenants and owners about the benefits of having energy saving measures installed on their property.

2.1.2 Program Highlights

- Saved 28,861 gross MWh in 2022 with a 97.7% realization rate and a net-to-gross ratio of 104%, resulting in 29,393 MWh net savings.
- Achieved 9.4 gross MW and 9.7 net MW savings in 2022 with a realization rate of 98.6%.
- Saw a total of 7,369 unique participants and 57,311 measures incentivized in 2022.

- Continued efforts on trade ally outreach with the challenge of COVID-19 and tracked the effect of the pandemic on the ability to implement the HES program. Each trade ally has a Point of Contact within the team, regular communications through email and telephone, a monthly electronic newsletter, monthly "coffee with the team" zoom video calls and the creation of the Trade Ally Council. Through these enhancements there has been a noticeable increase in trade ally communications and satisfaction with their participation in the HES program.
- The program continued to provide services throughout the Entergy Arkansas service territory.

 The geospatial map in Figure 2.1.2:2022 shows the location of work performed in 2022.

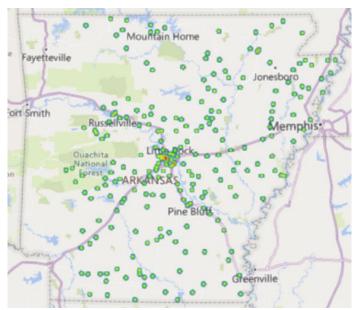


Figure 2.1.2: 2022 Participants

- 829 duct and air sealing projects went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 239 of the projects went through the program's field inspection QA/QC process.
- 110 ceiling insulation projects went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 133 projects of the projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 85 air conditioner tune-ups went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 34 of the projects went through the program's field inspection QA/QC process.
- 373 direct install projects went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 92 projects went through the program's field inspection QA/QC process.
- The program account managers educated customers about other energy efficiency measures that they could implement and other Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs available to them.

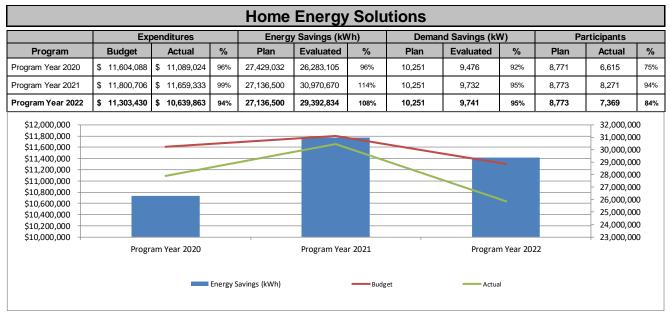
- Promotion and outreach activities were executed in a variety of marketing channels. Paid media with print, digital and social media tactics were very successful in driving awareness and engagement. Entergy Arkansas' marketing channels also were used to promote this program via social media posts, the Entergy Solutions web page, the Entergy Circuit newsletter and Entergy bill inserts. Trade ally co-branded marketing materials and referrals also were used to reach out to customers to increase awareness and participation. Multiple community events were attended by program personnel to promote the programs to Entergy customers. These marketing efforts helped implement the program across the entire Entergy Arkansas service territory, rather than focusing on narrow areas.
- Incentives in the amount of \$145,000 were transferred from the HES program to the Manufactured Homes program. Measure cost have increased due to supply chain product price increases and inflation causing the Manufactured Homes program to exceed incentive budget.

2.1.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.1.3 shows the program budget, annual energy savings and participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

Table 2.1.3

Home Energy Solutions Program Budget, Energy Savings and Participants



Program Events & Training:

The HES Program provided a wide variety of training sessions to educate Trade Allies on program requirements, measure installation best practices, and new tools, among others. This training is provided in both online and in-person meetings, on an ad-hoc basis as needed.

All technicians performing test-in and test-out on customer homes are required to hold one of several Building Performance Institute or RESNET energy professional certifications.

2.1.4 Description of Participants

Participant: Anyone with a valid Entergy Arkansas account number who lives in a single-family home. The home must be a minimum of one year old and have a central ducted heat and air conditioning unit. Participants (7,369) are counted on a per account basis. Participant's homes must have an energy use of \$0.10 per square foot in the summer or be at least 10 years old to qualify for the core weatherization measures.

Participants who receive Entergy Arkansas electric service under a residential homes rate code qualify for fuel appropriate measures in this program.

Table 2.1.4, from the Entergy Arkansas, LLC Evaluation Report – Program Cycle 2022, highlights key demographic information for participants in the HES Program. Pertaining to Act 1102, approximately 23.6% of the HES participants were aged 65 or older and approximately 14% of the respondents were eligible for LIHEAP benefits. Approximately 31.5% of the participants had an annual income of \$50,000 or less.

Table 2.1.4 For Program Cycle 2022 Demographic Information from Process Surveys

*Participants may not sum to participant totals highlighted in bold due to rounding error.

Respondent ch	aracteristic	Percentage	Participants ¹⁷
Respondent	18–24	0.9%	66
age	25–34	15.1%	1,114
	35–44	19.8%	1,460
	45–54	21.7%	1,600
	55–64	18.9%	1,394
	65 or older	23.6%	1,741
	Participants (n)	_	7,375
Income	Less than \$25,000	11.1%	819
	\$25,000 to less than \$50,000	20.4%	1,505
	\$50,000 to less than \$75,000	18.5%	1,364
	\$75,000 to less than \$100,000	22.2%	1,637
	\$100,000 or greater	27.8%	2,050
	Participants (n)		7,375
LIHEAP status	LIHEAP-eligible	14.0%	1,033
	Not LIHEAP-eligible	86.0%	6,343
	Participants (n)		7,375

^{*}Percentages are estimated from PY2020 process surveys.

2.1.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

Challenges:

With the supply chain constraints and recent surge in inflation, EE product and shipping costs are rising. The program is increasing incentives for air sealing, audits, heat pump tune-ups, and Direct

¹⁷ Participant count includes all participants reported in each program including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate smart thermostat measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, health and safety measures, and audit measures.

Installation (DI) measures to offset the rise in costs. If this continues, it could create constraints on the program incentives budgets.

Opportunities:

It can be difficult for trade allies to identify customers who have or have not participated in the program while out in the field. It is important for trade allies to identify if a home has participated in the past to avoid submission of duplicate measures. In 2023, trade allies will continue to use the past participation tool to verify customer eligibility. If past participation did occur, the tool provides exactly what measures were installed so that other opportunities may be identified and duplicate efforts of other measures are avoided.

EM&V Recommendations:

- Increase internal QA/QC process on duct sealing to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured.
- For measures that have heating and cooling type dependent factors with a home having multiple HVAC systems, using the more conservative HVAC option is generally the approach when calculating savings. Documentation should confirm which system types are present and that both are in operation.
- Follow memo: EAL Tune-ups Methodology Recommendations for Residential Programs.
- Ensure trade allies are submitting key savings project documentation consistently.

2.1.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

- An increase in rebates for air sealing, audits, heat pump tune-ups and DI products will be implemented in 2023 to account for the supply chain product price increases. An increase in audit incentives will also be implemented in 2023 due to inflation and fuel costs rising.
- The HES Program will continue to look for new ideas and channels to market the benefits of the program to Entergy Arkansas customers to increase participation.

2.2 Multifamily Homes Program

2.2.1 Program Description

The Multifamily Homes (MF) Program continues to provide cost-effective energy efficiency measures to the multifamily residential and commercial markets throughout the Entergy Arkansas service territory. The program is designed to benefit both the property owners and residents of multifamily dwellings in the Company's service territory through increased energy efficiency in their homes and at their properties. The Multifamily Homes Program helps overcome the split incentive barrier by making it easy for property owners to enroll and participate at little to no additional cost. The program continues to offer comprehensive energy saving incentivized measures such as air conditioner tune-ups, duct sealing, air sealing and direct install measures. In addition, the Multifamily Homes Program now offers commercial, common area measures such as lighting, pool pumps and central HVAC replacement. These energy efficient measures continue to improve apartment communities by increasing comfort and reducing maintenance for property staff. Through providing a more comprehensive approach to the multifamily market, the program has evolved to provide an all-inclusive approach for multifamily property owners making the enrollment process more streamlined.

2.2.2 Program Highlights

The 2022 Multifamily Homes Program:

- Saved 11,128 in gross MWh in 2022 with a 95.7% realization rate and a net-to-gross ratio of 100%; this resulted in 10,646 MWh net energy savings.
- Achieved 1.9 gross MW and 1.8 net MW savings in 2022 with a realization rate of 94.4%.
- The program completed energy efficiency upgrades for 2,348 unique participants.
- The program continued to provide services throughout the Entergy Arkansas service territory.
 The geospatial map in Figure 2.2.2.1 shows the location of work performed in 2022.

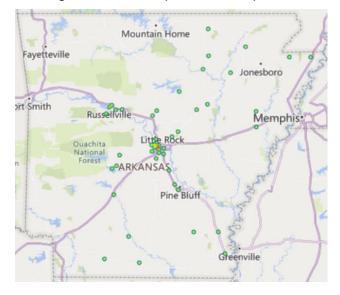


Figure 2.2.2.1: Map of 2022 Properties

- 106 air sealing and duct sealing projects went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 59 projects of the projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 17 ceiling insulation projects submitted through the program went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 29 projects of the projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 3 AC tune-up projects submitted through the program went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 87 projects of the projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 94 direct install projects submitted through the program went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 30 projects of the projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- A summary of the energy savings by measure category are found in Table 2.2.2.2 below.

Table 2.2.2.2 Summary of the Products Installed

Measure category	Reported kWh	Sampled kWh	Percentage kWh sampled		Sampled kW	Percentage kW sampled
Appliances	101,040	1,261	1.2%	12.0	0.15	1.2%
Domestic hot water	73,668	607	0.8%	7.7	0.06	0.8%
Envelope	1,246,775	32,753	2.6%	235.6	5.43	2.3%

Measure category	Reported kWh	Sampled kWh	Percentage kWh sampled	Reported kW		Percentage kW sampled
HVAC	6,689,868	97,125	1.5%	1,073.8	11.57	1.1%
Lighting	170,477	3,144	1.8%	32.1	0.60	1.9%
Total	8,281,827	134,890	1.6%	1,361.3	17.8	1.3%

- Promotion and outreach in 2022 were primarily through Entergy Arkansas' marketing channels, social media posts, the Entergy Solutions web page, the Circuit Newsletter and trade ally marketing efforts. Networking through the Arkansas Apartment Association and property management companies generated leads that were shared with the Trade Ally Network.
- Continued effort on trade ally outreach with the challenge of COVID-19 and tracked the effect of the pandemic on the ability to implement the MF Program. Each trade ally has a Point of Contact within the team, regular communications through email and telephone, monthly electronic newsletter, quarterly COVID-19 survey, monthly "coffee with the team" Zoom videocalls and the creation of the Trade Ally Council. Through these enhancements, there has been a noticeable increase in trade ally communications and satisfaction with their participation in the MF Program.
- Both field and virtual trainings were provided for the Trade Allies who performed air conditioner tune-ups and weatherization measures. The program account manager worked with the trade ally field technicians, office personnel and owners to provide in-depth training and verification of quality procedures. Additional classroom and field trainings were provided as needed, based upon the 100% desktop review of all applications.
- Incentives in the amount of \$140,000 were transferred from the Smart Direct Load Control (SDLC) program to the Multifamily Homes (MF) program. Measure cost have increased due to supply chain product price increases and inflation causing the MF program to exceed incentive budget.

2.2.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.2.3 is the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

Multifamily Homes Expenditures Energy Savings (kWh) Demand Savings (kW) **Participants** Program **Budget** Actual % Plan **Evaluated** % Plan Evaluated % Plan Actual % 92% 11.891.559 11.855.314 4.652 78% Program Year 2020 1.099.238 1.008.805 100% 1.860 40% 3.279 2.567 1 098 312 1,033,810 94% 14 010 181 8 444 079 60% 5 501 24% 1.669 43% Program Year 2021 1.293 3 907 2,650,169 2,621,921 Program Year 2022 14.010.181 10.645.629 5.501 1.782 60% 76% 32% 3.907 2.348 \$3,000,000 14,000,000 12.000.000 \$2,500,000 10,000,000 \$2,000,000 8,000,000 \$1,500,000 6,000,000 \$1,000,000 4,000,000 \$500,000 2,000,000 Program Year 2020 Program Year 2021 Program Year 2022 Energy Savings (kWh) - Actual Budget

Table 2.2.3

Multifamily Homes Program Budget, Savings and Participants

2.2.4 Description of Participants

Multifamily properties that are duplexes, triplexes and large complexes located within the Entergy Arkansas electric service territory are eligible as participants in the Entergy Arkansas Multifamily Homes Program. Currently, properties under a residential or multifamily rate code all qualify for this program. There are no maximum limits on the size of a building or number of qualifying buildings in a single multifamily property. Funds are limited and services are available throughout the Entergy Arkansas service territory.

Table 2.2.4, from the Entergy Arkansas, LLC Evaluation Report – Program Cycle 2022, highlights key demographic information for participants in the Multifamily Homes Program. Pertaining to Act 1102, in the Program Cycle, approximately 8.7% of the Multifamily Homes participants were aged 65 or older and approximately 26.3% of the respondents were eligible for LIHEAP benefits. Approximately 84.2% of the Multifamily Homes Program participants had an income of less than \$50,000. This is based on the most recent process evaluation survey estimates, which were conducted in 2018.

Table 2.2.4

Program Cycle 2022 Demographic Information estimated from 2018 Process Surveys – Multifamily

Homes

*Participants may not sum to participant totals highlighted in bold due to rounding error.

Respondent characteristic		Percentage*	Participants ¹⁸	
Respondent age	18–24	4.3%	101	
	25–34	21.7%	510	
	35–44	30.4%	714	
	45–54	17.4%	409	
	55–64	17.4%	409	
	65 or older	8.7%	204	
	Participants (n)	2,349		
Income	Less than \$25,000	57.9%	1,360	
	\$25,000 to less than \$50,000	26.3%	618	
	\$50,000 to less than \$75,000	5.3%	124	
	\$75,000 to less than \$100,000	5.3%	124	
	\$100,000 of greater	5.3%	124	
	Participants (n)		2,349	
LIHEAP status	LIHEAP-eligible	26.3%	618	
	Not LIHEAP-eligible	73.7%	1,731	
	Participants (n)	2,349		

^{*}Percentages are estimated from PY2018 process surveys.

2.2.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities Challenges:

With the supply chain constraints and recent surge in inflation, EE product and shipping costs are rising. The program is increasing incentives for, air sealing, audits, heat pump tune-ups, and Direct Installations (DI) measures to offset the rise in costs. If this continues, it could create constraints on the program incentives budgets.

Ownership turnover within the multifamily market is high, which can create a gap in the

¹⁸ Participant count includes all participants reported in each program including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate smart thermostat measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, health and safety measures, and audit measures.

communication chain between program staff and trade allies. To mitigate this issue, the program will continue to utilize ALN apartment data software which provides updates in management turnover at the property and district levels. This will allow program representatives to identify new ownership and property staff members that will be used to build new relationships and equip trade allies with contact leads for multifamily properties.

Opportunities:

It can be difficult for trade allies to identify customers who have or have not participated in the program while out in the field. It is important for trade allies to identify if a home has participated in the past to avoid submission of duplicate measures. In 2023, the trade allies will continue to use the past participation tool to verify customer eligibility If past participation does occur, the tool provides exactly what measures were installed so that other opportunities may be identified, and duplicate efforts of other measures are avoided.

EM&V Recommendations:

- Increase the internal QA/QC process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured.
- Collect documentation that verifies the installation location of the smart strip or use "average APS" consistently in the program.
- Follow BPI standards for minimum ventilation rate when performing blower door tests.
- Utilize the rated or measured capacity to calculate AC/HP tune-up savings.
- Ensure contractors are submitting key savings project documentation consistently.

2.2.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

Proposed changes:

 An increase in rebates for air sealing, audits, heat pump tune-ups and DI products will be implemented in 2023 to account for the supply chain product price increases. An increase in audit incentives will also be implemented in 2023 due to inflation and fuel cost rising.

2.3 Manufactured Homes Program

2.3.1 Program Description

The Manufactured Homes Program was designed to improve energy efficiency and benefit the owners and residents of manufactured homes and parks in the Entergy Arkansas service territory.

This program provides much needed services for a hard-to-serve customer segment, where customers paying the electric bill often do not have the ability to make energy efficiency upgrades. The program overcomes the upfront cost hurdle by making it easy for the occupant to participate at little to no cost. Another hurdle to overcome is the split incentive, where the landlord pays for the energy efficiency improvement, while the tenant benefits by immediate improvement in comfort. The program incentivizes energy saving measures such as air conditioner tune-ups, duct sealing and air sealing measures to customers. These measures continue to make up the bulk of energy savings for the program. Direct install measures such as LED bulbs, advanced power strips, and high efficiency showerheads, kitchen and bathroom aerators for customers with electric water heating, are still offered under the program. In addition, this program educates tenants and owners about the benefits of having energy saving measures installed on their property. After the direct install measures are installed, the tenants receive personalized tips on how to improve their homes' efficiency. At the end of the process, direct install participants complete a customer satisfaction survey. Residents are informed of other Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs, as well as other programs available to them if they use natural gas energy.

2.3.2 Program Highlights

- Saved 5,799 gross MWh in 2022 with a 107.4% realization rate and a net-to-gross ratio of 100%, resulting in 6,226 MWh net savings.
- Achieved 0.8 gross MW and 0.8 net MW savings in 2022 with a realization rate of 99.8%.

- In 2022, a total of 627 manufactured homes participated in the program, some receiving more than one measure.
- The program continued to provide services throughout the Entergy Arkansas service territory. The geospatial map in Figure 2.3.2 shows the location of work performed in 2022.

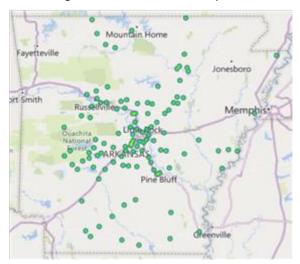


Figure 2.3.2: 2022 Participants

- 240 duct and air sealing jobs went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 122 projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 3 air conditioner tune-ups performed went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 87 projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 94 total direct install projects went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 30 projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- The program account manager educated customers about other energy efficiency measures that they could implement and other Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs available to them.
- The effort on trade ally outreach continued. Each trade ally has a Point of Contact within the team, regular communications through email and telephone, monthly electronic newsletter, quarterly COVID-19 survey, monthly "coffee with the team" zoom video calls and the creation of the Trade Ally Council. Through these enhancements there has been a noticeable increase in trade ally communications

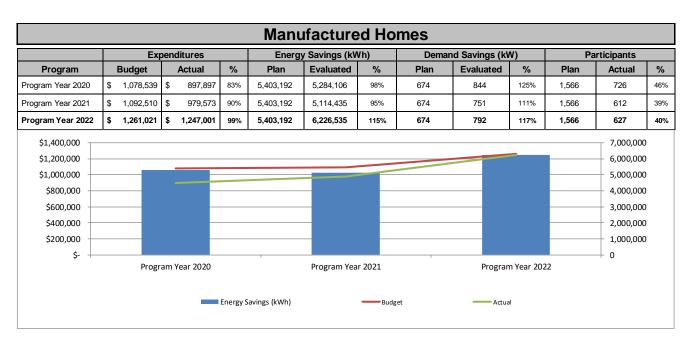
and satisfaction with their participation in the Manufactured Homes Program. Both field and virtual trainings were provided for the trade allies who performed air conditioner tune-ups and weatherization measures. The program account manager worked with the trade ally field technicians, office personnel and owners to provide in-depth training and verification of quality procedures. Additional classroom and field trainings were provided as needed, based upon the 100% desktop review of all applications.

- The program continued to be more accessible to the Hispanic populations by having marketing collateral available in both English and Spanish in order to target this market.
- Promotion and outreach activities were executed in a variety of marketing channels. Paid media with print, digital and social media tactics were very successful in driving awareness and engagement. Entergy Arkansas' marketing channels were also used to promote this program via social media posts, the Entergy Solutions web page, the Entergy Circuit Newsletter and Entergy bill inserts. Trade ally cobranded marketing materials and referrals were also used to reach out to customers to increase awareness and participation. These marketing steps helped implement the program across the entire Entergy Arkansas service territory, rather than focusing on narrow areas.
- Incentives in the amount of \$145,000 were transferred from the HES program to the Manufactured Homes program. Measure cost have increased due to supply chain product price increases and inflation causing the MA program to exceed incentive budget.

2.3.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.3.3 is the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket 10-010-U.

Table 2.3.3 Entergy Solutions for Manufactured Homes Program Budget, Savings and Participants



2.3.4 Description of Participants

Participants who receive Entergy Arkansas electric service under a residential homes rate code qualify for fuel appropriate measures in this program. These are typically located within a park or complex and there are no maximum limits to the size of a park or complex. Manufactured homes comprise roughly 14% of the Company's housing stock, which is twice the national average, but there are still challenges reaching the market and generating leads.

Table 2.5.4, from the Entergy Arkansas, LLC Evaluation Report – Program Cycle 2022 highlights key demographic information for participants in the Manufactured Homes Program. Pertaining to Act 1102, approximately 23.9% of the Manufactured Homes Program participants

were aged 65 or older and approximately 21.5% of the respondents were eligible for LIHEAP benefits. Approximately 83.1% of the participants had an income of \$50,000 or less. This is based on the most recent process evaluation survey estimates, which were conducted in 2018.

Table 2.5.4

Program Cycle 2022 Demographic Information estimated from 2018 Process Surveys

Manufactured Homes Program

*Participants may not sum to participant totals highlighted in bold due to rounding error.

Respondent characteristic		Percentage*	Participants*19
Respondent	18–24	2.8%	18
age	25–34	11.3%	71
	35–44	18.3%	115
	45–54	23.9%	150
	55–64	19.7%	124
	65 or older	23.9%	150
	Participants (n)		627
Income	Less than \$25,000	44.6%	280
	\$25,000 to less than \$50,000	38.5%	241
	\$50,000 to less than \$75,000	10.8%	68
	\$75,000 to less than \$100,000	4.6%	29
	\$100,000 of greater	1.5%	9
	Participants (n)		627
LIHEAP status	LIHEAP eligible	21.5%	135
	Not LIHEAP eligible	78.5%	492
	Participants (n)		627

^{*}Percentages are estimated from PY2018 process surveys.

^{*}Percentages are estimated from PY2018 process surveys.

¹⁹ Participant count includes all participants reported in each program including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate smart thermostat measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, health and safety measures, and audit measures.

2.3.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

Challenges:

With the supply chain constraints and recent surge in inflation, EE product and shipping costs are rising. The program is increasing incentives for air sealing, audits, heat pump tune-ups, and Direct Installation (DI) measures to offset the rise in costs. If this continues, it could create constraints on the program incentives budgets.

Residents of manufactured homes are part of a particularly hard-to-reach market for a number of reasons. In general, residents of manufactured homes are less likely to invest in energy efficiency upgrades to their home because the out-of-pocket cost is simply too high to perform these upgrades. The renters of manufactured homes don't have disposable income to invest in these upgrades, even though the long-term effects can be very beneficial. This program helps not only to provide beneficial upgrades at no cost to the residents, but it also educates the customer about the fundamentals of energy efficiency and energy usage.

The most effective means of reaching customers is direct outreach from the trade ally to mobile home park owners. Bilingual and co-branded marketing material is available for use in the Manufactured Homes Program. This material helps the trade allies sell the program to prospective mobile home parks and individual owners.

Opportunities:

It can be difficult for trade allies to identify customers who have or have not participated in the program while out in the field. It is important for trade allies to identify if a home has participated in the past to avoid submission of duplicate measures. In 2023, the trade allies will continue to use the past participation tool to verify customer eligibility if past participation does occur, the tool provides exactly what measures were installed so that other opportunities may be identified, and duplicate efforts of other measures are avoided.

EM&V Recommendations:

- Increase the internal quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured correctly.
- Collect documentation that verifies the installation location of the smart strip or use "average APS" consistently in the program.
- Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation that is legible and that key parameters are identifiable.

2.3.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

An increase in rebates for air sealing, audits, heat pump tune-ups and DI products will be implemented in 2023 to account for the supply chain product price increases. An increase in audit incentives will also be implemented in 2023 due to inflation and fuel costs rising.

2.4 Low-Income Solutions

2.4.1 Program Description

The Low-Income Solutions (LIS) Program was launched in Entergy Arkansas' residential portfolio in 2020, and was designed to serve income-qualified customers, as defined under Act 1102 of 2017 and in accordance with Order No. 30 in Docket No. 13-002-U from the Commission. Like Entergy Arkansas' other home energy efficiency programs in the Entergy Arkansas portfolio, the LIS Program offers many energy efficiency opportunities for owners and renters of single-family homes, manufactured homes, and multi-family dwellings in Entergy Arkansas' service territory.

The LIS Program helps income-qualified residents achieve electricity savings by working with participating trade allies and Community Based Organizations (CBOs). Trade allies help residential customers analyze their energy use, identify energy efficiency improvement projects and install low- or no-cost energy-saving measures in the home. CBOs help the LIS Program identify eligible customers and distribute program information to the local communities they serve.

Design elements of the LIS Program include incentives to offset up to 100% of the cost of an energy evaluation provided by a certified trade ally. In addition, LIS customers may receive minor health and safety products or repairs for eligible homes, such as bathroom ventilation, smoke detectors, etc. To determine eligibility and receive an incentive, the trade ally completes both a home energy assessment and asks the resident to self-certify their income eligibility for participation. If the home is a candidate for health and safety measures, the trade ally documents the opportunity during the initial visit and submits the proposed health and safety work to the program manager for approval. The program offers comprehensive energy-saving measures such as air conditioner tune-ups, duct sealing, air sealing, attic insulation, LEDs, advanced power strips and high efficiency showerheads and aerators for all electric properties.

2.4.2 Program Highlights

In 2022, the LIS Program:

- Saved 7,936 gross MWh in 2022 with a 99.0% realization rate and a net-togross ratio of 100%, resulting in 7,856 MWh net savings.
- Achieved 1.9 gross MW and 1.9 net MW savings in 2022 with a realization rate of 99.5%.
- Served 1,763 individual Entergy account holders of which:
 - 77% were single-family homes.
 - o 18% were multifamily apartments.
 - 5% were manufactured homes.
- Installed at least one health and safety measure in 83% of participating properties.
- 137 duct and air sealing jobs went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 94 projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 37 ceiling insulation performed went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 9 projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 17 air conditioner tune-ups went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 19 projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 99 direct install projects went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and
 49 projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- 55 health and safety projects went through the program's virtual QA/QC process and 34 projects went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- The program continued to provide services throughout the Entergy Arkansas service territory. The geospatial map in Figure 2.4.2shows the location of work performed in 2022.

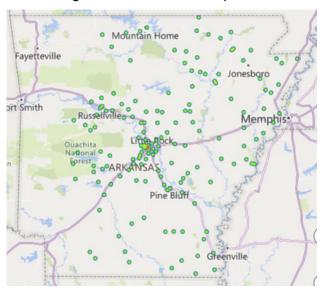


Figure 2.4.2: 2022 Participation

One of the LIS Program's missions is to increase opportunities for low income and elderly customers to access energy efficiency services. In 2022, the LIS Program continued to grow the partnerships with both CBOs and outside agencies established during the first year of the program. The pilot project with the Arkansas Energy Office and the Better Community Development (BCD) Group, a non-profit CBO who receives Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) funding to weatherize homes and apartments in Arkansas, continued to provide braided incentives in 2022 and increased the number of homes utilizing both LIS incentives and WAP funding. Working together, the LIS program and BCD successfully funded projects for 11 single family and manufactured homes, and 28 apartments. In 2021, Entergy Arkansas produced a video of Mary Lowe, a satisfied customer, which used both the WAP and LIS Program, which gave a firsthand account of its savings benefits and effect on the community. This testimonial video was shared by the Arkansas Energy Office (AEO), BCD, and Entergy Arkansas across multiple platforms and at virtual conferences in 2021. In June 2022, the video was incorporated into a presentation called the 'Arkansas Weatherization Braiding Project.' This was presented by a speaker panel that included staff from the AEO, BCD, and Entergy at the National Energy & Utility Affordability Coalition (NEUAC) conference held in New Orleans.

In the fall of 2022, the LIS Program supported Entergy Arkansas' Inflation Sweep effort. By working with five CBOs from around the state, ten high-need houses were identified and provided with both weatherization services through the LIS Program and with additional health and safety work funded through Entergy Arkansas' special projects grants. Participants received a range of health and safety measures via these grants, including new HVAC systems and HVAC system repairs, roof repairs and replacement, floor insulation, window repairs, and several other significant improvements that would not have happened without the support of the grants. The participating CBOs included BCD, the Mississippi County Arkansas Economic Opportunity Commission, The Delta Center, Habitat for Humanity – Pope County, and Habitat for Humanity – Russellville.

Traditional promotion and outreach activities were also executed through a variety of marketing channels, including paid media with print, digital and social media tactics. Entergy Arkansas' marketing channels were also used to promote this program via social media posts, the Entergy Solutions web page, the Entergy Circuit newsletter and Entergy bill inserts. These marketing efforts helped promote the LIS program across the entire Entergy Arkansas service territory. The Entergy Arkansas Energy Efficiency employees also attended multiple customer supporting events including Depot Days (Newport, AR) Bryant Air Show, and Dassault Falcon Jet.

The increased number of completed health and safety projects provided by the LIS Program contributed to improving living conditions for the participating Arkansans by reducing minor hazards inside the home. The percent of Entergy customers receiving health and safety measures increased 40% from 2021 to 2022 due to continued focus on health and safety specific training and workforce development efforts with the trade allies.

2.4.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.4.3 is the program budget, annual energy savings and participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order

No. 16 in Docket 10-010-U.

Low-Income Solutions Energy Savings (kWh) Expenditures Demand Savings (kW) Participants Evaluated **Budget** Actual % Plan Plan **Evaluated** % Plan Actual % **Program** 6,939,776 Program Year 2020 NA 6,739,532 103% 2,531 1,757 2,322 2.607 112% NA Program Year 2021 NΑ 7,862,580 8,033,917 102% 2.946 2,151 73% 2,790 2,231 80% Program Year 2022 \$ 4,957,950 \$ 3.652.325 7.862.580 7.856.081 2.946 1.889 2.790 1.727 74% 100% 64% 62% \$6,000,000 8.200.000 8.000.000 \$5,000,000 7,800,000 7,600,000 \$4,000,000 7,400,000 7,200,000 \$3,000,000 7,000,000 \$2,000,000 6,800,000 6,600,000 \$1,000,000 6,400,000 6,200,000 Program Year 2021 Program Year 2020 Program Year 2022 Energy Savings (kWh) - Budget - Actual

Table 2.4.3 Low-Income Solutions

Program Events & Training

- The LIS Program continued to provide education and feedback to trade allies on program requirements, health and safety measures, and identifying income-qualified customers. The LIS Program also participated in the annual Trade Ally Kickoff in tandem with the other residential Entergy Solutions programs. This summit for business principals and crew leaders included training on program updates, policy/procedural updates, and program performance rewards.
- All technicians performing test-in and test-out on customer homes are required to hold a Building Performance Institute professional certification. Trade allies with allocations in the LIS Program are strongly encouraged to pursue additional training on home health and safety, such as the Building Performance Institute's Health Housing Principles Certificate of Knowledge. In 2022 the program confirmed that 25% of the companies enrolled as participating LIS trade allies had at least one technician earn the Healthy Housing Principles Certificate of Knowledge.

2.4.4 Description of Participants

Participant: Anyone with a valid Entergy Arkansas account number who is 65 years of age or older or who meets the income eligibility qualifications for the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) administered by the Department of Human Services. Participants include anyone meeting this description who lives in a single-family home, manufactured home or multifamily dwelling. Large multifamily complexes can be qualified for the LIS Program at the property level if the property manager certifies that 60% or more of the residents meet the LIHEAP income requirements or the complex receives federal aid from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"). The property must have a central ducted heat and air conditioning unit to receive one of the core weatherization measures, an air conditioner tune-up or a thermostat. Properties without a central ducted heat and air conditioning system are eligible for direct install measures and health and safety measures. Participants are counted on a per account basis.

Table 2.4.4, from the Entergy Arkansas, LLC Evaluation Report – For Program Cycle 2022, highlights key demographic information for participants in the Low-Income Solutions Program. Pertaining to Act 1102, in the Program Cycle, approximately 45.2% of the low-income participants were aged 65 or older and approximately 71.1% of the respondents were eligible for LIHEAP benefits.

Table 2.4.4

For Program Cycle 2022 Demographic Information from Process Surveys Low-Income
Solutions

*Participants may not sum to participant totals highlighted in bold due to rounding error.

Respondent characteristic		Percentage	Participants ²⁰
Respondent age	18–24	2.40%	42
	25–34	4.80%	85
	35–44	7.10%	125
	45–54	7.10%	125
	55–64	33.30%	587
	65 or older	45.20%	797
	Participants (n)		1,763
LIHEAP status	LIHEAP-eligible	71.10%	1,253
	Not LIHEAP-eligible	28.90%	510
	Participants (n)		1,763

^{*}Percentages are estimated from PY2020 process surveys.

2.4.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

Challenges:

With the supply chain constraints and recent surge in inflation, EE product and shipping costs are rising. The program is increasing incentives for air sealing, audits, heat pump tune-ups, and Direct Installation (DI) measures to offset the rise in costs. If this continues, it could create constraints on the program incentives budgets.

Increasing the number of CBO partnerships in 2021 continued to be limited by CBOs' low bandwidth to engage in any activities beyond their core service offerings. Staffing challenges, constrained administrative support, and low operating budgets combined to limit the number of CBOs that could partner with the LIS program in promoting energy efficiency services.

²⁰ Participant count includes all participants reported in each program including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate smart thermostat measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, health and safety measures, and audit measures.

Opportunities:

In 2022, the program added a LIHEAP-eligibility chart and customer signature line to the Enrollment Form required for all program participants. This helped to standardize the process for both Trade Allies and customers to self-certify the participants' LIHEAP eligibility and enroll in the LIS Program.

The program worked with three CBOs in 2022 for the first time through the LI Sweep, and continued existing partnerships with two CBOs.

The program significantly increased the amount of health and safety measures offered to Entergy customers again in 2022 by building off the streamlining completed in 2021, continuing to train trade allies, and providing clear and consistent feedback to trade allies on the health and safety goals of the program.

EM&V Recommendation:

- Increase QAQC on the APS measure to ensure contractors are educated on installing the APS and collecting documentation that clearly verifies the installation location of the smart strip.
- Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation.
- Increase training and QAQC of air and duct sealing measures to ensure all leaks are thoroughly sealed.
- Consider ways to increase participation in the ceiling insulation measure for low-income customers.

2.4.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

An increase in rebates for air sealing, audits, heat pump tune-ups and DI products will be implemented in 2023 to account for the supply chain product price increases. An increase in audit incentives will also be implemented in 2023 due to inflation and fuel costs rising.

2.5 Point of Purchase Solutions

2.5.1 Program Description

The Point of Purchase Solutions Program is an energy efficiency program designed to educate and influence Entergy Arkansas residential customers to purchase and use ENERGY STAR® qualified lighting, appliances, advanced thermostats and advanced power strips (APSs) in their homes, and to provide commercial customers with a convenient option for participation when completing smaller renovations or ongoing maintenance and repair. In 2022, as in past years, the Point of Purchase Solutions Program sought to minimize market barriers to participation for Entergy Arkansas' residential and customers. These barriers include lack of information about and access to ENERGY STAR® qualified products, as well as higher first-cost for these products and the time it takes to research products prior to purchase. The two main program activities include (1) retailer and distributor recruitment and merchandising, and (2) administration of the incentive payment process.

Working with manufacturers, distributors and retailers, the program provided residential customers with discounts on qualified products at participating retail locations via rebates delivered after purchases and instant discounts at retail. The online marketplace, where residential customers can purchase discounted energy efficiency products, was originally launched in late 2020, and continued to be offered in 2022.

The program also continued working with non-profit organizations such as schools, food banks and other organizations across the state to distribute free energy efficiency products to their constituents.

In 2022, residential customers interested in purchasing qualifying advanced thermostats had three methods for participating: purchase online with a discount (only available January through July), log into a web portal and receive an instant discount code after filling out a form with information about their home, or purchase at full price and receive a rebate post-purchase. This approach gives customers maximum flexibility to participate in the way they feel most

comfortable, with the widest possible range of product choices. A low-cost online purchase option where customers could order directly from the manufacturer was also available in 2022. In the third year in which the program offered incentives on smart thermostats, the measure continued to have robust participation, with 905 units incentivized, a 38% decrease over 2021.

In 2022, the program continued relationships with L'Image, Globe, Greenlite and Maxlite, to ensure deeply discounted products were available year-round at participating retailers such as Dollar Tree, Dollar General, Habitat for Humanity, Goodwill, Salvation Army and independent retailers across the state. These market partners rely on utility sponsorships for these promotions, which bring in high quality ENERGY STAR® certified products outside of the retailer's normal inventory procurement process. The products, because they are not on the retailer's planogram, typically get prominent placement and sell quickly because of the clear value. These combined efforts resulted in over 378,900 LED lighting unit sales and 20,900 APS unit sales in 2022 to customers the utility considers to be "hard to reach."

Electrical distributors participating in the program have largely recovered from the impact of COVID-related business shut-downs and project delays, as well as difficulty getting some products due to supply chain disruptions. As a result, discounted sales to commercial customers in 2022 increased 46% from previous years. In an effort to evolve the program offerings beyond solid state lighting, work on new measures continued in 2022, and three new measures were launched.

In 2022, a portion of program resources were allocated to non-lighting measures such as advanced thermostats, APSs, pool pumps, air purifiers, dehumidifiers, and freezers, a measure introduced in 2020. A diverse measure mix that includes non-lighting measures will keep the program relevant and establish a solid foundation for its ongoing success.

Table 2.5.1

Year Over Year (2019-22) Participation for All Measures

Measure						OY % nange	
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
LEDs	1,358,848	1,868,848	2,170,880	2,489,287	38%	+16%	+15%
Fixtures	43,418	54,822	41,463	23,601	+14%	-24%	-43%
Advanced Power Strips	68,465	73,907	105,696	63,641	+8%	+43%	-40%
Clothes Washers	39	0	0	0	0%	0%	0%
Pool Pumps	70	127	112	55	+81%	-12%	-51%
Air Purifier	20	49	114	38	+145%	+133%	-67%
Dehumidifier	25	49	45	33	+96%	-8%	-27%
Smart Thermostats	842	1,217	1,473	905	+45%	+21%	-39%
Freezers	0	1	5	11	-	+400%	+120%
Room AC	0	0	46	158	-	-	+243%
HPWH	0	0	44	57		-	+30%
Weatherization	0	0	0	27	-	-	100%



Lastly, the program continued training sales associates using the existing toolkit for retailers to enable them to promote the energy- and cost-saving benefits of such products to their customers. The continued strength of this program reflects high customer and trade ally satisfaction as well as Entergy Arkansas' success in expanding the program through a diverse marketing and outreach strategy.

2.5.2 Program Highlights

The program achieved an evaluated annual energy savings of 87,690 MWh, 131% of the net savings goal. To put this in perspective, the energy saved by this program in 2022 is equivalent to the greenhouse gas emissions from 6.9 million gallons of gasoline consumed, or 12,092 homes' electricity use for one year. The program also achieved approximately 14 MW of evaluated demand savings. The widespread distribution of lighting products to those most impacted by macroeconomic and environmental factors continued to drive the volume of product units reported in 2022.

In 2022, Entergy Arkansas engaged in an initiative aimed at providing small communities across the state with energy efficient products for their homes. Certified LED bulbs and APSs were donated and shipped to interested food pantries, ministries, and colleges for distribution. Along with the products, organizations included an educational flyer with additional Entergy Arkansas program offerings. Through the end of October, almost 3,600 customers across the state had received 14,400 certified LED bulbs and 3,600 APSs. Community partners see the promotion as an opportunity to educate those they serve about energy efficiency along with the real-life experience of changing out inefficient lighting technology at home.

In 2022, distributors participating in the commercial program continued using the web portal introduced in 2020 for validating and submitting sales reports. The site, called Program Partner Central (PPC), enables the verification of customer and product eligibility, and provides real-time feedback on submitted sales data so the trade ally has the assurance that their report is error-free, reducing time spent communicating and correcting issues. The site also provides dashboards so trade allies can track their participation and processing status and payment information, one of the most frequently requested items from trade allies.

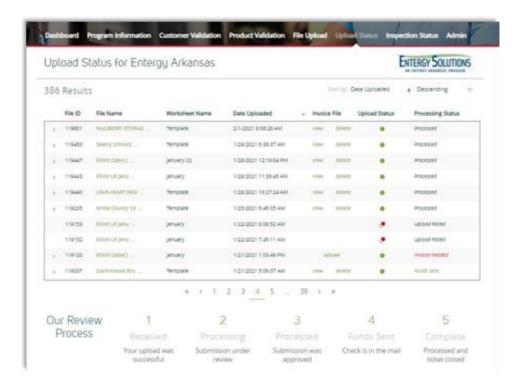


Figure 2.5.2 Program Partner Central online tool

The program was recognized by the EPA for the first time in 2022 in the Excellence in ENERGY STAR Marketing category, following four years of award-winning performance in Program Delivery. POPS program marketing was comprehensive in 2022 and used various tactics to drive awareness and demand – reaching both new and past program participants. Rather than focusing solely on the incentives offered for measures, messages were designed to capture attention and educate customers on product energy and non-energy benefits, as well as financial incentives.

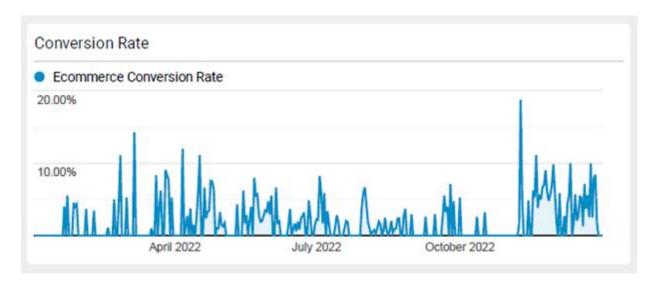
Email marketing proved to be a very effective marketing tactic in 2022. Most of the emails deployed to residential customers primarily drove to the online marketplace but included secondary cross promotion of the retail coupon and rebate offerings. Likewise, emails deployed through the Entergy Solutions commercial program included cross promotion of the commercial POPS program offerings. Subject lines continued to be tested and best practices leveraged such as the inclusion of emojis, questions and deadlines to increase customer engagement.

The online marketplace continued to provide residential customers in every part of the state the ability to make contactless purchases of energy efficiency products from the safety of their home. All measures in the residential program were offered via this channel, except for room air conditioners, heat pump water heaters and pool pumps.

The site is linked to many pages on Entergy Arkansas' website for a seamless and convenient customer experience. The residential program's online marketplace provides the convenience of a discounted purchase available anywhere in the state, including for customers who are in areas where no brick-and-mortar retailers participate in utility incentive programs. This means the utility can reach more of their customer base. Additionally, the utility can validate discounted purchases while gleaning valuable demographic information about who is shopping the site. Compared to the previous year, focused marketing drove 9.3% more energy efficient product purchases through the online marketplace. In 2022, insights from a data analysis were leveraged to drive customer engagement and demand more efficiently to the online marketplace. Marketing segmentation approaches included reach back campaigns to past participants as well as targeted campaigns to demographic groups that showed underperformance compared to national averages

Figure 2.5.3 POPS Online Marketplace





In 2022, an online rebate application portal was once again available for electronic submission of rebate applications. Any customer interested in submitting their application digitally could do so for pool pump, air purifier, dehumidifier, smart thermostat, and new for 2022, freezer rebates.

2.5.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.5.3 is the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

Point of Purchase Solutions Demand Savings (kW) Energy Savings (kWh) Expenditures **Participants Budget** Actual **Evaluated Evaluated** Plan % Program Program Year 2020 56,884,260 68,407,701 120% 10,177 118% 343,646 2,308 1% Program Year 2021 NA 65.094.281 86.096.313 132% 9.932 12.980 131% 310,213 92.133 30% Program Year 2022 7,888,520 \$ 9,214,545 66,846,295 87,690,107 13,906 140% 117% 131% 9.934 271.464 780.005 287% \$10,000,000 100,000,000 \$9,000,000 90.000.000 \$8,000,000 80,000,000 \$7,000,000 70,000,000 \$6,000,000 60,000,000 \$5,000,000 50,000,000 \$4,000,000 40,000,000 \$3,000,000 30,000,000 \$2,000,000 20,000,000 \$1,000,000 10,000,000 Program Year 2022 Program Year 2020 Program Year 2021 Energy Savings (kWh)

Table 2.5.3

Point of Purchase Solutions Budget, Energy Savings and Participants

Program Events & Training:

The 2022 annual Trade Ally Summit and Awards was held in person in Little Rock. Distributors attending the summit heard from team leaders for all of the commercial programs in Entergy's portfolio, as well as representatives from the engineering and marketing teams. Trainings on the PPC portal were held virtually throughout the year. A total of 8 trainings on commercial offerings and tools took place in 2022.

The Point of Purchase Solutions field team engaged with retail sales associates throughout the year, and the team led training sessions for 387 sales associates in participating retail locations, which focused on program participation, product technical details and processes to support seamless implementation. Retailers were encouraged to display program products in prominent locations throughout the store.

2.5.4 Description of Participants

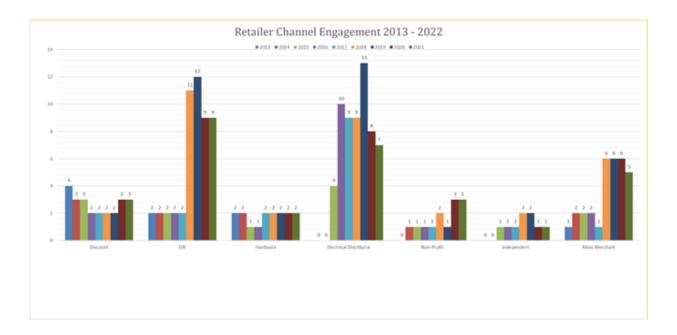
Participants included a diversified group of manufacturers, retail stores, electrical distributors and Entergy Arkansas customers across the state that purchased the discounted energy efficiency measures. In 2022, the program continued working with electrical distributors and independent retailers, such as small grocery markets, hardware stores and rural general stores, as well as Energy Federation Incorporated, the partner implementing the online marketplace. Three electrical distributors which did not participate in the 2021 program participated in the 2022 program. Consolidated Electrical Distributors Little Rock, Entegrity Partners, and Levior Energy LLC, were participants in the commercial promotions in 2022, but not in 2021.

In 2022, the program continued a large focus on recruiting participation from market partners that could provide low- or no-cost measures to customers who were impacted by COVID-19. Examples are Maxlite, who provided at-home learning kits to schools; Megalight, with the provision of kits containing energy efficient lighting and advanced power strips to non-profit organizations; and Greenlite, who provided products to food banks for distribution to their constituent pantries. While 2022 continued to be a challenging year for recruiting traditional types of retailers, the program team was able to find creative ways to work with existing partners to offer products in new impactful ways.

For purposes of counting participants, the quantity of units subsidized for each energy efficiency measure is used, depending on the measure type. To illustrate, the estimate of participation for the program in 2022 is 831,682. This breaks down to 2,489,287 LEDs, 23,601 fixtures, 63,641 APSs, 38 air purifiers, 33 dehumidifiers, 905 smart thermostats, 55 pool pumps, 11 freezers, 158 room air conditioners, 57 heat pump water heaters, and 27 weatherization products subsidized through the program. Despite the pandemic, the program saw an 8% increase in the number of incentivized units over 2021. This is due to large-scale distribution of products as described below, as well as increased participation in non-lighting product offerings as these become more well-known due to ongoing marketing efforts. Examples are freezers, which saw a 120% increase over 2021 levels; room air conditioners, at a 243% increase, and heat pump water heaters, which saw a 30% increase over 2021 participation levels. For the purpose of evaluating the program's reach, Entergy Arkansas

looks at both the areas served, and the demographic targets reached by the various retailers participating in the program. A chart showing the changes in participation of retailers and distributors over the past ten years is shown below

Table 2.5.4.1
Retailer Channel Engagement



2.5.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities:

In the third year of the Point of Purchase Solutions Program, recruitment was focused on solidifying existing relationships with retailers, manufacturers, community partner organizations and online fulfillment partners to more closely align with the way customers were making

purchases in 2022. To address the cost and accessibility barriers residential for (particularly lowcustomers income and rural customers), the program continued partnership with Feeding America, first established in 2020. The partnership with Feeding America is designed to bring LED lighting and APSs



to those who utilize the food donation services offered by their partner agencies. Individual pantries at small organizations such as churches or local development agencies receive food and other goods from regional food banks, who warehouse and distribute to the pantries weekly. In 2022, the program continued to expand the geographic area for donations by reaching out and shipping products directly to food pantries located in rural parts of the state. This portion of the program grew significantly in 2022, by 298% over 2021 levels, to 1,028,064 bulbs donated directly to pantries across the state. This is significant because, according to Feeding America, food insecurity rates are higher in rural areas (those primarily served by the direct to pantry program) than in suburban areas. In fact, 9 out of 10 counties with the highest food insecurity rates are rural. In Arkansas, according to Feeding America, 444,130 people are facing hunger, and 138,410 of them are children.

The program was also able to continue partnerships with manufacturers Maxlite and Megalight to offer free lighting and load-control products to those most in need. In the case of Maxlite, students and faculty at schools and universities across the state received direct shipments that they distributed to students either in person during the school day or with meals delivered

curbside. Megalight recruited non-profit organizations across the state to distribute free kits to their patrons who receive the organization's primary services. Recipient non-profits ranged from large to small. These interactions provided the opportunity to distribute information for Entergy Arkansas' programs, driving increased awareness of the program. In addition to traditional DIY and mass merchant retailers, independent retailers also displayed rebate application forms and educated customers about the availability of pool pump, thermostat, air purifier, dehumidifier and freezer rebates. While more than 87 percent of the program's annual savings still comes from lighting products, the program continued to lay the groundwork for expansion of non-lighting measures in future years.

While customer participation increased in 2022, trade ally participation in the commercial portion of the program took a slight dip in 2022. Comparing 2021 to 2022, three new distributors were recruited and participated in the program, while seven distributors who submitted reports in 2020 did not participate in 2022, for a net loss of five trade allies. For five of the five distributors who did not participate in 2022, the loss of a key staff member drove the change in participation, and the remaining two distributors went out of business. The contribution to overall commercial energy savings by the five distributors who did not return in 2022 is 0.5%. As is the case in most commercial trade-ally-driven programs, a small percentage of those enrolled in the program submit the majority of the reported activity.

Table 2.5.5.2
Energy Efficiency Measures Changes

Existing Measures	Removed from 2022 Program	Added to the 2022 Program
Commercial and Residential:		Commercial:
LED bulbs and fixtures		Horticultural Lighting
Commercial only:		
Electric Hand Dryers		
Variable Frequency Drives		
VSD Air Compressors	no measures removed	Residential:
Residential only:		
Advanced Power Strips Advanced Thermostats		Weatherization
Room Air Purifiers		
Dehumidifiers		
Pool Pumps Freezers		
Heat Pump Water Heaters		
ES Most Efficient Room Air Conditioners		

EM&V efforts resulted in largely positive results. In addition to almost across-the-board 100+% realization rates, the program received an overall NTG ratio of 81% due to 100% NTG values assigned to residential low-income measures. There was no change to the NTG ratio for APSs, air purifiers, and dehumidifiers. The NTG ratio for pool pumps declined almost 10%, from 97% to 88%. No spillover was identified for the program in PY 2022. Non-energy benefits were again applied in 2022.

2.5.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

In 2022, Entergy Arkansas will continue to explore new cost-effective measures, expansion of non-lighting measures already in the program and continue those direct outreach and product sales methods which proved successful in 2022. Focus will be placed on expanding the measures offered online and continuing to reach underserved customers with low or no cost product offerings.

In 2022, the program will continue utilizing a database for residential offerings, which has led to more automation and enhanced reporting capabilities and will build upon successful data management processes already in place, ensuring reported savings and evaluated savings are closely matched. This will also facilitate successful program planning for Entergy Arkansas.

The independent evaluator's 2020-21 recommendations for the program were all completed or are in progress. Additionally, all 2022 recommendations are in progress.

2.6 Large Commercial and Industrial Program 2022

2.6.1 Program Description

The 2022 Large Commercial and Industrial Program (C&I) is designed to provide Entergy Arkansas' C&I customers with technical assistance and financial incentives for implementation of efficiency measures. This program encourages C&I customers to maximize the efficiency of their facilities by upgrading their energy consuming equipment and improving their energy management practices.

Project energy savings may be quantified either through deemed savings calculations as outlined in the Arkansas TRM or through standard measurement and verification (M&V) methodologies. In addition to financial incentives, the program offers technical assistance to participants and trade allies in the form of facility assessments, information on viable technologies, support in evaluating financial metrics and assistance in completing program documentation. Deemed savings estimates, as well as measurement and verification of savings for "custom" measures, are also provided.

Incentive rates remained the same for the 2022 program year. The program continued the same structure to allow for retroactive and excess incentives to be applied in 2022. Retroactive incentives could be leveraged against other projects back to January of the previous year. Excess incentives could be leveraged against other projects and could carry forward to the end of the following year. The incentive rate structure is depicted in the below figure.

Figure 2.6.1.1 2022 Large C&I Tiered Incentive Structure

Large C&I	1 measure	2 measures	3 measures	4+ measures	Сар
PC Power Management:	\$0.10	\$0.10	\$0.10	\$0.10	100%
Gaskets and Strip Curtains:	Paid per LF (or SF) of damaged gasket/strip (contact program staff)			100%	

All other measures:	\$0.14	\$0.15	\$0.16	\$0.18	Up to 100%	
*** Measures must be 30k kWh each for tier credit						
*** Measure credits for tiers are only retroactive to January of the previous program year						
*** Program Direct Install measures will count as only one tier, even if different end uses exist						
*** Excess incentives can be leveraged against other projects (up to the cap) and can carry forward to the end of the following year						
*** Retroactive incentives can be leveraged against other projects (up to the cap) back to January of the previous year						

2022 Large C&I Measure Categories

Eligible Measure Categories for Tier Credits:

- Lighting and On/Off Controls (Interior, Exterior, Specialty Lighting).
- Advanced Lighting Controls (Multi-step Controls, Dimming, Task Scheduled Controls, etc.).
- Comfort Cooling HVAC/Chiller Replacement.
- CoolSaverSM Air Conditioner Tune-up.
- Chiller Tune-up.
- Retrofit VFD Drives for Air Handler Fans.
- Commercial Wi-Fi Thermostats.
- Building Automation Controls and Retro-Commissioning.
- Retro-Commissioning Lite (RCx Lite).
- Motor Replacement (including DC/AC Conversion and EC Motors).
- Motor Drive or VFD Upgrades.
- Computer Power Management (PCPM, Server Virtualization, Server Consolidation, Data Center UPS Upgrades).
- Commercial Refrigeration Upgrades (G/SC, ASHC, Zero Energy Doors, Night Covers, Open Cases to Solid Doors).
- Direct Install (Aerators, PRSV, Showerheads, LEDs, Weather Stripping).
- Compressed Air Upgrades (Leak Fixes, Demand Side, Supply Side, Air Treatment, Storage, Distribution, VFD Driven Compressors, etc.).
- Industrial Controls and/or Compressed Air System Controls (Installation or Modification of Process or Compressor Controls).
- Industrial Pump/Fan Upgrades.

- Injection Molding System Upgrades (Heater Barrel upgrades, Heater Band Replacement, Heater Barrel Blankets, Injection Machine Cooling, etc.).
- Industrial Heating (Kilns, Ovens/Heaters, Drying Processes, etc.).
- Industrial Cooling (Process Chillers, Industrial Refrigeration, etc.).
- Other Industrial Process Upgrades (Non-Heating/Cooling).
- Behavioral Savings (Continuous Energy Improvement).
- All Other Measures (Envelope Measures, Data Center Hot Aisle/Cold Aisle, etc.)
 that could be measured and verified.

Projects submitted to this program may include prescriptive and/or custom measures; however, custom measures must pass a cost-effectiveness test to be eligible for incentives. This test takes the form of an analysis performed by Entergy Arkansas as shown in the following table.

Figure 2.6.1.2
2022 Large C&I Entergy Arkansas Cost-Effectiveness Test Example

PROJECT ==>	Example Customer Lighting	
A. PARTICIPANT COST TEST	PASS	6.01
B. RATEPAYER IMPACT MEASURE ("RIM") TEST	PASS	2.33
C. TOTAL RESOURCE COST ("TRC") TEST	PASS	2.48
D. PROGRAM ADMINISTRATOR COST ("PAC") TEST	PASS	2.73
Overall Assessment ==>	P	ASS

The Large C&I Program relies mostly on trade allies for direct marketing to eligible customers. Trade allies are contractors or distributors in the state who are educated about the program and use the technical assistance and incentives to enhance their business offerings. In addition to trade allies, the program utilizes account managers on the implementation staff. The outreach efforts from these account managers continue to improve Entergy Arkansas' ability to market directly to participants as well as support the trade allies in their marketing efforts. These outreach efforts included trade ally outreach, presentations at public/professional

organizations, outreach with Entergy Arkansas customer service staff and direct outreach via program staff.

Feasibility study co-funding was continued for C&I customers in the 2022 program year. This co-funding allows for some costs of energy efficiency studies to be offset by program incentives, thus making studies for complex projects more affordable. These studies are targeted to develop comprehensive solutions by identifying projects that might not otherwise happen due to the initial cost to investigate and quantify the energy savings potential. Feasibility co-funding rates for the 2022 program year remained the same, utilizing a tiered structure to promote increased custom savings per study (see Figure 2.6.1.3 below). Since this change, the program has seen increased participation in the feasibility study co-funding for higher custom savings (i.e., compressed air and advanced lighting controls). The program's feasibility study co-funding was changed to incentivize more comprehensive audits and custom projects. Therefore, the new tiered structure rewards trade allies that provide more comprehensive feasibility studies that include custom savings. The payout structure remained at 40% payout upon the delivery of the feasibility study and the remaining 60% once the project is complete. This approach seeks to encourage the trade ally to follow through with completing the project(s). The percentage of co-funding available for studies remained at a maximum of 100% of study funding.

Figure 2.6.1.3
2022 Feasibility Tiered Incentive Table

Feasibility Study Savings**					
Min kWh	Max kWh	Incentive*			
50,000	100,000	\$3,000			
100,001	200,000	\$6,000			
200,001	300,000	\$9,000			
300,001	500,000	\$12,000			
500,001	1,500,000	\$15,000			
1,500,001	5,000,000	\$20,000			

^{*}Full payout amounts with a total feasibility budget of \$300,000

^{*}Payout 40% for study submission and the remaining 60% upon project completion for cost savings

^{**}Must be M&V projects, Savings excludes "deemed" measures from the current version of the Arkansas TRM

2.6.2 Program Highlights

- Continuous Energy Improvement (CEI) and CoolSaverSM continued as measures in 2022. After a successful year in 2022, CEI contributed over 32 MWh in the second full year of implementation within the program. These measures had a successful year within the programs in 2022 in providing extra incentive tiering opportunities while contributing to more program comprehensiveness.
- Figure 2.6.2.1 indicates trade ally participation in the program. In 2022, 47 trade allies contributed to around 56% of the goal attainment.
- To show the continued program measure mix transformation, Figure 2.6.2.2 represents
 the measure mix from 2012, and Figure 2.6.2.3 represents the measure mix from 2022.
 This improved measure mix over the last eight program years points to the continued
 comprehensive gains within the program portfolio of measures.
- Figure 2.6.2.4 shows the geographical distribution of installed projects in the Large C&I
 Program. Note that most of the Entergy Arkansas service area map highlighted in
 yellow, continues to have successful activity in the program.

Figure 2.6.2.1 - Large C&I Top Trade Ally Participation

Trade Ally	% of Total Savings	% of Total Incentives
Trade Ally 1	18.87%	12.89%
Trade Ally 2	12.26%	8.37%
Trade Ally 3	4.55%	2.02%
Trade Ally 4	3.16%	1.72%
Trade Ally 5	1.49%	1.02%
Trade Ally 6	1.47%	1.55%
Trade Ally 7	1.34%	0.93%
Trade Ally 8	1.29%	0.88%
Trade Ally 9	1.18%	0.80%
Trade Ally 10	0.98%	0.71%
Trade Ally 11	0.85%	0.58%
Trade Ally 12	0.77%	0.52%
Trade Ally 13	0.68%	0.43%
Trade Ally 14	0.52%	0.36%
Trade Ally 15	0.51%	0.34%

Trade Ally 16	0.46%	0.69%
Trade Ally 17	0.45%	0.24%
Trade Ally 18	0.43%	0.29%
Trade Ally 19	0.42%	1.14%
Trade Ally 20	0.41%	0.40%
Trade Ally 21	0.39%	0.27%
Trade Ally 22	0.35%	0.23%
Trade Ally 23	0.34%	0.21%
Trade Ally 24	0.33%	0.23%
Trade Ally 25	0.31%	0.49%
Trade Ally 26	0.30%	0.19%
Trade Ally 27	0.27%	0.12%
Trade Ally 28	0.23%	0.16%
Trade Ally 29	0.22%	0.14%
Trade Ally 30	0.20%	0.28%
Trade Ally 31	0.19%	0.12%
Trade Ally 32	0.18%	0.12%
Trade Ally 33	0.16%	0.11%
Trade Ally 34	0.13%	0.09%
Trade Ally 35	0.12%	0.08%
Trade Ally 36	0.12%	0.08%
Trade Ally 37	0.10%	0.07%
Trade Ally 38	0.09%	0.10%
Trade Ally 39	0.09%	0.06%
Trade Ally 40	0.09%	0.06%
Trade Ally 41	0.08%	0.10%
Trade Ally 42	0.07%	0.05%
Trade Ally 43	0.06%	0.04%
Trade Ally 44	0.05%	0.08%
Trade Ally 45	0.04%	0.03%
Trade Ally 46	0.03%	0.04%
Trade Ally 47	0.00%	0.00%

Figure 2.6.2.2 Large C&I Program Measure Mix (2012 kWh percentage)
For Comparison to 2022 Measure Mix Below in Figure 2.6.2.3.

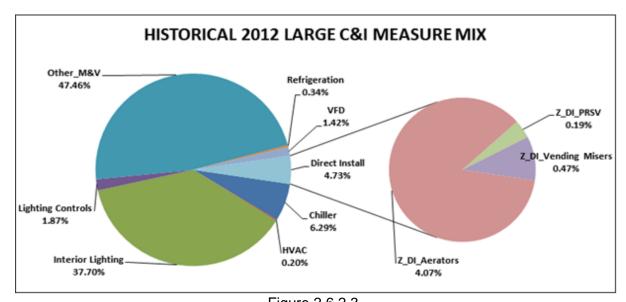
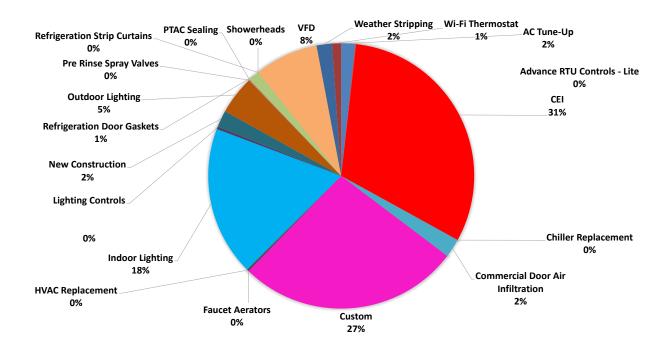


Figure 2.6.2.3

Large C&I Program Measure Mix (2022 kWh percentage)



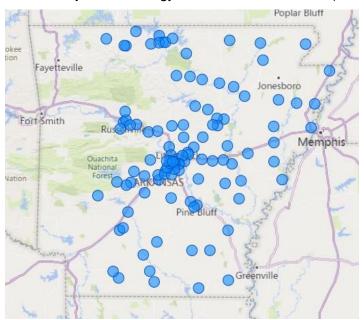


Figure 2.6.2.4

Distribution of Projects in Entergy Arkansas Service Area (Heat Map)

2.6.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants:

Table 2.6.3 presents the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions Expenditures Energy Savings (kWh) Demand Savings (kW) **Participants** Program Budget Plan Evaluated % Evaluated % Plan % Actual Plan Actual \$ 26,379,490 \$ 20,952,351 117.518.931 17.547 Program Year 2020 129.805.463 91% 19.527 90% 124% Program Year 2021 \$ 26,793,738 \$ 20,825,568 118,077,533 114,421,277 18,554 15,580 481 483 100% \$ 21,779,439 \$ 14,752,019 100,459,669 Program Year 2022 114,386,504 88% 18,197 16,999 437 521 119% \$30.000.000 120.000.000 \$25,000,000 115,000,000 \$20,000,000 110,000,000 \$15,000,000 105.000.000 \$10,000,000 100,000,000 \$5,000,000 95,000,000 90,000,000 Program Year 2020 Program Year 2021 Program Year 2022 Energy Savings (kWh) Budget - Actual

Table 2.6.3
Large C&I Solutions Program Budget, Savings and Participants

2.6.4 Description of Participants

A participant is any non-residential Entergy Arkansas customer, which is not classified under Public Institutions Solutions, with a demand greater than or equal to 100 kW that has enrolled in the energy efficiency programs and will exert best efforts to approve, fund, and install projects during the program year. Participants were qualified and defined by a unique Entergy Arkansas account number. Implementation staff used the Entergy Arkansas assigned Business Partner (BP) number to combine like participants for reporting in order to identify unique participants with multiple participating account numbers. Non-residential customers with a demand less than 100 kW, which are not classified under the Public Institutions Solutions, are encouraged to participate in the Small Business Solutions Program unless a custom measure or new construction is performed, in which case they would participate in this Large C&I Program.

2.6.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

The 2022 Large C&I Program strived to deliver successful prescriptive and custom energy efficiency projects even during a challenging year. The challenges of supply chain issues and longer lead times for products caused increased project timelines. This caused many projects to push to the next program year. The incentive structure continued to allow for tiered incentives and assisted customers in completing energy efficiency projects that may not have happened without the increased incentives. The feasibility study co-funding continued to be an avenue that trade allies used to evaluate facilities and develop complex projects that included compressed air measures. In 2022, co-funding was successful in helping in the development of additional compressed air measures and pump VFD technology studies from multiple contractors that resulted in successful custom projects.

Implementation staff continued efforts to help SD customers be well informed when considering participation in the program. These efforts resulted in continued success of customers either requesting in the program after having filed for SD status or remaining in the program while having the option to file for SD status. These efforts are ongoing as implementation staff continues to communicate participation options to customers for the purposes of facilitating more informed decisions.

2.6.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

The program will continue to allow the payment of back tier incentive credits to January of the previous program year. Excess bonus incentives, derived from projects that earned more incentive than the project cost, will continue to carry forward to December of the following program year instead of the current program year. Continuing to encourage multiple year participation and removing barriers for longer equipment ordering lead times and budget constrained projects will remain a program focus.

2.7 Small Business Solutions

2.7.1 Program Description

Small Business Solutions is offered to commercial customers with less than 100 kW of peak demand. Certified participating contractors (trade allies) provide no-cost energy assessments to identify qualifying energy efficiency improvement projects and install cost-effective energy-saving equipment. Incentives for these projects are either passed directly to the customer on the trade ally's invoice or the customer may choose to receive the incentives directly. Trade allies or customers are paid from the incentive budget after reporting and QA/QC is completed. Small Business Solutions participants may also take advantage of no-cost direct install measures, including low-flow showerheads, low-flow faucet aerators, pre-rinse spray valves, LED lamps and commercial door air infiltration measures (weather stripping).

2.7.2 Program Highlights

In 2022, an expanded Trade Ally Network and continued direct install efforts contributed significantly to the success of the program. This Trade Ally Network consists of program trained and certified contractors, electrical distributors, manufacturer representatives and energy services companies that conduct no-cost energy efficiency assessments and complete energy efficiency projects through the program. Figure 2.7.2.1 below shows the location of the home offices of all 2022 trade allies in the network. Additionally, 39 different trade allies completed non-direct install projects in 2022. Figure 2.7.2.2 shows the approximate location of those projects.



Figure 2.7.2.1 Location of 2022 Trade Ally Home Offices

Figure 2.7.2.2 Distribution of Projects in Entergy Arkansas Service Area

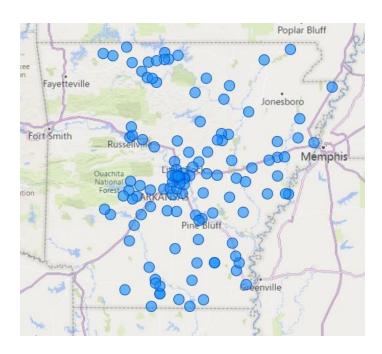


Table 2.7.2.3 represents 2022 Trade Ally achievement for non-direct install projects.

Table 2.7.2.3

	% of Total Savings	% of Incentive Total			
Trade Ally 1	40.61%	48.74%			
Trade Ally 2	10.28%	11.96%			
Trade Ally 3	9.22%	4.14%			
Trade Ally 4	4.63%	3.67%			
Trade Ally 5	3.13%	3.75%			
Trade Ally 6	3.00%	3.38%			
Trade Ally 7	2.79%	1.45%			
Trade Ally 8	2.43%	2.92%			
Trade Ally 9	2.20%	2.65%			
Trade Ally 10	1.79% 2.15%				
Trade Ally 11	0.83%	1.00%			
Trade Ally 12	0.79%	0.95%			
Trade Ally 13	0.72%	0.86%			
Trade Ally 14	0.68%	0.42%			
Trade Ally 15	0.68%	0.81%			
Trade Ally 16	0.50%	0.60%			

Trade Ally 17	0.45%	0.54%
Trade Ally 18	0.38%	0.46%
Trade Ally 19	0.34%	0.40%
Trade Ally 20	0.32%	0.39%
Trade Ally 21	0.31%	0.38%
Trade Ally 22	0.31%	0.37%
Trade Ally 23	0.30%	0.36%
Trade Ally 24	0.30%	0.34%
Trade Ally 25	0.30%	0.34%
Trade Ally 26	0.29%	0.35%
Trade Ally 27	0.27%	0.32%
Trade Ally 28	0.23%	0.12%
Trade Ally 29	0.23%	0.24%
Trade Ally 30	0.16%	0.19%
Trade Ally 31	0.09%	0.10%
Trade Ally 32	0.07%	0.08%
Trade Ally 33	0.06%	0.10%
Trade Ally 34	0.05%	0.06%
Trade Ally 35	0.05%	0.08%

Trade Ally 36	0.05%	0.05%
Trade Ally 37	0.03%	0.04%
Trade Ally 38	0.01%	0.03%
Trade Ally 39	0.01%	0.01%

The Small Business Solutions Program had a filed savings target of 13,599 MWh for the 2022 program year. Small Business Solutions achieved 17,404 MWh in evaluated energy savings. Direct installation of low-flow faucet aerators, pre-rinse spray valves, LED lamps, commercial door air infiltration (weather stripping), overhead door air infiltration and shower heads provided more opportunities to increase measures and reach more businesses through lighting assessment leads for trade allies.

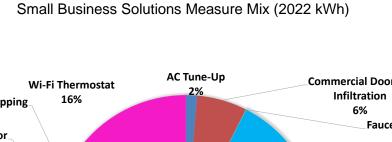
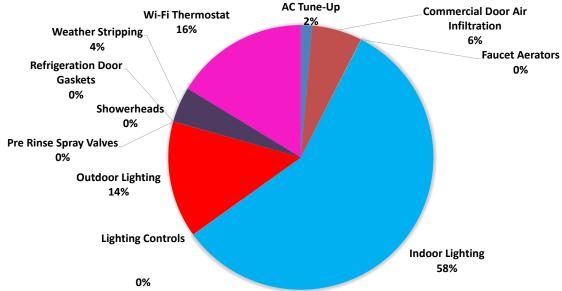


Figure 2.7.2.4



2.7.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.7.3 shows the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5, as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

Small Business Solutions Expenditures Energy Savings (kWh) Demand Savings (kW) **Participants** Budget % **Evaluated** Plan **Evaluated** Plan Actual Program Year 2020 3,126,782 \$ 3,429,402 110% 17,991,457 19,221,168 107% 3,015 139% 153% Program Year 2021 3.227.116 \$ 2 848 333 15 663 185 21 200 992 135% 1 844 3 364 182% 478 907 190% Program Year 2022 2.580.679 3.048.245 13,871,485 17.403.625 125% 1,740 2,782 160% 424 711 168% \$4,000,000 25,000,000 \$3,500,000 20,000,000 \$3.000.000 \$2,500,000 15,000,000 \$2,000,000 10,000,000 \$1.500.000 \$1,000,000 5.000.000 \$500,000 Ś-Program Year 2020 Program Year 2021 Program Year 2022 Energy Savings (kWh)

Table 2.7.3

Small Business Solutions Budget, Savings and Participants

Program Events & Training:

The Small Business Solutions Program conducted 52 recruitment and training events in the 2022 program year. The training events included instructions on program participation, calculator training, trade ally enrollment for training on field inspections and program best practices/processes. See the Annual Report Workbook for training details.

Providing adequate and effective training is essential to the success of the trade allies in the Small Business Solutions Program. In addition, it is important to provide trade allies with proper ongoing support and efficient processing of incentives.

2.7.4 Description of Participants

A program participant is defined as any Entergy Arkansas commercial customer with less than 100 kW of peak demand that receives electric service from Entergy Arkansas. Participants were qualified and defined by a unique Entergy Arkansas account number. Implementation staff also estimated unique Small Business Solutions Program participants with multiple participating account numbers for reporting to be approximately 711.

2.7.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

With market saturation increasing in 2022, the challenge will be to provide more measures to the small business market sector while maintaining cost-effectiveness and comprehensiveness. Therefore, the development of more measures will be important for continued success beyond 2022. This challenge will be met through focusing staff resources to provide more development for new measures, which has already begun. Direct installation has again proven to be a great success in the Small Business Solutions Program for 2022.

2.7.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

There are currently no major changes planned for the Small Business Solutions Program.

2.8 Public Institutions Solutions

2.8.1 Program Description

The Public Institutions Solutions Program provides technical assistance, energy planning recommendations and financial incentives to public entities (state, federal, cities, counties and public/private schools/colleges) for the installation of cost-effective energy efficiency measures. The program helps public entities operate their buildings more efficiently by explaining the technical and financial benefits of investing in energy efficiency, developing a plan to make energy efficiency improvements and providing support in completing projects.

The program provides technical assistance, manages program incentive funds, verifies that the savings claimed through the program are accurate and appropriate, and uses appropriate M&V methods to prove savings (where necessary). Energy Benchmarking and Energy Master Planning Workshops are provided for participants specified within the program.

Whether retrofitting an existing building or incorporating energy efficiency technologies into new construction, the program helps participants identify and implement cost-effective projects that will help them facilitate using energy more efficiently. After upgrades are completed and verified, the program provides cash incentives for projects that save energy. The projects submitted under the Public Institutions Solutions Program can be single measure projects through a trade ally or comprehensive projects, including multiple, complex measures which require M&V.

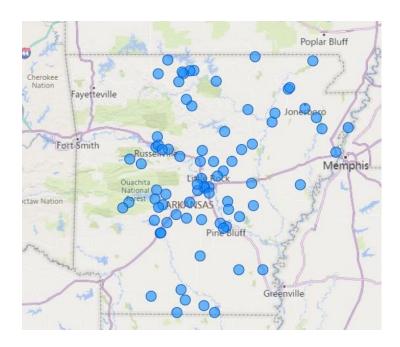
2.8.2 Program Highlights

- Public Institutions Solutions achieved 20,398 MWh in gross energy savings, which is 79% of the 2022 kWh savings goal. The program was able to shift kWh savings in order for other programs to overachieve on total savings goals.
- Program Participation The Public Institutions Solutions Program had customer participation throughout the Entergy Arkansas service area. Entergy Arkansas

developed a map showing that the program achieved savings in a geographically diverse range of participants. (See map in Figure 2.8.2.1).

Figure 2.8.2.1

Distribution of Projects in Entergy Arkansas Service Area (Heat Map)



• Benchmarking and Energy Master Planning - The Public Institutions Solutions Program benchmarked 20 buildings/sites for three participants using EPA's Portfolio Manager Tool. Energy Master Planning workshops were conducted for two participants to include improved learning environments, reducing energy expenditures, boosting the local economy (through upgrade projects) and enhancing community relations. Entergy Arkansas analyzed the efforts of benchmarking services to encourage participants to implement more energy efficiency upgrades in their facilities. The results of this analysis showed that those who participate in benchmarking services provided by the program implement, on average, 1.5 times more energy efficiency upgrades than those that do not participate.

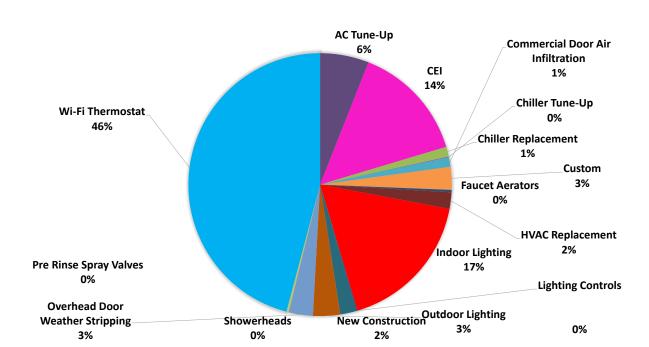


Figure 2.8.2.2
Public Institutions Solutions Measure Mix (2022 kWh)

2.8.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.8.3 is the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

Public Institutions Solutions Expenditures Energy Savings (kWh) Demand Savings (kW) **Participants** Budget Actual % **Evaluated** Plan **Evaluated** Plan % Program Year 2020 2,919,276 \$ 4,451,502 152% 20,964,528 24,359,465 116% 59 737% \$ Program Year 2021 2 979 392 \$ 3 550 372 119% 21 986 658 20 234 829 92% 5 270 3.573 68% 56 392 700% Program Year 2022 3.805.633 2,840,708 24,661,483 19,224,703 78% 5.883 2,731 46% 61 263 431% \$5,000,000 30,000,000 \$4,500,000 25,000,000 \$4,000,000 \$3,500,000 20,000,000 \$3,000,000 \$2,500,000 15,000,000 \$2,000,000 10,000,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,000,000 5,000,000 \$500,000 Program Year 2020 Program Year 2021 Program Year 2022 Energy Savings (kWh)

Table 2.8.3

Public Institutions Solutions Budget, Energy Savings and Participants

Program Events & Training:

In 2022, the Public Institutions Solutions Program conducted Energy Master Planning Workshops for three customers and benchmarked 20 buildings/sites. Energy Master Planning Workshops addressed energy management issues and obstacles and questions common to schools, cities and counties to address the key focus areas of planning and decision making, evaluation and monitoring, funding energy efficiency, facility operations and energy awareness. In addition, these workshops presented energy performance benchmarking analysis to assist public entities in benchmarking their facility performance against other similar facilities.

Program staff also conducted presentations across various locations and participant face-to-face meetings. Program presentations were made, and information booths were set up at several key events and several other conferences. See more training details in the Annual Report Workbook.

2.8.4 Description of Participants

A participant is defined as any Entergy Arkansas customer that is a public and/or private entity customer (for example, state buildings, K-12 schools, higher education institutions, and municipalities) that receives retail electric service from Entergy Arkansas. Participants are counted by tax ID number, which is represented by Business Partner Number in Entergy's account data. Each participant can include multiple account numbers, projects and measures. Participants were qualified and defined by a unique Entergy Arkansas account number. Implementation staff also estimated unique participants with multiple participating account numbers for reporting to be approximately 263.

2.8.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

The 2022 Program Year offered many opportunities and challenges. Customers in this market segment continue to be challenged by the economic climate and oftentimes find it difficult to fund projects. Entergy Arkansas worked with customers to identify short-term solutions, such as direct install and lighting solutions, and long-term solutions, including custom M&V projects, in order to gain rapid returns and savings that will persist.

Entergy Arkansas also continues to educate customers on other financial options, such as:

- Lease Agreements that offer low-rate (often tax-exempt) funding which allows financing
 of capital equipment over longer periods of time (10+ years) by utilizing "operating cost"
 dollars.
- Bond Issues through a taxpayer (public) approved mechanism that funds capital improvements over time at low rates (approvals can take substantial time); and
- Performance contracting through a guaranteed or shared savings agreement with a
 performance contractor that funds capital improvements over a period of time using
 energy and/or operational savings.

Developing more behavioral energy efficiency projects for this program remains important to continued success beyond 2022. Plans are currently underway to identify additional behavioral

energy efficiency projects for 2022 and beyond. Program staff is working to implement future behavioral opportunities.

2.8.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program

The program will continue to allow the payment of back tier incentive credits to January of the previous program year. Excess bonus incentives, derived from projects that earned more incentive than the project cost, will continue to carry forward to December of the following program year instead of the current program year. Continuing to encourage multiple-year participation and removing barriers for longer equipment ordering lead times and budget constrained projects will remain a program focus. In addition, the program will continue to implement CEI and CoolSaver as measures within the PY 2022 program year as it began being a part of the tiering structure beginning in PY 2020 with marked success.

2.9 Agricultural Energy Solutions Program

2.9.1 Program Description

The Agricultural Energy Solutions Program is designed to reduce energy usage among agribusiness owners in Entergy Arkansas' service territory through custom and prescriptive incentives, as well as farmer energy efficiency and agricultural suppliers education. The program seeks to accomplish these goals by lowering the barriers within this sector, such as: the lack of easy access to qualified vendors and installers; the lack of information and awareness of the benefits of participation; and financial incentives to overcome the first cost barriers of energy efficiency measures.

2.9.2 Program Highlights

- Saved 11,605 gross MWh in 2022 with a 97% realization rate and a net-to-gross ratio of 1.00, resulting in 11,605 MWh net energy savings.
- Achieved 3.0 gross MW and 2.9 net MW savings in 2022 with a realization rate of 98.1%.
- A total of 8,081 measures were incentivized for 15 unique participants. In 2022, the program continued to build and maintain relationships with numerous agricultural businesses, trade allies, contractors, government agencies, row crop farmers, indoor horticulture farmers and poultry farmers across Arkansas. These relationships heightened program awareness throughout the Entergy Arkansas service territory and were instrumental in achieving the 2022 MWh savings. Trade ally outreach generated 50.00% of program participation totals, farmer-to-farmer referrals generated 31.25% of program participation and the Entergy Solutions website generated 18.75% of program participation. See Figure 2.9.2.2 for a geospatial map of farms that participated in the Agricultural Program in 2022.

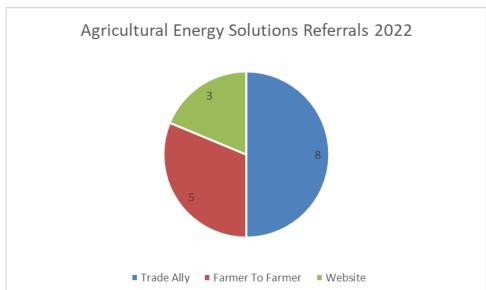
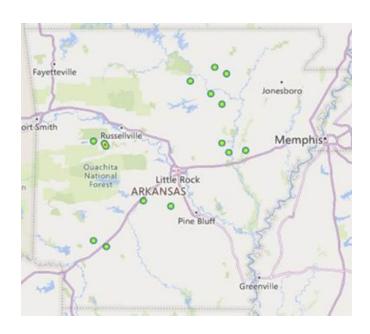


Figure 2.9.2.1 Referrals 2022

Figure 2.9.2.2 2022 Participants



• In 2022, 15 applications were received. 15 applications participated in Quality Control

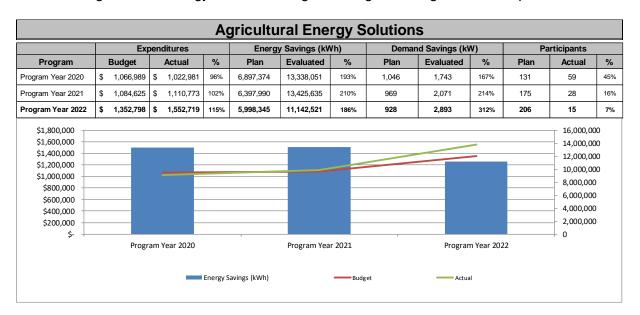
(QA/QC) with a pass rate of 100%. This consisted of 12 pre inspections and 15 post inspections.

- In 2022, a majority of savings were captured with 2 indoor horticulture facilities accounting for over 134.7% of the programs kWh savings goal.
- Incentives in the amount of \$285,000 were transferred from the Smart Direct Load Control (SDLC) program to the Agricultural Energy Solutions (AES) program. Incentive funds were transferred due to the higher AES enrollment rate above plan.

2.9.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.9.3 is the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

Table 2.9.3
Agricultural Energy Solutions Program Budget, Savings and Participants



2.9.4 Description of Participants

Any agricultural customer that receives electric service from the Company is eligible for the Agricultural Energy Solutions Program at its Entergy Arkansas serviced facilities. The following rate codes are eligible:

- Agricultural Pumping (AP)
- General Farm Service (GFS)
- Small General Service (SGS) customers that are classified as an agricultural business and
- Large General Service (LGS) customers that are classified as an agricultural business.

For purposes of this program, a participant is defined by a single Federal Tax ID number. Organizations with multiple locations are considered a single participant, regardless of how many Entergy Arkansas account numbers they may have.

2.9.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

Savings opportunities are available for the Agricultural sector, but there are challenges and market barriers to overcome to accomplish these savings. The major challenges associated with the program include:

- The agricultural sector is hard to reach because this sector relies more on a word-of-mouth approach rather than traditional mass marketing.
- Weather conditions impact crop production, which creates financial hardship for the farm. This hardship can cause limited funding for energy efficiency investments.
- The agricultural sector is seasonal and requires precise timing to conduct proper marketing efforts.
- Energy efficiency improvements can be difficult for farmers leasing land. Typically, both
 the farmer and landowner must agree on the energy efficiency improvements. Split
 decisions can delay or terminate projects. Even with financial incentives, some farmers
 lack funds to invest in energy efficiency improvements.
- It can be difficult to gain trust in the tight-knit agricultural community.

 Biosecurity procedures are implemented in the poultry market to reduce the risk of transmitting infectious diseases due to outbreaks. Some protocols restrict site access to prevent transmittal of the disease from farm to farm. This can delay our outreach efforts and other field activities such as QA/QC.

Although there are many challenges, the program implemented strategies to overcome these barriers. Employee experience in agriculture is very important; farmers are more willing to listen and trust someone to whom they can easily relate. These barriers are being overcome by hiring an account manager with a strong agricultural background. The manager accessed the rural communities and gained the customers' trust through successful one-on-one meetings with farmers and the ability to relate to the farmers on a personal level.

Entergy Arkansas also developed solutions for the seasonal marketing barriers associated with agriculture. Row crop farmers are extremely busy during the planting and harvesting season. Marketing efforts were adjusted accordingly to address this issue. Marketing efforts now focus on row crop farmers during the winter and early spring months, and poultry farmers during the summer and fall months.

EM&V Recommendations:

- Continue to work collaboratively with the EM&V team and seek review of large or unique custom projects.
- Collect heating and cooling documentation when present on-site.
- Clearly define program requirements to determine if retrofit or new construction methodology should be used. If unclear which method should be used, consult the EM&V team to discuss and reach an agreement.
- Define additional measure descriptions to ArchEE to clarify measure type as the program expands with new measure offerings beyond lighting.
- Monitor the time it takes for incentive checks to be sent.
- Increase internal QA/QC practices.

2.9.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

The Agricultural Energy Solutions Program will not change its net energy savings goal or incentive budget for 2023.

2.10 Residential Direct Load Control

2.10.1 Program Description

The Residential Direct Load Control program, referred to as the Summer Advantage Program, is designed to reduce peak electricity demand at the point of use in Entergy Arkansas' service territory. A Digital Control Unit ("DCU") that is installed on or near the customer's outside air conditioning or heat pump unit allows for cycling of the outside unit during peak electricity demand periods reducing electricity usage. The inside fan is allowed to operate normally to circulate cool air while the outside unit is cycled off.

Customers have a choice between 50% cycling and 75% cycling. Customer incentives are based on the customer's choice of 50% cycling or 75% cycling. All Summer Advantage participants will receive two incentive payments: an installation incentive and an annual incentive. Customers who are selected for the Measurement and Verification program will receive an additional annual incentive based on their participation rate.

- Installation incentive. Upon successful installation of the DCU, the customer receives an installation incentive based on participation rate; those at the 50% participation rate receive \$25 and those at the 75% participation rate receive \$40.
- Annual incentive. The annual incentive is offered to Summer Advantage customers as recognition for their participation in the program throughout the year. These incentives may be prorated based on the customer's participation during control season. Customers who have full participation at the 50% rate are eligible to receive a total of \$25, and those at the 75% rate are eligible to receive a total of \$40.

Customers who have more than one air conditioner or heat pump will be paid an installation and annual incentive for each outside unit that is installed on the program.

2.10.2 Program Highlights

2022 was a very successful year for the Summer Advantage Program and included the following highlights:

- Demand savings results provided a 15-minute maximum of 15.84 MW of gross estimated demand response load reduction during control season.
- In the 2022 Summer Advantage Program curtailment season, there were a total of two curtailment events including one test event. The maximum hourly reduction for the Summer Advantage program for the season based on qualifying event hours was 1.01 kW/device. This reduction corresponds to the actual reduction as was obtained from the MISO baseline with weather adjustment method. This leads to 15.84 MW demand response reduction based on the total installed end points of 15,685 throughout the Entergy Arkansas service area.
- Necessary precautions and protocols continued in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Itron communicated with local and federal agencies to maintain its designation as an Essential Service to allow outdoor work to continue.
- Itron CENTRON Monitoring and Verification system provided reliable and accurate kW data. This system combines cellular meter hardware, a proprietary curtailment algorithm, and an Itron Digital Control Unit (DCU) to provide load reduction data for analysis of energy curtailment events.

Geographical Presence:

Figure 2.10.2 shows a map of the Summer Advantage Load Control Program participant area and M&V site locations. Yellow colored circles show the 2022 Summer Advantage population installations, while the red (50% Curtailment strategy) and blue (75% Curtailment Strategy) circles represent the M&V sites.

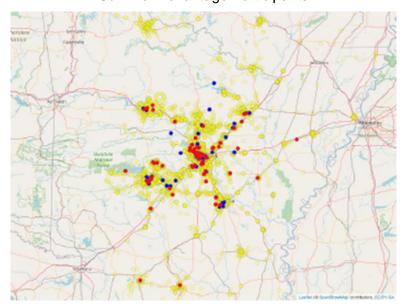


Figure 2.10.2
Summer Advantage Participants

Independent Evaluator Reports

Key Findings:

- An M&V sample is maintained by Itron, with 120 participants having interval data loggers that provide five-minute readings of equipment kW.
- The M&V sample is structured to represent the program population.
- In PY2022, the Summer Advantage Direct Load Control program achieved 15.4 MW in gross demand savings.
- The EM&V team found that the approach to using the M&V sample deployed on direct control units in demand response curtailment calculations is appropriate.
- The evaluated savings using the MISO-based calculations differed slightly from Itron's calculations due to rounding differences in calculating per-device savings. These differences resulted in a realization rate of 97.0 percent.

EM&V Recommendations:

Explore the effects of limiting the baseline to periods with similar weather.

- Key Finding: The current weather baseline uses data from the entire load control season (June 1 through September 30). Limiting the baseline to periods with weather that is more like event days could improve the model's accuracy. For example, limiting the weather baseline to days with an average temperature of at least 90 degrees would more accurately replicate the conditions experienced on event days.
- Resolution: Itron is using the contractual MISO baseline adjustment methodology, where the most recent 10 eligible days (non-weekend, non-holiday, and non-event days) are considered for the baseline load. The baseline adjustment approach is calculated by comparing total load usage during events to load usage calculated for a baseline taken from similar days prior to the event. Calculation of the avoided kW for the MISO program using the baseline adjustment methodology involves averaging the 5-minute load data into 15-minute intervals for each device. In the baseline adjustment approach, all sites are curtailed and the load data taken during events (Actual Load) is compared to the baseline data (Adjusted Baseline Load) taken from 10 eligible days prior to the event.

Planned Actions:

- Customers who are currently enrolled in the Summer Advantage Program will receive a
 pre-season letter describing the program and providing contact information for
 enrollment and incentive questions.
- Opt-in letters are sent to new customers that have an existing device installed at their premise with information on how to enroll in the program.

2.10.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.10.3.1 is the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

Residential Direct Load Control Energy Savings (kWh) Demand Savings (kW) **Expenditures Participants** % **Evaluated** Evaluated % Program Budget Actual Plan % Plan % Plan Actual Program Year 2020 \$ 3,021,748 \$ 3,389,811 112% 0 0 32,144 12,134 38% 19,720 19,946 101% Program Year 2021 2.996.660 \$ 2.655.984 89% 0 30.536 18.328 60% 18.734 17.455 93% Program Year 2022 3,547,988 \$ 2,643,301 29,009 15,371 17,797 15,685 88% \$4,000,000 1 \$3,500,000 1 \$3,000,000 1 \$2,500,000 1 \$2,000,000 1 0 \$1,500,000 0 \$1,000,000 0 \$500,000 0 Ś-Program Year 2021 Program Year 2020 Program Year 2022 Energy Savings (kWh) - Actual

Table 2.10.3.1 Residential Direct Load Control Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Program Events & Training:

All Itron field team members are required to meet annual OSHA compliance training.

- 1. Back Safety and Injury Prevention
- 2. Bloodborne Pathogens Awareness
- 3. Electrical Safety
- 4. HVAC Specific Safety and Regulatory
- 5. First Aid: Basic
- 6. Ladder Safety
- 7. Lockout/Tagout
- 8. Lockout/Tagout for Authorized Persons
- 9. NFPA 70E Electrical Safety in the Workplace
- 10. PPE: Personal Protective Equipment
- 11. Slips, Trips, and Falls
- 12. Sprains and Strains
- 13. Heat Stress Recognition and Prevention

Program Savings:

For the 2022 curtailment season, Entergy Arkansas called a total of two curtailment events including one test event on June 1st. The results are shown in Table 2.10.3.2 below. For this program, the entire M&V population was curtailed. The maximum hourly reduction for the Summer Advantage program for the season based on qualifying event hours was 1.01 kW/device. This reduction corresponds to the actual reduction as was obtained from the MISO baseline with weather adjustment method. This leads to 15.84 MW demand response reduction based on the total installed end points of 15,685 throughout the Entergy Arkansas service area.

Start time (CDT) per-device kW) End time (CDT) tron baseline tron weather temperature temperature EM&V team EM&V team reduction baseline adjusted **Date** 14:00 82.3 81.0 0.55 0.57 06/01/2022 13:00 06/16/2022 14:00 15:00 1.01 0.98 81.0 82.6 06/16/2022 15:00 16:00 81.7 82.2 0.91 88.0

Table 2.10.3.2 - Summary of Curtailment Events

2.10.4 Description of Participants

Any Entergy Arkansas residential customer who has a central air conditioner or heat pump in good working condition is eligible to participate in the Summer Advantage Program and is eligible to receive program incentives. Summer Advantage Program participants who request to be removed from the program will no longer be counted as a participant.

2.10.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

Starting in 2017, Entergy Arkansas has operated the capacity resource as a turnkey maintenance only program. The turnkey program will be evaluated annually to monitor customer retention. Itron remains responsible for any replacement, activation, and adjustments

to endpoints contributing to updated M&V annual kW evaluations. Itron will provide administrative support for MISO compliance calculations and filing.

In 2020, a set of independently monitored cellular metering devices were installed at 250 locations. The locations were selected to create a stratified image of the general device population. These metered locations were used to better estimate and integrate the available load under the same portal as the other demand response programs. The long-term plan is to have a single platform for all DR programs with accurate forecasting and verifiable baselines for evaluation. There are no other program or budget changes for 2023. As customers transition over to the Smart Direct Load Control Pilot, this program will continue to see diminishing participation and available demand. The long-term plan is to slowly absorb decommissioning costs through attrition and in future energy efficiency program plan budgets.

2.11 Smart Direct Load Control Pilot

2.11.1 Program Description

The Entergy Arkansas Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Program is designed to reduce peak electricity demand at the point of use in Entergy Arkansas' service territory. The Entergy Arkansas Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Program works with the Summer Advantage Program and the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program to help reduce high-energy demand. Customers can participate by enrolling their existing qualifying smart thermostat, applying for a self-installation or direct installation of a Sensi Touch smart thermostat.

The Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Program participants must meet the following criteria:

- Open to Entergy Arkansas residential and nonresidential customers who have central heating and air conditioning.
- Have an in-home or in-business Wi-Fi service.
- Have an existing Emerson Sensi Touch, Sensi Wi-Fi, Honeywell Lyric T5, T5 plus, T6,
 T9 and T10 smart thermostat or a thermostat that qualifies for a replacement of a professionally installed Sensi Touch at no additional cost to the customer.
- Are not already enrolled in the Summer Advantage Program. If enrolled, customers must unenroll from the Summer Advantage Program to participate.
- Must have a qualifying HVAC system.

2.11.2 Program Highlights

The Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Program achieved 3,308 gross MWh savings in 2022 with a 99.6% realization rate and a net-to-gross ratio of 88%; this resulted in 2,884 MWh net energy savings. For the 2022 curtailment season, there were a total of four curtailment events for the total population; this includes a test event on June 1. The curtailment strategies used were temperature rises up to three degrees and a pre-cool of negative two degrees.

Further event details can be found in figure 2.11.2.1.

Figure 2.11.2.1

Date	Start time (CST)	End time (CST)	Participating thermostats	Event type
06/01/2022	12:55	14:00	4,146	Test event
06/16/2022	13:55	16:00	4,203	Normal event
07/13/2022	13:55	16:00	4,373	Normal event
08/16/2022	12:55	16:00	4,679	Normal event

- In 2022, the Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Program implemented successful marketing efforts, such as emails, and media campaigns.
- Of the newly enrolled thermostat in 2022, 589 went through the program's field QA/QC process.
- There were 53 M&V Devices installed. These devices will be used to validate the load reduction for each conservation event.
- In 2022, 4,679 thermostats were enrolled during the demand response season. This includes enrollments from the 2020 and 2021 program year.
- Incentives in the amount of \$140,000 were transferred from the Smart Direct Load Control (SDLC) program to the Multifamily Homes (MF) program. Measure cost have increased due to supply chain product price increases and inflation causing the MF program to exceed incentive budget.
- Incentives in the amount of \$285,000 were transferred from the Smart Direct Load Control (SDLC) program to the Agricultural Energy Solutions (AES) program. Incentive funds were transferred due to the higher AES enrollment rate above plan.
- Figure 2.11.2.2 represents new customer participating locations within Entergy Arkansas service territory.

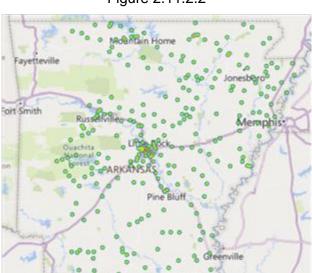


Figure 2.11.2.2

Program Overview:

The Entergy Arkansas Smart Direct Load Control Pilot allows residential and nonresidential customers to enroll who have qualifying thermostats or replacement of a baseline thermostat with a Sensi Touch smart thermostat. Participants authorize Entergy Arkansas LLC to control the participating equipment (smart thermostat) on days when electricity demand is highest, helping to reduce demand when it counts most. These are known as "conservation periods."

Customers may enroll by choosing a participating trade ally or by enrolling through the enrollment portal located at entergyarkansas.com/thermostat. Customers that qualify for a no-additional-cost installation receive a professionally installed thermostat, which is a \$225 value. In addition to the free thermostat, participating customers can receive an annual enrollment incentive up to \$40 for residential customers and up to \$100 for business customers. This is a \$265-\$325 value in the first year of participating.

For those who already have a qualifying Emerson or Honeywell thermostat (Sensi Touch, Sensi Wi-Fi, Honeywell Lyric T5, T5 Plus, T6, T9 or T10), the customer will receive an enrollment incentive of \$50 for residential and \$100 for non-residential for participating in the program. An additional annual participation incentive will also be issued to qualifying customers after the demand response conservation season with incentives up to \$40 for residential

customers and \$100 for business customers.

Conservation periods will occur from June 1 through September 30 on non-holiday weekdays (Monday-Friday), noon to 7 p.m. Central Standard Time. Conservation periods will last approximately four hours in any single day and occur for no more than three consecutive days in any one program season (June to September). Participants may override conservation periods by opting out; overriding conservation periods may reduce annual enrollment incentives.

The annual enrollment incentive is dependent on the number of events participated. If the customer's thermostat is disconnected due to Wi-Fi issues, or if the customer chooses to opt out of a conservation event, this could reduce the annual enrollment incentive amount. Thermostat disconnectivity and conservation period opt outs will be counted as an opt out. Both residential and non-residential customers may opt out one time without a reduction. If a customer opts out two or three times, the residential incentive will decrease to \$25 while the non-residential incentive will reduce to \$50. If a customer opts out four or more times, residential and non-residential customers will not receive an annual incentive.

2.11.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.11.3 is the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket 10-010-U.

Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Expenditures Energy Savings (kWh) Demand Savings (kW) **Participants** Budget Program Actual % Plan Evaluated Plan Evaluated % Plan Actual % Program Year 2020 NA 1.551.054 1,104,901 71% 9.780 0% 6.025 1,306 22% Program Year 2021 NA NA 4,132,827 3,215,997 78% 19,481 3,238 17% 11,275 2,346 21% Program Year 2022 \$ 4,005,439 \$ 2,986,435 75% 4,972,827 2,884,190 27,513 3,868 14% 16,525 3,643 \$4,500,000 3,500,000 \$4,000,000 3,000,000 \$3,500,000 2,500,000 \$3,000,000 \$2,500,000 2.000.000 \$2,000,000 1,500,000 \$1,500,000 1,000,000 \$1,000,000 500,000 \$500,000 Ś-Program Year 2020 Program Year 2021 Program Year 2022 Energy Savings (kWh) - Budget — Actual

Table 2.11.3

Smart Direct Load Control Solutions Budget, Savings and Participants

2.11.4 Description of Participants

Customers who have an Entergy Arkansas residential or non-residential account that meet the program eligibility requirements may participate. The program eligibility requirements can be found within the Program Description section.

2.11.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

The Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Program is an innovative program that allows for several paths to participate. The pilot aims to reduce peak electricity demand while also capturing deemed kWh savings from thermostat installations for both residential and commercial

customers. The many paths of participation and thermostat models offered within the program can create customer confusion. As the pilot progresses, continued refinement to program information will improve the enrollment experience. M&V devices are vital to confirm load reduction during conservation events. The program experienced hesitancy in 2022 from the participating customer base in allowing M&V device installation. Program improvements such as offering an incentive for M&V device installation may be needed to achieve M&V goals in 2023.

EM&V Recommendations:

Model the effect of weather on demand using a lagged time variable.

2.11.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

The program's implementation and incentive budget and MWh savings will not change in 2023.

2.12 Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program

2.12.1 Program Description

Entergy Arkansas' Agricultural Irrigation Load Control (AILC) Program is designed in accordance with the conservation and energy efficiency benefits and objectives set forth in the C&EE Rules. The Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program year 2022 is the thirteenth year of the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program plan. The 2022 Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program awarded cash incentives to eligible participants in return for allowing Entergy Arkansas the right to interrupt their irrigation pump motors during peak times of the day for the summer months. Since 2015, the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program has been implemented entirely by an Implementing Contractor, Connected Energy.²¹ Connected Energy supplies the control equipment, provides the communications modules, arranges and manages cellular service connections, provides the equipment installation and equipment maintenance activities, manages and operates the required software components and conducts all of the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program marketing.

Program rebate incentives are paid to Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program participants based on Table 2.12.1 below:

Table 2.12.1
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Incentive Structure

Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Incentive Structure	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5	Tier 6	Tier 7	Tier 8	Tier 9
Motor HP	10-25	26-50	51-75	76-100	101-125	126-150	151-175	176-200	>200
Monthly Incentive*	\$50	\$100	\$200	\$250	\$350	\$450	\$550	\$650	Upon request

 $^{^{\}rm 21}$ BPL Global, LLC does business as Connected Energy.

*Incentive void if customer actions interfere with event. Minimum of 64 run-time hours is required during summer months to receive incentive.

In addition to cash incentives, the participants receive other benefits such as real-time notifications of the program interruptions and secure internet access to control systems which enable the participant to manage their participating pumps remotely year-round. The following screenshot is representative of the typical information and control systems participants may access. The participant portal first gives an overview of the participant's farm and well locations overlaid with the most current weather radar information. The participant may select any colored well marker to operate the well. Red markers indicate an active irrigation pump and blue markers indicate pumps which are turned off. Yellow colored markers indicate trouble or inactive accounts with no electric service while green markers indicate the pump is under the control of Entergy Arkansas. Selecting any well marker opens up the control window for the pump with the option to turn an active pump off or an inactive pump on. Load consumption data is also displayed.

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Figure 2.12.2
Farmer Secure Portal View 1

55 new pump installations and 245 LTE device conversions were completed in 2022. In addition to the 2022 installations and LTE conversions, Connected Energy maintained and managed over 3,500 previously installed well locations from 2014 through 2022. In 2022, the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program was registered for a ninth year as a MISO Load

Modifying Resource. The 2022 Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program demand reduction target was 49.92 MW of curtailment and 1.5 MW firm service level.

2.12.2 Program Highlights

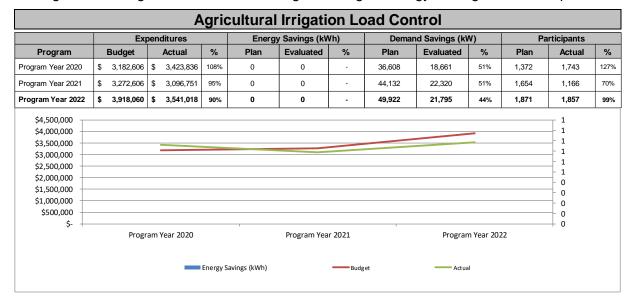
Connected Energy's Operations and Maintenance Highlights:

- New Equipment Installations and Conversions: The Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program executed its 2022 plan of 55 new installations and 245 LTE device conversions.
- Software: Entergy Arkansas successfully executed 5 irrigation load management events in 2022 utilizing the Connected Energy-hosted CNRG-Demand Management and Farmer Portal solutions as the sole operating system.
- Maintenance: Connected Energy completed 154 field maintenance actions to ensure that the overall system performed as required.
- Technology: Connected Energy continued to prioritize 3G device conversions over to the Verizon LTE wireless communication network during all new installation, conversion, and maintenance activities in 2022 due to the termination of the Verizon 3G network on December 31, 2022.

2.12.3 Program Budget, Savings and Participants

Table 2.12.3 is the program budget, annual energy savings and number of participants from Workbook Table 5 as required by the C&EE Rules, Section 9: Annual Reporting Requirements and Order No. 16 in Docket No. 10-010-U.

Table 2.12.3



Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program Budget, Energy Savings and Participants

Program Events & Training:

- Connected Energy continued to participate in irrigation and farming events in 2022 including the Arkansas Soil and Water Education Conference (virtual) in January 2022.
- AILC device installation and maintenance training was provided to our installation subcontractors on April 12, 2022 and April 26, 2022. Training included the review and reinforcement of all AILC device installation processes supporting new and legacy technology including a review of required PPE, wiring diagrams, mounting, wire termination, phase angle determination, CT orientation, reporting, site cleanup, CDC recommended COVID-19 guidelines, and electrical & environmental safety.

Program Savings:

There were no deemed savings in this program because it is a load control program. On July 12, 2022, a peak load of 24.78 MW was available on the system for curtailment, representing a load increase of 1.09% over 2021.

On July 12, 2022, an evaluated interrupted load of 22.887 MW was curtailed with 1,081 wells reporting as curtailable with 98.8% (total base of 1,094 wells) successfully reporting curtailments. All results were verified by an independent third party who used actual 15-minute interval data from each account with equipment installed to interrupt the loads. The MISO baseline methodology in BPM 26 for SMA continued to be utilized for 2022 evaluations.

In PY 2022, the AILC program responded to five load control events totaling 10 curtailment hours including a targeted 5 hour regional load reduction on June 23 to assist with emergency service repairs at the Harrisburg substation. The first of the events was a test event (June 1), used to verify equipment operability and verify M&V data collections, while the other 4 events occurring on June 16, June 23 and July 12 and July 27 were used to reduce loads during the event hour. The June 1, July 12, and July 27 events were each one hour in duration while the June 16 event lasted 2 hours and the June 23 (Harrisburg only) event lasted 5 hours. The data collected by the metering equipment allowed each participant to have their load metered in a 15-minute interval for the entire load-control season, providing highly granular data to support program baseline and event savings calculations.²²

2.12.4 Description of Participants

A participant is an Entergy Arkansas agricultural irrigation pumping account that is receiving Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program rebate incentives as a result of being an active participating account controlled by Entergy Arkansas during an event. Program marketing and enrollment is primarily executed via direct mail, following up with a call. Other marketing channels included social media posts on Facebook and Twitter and farmer referrals.

2.12.5 Program Challenges and Opportunities

- Maximum curtailable AILC system load increased 1.09% between 2021 and 2022.
- Existing program participants, or "First Chance" farmers, made up the majority of new AILC program enrollment requests in 2022.

²² PY2022 Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program Impact Evaluation Results, Evaluation Report, Tetra Tech, 18 April 2023, p. 316.

- Some AILC program participants misplace or delay depositing seasonal incentive checks beyond the 90-Day timeframe after which the checks may become void and must be reissued.
- Face to Face events with program stakeholders remained a challenge during 2022 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Over 60 new installation requests were received in 2022 after the device deployment phase of the program had ended. These requests will carry over into 2023 for screening and fulfillment.

Program Outlook for Continuation, Expansion, Reduction or Termination:

<u>2023 recruiting</u>: Connected Energy will continue to support new pump enrollments in 2023 from existing program participants and the prioritization of larger motor well pump locations during 4LTE conversions to maximize the total load potential contributing to the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program.

2.12.6 Planned or Proposed Changes to Program and Budget

 AILC program concentration in 2023 will include the LTE device conversion of active and participating 3G devices due to the termination of the Verizon wireless 3G network on December 31, 2022.

2.13 Energy Efficiency Arkansas

- The Energy Efficiency Arkansas (EEA) Program's objective is to cost-effectively deliver relevant, consistent, and fuel neutral information and training that causes people to consume less energy through energy efficiency and conservation measures. By leveraging the knowledge, experience, and skills of the Arkansas Energy Office and the combined resources of the undersigned utilities, the EEA Program will be able to deliver that information and training in the most cost-effective manner as required for statewide energy efficiency.
- Orders No. 65 and 62 in Docket Nos. 13-002-U and 07-083-TF respectively, grants the
 Arkansas Energy Office (AEO) request to terminate the EEA Comprehensive Program
 no later than December 31, 2023. AEO intends to independently administer a separate
 and independent suite of energy education and training programs, similar to the EEA.
 The AEO will administer the expanded suite of programs with state and federal funding
 and will no longer need funding from the Arkansas utilities. No additional funding was
 administered for the program after December 31, 2022.
- For more information about this program please see the EEA report as filed by the Arkansas Energy Office on May 1, 2023 in Docket No. 07-083-TF.

3.0 Supplemental Requirements

3.1 Staffing

The 2022 programs had five full-time staff members, one of whom is an Energy Efficiency program manager, plus one full-time employee to assist in marketing and communications coordination, two part-time contract employees to assist in administrative and analysis activities, and three part-time contract employees to assist in quality assurance and control. The certifications, education and experience of the Entergy Arkansas staff makes for a strong team. Of the five full-time staffers, two are degreed engineers. Combined, the staff brings knowledge and experience in customer service, market planning, product development, construction and transmission project experience, transmission planning, accounting, regulatory affairs, and community and economic development. Three staff members have Association of Energy Engineers Business Energy Professional certification, and one staff member has an Association of Energy Engineers Energy Efficiency Practitioner Professional certification and another is an Association of Energy Engineers Certified Energy Manager. The staff includes a certified energy auditor that, also, holds a BPI certification. One staff member has a Master's degree in the area of business, and one has an accounting degree. The utility also leveraged many other non-incremental employees to promote the programs, provide benefit cost analysis, regulatory and legal support, back-office billing and contractor recruitment for the irrigation load control program.

None of the non-incremental employees used more than 50% of their annual man-hours supporting the programs.

3.2 Stakeholder Activities

Entergy Arkansas is involved in all of the Commission-ordered stakeholder processes. Entergy Arkansas considers stakeholders to be customers, trade allies, and state agencies that provide informative feedback to enhance program delivery and acceptance. Further, all training

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activities provide opportunities for the collaborative exchange of ideas and enhancements. Those training sessions can be found below, as well as in the 2022 SARP tabular report.

EXTERNAL TRAININGS

Event No.	Start Date	Class
1.	1/3/2022	Retail Store Training
2.	1/3/2022	One on One Meetings
3.	1/27/2022	Arkansas Soil and Water Education Conference (Virtual)
4.	1/31/2022	Smart DLC Training
5.	2/1/2022	Retail Store Training
6.	2/2/2022	Comm Trade Ally Trainings
7.	2/2/2022	One on One Meetings
8.	2/9/2022	LIS TA Training
9.	2/12/2022	Trade Ally
10.	2/15/2022	Trade Ally
11.	2/16/2022	LIS H&S Training
12.	2/18/2022	Trade Ally
13.	2/18/2022	HES/LIS/MA/MF/SDLC Customer Service Training
14.	2/19/2022	LIS H&S Training
15.	2/19/2022	LIS H&S Training
16.	2/23/2022	Trade Ally
17.	2/24/2022	HES/LIS/MA/MF Field Tool Training
18.	2/25/2022	LIS H&S Training
19.	3/1/2022	Retail Store Training
20.	3/1/2022	One on One Meetings
21.	3/1/2022	LIS H&S Training
22.	3/1/2022	LIS H&S Training
23.	3/2/2022	Trade Ally
24.	3/2/2022	Trade Ally
25.	3/2/2022	Comm Trade Ally Trainings
26.	3/3/2022	Trade Ally
27.	3/3/2022	Trade Ally
28.	3/3/2022	LIS H&S Training
29.	3/4/2022	LIS Field tool training

20	2/5/2022	LIC LIG C Tradiciona
30.	3/5/2022	LIS H&S Training
31.	3/8/2022	LIS H&S Training
32.	3/8/2022	LIS H&S Training
33.	3/9/2022	Trade Ally
34.	3/9/2022	LIS H&S Training
35.	3/9/2022	Energy Efficency 101
36.	3/10/2022	Trade Ally
37.	3/10/2022	LIS H&S Training
38.	3/12/2022	LIS H&S Training
39.	3/12/2022	LIS H&S Training
40.	3/16/2022	Trade Ally
41.	3/16/2022	Energy Efficency 101
42.	3/17/2022	Trade Ally
43.	3/22/2022	Darryl McCauley
44.	3/24/2022	Utility Program Services
45.	3/25/2022	Trade Ally
46.	3/25/2022	Trade Ally
47.	3/26/2022	Trade Ally
48.	3/30/2022	Trade Ally
49.	3/30/2022	Trade Ally
50.	3/31/2022	One on One Meetings - Trade Ally Training
51.	4/1/2022	Retail Store Training
52.	4/1/2022	One on One Meetings
53.	4/2/2022	Comm Trade Ally Trainings
54.	4/2/2022	LIS TA Training & H&S Training
55.	4/5/2022	LIS H&S Training
56.	4/7/2022	HES/LIS/MA/MF Field Tool Training
57.	4/7/2022	Seasonal AILC program update to Entergy NE and SE Service Centers
58.	4/14/2022	Trade Ally
59.	4/16/2022	Trade Ally
60.	4/16/2022	Home Energy Solutions Field tool Training
C1	, ,	AILC Field Operations - Device Installation, maintenance, troubleshooting,
61.	4/21/2022	safety
62.	4/28/2022	Trade Ally
63.	5/1/2022	Retail Store Training
64.	5/1/2022	One on One Meetings
65.	5/2/2022	Comm Trade Ally Trainings
66.	5/3/2022	AILC Field Operations - Device Installation, maintenance, troubleshooting, safety
67.	5/11/2022	Trade Ally
68.	5/13/2022	Trade Ally
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69.	5/13/2022	Trade Ally
70.	5/18/2022	Trade Ally
71.	6/1/2022	Retail Store Training
72.	6/1/2022	One on One Meetings
73.	6/1/2022	One on One Meetings - Trade Ally Training
74.	6/2/2022	Comm Trade Ally Trainings
75.	6/4/2022	HES/LIS/MA/MF Field Tool Training
76.	6/10/2022	Trade Ally
77.	6/10/2022	Trade Ally
78.	6/11/2022	Trade Ally
79.	6/17/2022	Trade Ally
80.	6/18/2022	Trade Ally
81.	6/28/2022	Trade Ally
82.	6/30/2022	Trade Ally
83.	6/30/2022	HES/LIS/MA/MF Field Tool Training
84.	7/1/2022	Trade Ally
85.	7/1/2022	Retail Store Training
86.	7/1/2022	One on One Meetings
87.	7/2/2022	Comm Trade Ally Trainings
88.	7/6/2022	HVAC Professionals CE
89.	7/15/2022	Trade Ally
90.	7/20/2022	Trade Ally
91.	8/1/2022	Retail Store Training
92.	8/1/2022	One on One Meetings
93.	8/1/2022	One on One Meetings - Trade Ally Training
94.	8/2/2022	Comm Trade Ally Trainings
95.	8/4/2022	Trade Ally
96.	8/12/2022	Trade Ally
97.	8/18/2022	Trade Ally
98.	8/19/2022	Customer Service Training
99.	8/26/2022	Trade Ally
100.	8/27/2022	Trade Ally
101.	9/1/2022	Trade Ally
102.	9/1/2022	Retail Store Training
103.	9/1/2022	Comm Trade Ally Trainings
104.	9/1/2022	One on One Meetings
105.	9/1/2022	One on One Meetings - Trade Ally Training
106.	9/8/2022	Trade Ally
107.	9/14/2022	Robert Irby, Trade Ally
108.	9/14/2022	CLEAResult Energy Forum
109.	9/14/2022	HES/LIS/MA/MF/SDLC Customer Service Training
110.	9/16/2022	HES/LIS/MA/MF/SDLC Customer Service Training

111.	9/17/2022	Trade Ally		
112.	9/20/2022	Trade Ally		
113.	9/28/2022	Trade Ally		
114.	9/28/2022	Trade Ally		
115.	9/29/2022	International Mechanical Code Updates		
116.	10/1/2022	Retail Store Training		
117.	10/1/2022	One on One Meetings		
118.	10/1/2022	HES/LIS/MA/MF Field Tool Training		
119.	10/13/2022	Trade Ally		
120.	10/13/2022	Trade Ally		
121.	10/15/2022	Trade Ally		
122.	10/15/2022	Trade Ally		
123.	10/21/2022	Trade Ally		
124.	10/26/2022	Trade Ally		
125.	10/27/2022	2022 AILC Lessons Learned Meeting		
126.	10/29/2022	Trade Ally		
127.	11/1/2022	Retail Store Training		
128.	11/1/2022	One on One Meetings		
129.	11/2/2022	Comm Trade Ally Trainings		
130.	11/12/2022	Trade Ally		
131.	11/18/2022	Trade Ally		
132.	11/30/2022	Trade Ally		
133.	11/30/2022	Trade Ally		
134.	12/1/2022	Retail Store Training		
135.	12/1/2022	One on One Meetings		
136.	12/7/2022	Trade Ally		
137.	12/13/2022	Trade Ally		
138.	12/16/2022	2022 Trade Ally Kick off		
139.	12/16/2022	HES/LIS/MA/MF/SDLC Customer Service Training		
140.	140. 12/16/2022 HES/LIS/MA/MF Field Tool Training			
	TOTAL: 140 Trainings			

INTERNAL TRAININGS

Event No.	Start Date	Class
1.	1/2/2022	FERC Standards of Conduct and Affiliate Restrictions Training
2.	1/2/2022	Email Security
3.	1/2/2022	Non-Nuc Contract Manager Module 1

4. 1/1/22/2022 ENRRGY STAR Failler Spotlight 5. 1/22/2022 2022 State Transportation Electrification Scorecard 7. 2/4/2022 ENERGY STAR webinar 8. 2/26/2022 ENERGY STAR HPWH training 9. 3/1/2022 AESP 10. 3/8/2022 Phishing training 2019 Nov Credential Phishing Training 11. 3/8/2022 Avoid Credential Emails Video 12. 3/8/2022 Avoid Credential Emails Video 13. 3/10/2022 Anticompetitive Behavior 14. 3/22/2022 Developing a Continuous Improvement Mindset 15. 3/22/2022 Pandemic Awareness 16. 3/27/2022 Phishing 2020 Feb Link Training 17. 3/31/2022 S. Invoice_Verifier_Acknowledge 18. 3/31/2022 Separat Meters and EE 20. 5/4/2022 Smart Meters and EE 21. 5/4/2022 Smart Meters and EE 22. 5/4/2022 URL Training 23. 5/4/2022 Workplace Violence Prevention 24.	4.	1/12/2022	ENERCY STAR Portner Spetlight
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44.	9/9/2022	S-CIP-013 CBT		
45.	9/9/2022	Insider Threat Awareness		
46.	9/9/2022	Compliance Culture Training		
47.	9/9/2022	Navigating PDCA in the Workplace		
48.	9/9/2022	HUMM 1: How Utilities Make Money Overview		
49.	9/9/2022	HUMM 2: How a Competitive Company Makes Money		
50.	9/9/2022	HUMM 3: How and Why Utilities are Regulated		
51.	9/9/2022	HUMM 4: Business Basics for Regulated Utilities		
52.	9/10/2022	HUMM 5: Ratemaking		
53.	9/10/2022	HUMM 6: Earnings		
54.	9/11/2022	GRID MOD 101		
55.	9/20/2022	Certified Energy Manager Training		
56.	9/21/2022	Energy Thought Summit		
57.	9/21/2022	Energy Thought Summit		
58.	9/21/2022	Energy Thought Summit		
59.	9/22/2022	Workflow Overview Video		
60.	9/22/2022	GRID MOD 102		
61.	9/22/2022	Non-Nuc Contract Manager Module 2		
62.	9/23/2022	GRID MOD 102		
63.	9/28/2022	ENERGY STAR 2022 Product Promotions Kick-off		
64.	9/29/2022	Maximo Application Tour		
65.	10/11/2022	Building Energy Professional		
66.	10/13/2022	ENERGY STAR Home Upgrade: An Overview		
67.	10/14/2022	AAEA conference		
68.	10/18/2022	ACAAA Conference		
69.	10/19/2022	Logistics 101		
70.	10/19/2022	AEE World Conference		
71.	10/26/2022	Stop Initiative Training Refresher		
72.	11/8/2022	ENERGY STAR Partner meetings		
73.	11/9/2022	ENERGY STAR Partner meetings		
74.	11/9/2022	Excel Pivot Tables and Charts		
75.	11/10/2022	ENERGY STAR Partner meetings		
76.	11/11/2022	ENERGY STAR Partner meetings		
77.	11/13/2022	Protection of Information		
78.	11/23/2022	Basic Code Block Training		
79.	12/1/2022	Heat Pump Water Heater training		
80.	12/1/2022	BPI Building Analyst Training		
	Total: 80 Trainings			

3.3 Information Provided to Consumers to Promote Energy Efficiency See Appendix D.

Appendix A: **EM&V** Report

Appendix D: Marketing Collateral



ENTERGY ARKANSAS, LLC Arkansas Energy Efficiency Program Portfolio Annual Report

Docket No. 07-085-TF 2022 PROGRAM YEAR May 1, 2023

Appendix A

EM&V Report for Entergy Arkansas, LLC Annual Report

Evaluation Report—Program Year 2022





April 24, 2023



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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We want to acknowledge the many individuals who contributed to the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) of the program year 2022. This evaluation effort would not have been possible without their assistance and support.

Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) staff participated in ongoing evaluation deliverable reviews and discussions, attended multiple meetings, and responded to follow-up questions and program data and documentation requests. EAL staff included Sharnelle Allen, Santiago Asimbaya, Beau Blankenship, Heather Hendrickson, and Denice Jeter. The Independent Evaluation Monitor (IEM) led by Dr. Katherine Johnson also provided input and guidance throughout the evaluation process. We also wish to thank implementation contractor staff at CLEAResult, ICF Consulting, Itron, and Connected Energy, who provided program data and documentation and insight into program implementation. Also, CGI's team overseeing EAL's data-tracking system provided assistance throughout the year in understanding data extracts from EAL's program tracking system. It provided high-quality data that was user-friendly and readily available to the EM&V team.

EM&V team primary report contributors include:

Firm	Contributor	Role
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	Jonathan Hoechst	Project manager, demand response and non- energy benefits lead
	Kendra Mueller	Commercial sector lead
	Katie Jakober	Residential sector lead
	Carrie Koenig	Process and net-to-gross lead
	Theresa Wells, Holly Farah, Nathan Kwan, Mohammad Qandil	Program leads
	Simran Padam, Graham Thorbrogger	Data analysis and reporting

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ACRONYMS/ABBREVIATIONS

Acronym/abbreviation	Term			
AEE	Association of Energy Engineers			
AC	Air conditioner			
ADRC	Avoided and deferred replacement cost			
AER	Automatic engineering review			
AES	Agricultural Energy Solutions			
AOH	Annual operating hours			
AILC	Agricultural Irrigation Load Control			
APSC	Arkansas Public Service Commission			
ArchEE	Entergy Arkansas Energy Efficiency Tracking System			
BR	Bulged reflector			
C&EE	Conservation and energy efficiency			
C&I	Commercial and industrial			
CEE	Consortium for Energy Efficiency			
CF	Coincidence factor			
CCFL	Cold cathode fluorescent lamp (bulb)			
CFL	Compact fluorescent lamp (bulb)			
CFM	Cubic feet per minute			
СРМ	Computer power management			
DCU	Digital control unit			
DI	Direct install			
DLC	DesignLights Consortium			
EAL	Entergy Arkansas, LLC			
ECM	Electronically-commutated motor			
EER	Energy efficiency ratio			
EFLH	Equivalent full-load hours			
EISA	Energy Independence and Security Act			
EL	Efficiency loss			
EM&V	Evaluation, measurement, and verification			
ESCO	Energy service company			
GPM	Gallons per minute			
HDD	Heating degree days			
HEC	Home Energy consultants			
HES	Home Energy Solutions			

Acronym/abbreviation	Term
HID	High-intensity discharge
HOU	Hours of use
HP	Heat pump
HSPF	Heating seasonal performance factor
HVAC	Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning
IEF	Interactive effects factor
IEM	Independent Evaluation Monitor
IEER	Integrated Energy Efficiency Ratio
IPLV	Integrated part-load value
IPMVP	International Performance Measurement and Verification Protocol
ISR	In-service rate
IT	Information technology
kW	Kilowatt
kWh	Kilowatt-hour
LED	Light-emitting diode
LFL	Linear fluorescent lamp
LMR	Load modifying resource
LPD	Lighting power density
M&V	Measurement and verification
MR	Multifaceted reflector
NC	New construction
NEB	Non-energy benefit
MISO	Midcontinent Independent System Operator
MW	Megawatt
MWh	Megawatt-hour
NPV	Net present value
NTG	Net-to-gross
PAC	Program administrator cost
PAR	Parabolic aluminized reflector
PCT	Participant cost test
PG&E	Pacific Gas & Electric
PSE	Puget Sound Energy
PSI	Pounds per square inch
PSIG	Pounds per square inch in gauge



Acronym/abbreviation	Term			
PTAC	Packaged Terminal Air Conditioners			
PTHP	Packaged Terminal Heat Pumps			
PY	Program year			
QA	Quality assurance			
QC	Quality control			
QMP	Quality management process			
RCA	Refrigerant charge adjustment			
Res DLC	Residential Direct Load Control			
RIM	Ratepayer impact measure			
RLA	Residential Lighting and Appliances			
ROB	Replace-on-burnout			
SDLC	Smart Direct Load Control			
SEER	Seasonal energy efficiency ratio			
SMA	Symmetric multiplicative adjustment			
TMY	Typical meteorological year			
TRM	Technical reference manual			
VFD	Variable frequency drive			

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022), Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) provided a comprehensive range of customer options focused on energy efficiency and demand reduction coupled with education and training activities through 11 energy efficiency programs and 1 pilot. EAL designed its portfolio to meet the following objectives:

- achieve the net energy-savings target of 285,148 megawatt-hours (MWh) and demand reduction target of 162 megawatts (MW)¹;
- provide significant energy-savings opportunities for all customers and market segments, including low-income and senior customer segments as outlined in Act 1102, resulting in broad ratepayer benefits;
- meet comprehensiveness in seven areas (i.e., comprehensiveness factors) defined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission (APSC)²; and
- deliver the consistent weatherization approach (CWA) through its residential programs.

EAL selected an independent, third-party evaluation contractor under APSC Rules for Conservation and Energy Efficiency Programs (C&EE Rules). EAL selected Tetra Tech as its evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) contractor. The PY2022 EAL evaluation included impact and process analyses specified in the APSC rules and follows the Arkansas Technical Reference Manual (TRM) Version 9.0 Volume 1 protocols and savings algorithms. Figure 1 highlights the primary evaluation activities. The independent evaluation monitor (IEM) reviews and provides feedback on Tetra Tech's evaluation plans.

Deviations from evaluation plan. The PY2022 Evaluation Plan³ included up to 315 desk reviews, 90 on-sites, and census meter analysis for three demand programs for gross impact evaluation activities. The EM&V team completed 404 desk reviews, 90 on-sites, and 37 meter analyses. Metered data analysis is included as an optional task for commercial evaluation plan if determined to be needed for custom projects. In PY2022, the EM&V team completed 26 custom project-level meter analyses for Large C&I Solutions and 8 for Public Institutions Solutions in addition to the census demand response program analysis. Agricultural Solutions only received 10 desk reviews in PY2022 instead of the planning estimate of up to 30 as large new construction cultivation projects resulted in fewer individual program participants. The EM&V team refines target competes throughout the evaluation period during sampling based on the results' confidence and precision. For each program, the EM&V team's impact results achieved better than the industry standard of 90 percent confidence ±10 percent (the reader is referred to the Technical Appendix for precision calculations by program). Four programs and the crosscutting commercial AC tune-up measure had process evaluations completed for this evaluation period. A total of 125 participant surveys and 15 market actor interviews were planned to support those efforts. The EM&V team completed 203 surveys and 24 market actor interviews to increase representation across different measures.

³ Entergy Arkansas, LLC Program Year 2022 Evaluation Plan, Tetra Tech, July 2022.



¹ The APSC approved EAL's 2020–2022 Energy Efficiency Plan in response to Commission Order No. 41 in Docket No. 13-002-U.

² As defined by the APSC in the C&EE Rules of Order No. 17 in Docket 08-144-U.

203
Participant Surveys
On-Site Independent Verifications
Participant Surveys
Particip

Figure 1. Highlights of the PY2022 Evaluation Activities

The impact evaluation resulted in a defensible lifetime and annual gross and net energy and demand estimates. Impact evaluations were used to calculate realization rates; these rates are determined by dividing evaluated savings (ex-post) by EAL reported savings (ex-ante savings). A net-to-gross (NTG) ratio was applied to the evaluated savings to determine the net evaluated or achieved savings. The overarching approach to impact evaluations was to:

- complete a tracking system review to assess if TRM 9.0 is correctly applied to calculate savings⁴ and assess data captured for new or expanded measure offerings;
- adjust program-reported gross savings using the results of evaluation research, relying primarily on tracking system and engineering desk reviews, metered data analysis, and on-site or independent verification;
- discuss evaluation adjustments for TRM deemed savings or custom measures in each program-level impact section, and document reasons for adjustments and how they directly inform impact recommendations;
- achieve a minimum precision of ±10 percent of the gross realized savings estimate with 90 percent confidence;
- update program NTG values with primary or secondary data research for every program once over the PY2020–PY2023 program cycle⁵ as well as review and adjust NTG ratios annually for any changes in the program design or measure mix;
- provide complete documentation and transparency of all evaluated savings estimates⁶;
- provide ongoing technical reviews and guidance to implementers and EAL up-front;

⁶ For detailed desk review and on-site results, the reader is referred to the Technical Appendix to this report.



⁴ Tracking system review realization rates provided in program-level detailed results are very close to or 100 percent. The EM&V team completes an interim census tracking system review mid-program-year to facilitate adjustment in savings calculations as needed. This proactive review supports corrections being made prior to final tracking data and supports healthier realization rates at the end of the program year.

⁵ In response to pandemic challenges, the three-year program cycle now also included a PY2023 bridge year.

- calculate portfolio non-energy benefits (NEB); and
- conduct EM&V research to inform possible updates for the next version of the TRM.

The approach to the process evaluation was to:

- gain an in-depth understanding of program operations, challenges, and evaluation needs through interviews with EAL and implementation contractor key staff at both the beginning and end of the evaluation cycle, complemented with communication and program documentation reviews throughout the program year, including biweekly implementation contractor status meetings;
- conduct a comprehensive process evaluation for every program once over the threeyear PY2020–PY2023 program cycle and assess other process evaluation needs annually;
- document EAL's progress in incorporating recommendations identified during the prior year evaluation; and
- update the assessment of EAL's success in achieving the goals and objectives established in the APSC's Comprehensiveness Checklist.

Table 1 provides a summary of EM&V activities by each program in the PY2022 portfolio.

Table 1. Summary of Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Activities for EAL PY2022 Programs

			Gro		ct evaluat pletes	ion
Program	NTG approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V or independent verification	Metered data analysis ⁷
Home Energy Solutions	Deemed from prior research	Program staff interviews (2) Material review	Census	70	15	None
Energy Solutions for Multifamily	Deemed from prior research, supported by PY2021 process evaluation research	Program staff interviews (2) Material review	Census	32	6	None

⁷ This column refers to EAL customer metered data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site measurement and verification (M&V).



			Gro		ct evaluat pletes	ion
Program	NTG approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V or independent verification	Metered data analysis ⁷
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	Deemed from prior research, supported by PY2021 process evaluation research	Program staff interviews (2) Material review	Census	26	6	None
Low-Income Solutions	Primary research with program participants	None	Census	41	5	None
Point of Purchase Solutions	Deemed from prior research, supported by PY2021 process evaluation research	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review	Census	100	None	None
Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions ⁸	Prior research and updates from the current evaluation	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review Participant surveys (30) Market actor interviews (2)	Census	70	30	26
Small Business Solutions	Updated from current evaluation research	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review Participant surveys (97) Market actors (12)	Census	25	11	None

⁸ Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions also included 24 early engagement reviews.



			Gro		ct evalua pletes	tion
Program	NTG approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V or independent verification	Metered data analysis ⁷
Public Institutions Solutions	Updated from current evaluation research	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review Participant surveys (59) Market actors (12)	Census	30	15	8
Agricultural Energy Solutions	Updated from current evaluation research	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review Participant surveys (17)	Census	10	2	None
Residential Direct Load Control	Deemed at 1.0 as industry practice	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review	Census	None	None	Census
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot	Deemed from prior research	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review	Census	None	None	Census
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	Deemed at 1.0 as industry practice	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review Participant surveys (57)	Census	None	None	Census

1.1 KEY FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

EAL exceeded its portfolio energy goals, achieving 103 percent of its filed goal and over 130 percent of APSC targets. EAL again fell short of its demand goals, meeting 58 percent of the portfolio demand goal. The performance difference between energy savings and demand goals is similar to the last few years; the demand reduction shortfall is driven primarily by the demand response programs not meeting their planning demand reductions as well as some of the energy efficiency programs as discussed below. Investigations into better aligning energy savings and demand savings in the next program plan continue per a recommendation from prior evaluations. The EM&V team has conducted measure-level analysis that provide additional insight into the kilowatt-hour and kilowatt performance differences. This measure-level analysis and a market trends study can be found in Section 3. An overarching theme from the market trends research is that the cost of energy efficiency is increasing. Primary causes of this are inflationary pressures, market saturation resulting from program efforts and the growth of solar, and decreasing profit margins affecting program partnerships across the distribution channel.

Individual program performance relative to program savings and demand goals varied. Six of the ten programs⁹ achieved their megawatt-hour savings goals. Four programs did not reach their energy savings goals; these four programs ranged between 58 percent and 88 percent of energy savings goals. EAL, the program implementer, and the EM&V team have discussed this shortfall and program changes to increase energy savings next year. Four of the 12 programs achieved their megawatt goals; two programs met 90 percent or more of the demand savings goal; and six met less than 90 percent of the demand savings goal.

The Smart Direct Load Control pilot continues to struggle to gain momentum, meeting 58 percent of its energy savings and 17 percent of its demand reduction goals. While Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes fell short of goal, all of the other residential programs met or exceeded energy savings goals. The largest commercial programs, Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions and Public Institutions Solutions, did not meet planned goals but this shortfall was made up by Small Business Solutions and Point of Purchase Solutions. The Agricultural Energy Solutions program continues to be the highest performer across energy savings and demand reductions relative to program goals as the program has seen a few large new construction projects in recent years.

Figure 2 shows the portfolio's total performance relative to program goals, followed by each program's achieved savings relative to program goals.



Figure 2. EAL PY2022 Achieved Savings Relative to Program Goals—Overall and by Program

⁹ Residential Direct Load Control and Agricultural Irrigation Load Control programs had no megawatt-hour savings goals.



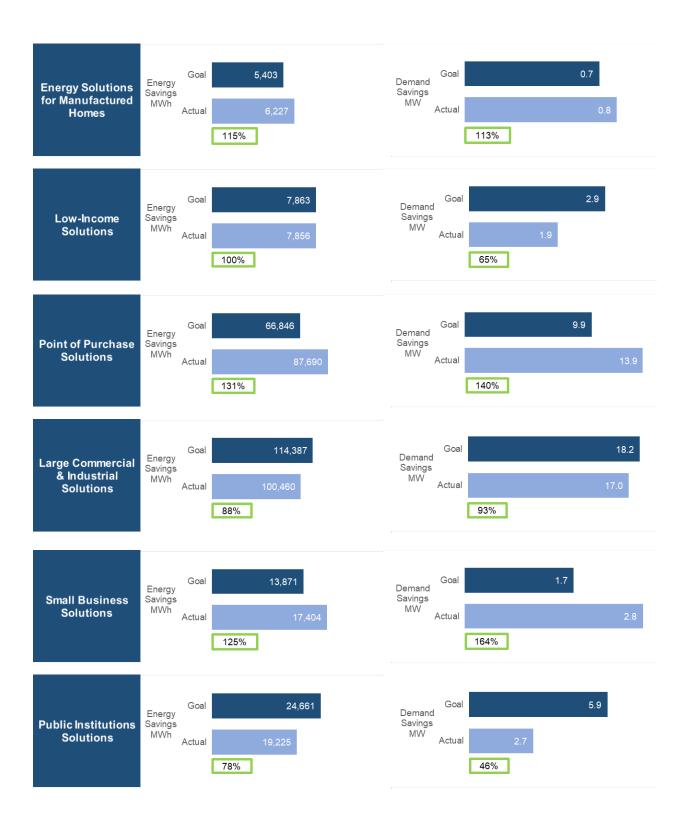


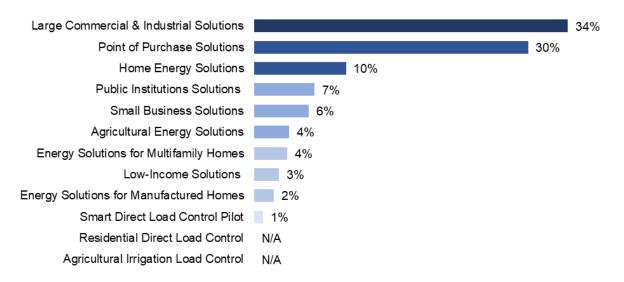




Figure 3 shows each programs' contribution toward the total portfolio's net energy savings. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions and Point of Purchase Solutions are the two most significant contributors toward energy savings goals, contributing over one-third (34 percent) and almost one-third (30 percent) of total portfolio energy savings, respectively.

Notably, over a quarter (26 percent) of portfolio savings are achieved through successfully reaching harder-to-reach sectors. EAL employs best practices in its portfolio design by including programs that specifically address the barriers to energy efficiency in these harder-to-reach sectors (public institutions, small businesses, agriculture, multifamily, low-income, and manufactured homes).

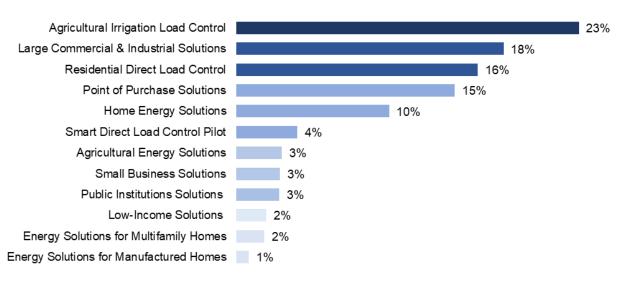
Figure 3. EAL PY2022 Program Contribution to Total Portfolio Kilowatt-Hour Energy Savings*



^{*}Results are rounded to the nearest whole number and may not sum to 100 percent as a result.

Figure 4 shows each programs' contribution toward the total portfolio's net demand savings. The Agricultural Irrigation Load Control and Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions programs were the most significant contributors to net demand savings, accounting for 23 percent and 18 percent of kilowatt savings, respectively. EAL's Residential Direct Load Control program was the third-highest contributor at 16 percent kilowatt savings.

Figure 4. EAL PY2022 Program Contribution to Total Portfolio Kilowatt Demand Savings*



^{*}Results are rounded to the nearest whole number and may not sum to 100 percent as a result.



Overall, evaluated savings matched claimed energy savings with an overall portfolio gross realization rate of 100 percent for energy savings and demand reductions, detailed in Table 2. Program-level gross realization rates ranged from 96 to 107 percent for energy savings and 94 to 107 percent for demand savings. Net savings are calculated based on multiplying evaluated gross savings by an NTG ratio that estimates the percentage of savings attributable to the program. We calculated NTG for all residential and C&I programs (outside of demand response, deemed from industry standard) at least once throughout the program cycle. NTG remains strong across all programs, with most savings directly attributable to the programs and an overall portfolio NTG ratio of 97 percent, a slight increase from last year's 95 percent. The Point of Purchase Solutions program had the lowest NTG ratio at 87 percent due to the transforming lighting market and the evolving industry standards but increased from last year's 81 percent. Home Energy Solutions and Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions programs saw over 100 percent NTG ratios due to reported spillover where participants installed additional energy efficiency measures because of the program.

Table 2. EAL PY2022 Gross Savings and Realization Rates 10

Program	Reported kWh	Evaluated kWh	Gross realization rate (KWh)	Reported kW	Evaluated kW	Gross realization rate (kW)	NTG (KWh)
Home Energy Solutions	28,861,401	28,193,281	97.7%	9,462	9,333	98.6%	104%
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	11,127,698	10,645,629	95.7%	1,887	1,782	94.4%	100%
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	5,799,433	6,226,535	107.4%	793	792	99.8%	100%
Low-Income Solutions	7,936,302	7,856,081	99.0%	1,900	1,889	99.5%	100%
Point of Purchase Solutions	96,446,515	100,534,438	104.2%	15,065	16,177	107.4%	87%
Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions	99,353,362	96,165,716	96.8%	16,434	16,160	98.3%	104%
Small Business Solutions	17,478,253	17,406,720	99.6%	2,706	2,783	102.8%	100%
Public Institutions Solutions	20,397,791	19,479,440	95.5%	2,872	2,771	96.5%	99%
Agricultural Energy Solutions	11,605,460	11,255,071	97.0%	2,977	2,922	98.1%	99%

¹⁰ Results are rounded to the nearest whole number.



Program	Reported kWh	Evaluated kWh	Gross realization rate (kWh)	Reported kW	Evaluated kW	Gross realization rate (kW)	NTG (kWh)
Residential Direct Load Control Pilot	-	-	-	15,842	15,371	97.0%	100%
Smart Direct Load Control	3,308,465	3,296,032	99.6%	3,868	3,868	100.0%	88%
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	-	-	-	21,958	21,795	99.3%	100%
Total portfolio	302,314,680	301,058,943	100.4%	95,765	95,644	100.1%	97%

^{*} The Residential Direct Load Control and Agricultural Irrigation Load Control programs do not claim energy savings. Therefore, these cells are represented with a dash.

Evaluation results are positive with EAL and its implementers, demonstrating continuous improvement in its program design and delivery processes, tracking system, documentation, and savings tools, even as challenges from the pandemic persisted such as staff shortages and supply chain issues. Evidence of this continuous improvement is an improvement in net savings, as demonstrated through an increase in the overall portfolio's NTG from 90 percent in PY2020, 95 percent in PY2021, and now 97 percent in PY2022 as EAL continues to effectively serve harder-to-reach segments. This increase resulted from specific outreach and expanded delivery to low-income households of energy-efficient products through downstream residential and upstream point-of-purchase programs as well as realizing high NTG results across all residential and commercial offerings.

Both EAL and its implementation contractors have been responsive to evaluation recommendations and engaged with the EM&V contractor throughout the program year. Of particular note, continual technical assistance and collaboration between EAL, its program implementers, and the EM&V team supported the programs and facilitated healthier gross savings realization rates. The PY2022 evaluation effort did identify additional recommendations to continue to stabilize realization rates in the following program year; increase the transparency, accuracy, and evaluability of program savings in the future; and process improvements to further program performance and satisfaction. The tables below summarize EAL's programs and pilot, overviewing key findings and recommendations from the PY2022 evaluation. EAL's status in completing prior PY2020 and PY2021 evaluation recommendations are in each program-specific section. As mentioned above, a continuing portfolio-level recommendation better aligns energy savings and demand savings goals.

Table 3. Home Energy Solutions—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings and Recommendations

Program summary	This program targets single-family residences and is delivered through a trained group of home performance contractors. The program offers a comprehensive home inspection with diagnostic testing performed by a qualified contractor and direct installation of low-cost measures. <i>Duct sealing</i> is often performed and represents the most significant contributor to savings. The program also delivers the consistent weatherization approach (CWA).					
Key findings	 The program's gross evaluated savings were slightly lower than reported energy savings and demand savings with realization rates of 97.7 percent and 98.6 percent (megawatt-hour and megawatt, respectively). 					
	 The program performed well, exceeding the energy goal (achieving 108 percent) and nearly achieving the demand goal (95 percent). 					
PY2022 impact recommendations	 Increase the internal quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured correctly. 					
	 Generally, homes with multiple HVAC systems should use the more conservative option when calculating savings for measures that have heating and cooling type dependent factors. Documentation should confirm which system types are present and that both are in operation. 					
	Follow the guidance set forth in the memo: EAL Tune-ups Methodology Recommendations for Residential Programs.					
	Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation.					
	 Assess the need for additional QA/QC as outlined in impact recommendations. 					
PY2022 process recommendations	Continue education of contractors on project documentation needs.					

Table 4. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

Program summary	The program targets multifamily property owners and managers, as well as tenants. This program offers both no-cost direct installation measures (such as LEDs, low-flow showerheads, and low-flow faucet aerators) and envelope and weatherization measures, including AC tune-ups, air infiltration, and duct sealing.
Key findings	Both energy-saving and demand-savings realization rates were a little lower than reported by the implementor at 95.7 percent and 94.4 percent (megawatt-hour and megawatt, respectively).
	 The program fell short of energy and demand savings goals, achieving 76 percent of the planned energy goal and 32 percent of the planned demand goal.

PY2022 impact recommendations	 Increase the internal QA/QC process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured correctly.
	 Collect documentation that clearly verifies the installation location of the smart strip or use average advanced power strips (APS) consistently in the program.
	 Follow the Building Performance Institute (BPI) standards for minimum ventilation rate when performing blower door tests.
	 Utilize the rated or measured capacity to calculate AC/HP tune-up savings.
	 Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation.
	 Assess the need for additional QA/QC as outlined in impact recommendations.
PY2022 process recommendations	Continue education of contractors on project documentation needs.

Table 5. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

Program summary	This program targets manufactured and mobile homeowners, landlords, and community managers. The program offers a combination of incentives for <i>direct-install</i> measures, <i>envelope</i> measures, and <i>education services</i> . The program has recruited and trained partnering contractors to provide complete turnkey program delivery services to this hard-to-reach customer segment.
Key findings	 The program's gross evaluated energy savings were greater than reported, while evaluated demand savings were slightly lower, resulting in realization rates of 107.4 percent and 99.8 percent (megawatt-hour and megawatt, respectively).
	 The program performed well against its planning goals, achieving 115 percent of the energy savings goal and 113 percent of the demand savings goal.
PY2022 impact recommendations	 Increase the internal QA/QC process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured correctly.
	 Collect documentation that clearly verifies the installation location of the smart strip or use average APS consistently in the program.
	 Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation that is legible and key parameters are identifiable.
	 Assess the need for additional QA/QC as outlined in impact recommendations.
PY2022 process recommendations	Continue education of contractors on project documentation needs.

Table 6. Low-Income Solutions—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

Program summary	The Low-Income Solutions program targets eligible low-income households and customers aged 65 or older to reduce energy use and lower bills. As part of the Low-Income Solutions program, EAL offers the following services at no cost to qualifying customers: home energy assessments by qualified field technicians, <i>LED bulbs, low-flow showerheads, low-flow faucet aerators, and smart strips</i> . EAL also offers the following services at no cost to the customer if an assessment identifies they are needed: <i>air sealing, duct sealing, ceiling insulation, advanced thermostats,</i> and <i>AC and heat pump tune-ups</i> . Also, the program helps with home repairs to correct minor problems that may otherwise prevent the building from receiving weatherization upgrades or pose a health or safety risk.
Key findings	 The program's evaluated savings were slightly lower than reported energy and demand savings, resulting in 99.0 and 99.5 percent realization rates for energy and demand savings, respectively. The program achieved energy savings goals to assist low-income and elderly customers during the second year of the COVID-19 pandemic. However, the program is short of the demand savings goals. It reached 100 percent of the energy savings goal and 65 percent of the demand savings goal.
PY2022 impact recommendations	 Increase QA/QC on the APS measure and ensure contractors are educated on installing the APS and collecting documentation that clearly verifies the installation location of the smart strip. Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation. Increase training and QA/QC of air and duct sealing measures to ensure all leaks are thoroughly sealed.
PY2022 process recommendations	 Continue education of contractors on project documentation needs. Consider ways to increase participation in the <i>ceiling insulation</i> measure for low-income customers.

Table 7. Point of Purchase Solutions—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

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Program summary	EAL's midstream and upstream programs merged into the comprehensive Point of Purchase Solutions program in PY2020. The program aims to provide fast, easy energy efficiency solutions to residential and nonresidential customers where they shop, discounting efficient lighting products, appliances, equipment, and building materials. Two advantages of this program design are that (1) it can ramp up quickly and (2) it is streamlined for residential customers because, for many measures, there is no application, and the discounts are applied at the point of sale. Cooperation with distributors and opening clear communication channels is critical for promoting measures incentivized through midstream channels.



Key findings	 The POPS program evaluated savings resulted in higher demand and energy savings (104.2 percent kilowatt and 107.4 percent kilowatt-hour realization rates) than those calculated by the program implementer. These results are driven by the EM&V team's adjustments, with the primary adjustments coming from recalculating residential upstream lighting measures using commercial methodologies. The NTG ratio remains the lowest of EAL programs primarily due to upstream lighting NTG. The overall program resulted in 87 percent for energy savings and 86 percent for demand savings.
	 The program exceeded planning goals, achieving 131 percent and 141 percent of energy and demand savings goals, respectively.
PY2022 impact recommendations	 Residential HVAC—Increase QA/QC on the residential smart thermostat measures. Commercial Midstream Lighting—Increase QA/QC of commercial midstream program tracking data to reduce errors.
	 Adjust reporting of the baseline and retrofit energy consumption for the ENERGY STAR® freezers measure.
PY2022 process recommendations	 Continue to explore new measuring offerings to replace future lighting savings.

Table 8. Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

	This program provides a solution for nonresidential customers interested in
Program summary	purchasing energy-efficient technologies that can produce verifiable savings through a calculated (prescriptive) or a measured and verified (custom) approach. The program is available to all EAL Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions (LCI) customers with a peak electric demand of over 100 kW at either one site or multiple sites owned by the same company. Additionally, the program is available to all commercial new construction customers. The program design generates high energy savings and longer-term market penetration by nurturing delivery channels such as design professionals, distributors, installation contractors, and energy service companies.
Key findings	 Overall, the LCI program evaluated savings resulted in lower demand and energy savings (98.3 percent kilowatt realization rate and 96.8 percent kilowatt-hour realization rate, respectively) than those calculated by the program implementer.
	 The program fell short of its planning goals for PY2022, achieving 88 percent of the energy savings goal and 93 percent of the demand savings goal.

PY2022 impact recommendations	Review savings algorithms for commercial <i>Wi-Fi thermostat</i> measures to ensure consistency.
	 Increase QA/QC on commercial AC/HP tune-up measures.
	 Use additional data descriptions for lighting fixture certification to distinguish between fixtures not required for certification and those that followed an alternative compliance path.
PY2022 process recommendations	Review the requirement associated with refrigerants for tune-ups.

Table 9. Small Business Solutions—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

Program summary	This program offers small commercial customers cash and non-cash incentives for implementing energy efficiency improvements. The program assists small business customers by analyzing facility energy use and identifying energy efficiency improvement projects. The program targets small business customers with a peak electric demand of less than 100 kW. Trade allies are responsible for analyzing customers' energy use, identifying energy efficiency improvement projects, and installing the recommended measures.
Key findings	 The Small Business Solutions program's evaluated energy savings were slightly lower (99.6 percent kilowatt-hour realization rate) and slightly higher for demand savings (102.8 percent kilowatt realization rate) than the program implementer's savings.
	 The program exceeded its planning goals, achieving 126 percent of the energy savings goal and 164 percent of the demand savings goal.
PY2022 impact recommendations	 Review savings algorithms for Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency. Select building types based on the closest description match from the available building types.
PY2022 process recommendations	 Review the time it takes for trade allies to receive the incentive checks. Improve communication and responsiveness to customer and trade ally questions. Review the allocation of responsibilities between the trade allies and implementation staff.

Table 10. Public Institutions Solutions—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

Program summary	This program offers small commercial customers cash and non-cash incentives for implementing energy efficiency improvements. The program assists small business customers by analyzing facility energy use and identifying energy efficiency improvement projects. The program targets small business customers with a peak electric demand of less than 100 kW. Trade allies are responsible for analyzing customers' energy use, identifying energy efficiency improvement projects, and installing the recommended measures.
Key findings	 Overall, the Public Institutions Solutions program evaluated savings resulted in lower demand and energy savings (95.5 percent kilowatt realization rate and 96.5 percent kilowatt-hour realization rate) than those calculated by the program implementer. The program fell short of its planning goals for PY2022, achieving 78 percent of the energy savings goal and 46 percent of the demand savings goal. The tune-up measures remained the most significant measure category for participation and savings in PY2022, with lighting as the second most significant. These two measure categories accounted for approximately 83 percent of reported and evaluated energy and demand savings.
PY2022 impact recommendations	 Review savings algorithms for commercial Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency. Increase QA/QC on certified/non-certified lights for lighting retrofit projects. Increase QA/QC on square footage and perimeter estimates for lighting new construction projects
PY2022 process recommendations	 Review incentive levels related to daycare and nonprofit organizations. Review the time trade allies wait to receive the incentive checks. Improve communication and responsiveness to customer and trade ally questions.

Table 11. Agricultural Energy Solutions—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

Program summary	This program offers a combination of farm audits, custom and prescriptive incentives, and education to agricultural suppliers. The program has focused on poultry farm <i>lighting</i> projects, although it has expanded to include <i>irrigation pump</i> measures.
Key findings	 The program's evaluated savings resulted in slightly lower energy and demand savings (97.0 percent megawatt-hours and 98.1 percent megawatt realization rates) to those calculated by the program implementer.
	 The program has far exceeded the energy and demand goals, achieving 186 and 321 percent, respectively, of planning goals.



PY2022 impact recommendations	 Collect heating and cooling documentation when present on site. Clearly define program requirements to determine if retrofit or new construction methodology should be used. If unclear which method should be used, consult the EM&V team to discuss and reach agreement.
	 Define additional measure descriptions in ArchEE to clarify measure type as the program expands with new measure offerings beyond lighting. Increase internal QA/QC practices.
PY2022 process	Monitor the time it takes for incentive checks to be sent.
recommendations	 Continue to work collaboratively with the EM&V team and seek review of large or unique custom projects.

Table 12. Residential Direct Load Control—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

	-
Program summary	The Residential Direct Load Control program focuses on residential airconditioning loads and cycles a participant's home central air conditioning condenser during called demand-response events. A turnkey implementation contractor delivers the program by utilizing radio technology.
Key findings	 The program achieved 15.4 MW in gross demand savings, approximately 53 percent of the planning goal. The evaluation team's savings calculations result in slightly lower demand savings than provided by the program implementer, resulting in a realization rate of 97 percent.
PY2022 impact recommendations	Explore the effects of limiting the baseline to periods with similar weather.
PY2022 process recommendations	 Assess the role of the program in future portfolio offerings given roll out of smart meters.

Table 13. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

Program summary	The Smart Direct Load Control (SDLC) pilot coordinates with a participant's thermostat during demand-response events. The program offers residential and small commercial customers rebated <i>smart thermostats</i> or the opportunity to enroll an existing <i>smart thermostat</i> to participate in demand-response events during the load control season.
Key findings	 Realization rates for energy savings were 99.5 percent for <i>smart thermostats</i> installed in residential applications and 99.8 percent for commercial applications. Realization rates for demand savings were 100.0 percent for <i>smart thermostats</i> installed in both residential and commercial applications.



PY2022 impact recommendations	Model the effect of weather on demand using a lagged time variable.
PY2022 process recommendations	Continue to explore opportunities to increase participation including with small businesses.

Table 14. Agricultural Irrigation Load Control—PY2022 Summary Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification Findings

Program summary	The Agricultural Irrigation Load Control (AILC) program pays participants incentives in return for allowing EAL to interrupt their pumping loads (also referred to as a <i>curtailment event</i> or a <i>scheduled event</i>) during summer peak loads. The load control season runs from June 1 through August 31 each year. The target market is customers with large motors used in agriculture.
Key findings	The AILC program evaluated savings were marginally lower than the savings calculated by the program implementer (realization rate of 99.3 percent). The approach taken by Connected Energy and the EM&V team uses the Midcontinent Independent System Operator (MISO) symmetric multiplicative adjustment (SMA) baseline calculation, which is appropriate for registering savings with MISO.
	 The program fell short of its PY2022 planning goal, reaching 44 percent of its demand savings.
PY2022 impact recommendations	Continue to educate customers on the functionality of the equipment and their ability to control their pumps remotely.
PY2022 process recommendations	Explore opportunities to increase participation or decrease planned savings in future program cycles.

1.2 TRM UPDATE RECOMMENDATIONS

Tetra Tech has identified the following TRM updates for consideration from the EM&V research:

Table 15. Technical Reference Manual Recommendations from PY2022 Evaluation

Existing measures					
2.1.6 Central air conditioner replacement 2.1.8 Heat pump replacement 2.1.10 Window air conditioning replacement 3.1.14 Packaged terminal AC/HP equipment 3.1.16 Unitary and	The EM&V team noted new federal standards in place for heating and cooling equipment for 2023. Review the federal standards and make updates to baselines and system qualification requirements, where appropriate.				

split system AC/HP equipment						
2.1.11 Duct Sealing	The EM&V team noted the default SEER/HSPF values are a simple average of the federal standards prior to 2006 and from 2006-2015 and does not take into account the standard from 2015-2023.					
	Consider updating the default values for SEER and HSPF to better align with all equipment operating in the field.					
2.6.3 and 3.9.7 Electric vehicle charge systems	The EM&V team reviewed the current TRM algorithms and noted compared to other TRMs, the Arkansas algorithms grant more deemed savings for this measure. Review the Texas TRM algorithms and determine if the Arkansas TRM should be updated to be more conservative on this measure.					
3.6.3 Lighting efficiency	During the course of the annual evaluation, the EM&V team reviewed several new construction lighting projects that included occupancy sensor or daylighting controls in their design. The lighting section as written did not contain algorithms for using the power adjustment factors or controls coincidence factor in the savings algorithms, unlike the retrofit section. Tetra Tech made this recommendation mid-year and it appears adequately addressed in TRM 9.1. <i>No current recommendation.</i>					
3.6.3 Lighting efficiency	The formula for retrofit demand savings with existing controls (formula 332 in TRM 9.1) does not include the IEF $_{\mathbb{D}}$ as part of the formula. The EM&V team believes this is an error and has been including the IEF $_{\mathbb{D}}$ in evaluated savings calculations. Review equation 332 for consistency.					
3.6.3 Lighting efficiency	The TRM does not include an IEF _D factor for electric resistance heating without AC, which is a viable heating and cooling configuration. CLEAResult proposed using 0.80 for this configuration from the other available values (0.87 / 1.09). Incorporate an IEF _D value for electric resistance heating without AC into Table 418 of TRM 9.1.					
3.6.3 Lighting efficiency	The current TRM does not address agricultural building types or factors. Several TRMs, notably in Wisconsin and Illinois, are including agricultural specific measures or factors for lighting savings. Review the Wisconsin and Illinois TRM measures for agricultural lighting and consider adding agricultural-specific factors or measures to the Arkansas TRM.					
3.6.3 Lighting efficiency	CLEAResult currently implements a commercial midstream offering as part of the POPS program, but the TRM does not address midstream factors for saving, such as in-service rates. Currently, CLEAResult is using the in-service rates from Section 4.5.4 of Volume 2 of the Illinois TRM. Review the Illinois TRM midstream factors and algorithms and consider including the Arkansas TRM.					
3.8.3 Engineered nozzles	The example calculation include in this section uses the HOU of the measure in the demand savings calculation. The EM&V team suggests the AOH is appropriate in this context. The algorithm specifies "hrs," rather than AOH or HOU. Review the algorithm, variable definitions, and example calculation for consistency.					

2.0 INTRODUCTION

On March 15, 2019, Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) filed its 2020–2022 Energy Efficiency Plan in response to Commission Order No. 41 in Docket No. 13-002-U. The Arkansas Public Service Commission (APSC) approved the 2020–2022 programs. In response to pandemic challenges, an additional 2023 bridge year has also been approved. The programs build upon EAL's comprehensive programs that have been implemented in Arkansas since 2011 and specifically the most recent 2017–2019 program cycle.

This report presents the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) results for EAL's energy efficiency programs implemented in program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022). Following APSC Rules for Conservation and Energy Efficiency Programs (C&EE Rules), EAL selected an independent, third-party EM&V contractor. This evaluation effort aims to evaluate program impacts annually for all programs that provide kilowatt-hour or kilowatt savings.

The PY2022 EAL evaluation included impact and process analyses specified in the APSC rules and followed the Arkansas Technical Reference Manual (TRM) Version 9.0 protocols and savings algorithms. Also, the EM&V team developed the program evaluation activities based upon discussions with EAL staff and its implementation contractors, reviews of program tracking and documentation, a review of prior years' EM&V efforts and EAL annual reports, and input from the Independent Evaluation Monitor (IEM).

The remainder of this section overviews the EM&V team's evaluation approach. Section 3.0 discusses the overall portfolio results. Sections 4.0 through 15.0 detail the EM&V results for each program, including specific discussions of evaluation methodologies. Section 16.0 details the consistent weatherization approach (CWA) results and participation in Act 1102 categories across residential programs based on PY2022 and prior process evaluation results. Finally, Section 17.0 presents the EM&V team's calculation of non-energy benefits (NEB), which was first included in EAL's programs in PY2016 in keeping with Commission Order No. 30. To foster complete transparency of all evaluation results in this report, the EM&V team has provided a separate Technical Appendix with desk review, on-site measurement and verification (M&V) details, confidence and precision calculations, and data collection instruments for EAL and the IEM.

2.1 EVALUATION APPROACH

In this section, we discuss the EM&V team's evaluation approaches for EAL within the following topics:

- impact evaluations,
- process evaluations,
- · evaluation prioritization, and
- · data collection activities.



2.2 IMPACT EVALUATIONS

Our principal approach to the impact evaluation activities for PY2022 was to:

- verify program tracking data and correctly apply the Arkansas TRM to the applicable program year to calculate savings following TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol A;
- estimate gross- and net-energy and demand impacts at the measure, program, and portfolio levels by:
 - adjusting program-reported gross savings using the results of evaluation research, relying primarily on the tracking system, engineering desk reviews, and independent verification where impact parameters are deemed by the TRM and use metered data analysis and equipment metering where the TRM does not deem impact parameters;
 - update program net-to-gross (NTG) values with primary or secondary data research for every program once over the three-year program cycle as well as review NTG ratios annually for any changes in the program design or measure mix following TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol F; and
 - provide complete documentation and transparency of all evaluated savings estimates, and, where relevant, comparison with TRM 9.0 calculations;
- provide ongoing technical reviews and guidance throughout the evaluation cycle;
- review tracking system data annually to assess data captured for new measure offerings following TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol A;
- identify possible updates for the next version of the TRM; and
- calculate NEBs for the EAL portfolio.

The impact evaluations resulted in a defensible lifetime and annual estimates of gross and net energy and demand impacts and adhered to TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocols B1, B2, and B3. Impact evaluations were used to calculate realization rates, determined by dividing evaluated savings by EAL tracked savings.

PY2022 impact evaluation activities primarily included a combination of tracking system and desk reviews, metered data analysis, and commercial, agricultural, and residential on-site verification visits under TRM 9.0 Volume 1 Protocol B. When determining the appropriate activities to be completed by program and measure type, the EM&V team considered key factors that included contribution toward savings and level of savings uncertainty (TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol D). These considerations identified high-priority programs such as the Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions program, where more rigorous impact evaluation activities are beneficial. Sampling strategies for PY2022 followed TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol B4.

While implementing the impact evaluations, issues that could introduce potential bias and uncertainty were addressed and minimized. Evaluations can have biases in their results for many reasons. It is important to assess that no significant systematic non-random errors are embedded in the data that would bias the evaluation results. The EM&V team made every effort to identify and address any potential biases occurring due to (1) measurement errors resulting from inaccurate meters or errors in recording data, (2) collection errors arising from non-representative sampling, (3) sampled participant's refusal to participate in an on-site visit, (4) biased responses or interpretation of responses, (5) poor questionnaire design, (6) failure to take behavioral factors into account, (7) modeling errors from the incorrect specification of relationships between variables, (8) improperly included or excluded information or data, and (9) other modeling deficiencies.

In addition to mitigating the biases, the impact evaluation activities conducted by the EM&V team increased the confidence of results and reduced uncertainty by employing appropriate sampling approaches and reporting confidence intervals. A confidence interval is a range of values that describes an estimate's uncertainty. Confidence intervals are one way to represent how good an estimate is; the more extensive a confidence interval for an estimate, the more caution is required when using the point estimate.

Demand-side management program evaluations routinely employ 90 percent confidence intervals with ± 10 percent as the industry standard (90/10). The 90 percent in the confidence interval represents a level of certainty about the estimate. If we were to repeatedly obtain new estimates using the same procedure (by drawing a new sample, conducting new interviews, and calculating new estimates and new confidence intervals), the confidence intervals would contain the average of all the estimates 90 percent of the time. The EM&V team activities reflect a minimum confidence interval of 90 percent ± 10 percent at the sector and program level for evaluated savings estimates. You can find achieved confidence levels in the Technical Appendix to this report.

2.3 PROCESS EVALUATION

Our approach to process evaluation activities for EAL's portfolio of programs was to:

- gain an in-depth understanding of program operations, challenges, and evaluation needs through staff interviews with EAL and the implementation contractors at the beginning and throughout the evaluation cycle, followed by biweekly calls to stay abreast of program status issues;
- document EAL's progress in incorporating recommendations identified during the PY2020-PY2021 evaluation following TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol C;
- assess EAL's success in achieving the goals and objectives established in the APSC's Comprehensiveness Checklist;
- follow TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol C, and conduct a comprehensive process evaluation for every program once over the three-year program cycle and assess other process evaluation needs annually;



- assess and document the effectiveness of program quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC); and
- assess and document the effectiveness of integrating the CWA, highlighted in TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol C1.

Savings and cost-effectiveness estimates alone do not entirely explain a program or portfolio's effectiveness. Other factors, including internal and external utility operations, program maturity, service provider and implementation contractor activities, and markets, can influence a program's effectiveness. Identifying program process improvements is an EM&V best practice.

In general, process evaluations assess organizational and procedural aspects of programs; they also provide feedback on aspects of programs functioning well or areas in need of improvement. The EM&V team consulted and followed TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol C, annually to determine whether conducting a process evaluation is appropriate for a specific program and the appropriate timing for the process evaluation. Specifically, Protocol C defines required process evaluation criteria and the criteria to justify conducting a process evaluation. As noted earlier, each program will receive a complete process evaluation at least once during the three-year timeframe; PY2020–PY2022 is a new program funding cycle. Table 16 provides details on specific criteria that trigger a process evaluation.

Table 16. TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol C: Process Evaluation Guidance

Criteria for process evaluations

Process evaluation is required if:

- the program is new or modified,
- no process evaluation has been undertaken during the current funding cycle, or
- a change in program implementation occurred.

Process evaluation is potentially needed if:

- program impacts are lower than expected,
- goals (both informational and educational) are not being achieved,
- rates of participation are lower or slower than expected,
- the program's operational system is slow to get up and running,
- · cost-effectiveness of the program is less than expected, or
- participants (both customers and market actors) report problems or low satisfaction rates with the program.



At a minimum, all programs received a limited process evaluation through program staff interviews and program documentation review. For PY2022, based on the TRM guidance summarized in the table above, the EM&V team identified the following four programs to receive full process evaluations (five received full process evaluations in PY2020, three in PY2021; the remaining programs are fairly stable and therefore received full process evaluations in PY2022):

- Agriculture Energy Solutions. Program staff, participant, and market actor interviews
 were conducted for this program, who are effectively serving this harder-to-reach
 sector.
- Small Business Solutions Program. Program staff, participant, and market actor interviews were conducted for this program, who are effectively serving this harder-toreach sector.
- **Public Institutions Solutions.** Program staff, participant, and market actor interviews were conducted for this program, which saw new challenges meeting goals in PY2022.
- Agricultural Irrigation Load Control. A fairly stable demand response offering.
 Surveys were conducted with program participants.

In addition, the *AC tune-up* measure, *CoolSaver*, implemented across the commercial portfolio was evaluated as part of the Small Business Solutions and Public Institutions Solutions programs complemented with additional surveys with Large Commercial and Industrial program participants who received this measure.

2.4 EVALUATION PRIORITIZATION

A critical component of the EM&V process is to develop a prioritization process for the programspecific plans to meet the most appropriate level of rigor for each program following the guidance in TRM 9.0 Volume 1, Protocol D. Several factors feed into these decisions:

- percentage of program contribution to the portfolio savings,
- level of uncertainty in estimated savings (with higher uncertainty of savings resulting in high priority),
- level and quality of existing programmatic QA/QC and verification data from site visits and metering,
- the potential of risk for future portfolio performance, and
- adherence to Arkansas TRM protocols or updated needs.

The EM&V team's evaluation activities presented in the PY2022 evaluation plan¹¹ underpin the PY2022 results and reflect this prioritization process.

¹¹ Entergy Arkansas, LLC Program Year 2022 Evaluation Plan, Tetra Tech, July 2022.



2.5 DATA COLLECTION ACTIVITIES

The data collection activities listed below were used to support the impact and process evaluations as relevant. All evaluation activities adhered to EM&V protocols, as defined in TRM 9.0 Volume 1. The majority of these activities collected primary data.

- **Program staff interviews.** The EM&V team interviewed EAL and implementation contractors program staff as part of the evaluation planning process. Communication was maintained throughout the program cycle via biweekly meetings to understand program progress and any challenges or successes. Findings from these interviews informed the evaluation research, key findings, and recommendations (EM&V Protocol C3: Recommended Areas of Investigation in a Process Evaluation).
- Participant and market actor interviews. For complete process evaluations prioritized for PY2022, the EM&V team conducted participant and market actor interviews, if applicable to the program design. These interviews collected data on program awareness and satisfaction, factors affecting participation, and information to assess market effects (e.g., how the program may have affected business practices). Relevant market actors vary by program but include retailers, contractors, manufacturers, distributors, design professionals, multifamily building owners, auditors, and participants (EM&V Protocol C3: Recommended Areas of Investigation in a Process Evaluation). The interviews included standardized enhanced self-report approach (SRA) batteries to estimate program attribution (EM&V Protocol B3: Recommended Protocols for Participant Net Impact Evaluation).
- **Database tracking review.** The EM&V team assessed each program's database and tracking information (EM&V Protocol A: Program Tracking and Database Development) and provided a census tracking system review of deemed savings measures against the applicable version of the TRM.
- **Sampling.** We drew samples designed to meet precision levels at the program level for verification or a census of participants depending on the population size (EM&V Protocol B4: Sampling and Uncertainty Protocol).
- Engineering and project file reviews. This activity focused on the calculations and assumptions for savings, adherence to the TRM, and potential differences in the verified gross savings from the reported savings (EM&V Protocol D1: Using Deemed Savings Values and EM&V Protocol D2: M&V Protocols). The findings of the project file reviews informed the selection of commercial projects for additional on-site verification activities. After conducting the file reviews, a sample of sites was selected for on-site data collection, if applicable (EM&V Protocol B4: Sampling and Uncertainty Protocol). Factors that determine sampling and potential weighting include (1) the size of the projects, relative to the average of the measure type population; (2) measure type contribution to the overall energy and demand savings; and (3) our experience with precision and confidence from prior EM&V. We factor other evaluation efforts, where available, for specific end-use measure groups.

- Demand response programs. There are no TRM protocols for demand response programs. Thus, the EM&V team followed industry-standard practices, essentially reviewing participant-interval-load data census. Periods ahead of, during, and following load interruption notices verify load reduction and persistence during demand-response events and provide comparisons to similar-condition non-interrupted baseline days to validate impact estimates. The Residential Direct Load Control (DLC), Smart DLC pilot, and the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control programs serve as load modifying resources for the Midcontinent Independent System Operator. We work with EAL to ensure consistency of evaluation across Arkansas utilities. Based on this work, the EM&V team will work with EAL to provide input to the IEM for a possible future TRM update.
- Commercial new construction projects. These projects are assumed to have building automation systems (BAS) with user-friendly graphical interfaces. For these projects, the EM&V team investigates design control algorithms produced by the controls contractor and verifies actual algorithms by observing BAS trend data and setpoints. We verified savings of energy-saving components by comparing the actual system operation to a typical baseline operation 12. In cases where energy simulation models are available, BAS operational data and utility billing data may be used to determine energy savings through a calibrated energy simulation approach (EM&V Protocol D2: M&V Protocols, Option D Whole Facility Calibrated Simulation).

On-site data collection and data logging and spot measurements are two primary data collection activities that we have leveraged in the past and recommend EAL programs provide more extensive measurement and verification (M&V) activities. These data collection activities verify program impacts, as outlined in EM&V Protocol E: Protocols for Verification and Ongoing Modifications of Deemed Savings Values. Below we summarize the data collected through onsite data collection, data logging, and spot measurements.

- On-site data collection and independent verification. Each site visit included a
 physical inspection of measures to gather information about the project for verification
 purposes. The site-specific M&V plan gathered detailed information and data specific to
 the project (EM&V Protocol D2: M&V Protocols). Inspection, monitoring, and interview
 results are included in the Technical Appendix of this report.
- Commercial stipulated annual operating hours (AOH) verification. We emphasized selecting independent verification projects that used stipulated AOH through the desk review process and developed a supplemental AOH verification guide (Verification Guide). The Verification Guide identified the general site operating schedule, including holidays and shutdowns, lighting control type, and verified that the annual hours of operation reported by the site contact do not vary from those originally reported. Individual room information is provided in the ArchEE data extract and project documentation, making verification possible down to this level. The guide also intends to identify and request additional documentation such as photos and BAS data, which could further verify lighting annual hours of operation.

¹² EM&V Protocol D2: M&V Protocols, Option A – Retrofit Isolation: Key Parameter Measurement or Option B – Retrofit Isolation: All Parameter Measurement.



3.0 PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE

This report section presents results for the portfolio overall, market trend analysis, measure level analysis that was conducted to help Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) in program planning and the Commissioner's Checklist.

3.1 PORTFOLIO RESULTS

In PY2022, EAL offered a portfolio of 11 energy efficiency programs and 1 pilot. Also, through its residential programs, EAL implemented the consistent weather approach (CWA), which provided a comprehensive range of customer options focused on energy efficiency and demand reduction coupled with education and training activities. EAL also seeks to provide customers with easy program entry points, flexible options for saving energy, and ongoing support for those who want to pursue deeper energy savings or demand reductions through its energy efficiency portfolio.

EAL exceeded its portfolio energy goals, achieving 103 percent (Figure 5). EAL fell short of its demand goals, meeting 58 percent of the demand goal (Figure 6). The performance difference between energy savings and demand goals is similar to last year and the year prior. A continuing recommendation is to investigate ways to better align energy savings and demand savings.

Individual program performance relative to program savings and demand goals varied. Six of the 12 programs achieved their megawatt-hour savings goals; four other programs' energy savings goals ranged between 58 percent and 88 percent of their savings goals. In contrast, four of the 12 programs achieved their megawatt savings goals, with an additional two programs meeting 90 percent or more of the demand savings goal. The pilot only met 17 percent of its energy savings goals. The Agricultural Energy Solutions program was the highest performer across energy savings and demand reductions relative to program goals, 186 percent, and 321 percent, respectively.

¹³ Residential Direct Load Control and Agricultural Irrigation Load Control programs had no megawatthour savings goals.



Figure 5. PY2022 Percentage of Net Energy Megawatt-Hour Savings Goals Achieved

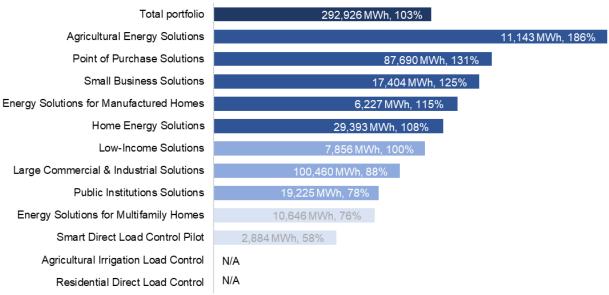


Figure 6. PY2022 Percentage of Net Demand Megawatt Savings Goal Achieved 14,15



¹⁵ Demand-response program savings calculations follow Midcontinent Independent System Operator's (MISO) methodology (explained in relevant event sections), which does not account for post-event snapback. Snapback is accounted for when calculating total energy savings.



¹⁴ Peak demand savings for all *non-load-control* measures and programs were determined using a peak demand definition of Monday—Friday, 1:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m., June—September, determined in accordance with EAL.

Overall, evaluated savings was nearly identical to claimed energy savings, with an overall portfolio gross realization rate of 100 percent for energy savings and demand reductions. Program-level gross realization rates ranged from 96 to 107 percent for energy savings and 94 to 107 percent for demand savings. Table 17 shows the reported and evaluated energy savings for EAL's portfolio, sectors, and programs for PY2022.

Table 17. EAL PY2022 Reported and Evaluated Energy Savings 16

Program	Percentage portfolio net savings (kWh)	Reported energy savings (kWh)	Evaluated energy savings (kWh)	Gross realization rate (kWh)	Net-to-gross (NTG) ratio	Net evaluated energy savings (kWh)
Home Energy Solutions	10%	28,861,401	28,193,281	97.7%	104%	29,392,834
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	4%	11,127,698	10,645,629	95.7%	100%	10,645,629
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	2%	5,799,433	6,226,535	107.4%	100%	6,226,535
Low-Income Solutions	3%	7,936,302	7,856,081	99.0%	100%	7,856,081
Point of Purchase Solutions	30%	96,446,515	100,534,438	104.2%	87%	87,690,107
Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions	34%	99,353,362	96,165,716	96.8%	104%	100,459,669
Small Business Solutions	6%	17,478,253	17,406,720	99.6%	100%	17,403,625
Public Institutions Solutions	7%	20,397,791	19,479,440	95.5%	99%	19,224,703
Agricultural Energy Solutions	4%	11,605,460	11,255,071	97.0%	99%	11,142,521
Residential Direct Load Control	-	-	-	-	-	-
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot	1%	3,308,465	3,296,032	99.6%	88%	2,884,190
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total portfolio	100%	302,314,680	301,058,943	100.4%	97%	292,925,895

^{*} The Residential Direct Load Control and Agricultural Irrigation Load Control programs do not claim energy savings. Therefore, these cells are represented with a dash.

¹⁶ Results rounded to the nearest whole number.



Table 18 shows the reported and evaluated demand savings for EAL's portfolio, sectors, and programs for PY2022.

Table 18. EAL PY2022 Reported and Evaluated Demand Savings¹⁷

Program	Percentage portfolio net savings (kW)	Reported demand savings (kW)	Evaluated demand savings (kW)	Gross realization rate (kW)	NTG ratio	Net evaluated demand savings (kW)
Home Energy Solutions	10%	9,461.9	9,332.6	98.6%	104%	9,740.9
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	2%	1,887.5	1,782.2	94.4%	100%	1,782.2
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	1%	793.5	792.3	99.8%	100%	792.3
Low-Income Solutions	2%	1,899.8	1,889.4	99.5%	100%	1,889.4
Point of Purchase Solutions	15%	15,065.0	16,177.2	107.4%	86%	13,906.4
Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions	18%	16,433.7	16,159.8	98.3%	105%	16,999.0
Small Business Solutions	3%	2,705.9	2,782.8	102.8%	100%	2,782.4
Public Institutions Solutions	3%	2,871.9	2,770.6	96.5%	99%	2,730.9
Agricultural Energy Solutions	3%	2,977.5	2,922.2	98.1%	99%	2,893.0
Residential Direct Load Control	16%	15,841.9	15,371.3	97.0%	100%	15,371.3
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot	4%	3,868.3	3,868.3	100.0%	100%	3,868.3
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	23%	21,958.0	21,795.0	99.3%	100%	21,795.0
Total portfolio	100%	95,764.8	95,643.7	100.1%	99%	94,551.1

Net savings are calculated based on multiplying evaluated gross savings by an NTG ratio that estimates the percentage of savings attributable to the program. NTG was calculated for all residential, commercial, and industrial programs (outside of demand response, deemed from industry standard) at least once throughout the program cycle. NTG remains strong across all programs, with most savings directly attributable to the programs and an overall portfolio NTG ratio of 97 percent. The Point of Purchase Solutions (POPS) program had the lowest NTG ratio at 87 percent due to the transforming lighting market and the evolving industry standards. Home Energy Solutions and Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions programs saw over 100 percent NTG ratios due to reported spillover where participants installed additional energy efficiency measures due to the program. Table 19 shows the NTG factor and source used in the net evaluated savings for EAL's PY2022 programs.

¹⁷ Results are rounded to the nearest whole number.



Table 19. PY2022 Net-to-Gross Summary

Program	NTG ratio ¹⁸	Source
Home Energy Solutions	104%	PY2020 evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) research—participant surveys and market actor interviews, supported by PY2018 prior EM&V research
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	100%	PY2021 EM&V research—participant surveys and market actor interviews
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	100%	PY2021 EM&V research—participant surveys and contractor interviews, substantiated in PY2020 process evaluation
Low-Income Solutions	100%	PY2020 EM&V research—participant surveys and market actor interviews
Point of Purchase Solutions	87%	PY2021 EM&V research—participant surveys and market actor interviews
Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions	104%	PY2022 EM&V research—participant surveys and market actor interviews
Small Business Solutions	100%	PY2022 EM&V research—participant surveys and market actor interviews
Public Institutions Solutions	99%	PY2022 EM&V research—participant surveys and market actor interviews
Agricultural Energy Solutions	99%	PY2022 EM&V research—participant surveys
Residential Direct Load Control	N/A	Stipulated at 1.0 as industry practice
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot	88%	PY2019 EM&V research—participant surveys and market actor interviews
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	100%	Stipulated at 1.0 as industry practice
Total	97%	

3.2 MARKET TRENDS STUDY

The objectives of the market trends study were to (1) characterize the market conditions in which the energy efficiency programs operate, (2) identify savings opportunities for the PY2023 bridge year, and (3) support the planning for next program cycle (PY2024—PY2026). The study's activities included analyses of the Energy Independence and Security Act (EISA) standard changes on program savings, in-depth interviews with program design and delivery staff (including cost information from contractor invoices), measure trend analysis, and benchmarking research.

¹⁸ NTG ratios are calculated based on the savings population. While kWh and kW NTG ratios are similar, the NTG calculated based on kWh is shown.



As documented by Tetra Tech in the PY2020 and PY2021 EAL EM&V reports, EAL staff and their implementation contractors worked hard to dynamically change program processes as needed to successfully meet the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic and deliver energy efficiency savings to customers. PY2022 continued to see evolving challenges, which the market trends study sought to characterize. In addition, the Department of Energy (DOE) published two Final Rules related to general service lamps (GSL), in accordance with its responsibilities under the 2007 EISA. ¹⁹ One rule concerned an update to the definitions of GSL and general service incandescent lamp. The second rule updated the energy efficiency of GSLs to a 45 lumens per watt requirement. The Final Rules went into effect in 2022 with full compliance phased in over 2023.

3.2.1 EISA Impacts

Next we present key findings and recommendations from the analysis of EISA impacts. Some recommendations were presented for the IEM's consideration for the TRM Version 9.1 updates that were in progress, which were included with the IEM providing additional guidance in April 2023.

Tetra Tech's analysis of PY2022 energy savings to date (through June 22) found that only approximately one-third of lighting savings would be available if EISA was already in effect this year (Table 20).

Table 20. PY2022 Residential Program Lighting Savings to Date—Impacts of EISA Standards

Program	Pre-EISA (2017)	Post-EISA (2017)	Realization rate
Home Energy Solutions	584,457	189,001	32%
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	121,203	73,642	61%
Low-Income Solutions	175,386	55,738	32%
Point of Purchase Solutions (residential)	27,536,785	9,505,398	35%
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	31,502	9,848	31%
Residential total	28,449,332	9,833,627	35%

The effects of EISA in the commercial programs are substantially less, with the majority of lighting savings still being available after the standards change (Table 21).

Table 21. PY2022 Commercial Program Lighting Savings to Date—Impacts of EISA Standards

Program	Pre-EISA (2017)	Post-EISA (2017)	Realization rate
Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions	8,605,553	8,188,725	95%

¹⁹ The DOE published the two Final Rules on January 19, 2017, which were scheduled to go into effect on January 1, 2020. However, on September 5, 2019, the DOE withdrew both Final Rules. The Final Rules were restored in 2022, with the Federal General Service Lamp Definitions (87 FR 27461) and Backstop (87 FR 27439) going into effect on July 8 and July 25, 2022, respectively.



Public Institutions Solutions	1,399,306	1,358,762	97%
Small Business Solutions	7,689,472	7,132,395	93%
Point of Purchase Solutions (commercial)	8,166,273	7,447,958	91%
Commercial total	25,860,605	24,127,840	93%

3.2.1.1 EISA Key Findings and Recommendations

The EISA standards will significantly decrease the lighting savings delivered through EAL's residential energy efficiency programs, with less effect on commercial programs.

Below are the recommendations that were provided to the IEM for TRM v 9.1 for a residential early retirement direct install program strategy and recommended further discussion on the appropriate timing of the implementation of the new baseline in 2023.

3.2.1.2 Early Retirement Residential Direct Install

With enforcement at the manufacturer and retail level coming fully into effect during 2023, customers will soon no longer have the option to purchase less efficient bulbs. However, based on the recent residential desk reviews and on-sites conducted by Tetra Tech, there are a substantial number of halogen and incandescent lamps currently operating in homes in Arkansas, especially in low-income homes, which are served by all of EAL's residential programs. Tetra Tech recommends a delayed implementation of the 45 lumens per watt baseline to allow for the early retirement of existing incandescent and halogen lamps in residential programs with direct install LED delivery given documentation requirements are met. Photo documentation of the replaced incandescent or halogen lamps must be collected to claim the early retirement savings.

Tetra Tech recommended first year savings continue to be calculated using the incandescent or halogen lamp baseline assumptions outlined in the Arkansas TRM Version 9.0 for all residential LED direct installations with documentation of inefficient bulb replacement through December 31, 2023. The market may be reassessed for PY2024.

The measure life for indoor and outdoor LED lamps is 12.5 years based on the IEM's review of 2021 EM&V shelfing studies. Due to the DOE standards, the savings over the useful life will need to be adjusted to account for the 45 lumens per watt standards for all years after 2025. The new baseline should be applied for all years after 2025; this is when the incandescent or halogen lamp baseline bulbs will be at the end of their useful life and need to be replaced. An example calculation demonstrating the dual baseline methodology for Arkansas using a 60 W equivalent lamp is below:

$$kWh_{savings} = \left(\frac{43 - W_{post}}{1000}\right) \times HOU \times ISR \times IEF_E \times 2 \ years$$

Tier 2 Energy Savings—PY2026 through PY2036

$$kWh_{savings} = \left(\frac{20 - W_{post}}{1000}\right) \times HOU \times ISR \times IEF_E \times 10.5 \text{ years}$$



Lifetime kWh Savings

 $kWh_{lifetime\ savings} = kWh_{Tier\ 1\ savings} + kWh_{Tier\ 2\ savings}$

3.2.1.3 Timing of Baseline Change

In addition, we recommended the IEM consider further discussion on a TRM mid-PY2023 implementation date for the EISA baseline change. Financial enforcement for retailers of the EISA standard phases in between March 1, 2023, and August 1, 2023. Tetra Tech has received feedback that retailers are likely to discount inefficient lighting to move their inventory as they work toward full compliance with EISA during 2023. Prematurely discontinuing or having to decrease incentives as of January 1 at retail stores for efficient bulbs during this transition period could result in increased inefficient bulbs in Arkansas homes and businesses. This consideration is important for upstream programs such as EAL's Point of Purchase Solutions.

3.2.2 Market Conditions

The market conditions characterization is based on in-depth interviews with six implementation contractor staff and cost information from invoices. The key take-away is that energy efficiency gains are increasingly challenging and expensive to obtain.

An overarching theme is that the cost of energy efficiency is increasing. There are two primary causes of this:

- Increased costs due to inflationary pressures. Interviewees reported increased costs from appliances to insulation. "Increased prices are being felt in every product." A number of costs identified through the invoice review have doubled, including refrigerant, smoke/CO detectors, exhaust fan ducts and insulation.
- Market saturation resulting from program efforts and growth of solar. A commonly repeated statement in the interviews was, "the low hanging fruit is gone." Implementation contractors feel due to multi-year successful energy efficiency programs in Arkansas and increased codes and standards, much of the low-cost lighting and other improvements with shorter payback periods that have already been implemented throughout EAL's territory or are no longer available. Another development reducing opportunity in the market is, "aggressive solar." Some commercial customers who previously participated at other locations have new locations that do not qualify as a result of their significant use of solar power.

In addition to cost concerns, economic uncertainty is a barrier to moving customers forward with energy efficiency improvements. It was reported both residential and commercial customers are prioritizing other needs over energy efficiency. Commercial customers are, "holding their money a little closer to their chest now," and residential customers, "can do less impulse spending now, they have less flexibility." Interviewees have also seen new construction slow down and report a handful of planned projects are now postponed due to both economic uncertainty and increased costs of construction.

Decreasing profit margin (reported as resulting primarily from increased shipping and transportation costs) are affecting program partnerships across the distribution channel. Interviewees reported that the programs' retailer, distributor, and manufacturer partners are, "Singing the same song. They are all feeling the pinch, mainly shipping costs are affecting



things. They have a minimum threshold now they need for shipping. Their profit margins have eroded." Inventory shortages are further affecting partnerships with retailers as they are primarily trying to manage increased inventory uncertainty. They are more concerned if they will have empty shelves than the efficiency of the products on the shelves or available program discounts. Some contractors have dropped out of the programs; residential programs specifically have seen this, because of their decreased profit margins due to increased costs of materials and increased transportation costs. "It is no longer worth it for them to participate."

Finally, staffing and supply chain issues that first presented themselves as pandemic challenges are reported as persisting and continuing to impact the programs. Staff shortages are throughout program delivery from the implementation contractors to contractors working in the field to commercial customers themselves. This negatively impacts relationship-building with customers as staff turnover and staff constraints are prevalent, leading to "halted or prolonged projects." Supply chain issues are having similar effects. Customers often cannot afford to wait for the efficient equipment, resulting in lost opportunities. "The lead time to get things is at least twice as long."

3.2.2.1 Market Trends Key Findings and Recommendations

The PY2023 bridge year presents challenges as EISA comes into effect, inflationary pressures are expected, and many predict a recession that may exacerbate further the financial barriers noted. For the most part, implementation contractors will need to work within set program budgets, which somewhat limits flexibility in incentive amounts to respond to these challenges.

The new program cycle provides more lead time for EAL to transition its portfolio, accounting for the substantial impacts of EISA on the residential programs by exploring new offerings for customers and increasing successful offerings from the current program cycle. Planning of program budgets for the new program cycle should reflect anticipated increased costs for energy efficiency gains and fully assess what can be achieved cost-effectively. The second part of this market trends study—measure trend analysis and benchmarking research—will focus on key findings and recommendations to support the planning effort for the next program cycle.

Below we provide recommendations for EAL's consideration given the key findings from the market conditions characterization.

3.2.2.2 Expand Existing Measures with Market Potential

EAL has been increasing the number of smart thermostats incentivized through the programs, expanding to commercial customer segments as well as residential customers. EAL, Tetra Tech and the IEM continue to work together gathering data to see if commercial smart thermostat deemed savings can be supported as a deemed savings in the TRM in addition to residential smart thermostats.

Information on smart thermostats and other energy efficiency measures is collected regularly by the US Energy Information Administration (EIA). The EIA's most recent Residential Energy Consumption Survey (REC) was conducted from 2020 through early 2021. Results are reported by region; the West South-Central region includes Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas. The most recent results indicate an opportunity to increase market penetration of smart thermostats.



Table 22. EIA 2020-2021 RECs Thermostat Summary Data—West South-Central Region

South Census Region						
Number of housing units (million)						
Has thermostat Total US West South-Cent						
Yes	109.35	12.70				
Smart or internet-connected thermostat	12.78	1.75				
Programmable thermostat	52.49	5.73				
Non-programmable thermostat	44.08	5.22				
No	12.73	1.79				
Does not use heating or air-conditioning equipment	1.45	0.13				

Source: https://www.eia.gov/consumption/residential/data/2020/hc/pdf/HC%207.8.pdf.

EAL has been incentivizing efficient room air-conditioners through the POPS program. There is an opportunity to also deliver efficient room air-conditioners through the other residential programs including Multifamily, Manufactured homes, and Home Energy Solutions. Recently, ICF, the Multifamily Energy Solutions implementer, discussed with EAL and Tetra Tech a multifamily facility that did not have central AC that was interested in efficient room AC units. While there is not as much potential as for smart thermostats, the most recent RECs data does indicate a segment of the residential market that has opportunity.

Table 23. EIA 2020-2021 RECs Thermostat Summary Data—West South-Central Region

South Census Region				
Number of housing units (million)				
Number of window or wall air conditioners used				
One	.89			
Two	.67			
Three	.44			
Four or more	.33			
Does not use window or wall air-conditioner	11.42			
Does not use air-conditioning equipment	.87			

Source: https://www.eia.gov/consumption/residential/data/2020/hc/pdf/HC%207.8.pdf.

3.2.2.3 Low- and No-Cost Options for the Customer

Offering low- and no-cost measures for customers can address the financial barriers identified due to increased economic uncertainty. *Appliance recycling* is an established measure included in many state TRMs. It can be offered at no cost to customers, or an incentive can be provided to the customer to remove the older, inefficient appliance. While this service often barely passed cost-effectiveness testing, it can provide the opportunity to educate customers about other energy efficiency offerings. EAL, Tetra Tech, and CLEAResult have been working together to establish reliable savings for appliance recycling in Arkansas.

3.2.2.4 Online Offerings

It was noted in the in-depth interviews that while many customers have gone back to in-person shopping, a high percentage of purchases remain online. It was hypothesized this may be because customers found online shopping convenient, because of ongoing health and safety concerns, or a combination of both. Regardless, assuming a high percentage of online shopping is stable or increasing, EAL should continue to explore online delivery of measures and possible expansions for the PY2023 bridge year and next program cycle.

Financing Options

Given the financial barriers noted, EAL may want to investigate the feasibility of different customer financing strategies for the next program cycle. If EAL is interested in exploring the feasibility of financing, Tetra Tech will include utility program financing options in the benchmarking research that will be conducted in the next round of activities for this market trends study.

3.3 MEASURE-LEVEL TREND ANALYSIS

This section presents analysis to assist EAL with program planning. Each EAL program targets a specific sector or subset of EAL's customers; however, the portfolio provides a wide range of energy efficiency measures to all customer classes across EAL's territory. This section summarizes and analyzes the measures offered by EAL since 2017.

3.3.1 Key Findings

The percentage of portfolio net energy savings coming from *lighting* measures has decreased in the past five years, from almost 68 percent in 2017 to 44 percent in 2022.²⁰ During the same time, *envelope* measures' net energy savings increased from 11 to 18 percent of EAL's portfolio. Table 24 provides net energy savings and annual portfolio contribution by measure and year, while Figure 7 and Table 26 provide the percentage of total portfolio net energy savings across major measure categories and years.

²⁰ Lighting includes both lighting and custom lighting measures.



Table 24. Portfolio Net Energy Savings by Year²¹

		. Portiono Net				
Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Lighting	166,793,182	151,108,341	137,763,419	129,489,236	121,011,056	117,737,600
CEI	0	0	0	0	46,282,095	35,718,020
Duct sealing	20,430,411	23,676,569	23,584,777	34,601,308	36,870,819	37,758,860
Custom other	22,385,721	28,155,198	24,420,374	54,643,410	24,833,072	35,982,984
APS	2,465,866	2,921,167	10,479,824	11,486,241	18,696,574	11,694,740
Smart thermostat	4,731,004	7,234,528	10,041,652	20,994,997	15,476,846	4,209,514
Custom lighting	7,609,051	6,929,022	4,938,316	13,313,382	13,425,635	11,142,520
Envelope	0	0	8,414,786	7,856,520	9,270,508	5,819,974
Custom HVAC	5,385,928	5,601,603	2,166,419	5,459,916	8,253,378	1,064,809
Ceiling insulation	3,974,535	4,300,516	5,009,060	5,672,761	5,271,649	4,968,349
Air infiltration	3,132,068	3,421,356	3,612,310	5,124,279	4,686,081	4,094,911
AC/HP TU	5,354,733	7,873,043	1,320,560	2,419,767	2,392,191	3,498,318
DHW	353,762	221,221	210,561	166,171	318,894	315,357
Pool pumps	119,968	152,391	437,096	334,151	307,388	117,247
HVAC	962,103	1,873,934	1,596,618	507,158	238,237	834,756
Refrigeration	3,531,932	2,083,619	1,044,494	575,531	204,378	983,697
Low-flow showerhead	207,541	180,749	195,405	269,335	203,493	403,622
Other	0	0	0	0	85,165	0
Air purifier	0	3,873	11,034	24,687	57,228	14,108
Faucet aerator	32,395	121,111	25,369	54,184	42,018	56,435
AC/HP replacement	6,451,413	0	7,876,560	0	11,835	89,542
Dehumidifier	0	7,203	3,938	5,280	3,431	2,854
Freezers	0	0	0	39	175	372
VFD	615	0	0	0	0	16,415,150
Battery chargers	80,093	5,117	159,629	209,261	0	2,134
Clothes washer	26,310	18,627	3,580	0	0	0
Com. door air infiltration	3,055,396	3,435,678	58,990	0	0	0
Electronically commutated motor (ECM)	0	0	290,922	0	0	0
HPWH	4,927	0	0	0	0	0

²¹ All tables and figures in this section exclude energy savings from demand response (AILC, Residential DLC, BYOT/MYTP, and SDLC) and behavioral programs (Residential Rewards).



Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Motors	0	56,427	0	0	0	0
Total	257,088,955	249,381,293	243,665,692	293,207,616	307,942,146	292,925,895

Table 25. Percentage of Portfolio Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year

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Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Lighting	64.9%	60.6%	56.5%	44.2%	39.3%	40.2%
CEI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	15.0%	12.2%
Duct sealing	7.9%	9.5%	9.7%	11.8%	12.0%	12.9%
Custom other	8.7%	11.3%	10.0%	18.6%	8.1%	12.3%
APS	1.0%	1.2%	4.3%	3.9%	6.1%	4.0%
Smart thermostat	1.8%	2.9%	4.1%	7.2%	5.0%	1.4%
Custom lighting	3.0%	2.8%	2.0%	4.5%	4.4%	3.8%
Envelope	0.0%	0.0%	3.5%	2.7%	3.0%	2.0%
Custom HVAC	2.1%	2.2%	0.9%	1.9%	2.7%	0.4%
Ceiling insulation	1.5%	1.7%	2.1%	1.9%	1.7%	1.7%
Air infiltration	1.2%	1.4%	1.5%	1.7%	1.5%	1.4%
AC/HP TU	2.1%	3.2%	0.5%	0.8%	0.8%	1.2%
DHW	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Pool pumps	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	<0.1%
HVAC	0.4%	0.8%	0.7%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%
Refrigeration	1.4%	0.8%	0.4%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%
Low-flow showerhead	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Other	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	<0.1%	0.0%
Air purifier	0.0%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%
Faucet aerator	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%
AC/HP replacement	2.5%	0.0%	3.2%	0.0%	<0.1%	<0.1%
Dehumidifier	0.0%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%
Freezers	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%
VFD	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.6%
Battery chargers	<0.1%	<0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	<0.1%
Clothes washer	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Com. door air infiltration	1.2%	1.4%	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
ECM	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
HPWH	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
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Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Motors	0.0%	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Figure 7. Distribution of Portfolio Net Energy Savings by Measure Category and Year (2017–2022)

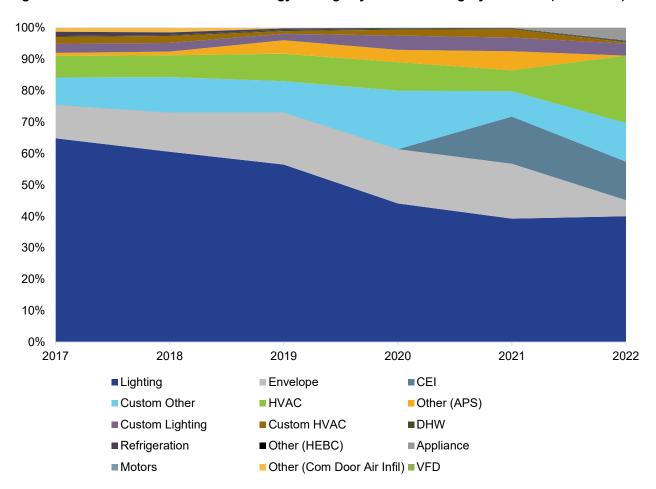


Table 26. Distribution of Portfolio Net Energy Savings by Measure Category and Year

Measure category	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Lighting	64.9%	60.6%	56.5%	44.2%	39.3%	40.2%
Envelope	10.6%	12.5%	16.5%	17.3%	17.5%	5.1%
CEI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	15.0%	12.2%
Custom other	8.7%	11.3%	10.0%	18.6%	8.1%	12.3%
HVAC	6.9%	6.9%	8.7%	9.1%	6.6%	21.4%
Other (APS)	1.0%	1.2%	4.3%	3.9%	6.1%	0.0%

Measure category	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Custom lighting	3.0%	2.8%	2.0%	4.5%	4.4%	3.8%
Custom HVAC	2.1%	2.2%	0.9%	1.9%	2.7%	0.4%
DHW	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Refrigeration	1.4%	0.8%	0.4%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%
Other (HEBC)	<0.1%	<0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	<0.1%	0.0%
Appliance	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	4.0%
Motors	0.0%	<0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other (Com. door air infil.)	1.2%	1.4%	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
VFD	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

3.3.2 Commercial Sector

The commercial sector programs, much like the overall portfolio, had a majority of net energy savings from *lighting* measures and installations. However, the proportion of commercial savings coming from *lighting* decreased each year between 2017 and 2022, from a high point of 70 percent of sector savings to 40 percent in 2022. As of 2022, *continuous energy improvement* (CEI) projects now contribute roughly one-fifth of commercial sector energy savings, with *custom other* (i.e., *custom* projects that involve neither *lighting* nor *HVAC* installations) also contributing 22 percent of savings. Table 27 provides a full distribution of net energy savings by measure and year in the commercial sector, with Figure 8 showing trends among commercial programs from 2017 through 2022.

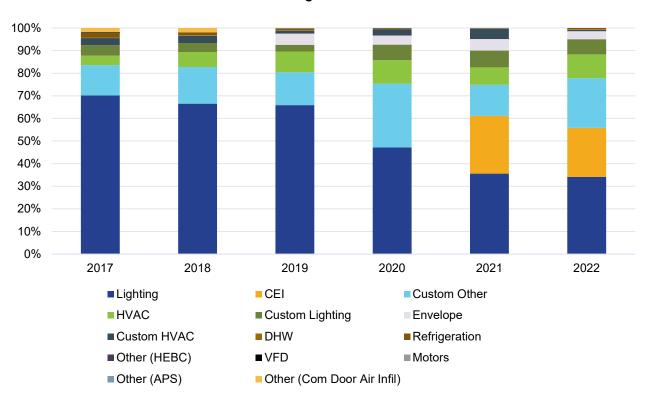
Table 27. Percentage of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Commercial Programs

	Percentag	ge of net er	nergy savin	igs by mea	sure and y	ear (kWh)
Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Lighting	70.2%	66.5%	65.9%	47.2%	35.6%	33.9%
CEI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.5%	21.6%
Custom other	13.4%	16.2%	14.5%	28.2%	13.7%	21.8%
HVAC	4.2%	6.6%	9.2%	10.4%	7.8%	10.5%
Custom lighting	4.6%	4.0%	2.9%	6.9%	7.4%	6.7%
Envelope	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%	4.1%	5.1%	3.5%
Custom HVAC	3.2%	3.2%	1.3%	2.8%	4.6%	0.6%
DHW	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Refrigeration	2.1%	1.2%	0.6%	0.3%	0.1%	0.6%
Other (HEBC)	<0.1%	<0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	<0.1%	0.0%
Motors	0.0%	<0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other (APS)	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%



	Percentag	Percentage of net energy savings by measure and year (kWh)							
Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
Other (com door air infil.)	1.8%	2.0%	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			
VFD	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			
Total	100.0%	100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%							

Figure 8. Distribution of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (2017–2022)—Commercial Programs



3.3.2.1 Agricultural Energy Solutions

Apart from 2019 and 2020, where one custom VFD project occurred in both years, all energy savings in the Agricultural Energy Solutions (AES) program came from *lighting* installations and retrofits, as shown in Table 28.

Table 28. Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Agricultural Energy Solutions Program

Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Custom lighting	7,609,051	6,929,022	4,938,316	13,313,382	13,425,635	11,142,520

Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Custom VFD	0	0	37,461	24,669	0	0
Total	7,609,051	6,929,022	4,938,316	13,313,382	13,425,635	11,142,520

3.3.2.2 Public Institutions Solutions²²

The Public Institutions Solutions (PIS) program has greatly decreased the amount of savings coming from *lighting* measures during the past five years. Table 29 details total program savings since 2017. Since 2020, *HVAC* measures have contributed the highest proportion of net energy savings in PIS, with 52 percent and 57 of net energy savings in 2021 and 2022, respectively.

Table 29. Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Public Institutions Solutions Program

Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
HVAC	61,100	222,801	433,319	11,972,620	10,431,055	11,030,222
Lighting	19,060,779	20,841,597	15,876,758	9,016,732	5,650,769	3,728,282
Custom other	112,181	187,003	71,245	2,876,196	1,810,040	570,965
CEI	0	0	0	0	1,389,771	2,921,962
Envelope	0	0	0	392,840	916,969	847,075
DHW	34,373	102,089	0	101,077	36,225	126,197
Custom HVAC	0	3,647,408	882,217	0	0	0
Other (APS)	418,009	0	0	0	0	0
Other (com door air infil.)	46,181	110,233	58,990	0	0	0
Refrigeration	208,080	0	0	0	0	0
Total	19,940,702	25,111,131	17,322,529	24,359,465	20,234,829	19,224,703

²² Includes CitySmart data pre-2020.



3.3.2.3 Large Commercial and Industrial

The Large Commercial and Industrial program also witnessed a decline in *lighting* savings relative to other measures in 2022 compared to previous years. In 2017, 65 percent of the Commercial and Industrial program's net energy savings came from *lighting* measures; in 2022 this number dropped to 24 percent. Other *custom* projects have always provided a large portion of Commercial and Industrial program savings, ranging from 20 to 44 percent in the past six years. More recently, the program has added *continuous energy improvement* (CEI) projects to the measure mixture; these projects contributed 33 percent of program savings in 2022. CEI projects were previously categorized as *other custom* projects. Figure 9 and Table 30 provide details on the distribution of savings among Large Commercial and Industrial program measures between 2017 and 2022.

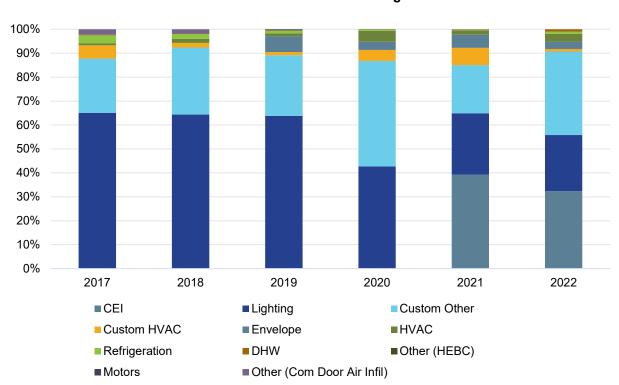


Figure 9. Distribution of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (2017–2022)—Large Commercial and Industrial Program

Table 30. Percentage of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Large Commercial and Industrial Program

Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
CEI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	39.2%	32.6%
Lighting	65.1%	64.4%	63.8%	42.7%	25.7%	23.7%
Custom other	22.7%	28.0%	25.4%	44.0%	20.1%	35.2%
Custom HVAC	5.5%	2.0%	1.3%	4.6%	7.2%	1.1%
Envelope	0.0%	0.0%	6.6%	3.4%	5.4%	3.1%



Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
HVAC	0.9%	1.6%	1.2%	4.5%	1.9%	3.2%
Refrigeration	3.2%	2.0%	1.1%	0.5%	0.2%	1.0%
DHW	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	<0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Other (HEBC)	0.1%	<0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	3.0%
Motors	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other (com door air infil)	2.3%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

3.3.2.4 Small Business Solutions

The Small Business Solutions program remains dominated by *lighting* savings, with 72 percent of net savings coming from *lighting* installations in 2022. This trend was relatively consistent during the past six years, with *lighting* responsible for 67 to 96 percent of program savings. *HVAC* measures are also a relatively large contributor to savings, with more than 17 percent of program savings coming from *HVAC* measures in 2022. Figure 10 and Table 31 provide details on the distribution of savings among Small Business Solutions measures between 2017 and 2022.

Figure 10. Distribution of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (2017–2022)—Small Business Solutions Program

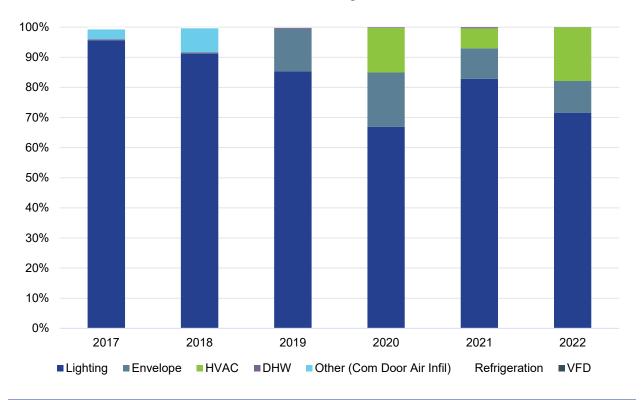


Table 31. Percentage of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Small Business Solutions Program

Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Lighting	95.6%	91.2%	85.3%	66.9%	82.9%	71.7%
Envelope	0.0%	0.0%	14.1%	18.1%	10.1%	10.5%
HVAC	0.0%	<0.1%	0.0%	14.8%	6.6%	17.8%
DHW	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%	0.1%
Other (com door air infil)	3.3%	8.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Refrigeration	0.7%	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	<0.1%
VFD	<0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

3.3.2.5 Point of Purchase Solutions—Midstream Lighting

The Commercial Midstream Lighting program, which merged into the Point of Purchase Solutions (POPS) program in 2020, provides *lighting* measures to commercial customers through participating distributors. While the Commercial Midstream Lighting program offered customers rebates for additional, *non-lighting* measures (i.e., *variable frequency drives* (VFD)), the commercial portion of the POPS program focuses solely on *lighting*. Table 32 summarizes the programs' net savings since 2017.

Table 32. Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Commercial Midstream Lighting/Point of Purchase Solutions Programs

Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Lighting	12,312,436	13,282,892	21,346,170	19,256,550	11,866,983	16,052,790
Pumps	0	38,656	252,103	0	0	0
Total	12,312,436	13,321,548	21,598,273	19,256,550	11,866,983	16,052,790

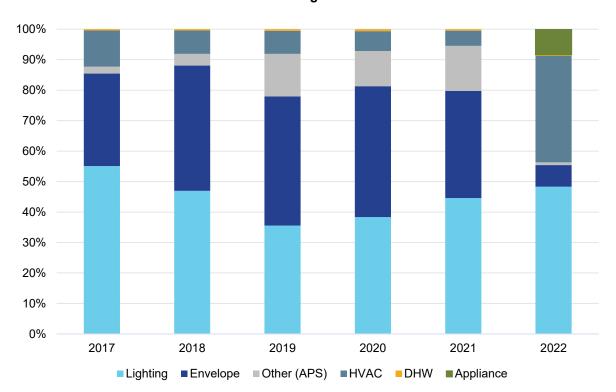
3.3.3 Residential Sector

The residential sector programs, much like the overall portfolio, had a majority of net energy savings from *lighting* measures and installations. From a high point of 55 percent of sector savings in 2017, *lighting*'s contribution to residential energy savings decreased to 36 percent in 2019 before climbing in 2020 to 38 percent, increasing again in 2021 to 45 percent, and a final increase to 48 percent of sector savings in 2022. *HVAC* measures contribute the second largest portion of residential sector savings in 2022 at 35 percent of annual residential sector savings. Table 33 provides a full distribution of net energy savings by measure and year in the residential sector, with Figure 11 showing trends among residential programs from 2017 through 2022.

Table 33. Percentage of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Residential Programs

Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Lighting	55.1%	46.9%	35.5%	38.3%	44.6%	48.3%
Envelope	30.3%	41.1%	42.4%	43.0%	35.1%	7.1%
Other (APS)	2.3%	3.9%	14.0%	11.5%	14.7%	0.9%
HVAC	11.8%	7.6%	7.5%	6.5%	5.0%	34.9%
DHW	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.7%	0.5%	0.4%
Appliance	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	8.4%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Figure 11. Distribution of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (2017–2022)—Residential Programs



3.3.3.1 Home Energy Solutions

The Home Energy Solutions (HES) program, previously dominated by *envelope* savings, saw *HVAC* savings take over prime position in 2022 with 75 percent of net savings. This was a result of a concerted effort by EAL and its implementation contractor to increase HVAC in the program to better align with planning estimates for the program. Figure 12 and Table 34 provide details on the distribution of savings among Home Energy Solutions program measures between 2017 and 2022.

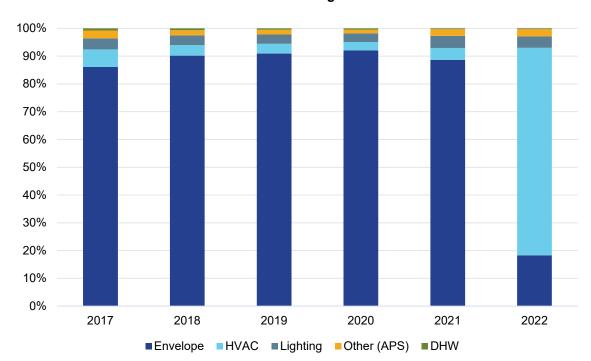


Figure 12. Distribution of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (2017–2022)—Home Energy Solutions Program

Table 34. Percentage of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Home Energy Solutions
Program

	Percentage of net energy savings by measure and year (kWh)								
Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
Envelope	86.1%	90.2%	90.9%	92.1%	88.6%	18.3%			
HVAC	6.3%	3.8%	3.5%	3.0%	4.3%	74.7%			
Lighting	4.0%	3.5%	3.4%	3.1%	4.4%	4.1%			
Other (APS)	2.8%	1.8%	1.7%	1.4%	2.3%	2.6%			
DHW	0.8%	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%			
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			

3.3.3.2 Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes

The Manufactured Homes program was dominated by envelope savings between 2017 and 2021, with at least 74 percent of net savings coming from envelope measures each of the five years. In 2022 only 6 percent of savings from manufactured homes projects came from envelope measures, while 91 percent came from HVAC projects. Figure 13 and Table 35 provide details on the distribution of savings among Manufactured Homes measures between 2017 and 2022.

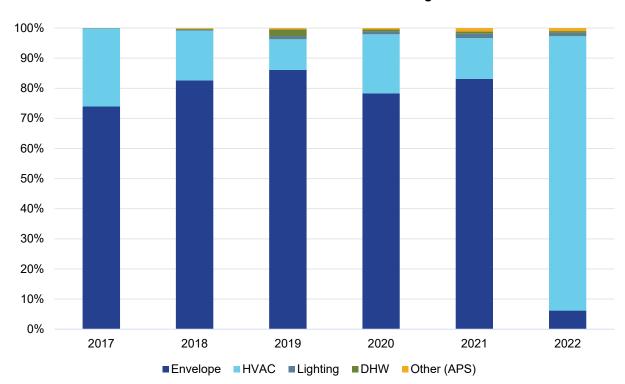


Figure 13. Distribution of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (2017–2022)—Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes Program

Table 35. Percentage of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes Program

	Percentage of net energy savings by measure and year (kWh)								
Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
Envelope	73.9%	82.6%	86.1%	78.3%	83.1%	6.2%			
HVAC	25.9%	16.6%	10.2%	19.7%	13.6%	91.1%			
Lighting	0.1%	0.2%	1.1%	1.0%	1.4%	1.1%			
DHW	0.1%	0.3%	2.2%	0.6%	0.8%	0.6%			
Other (APS)	<0.1%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%	1.2%	1.0%			
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			

3.3.3.3 Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes

The Multifamily Homes program has been dominated by HVAC and envelope savings for the past six years. In 2017, HVAC was responsible for 71 percent of the savings, and envelope measures 28 percent of savings. This trend shifted in the years after, where in 2021, 80 percent of program savings came from envelope measures and 16 percent from HVAC. In 2022,

however, this trended reverted back and HVAC measures account for 78 percent of multifamily homes savings, and only 18 percent comes from envelope savings. Figure 14 and Table 36 provide details on the distribution of savings among Multifamily Homes measures between 2017 and 2022.

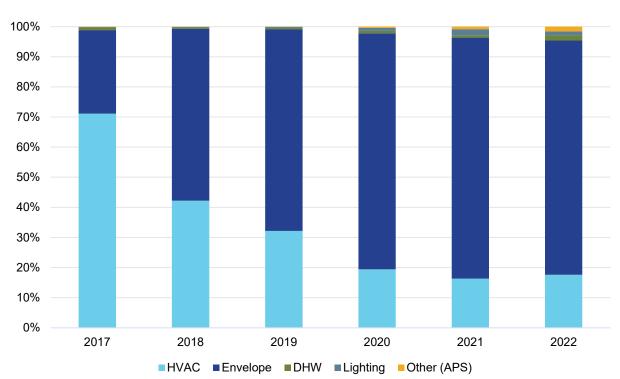


Figure 14. Distribution of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (2017–2022)—Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program

Table 36. Percentage of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program

	Percentage of net energy savings by measure and year (kWh)					
Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Envelope	27.7%	57.1%	67.0%	78.4%	80.0%	17.6%
HVAC	71.1%	42.2%	32.2%	19.4%	16.4%	77.8%
Lighting	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	1.0%	2.0%	1.7%
Other (APS)	0.1%	0.1%	<0.1%	0.4%	0.8%	1.3%
DHW	0.9%	0.4%	0.5%	0.8%	0.8%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

3.3.3.4 Point of Purchase Solutions

The Point of Purchase Solutions program has had the majority of its savings come from lighting over the past six years, with between 70 and 97 percent of POPS savings. In 2022 HVAC and appliance measures were the next largest contributors with about 7 percent from each. Figure 15 and Table 37 provide details on the distribution of savings among Point of Purchase Solutions measures between 2017 and 2022.

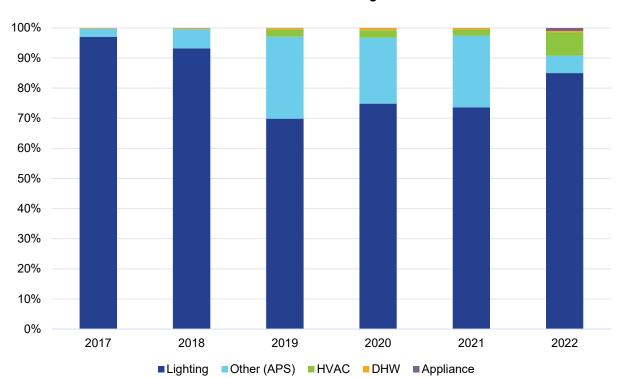


Figure 15. Distribution of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (2017–2022)—Point of Purchase Solutions Programs

Table 37. Percentage of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Point of Purchase Solutions Programs

	Percentage of net energy savings by measure and year (kWh)					Wh)
Measure	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Lighting	97.1%	93.2%	69.9%	74.8%	73.6%	84.9%
Other (APS)	2.6%	6.4%	27.2%	21.9%	23.8%	5.8%
HVAC	0.0%	0.0%	2.4%	2.5%	2.0%	7.7%
DHW	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%
Appliance	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	1.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	84.9%

3.3.3.5 Low-Income Solutions

The Low-Income Solutions program was primarily driven by envelope savings in 2020 and 2021, with 74 and 76 percent of LIS net savings respectively. In 2022, envelope savings only account for 18 percent of savings, while HVAC contributed to 74 percent of LIS savings. Figure 16 and Table 38 provide details on the distribution of savings among Low-Income Solutions measures between 2020 and 2022.

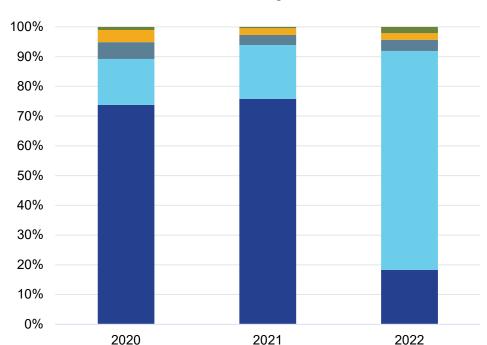


Figure 16. Distribution of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (2017–2022)—Low-Income Solutions Program

Table 38. Percentage of Net Energy Savings by Measure and Year (kWh)—Low-Income Solutions Program

■ Envelope ■ HVAC ■ Lighting ■ Other (APS) ■ DHW

Measure	2020	2021	
Envelope	73.8%	75.8%	18.3%
HVAC	15.5%	18.1%	73.6%
Lighting	5.6%	3.4%	3.8%
Other (APS)	4.1%	2.3%	2.2%
DHW	1.0%	0.5%	2.1%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

3.4 COMPREHENSIVENESS CHECKLIST

The EM&V effort includes an annual review of the Arkansas Public Service Commission's (APSC) Comprehensiveness Checklist (Comprehensive Checklist) to assess portfolio performance against the checklist's seven factors. From the EM&V team's assessment, EAL met the APSC's Comprehensiveness Checklist's objectives in PY2022.

Comprehensiveness Factor 1

Whether the programs or portfolios provide, directly or through identification and coordination, the education, training, marketing, or outreach needed to address market barriers to adopting cost-effective energy efficiency measures.

The EM&V team assessed this factor through in-depth interviews with EAL's implementation contractors and a review of marketing and training materials. The EAL programs continued to provide education and outreach to trade allies and customers that address specific market barriers to adopting cost-effective efficiency measures. For some programs, trade ally technical training increased, and there were several initiatives to increase the effectiveness of marketing and outreach. The following highlights specific efforts made to achieve this factor:

- Program branding and all marketing materials continue to carry the *EAL Solutions* logo. Marketing collateral was updated and refreshed.
- Mass marketing, coupled with targeted marketing to specific segments, continued to
 raise awareness among customers. EAL and its implementation contractors sought out
 various speaking opportunities, participated in community events, and conducted inperson visits to target markets. Remote outreach efforts included media buys (print and
 radio were the most common), direct mailings, telephone calls, and email blasts. Email
 blasts were incredibly successful in raising awareness and motivating customers to
 participate. In addition, EAL's active engagement of trade allies and social service
 organizations supported awareness building and participation as found in process
 evaluation surveys
- Trade ally education and training continued across all programs and expanded to meet specific measures. For the commercial programs, a trade ally specialist position continued to focus on recruiting and training trade allies on all programs, measures, incentive levels, marketing, and project savings calculators. Trade ally summits were also held for educational purposes and recognized high-performing trade allies with awards to foster continued program participation. EAL combined the upstream residential and midstream commercial lighting programs into the Point of Purchase Solutions program starting in PY2020. The combined program facilitated the program implementer focusing on retailer and distributor outreach and training to help sales associates be subject-matter experts that could influence decision-making during the purchase.

- EAL solicited customer feedback to improve customer outreach and education.
 Programs provided a toll-free telephone number to customers to speak directly with customer service representatives. Also, several programs in EAL's portfolio conducted periodic surveys to receive feedback about satisfaction directly from program participants. Overall, PY2020-PY2022 process evaluations with participants found very high satisfaction with EAL programs.
- Program staff dedicated marketing and outreach across all EAL territories. EAL program managers and implementation contractor staff are program experts and provide education and outreach about programs, including other utilities' programs. Also, program staff recruit trade allies that provide additional program reach across EAL's service territory and help them successfully achieve goals. Online purchasing tools expanded this program cycle, allowing customers to identify their rebated items online, verify eligibility, and obtain a scannable code for use at participating retailers, further increasing the accessibility and ease of participation. While online offerings increased in response to the pandemic, implementation staff believe it is a preferred option for a segment that is here to stay and has continued to build on these efforts.
- EAL increased offerings to low-income customers due to the substantial affordability barriers this sector faces. In addition to downstream program offerings, EAL and its implementation contractor partnered with various organizations that serve low-income customers, such as food banks, to deliver energy-efficient products to these households. It also increased participation of retailers in low-income neighborhoods that participate in the POPS program.

Whether the program or portfolio has adequate budgetary, management, and program delivery resources to plan, design, implement, oversee, and evaluate energy efficiency programs.

The EM&V team assessed this factor through performance data provided by EAL and in-depth interviews with implementation contractors and program staff. Overall, the EM&V team found budgets and resources were sufficient to support program goals. However, lower avoided costs, increased goals in the new program cycle, and a myriad of challenges first arising in the pandemic continued to be a challenge. Increased costs of materials coupled with lower availability for ongoing programs were specific obstacles in PY2022. Research indicated this continued in PY2022 and was exacerbated due to staffing and supply chain constraints. The programs continued to leverage the trade ally infrastructure to market the programs and deliver them to customers, coupled with mass marketing as described above.

• In most cases, program budgets were sufficient to implement the programs, but rising material and staffing costs are a concern. Program and implementation staff reported that they had enough budget to cover program implementation in PY2022, but also reported concern with continued increasing costs. Pre-negotiated contracts helped keep many costs maintained in PY2022, but there are concerns about future program years. EAL achieved its energy savings goals at a portfolio level but fell short of demand reduction targets while spending 85 percent of the planned budget.

Budget flexibility is helpful for EAL to make allowable adjustments to deliver
annual cost-effective energy efficiency. As in previous APSC rulings, the Arkansas
utilities retain the flexibility to make up to ten percent adjustments to program budgets
and adjust energy savings and demand reduction goals appropriately within the
modified budgets. In PY2022, EAL revised the approved budget within the APSC's
guidelines for budget flexibility. EAL moved budgeted dollars from underachieving
programs to programs seeing more positive market acceptance, detailed in Table 39.
The flexibility allowed EAL to reallocate funding to newer program offerings, including
those disproportionately impacted by the persistent staffing and cost concerns
discussed above.

Table 39. PY2022 Budgets by Program (\$1,000s) (Initial vs. Revised vs. Actual)

Program	Initial budget	Revised budget	Actual spend
Home Energy Solutions	\$11,303	\$11,158	\$10,640
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	\$2,650	\$2,790	\$2,622
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	\$1,261	\$1,406	\$1,247
Low-Income Solutions	\$4,958	\$4,958	\$3,652
Point of Purchase Solutions	\$7,889	\$9,163	\$9,215
Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions	\$21,779	\$20,318	\$14,752
Small Business Solutions	\$2,581	\$3,114	\$3,048
Public Institutions Solutions	\$3,806	\$3,459	\$2,841
Agricultural Energy Solutions	\$1,353	\$1,638	\$1,553
Residential Direct Load Control Pilot	\$3,548	\$3,548	\$2,643
Smart Direct Load Control	\$4,005	\$3,580	\$2,986
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	\$3,918	\$3,918	\$3,541
Energy Efficiency Arkansas	\$303	\$303	\$264
Total	\$69,355	\$69,355	\$59,004

Whether the programs or portfolio reasonably address all major end-uses of electricity or natural gas, as appropriate.

The reader is referred to the *Measure Trend Analysis* (Section 3.3) above as it fully addresses the findings for this comprehensive factor. This factor was found to be fully met as **program designs include measure offerings and incentives to promote all significant electricity end-uses**. Programs have tiered incentives to encourage customers to undertake more comprehensive energy efficiency projects. The Small Business Solutions program has a generous incentive for *refrigeration* to encourage this measure in addition to *lighting*. The Point of Purchase Solutions program has expanded the number of measures incentivized by working directly with retailers and distributors. The Home Energy Solutions and Low-Income Solutions programs audit identifies savings and provides education regarding all available significant electricity end-uses, including offerings through the CWA. Also, EAL continues to look for new cost-effective measure offerings to add to its program offerings, such as *ductless mini-splits*. Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions has been consistently delivering one-half or more of its savings through *custom* offerings tailored to customer needs.

Comprehensiveness Factor 4

Whether the programs or portfolio, to the maximum extent reasonable, comprehensively address customers' needs at one time to avoid cream-skimming and lost opportunities.

The EM&V team assessed this factor through tracking system data analysis and interviews with EAL program managers and program implementers. EAL reported both program changes and continued program strategies to comprehensively address customers' needs and provide savings options to customers. Previous years found a consistent theme that this can be difficult to do at one time and can be achieved once a customer relationship has been established. The programs have gained traction, allowing them to build on past positive program experiences to do additional customer projects.

- EAL continues to try and identify and serve customers comprehensively. EAL staff and implementation contractors reported successfully implementing deeper savings as programs and customer relationships have become more established. Across the residential programs and direct-install measures, more envelope and AC tune-up measures occur as duct sealing has become a significant source of savings identified through energy assessments. Another example of addressing multiple needs is the Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions program, where over half of the savings in PY2022 are from custom projects. The implementation contractor works closely with customers to comprehensively address facility needs. The Public Institutions Solutions program has also more comprehensively served customers, with over one-half of savings coming from HVAC measures in addition to about one-quarter from lighting.
- Program staff educated customers on all energy efficiency needs. One of the
 program staff's objectives is to comprehensively serve customers and foster strong
 customer relationships to educate customers on energy efficiency better and drive
 deeper savings. Field staff have developed customer relationships across EAL's
 territory, including in the harder-to-reach small business, agriculture, multifamily,
 manufactured homes, and low-income segments with the objective of more
 comprehensively meeting their energy efficiency needs.



Whether such programs take advantage of opportunities to address targeted customer sectors' comprehensive needs or leverage non-utility program resources.

The EM&V team assessed Comprehensive Factor 5 through in-depth interviews with EAL staff and implementation contractors, a review of outreach events, and participant characterization. Overall, the EM&V team found several strategic partnerships to reach targeted customer sectors and leverage non-utility program resources.

- New and innovative partnerships led to increased outreach activities for the
 agriculture and commercial sectors. Both agriculture and commercial sectors have
 built a successful relationship with implementation staff. Partnerships were reported
 with several agencies and associations, including various trade associations. EAL
 reported partnering with the Arkansas Association of Energy Efficiency Engineers to
 co-fund training and seminars on HVAC, lighting technologies, and energy
 benchmarking. The Agricultural Energy Solutions program has partnered with the
 United States Department of Agriculture to serve this customer segment.
- Non-utility program resources were leveraged for the residential sectors.
 Arkansas weatherization and community action agencies were engaged to support the implementation of the Low-Income Solutions program. Working with the community action agencies also aimed to increase the geographic reach of the residential programs. In addition, a number of strategic partnerships were established and led to neighborhood sweeps such as a partnership with Habitat for Humanity.
- Programs continue to foster and increase partnerships with manufacturers, distributors, and trade allies. The Point of Purchase Solutions program has increased participating distributors and retailers and expanded to new types of measures and expanded partnerships to reach low-income segments. Implementors called all of the participating distributors who were considered inactive in the past year and provided additional training and tools.

Table 40 summarizes the customers served by programs, demonstrating the effectiveness of efforts to meet various customer sectors' comprehensive needs through downstream, midstream, and upstream programs. While more energy savings and demand reductions accrue to commercial and agricultural customers, almost one-half of savings and demand reductions are delivered to thousands of residential customers.

Table 40. Distribution of Participating Customers by Program and Sector

Program	Participating customers ²³	Percentage of sector served	Percentage of portfolio
Residential			
Home Energy Solutions	7,369	1%	1%
Low-Income Solutions	1,727	0%	0%

²³ Participant count does not include measures that did not claim energy or demand savings, such as duplicate *smart thermostat* measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, *health and safety* measures, and *audits*.



Program	Participating customers ²³	Percentage of sector served	Percentage of portfolio
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	627	0%	0%
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	2,348	0%	0%
Point of Purchase Solutions	779,388	96%	96%
Residential Direct Load Control	15,685	2%	2%
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—Residential	1,734	0%	0%
Residential subtotal	808,878	100%	99%
Commercial			
Point of Purchase Solutions	617	15%	0%
Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions	521	13%	0%
Small Business Solutions	711	17%	0%
Public Institutions Solutions	263	6%	0%
Agricultural Energy Solutions	15	0%	0%
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	1,857	45%	0%
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—Commercial	152	4%	0%
Commercial subtotal	4,136	100%	1%
Total ²⁴	813,050		100%

Whether the programs or portfolio enable the delivery of achievable, cost-effective energy efficiency within a reasonable period and maximize net benefits to customers and the utility system.

The EM&V team assessed this factor through the EAL program manager, implementer interviews, and data analysis. While EAL and implementers reported enough budget allocations to achieve the goal, they also reported the need to realize cost efficiencies to keep programs cost-effective given the persistent challenges from the pandemic and, in particular, inflation across a variety of materials and equipment. EAL also reported strategies to maximize net benefits, which they effectively achieve based on a portfolio-level NTG ratio of 97 percent in PY2022, which increased from the PY2021 portfolio NTG ratio of 95 percent and PY2020 portfolio NTG ratio of 90 percent. Strategies are discussed below.

Program delivery aims to maximize NTG ratios. EAL reports screening commercial
customers during the application phase to ascertain whether the program would be
instrumental in helping them move forward with energy efficiency instead of incentivizing

²⁴ Due to the upstream nature of most program activity for POPS, it is impossible to identify unique participants. Accordingly, this total likely includes EAL customers that participated in multiple programs.



the energy efficiency projects they were already going to do. The screening is primarily done during pre-inspections. Implementation contractors also report reviewing measure offerings to maximize net savings. Efforts were successful in PY2022 to target measures to low-income segments through partnerships with organizations such as food banks and Habitat for Humanity and serving this sector through the Low-Income Solutions, Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes and Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes. The PY2020 Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions NTG research also showed higher NTG values for *custom* projects, which have continued to increase under this program, positively affecting the NTG ratio.

• Strategies are used to keep programs cost-effective. EAL reported that *lighting* has helped keep programs cost-effective while pursuing other comprehensive end-uses of electricity. While residential lighting will not be part of EAL's portfolio in the next program cycle due to EISA, EAL does expect commercial lighting to continue to be a cost-effective, energy savings action. See the *EISA Impact Analysis* (Section 3.2.1) that shows less impact on commercial applications. Also, implementation strategies are used to minimize costs where possible. Two examples are (1) bundling service trips geographically to customers to minimize travel costs and (2) increasing online applications.

Comprehensiveness Factor 7

Whether the programs or portfolios have EM&V procedures adequate to support program management and improvement, calculate energy, demand, revenue impacts, and resource planning decisions.

The EM&V team assessed this factor through program staff interviews and IEM coordination. The EM&V team's impression is that a collaborative approach with EAL and implementation contractors—while maintaining the evaluation process's objectivity—results in program benefits that lead to healthy realization rates as savings differences are addressed proactively when possible. One example is 100 percent realization rates for tracking system reviews as the EM&V team provides interim results mid-program-year to EAL and implementation contractors. Another example is ongoing technical reviews and assistance up-front, such as Large Commercial & Industrial Solutions and Agricultural Energy Solutions programs custom projects.

• The EM&V team actively engaged with EAL, implementation contractors, and the IEM throughout the evaluation period. The EM&V team met biweekly with implementation contractors to discuss program updates and project questions. The EM&V team provided up-front reviews and feedback on savings questions and quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures, and information collected on participation forms. The EM&V team also met with EAL biweekly to discuss EM&V progress and issues needing resolution. The EM&V team submitted monthly status reports to the IEM and sought guidance as questions arose throughout the evaluation period.

- The EM&V team worked with EAL and the IEM for a final PY2022 EM&V Plan²⁵. Following EAL's review and approval, the EM&V team sent a draft EM&V Plan to the IEM in June 2022. The IEM then provided comments and feedback throughout the draft plan. The EM&V team fully responded to all IEM comments and documented revisions to the plan according to the IEM comments in September 2022.
- Draft EM&V results were shared for review and comment before submitting the
 final results. The EM&V team provided draft interim results to each EAL program
 manager and implementation contractor manager as EM&V was completed to provide
 time to review and discuss results and recommendations before formal reporting. The
 EM&V team also submitted a draft of this final report to the IEM for review before
 finalizing this document.

²⁵ Entergy Arkansas, LLC Program Year 2022 Evaluation Plan, Tetra Tech, September 2022.



4.0 HOME ENERGY SOLUTIONS

The objectives of the Home Energy Solutions program are to (1) help Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) customers achieve cost-effective electricity savings, (2) educate homeowners on the efficiency and inefficiency of their electricity usage, and (3) identify opportunities for energy savings specific to customers' homes, some of which are provided at no cost to homeowners. Single-family residences within EAL's territory are targeted through this program. Energy audits and energy-efficient home upgrades are delivered through trained and certified home performance contractors. The Home Energy Solutions program is also a delivery mechanism for the *consistent weatherization approach* (CWA) and includes all cost-effective measures following the CWA protocols.

In program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022), the program incented *ceiling insulation*, *air infiltration* measures, *duct sealing*, and *AC/HP tune-ups* while providing direct installation of *faucet aerators*, *low-flow showerheads*, *advanced power strips*, *advanced thermostats*, and *lighting* measures at no cost.

The evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team conducted program staff interviews, tracking system reviews, desk reviews, and on-site verifications for a subset of projects to support the evaluation. Table 41 below summarizes the Home Energy Solutions evaluation activities.

Gross impact evaluation completes Tracking Metered **Process evaluation** system Desk On-site data NTG approach analysis²⁶ activities review reviews verification Program staff interviews (2) Census 70 15 None Deemed from prior research Material review

Table 41. Home Energy Solutions Program—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

4.1 KEY FINDINGS

In PY2022, the Home Energy Solutions program achieved 28,193 MWh in gross energy savings and 9.3 MW in gross demand savings, as shown in Table 42. The Home Energy Solutions program's gross evaluated savings were slightly lower than reported energy savings and demand savings, resulting in realization rates of 97.7 percent megawatt-hours and 98.6 percent megawatts. The program exceeded the energy goal, achieving 108 percent, and nearly achieved the demand goal, achieving 95 percent. The EM&V team's adjustments drive these results during the tracking system review, project-level engineering desk reviews, and on-site verifications.

²⁶ This column refers to EAL customer meter data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site measurement and verification (M&V).



Table 42. Home Energy Solutions Program—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio ²⁷	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	28,861	28,193	97.7%	104.3%	29,393	10.0%
Demand savings (MW)	9.5	9.3	98.6%	104.4%	9.7	10.3%

Table 43. Home Energy Solutions Program—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	27,136	29,393	108.3%
Demand savings (MW)	10.3	9.7	94.6%

²⁷ Based on PY2020 process evaluation.



4.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team identified four recommendations, shown in Table 44, for EAL's consideration from the evaluation activities.

Table 44. Home Energy Solutions—PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Increase the internal quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured correctly.	The duct sealing—AC with resistance heat measure evaluation resulted in realization rates of 99.3 percent and 95.9 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively. The duct sealing—electric cooling measure resulted in realization rates of 102.0 percent and 102.1 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively. The duct sealing—heat pump measure resulted in realization rates of 99.0 percent and 99.1 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
	Recommendation 2: Generally, homes with multiple HVAC systems should use the more conservative option when calculating savings for measures that have heating and cooling type dependent factors. Documentation should confirm which system types are present and that both are in operation.	The EM&V team found multiple instances where two different HVAC systems were found on the property. In some cases, measures within the same project were calculated using different HVAC types. When multiple HVAC systems are present, calculating savings using the more conservative option mitigates risk of overestimating savings. A weighted option could be considered if sufficient documentation is collected, and tracking data fields added to ArchEE.
	Recommendation 3: Follow the guidance set forth in the memo: EAL Tune-ups Methodology Recommendations for Residential Programs.	The EM&V team found the reported EER _{pre} did not match the evaluated EER _{pre} . The reported capacity was the nominal capacity rather than the rated or measured capacity as stipulated in the technical reference manual (TRM), which states that the rated or measured capacity should be used to calculate savings.
	Recommendation 4: Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation.	Throughout desk reviews, the EM&V team found that some projects lacked key documentation such as advanced power strip location, heating seasonal performance factor, ceiling insulation square footage, and R-value to ensure savings. Requiring contractors to submit all documentation necessary to replicate savings is critical to improving QA/QC processes.

Table 45. Home Energy Solutions—Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Status of prior year	recommendations
PY2020 impact recommendations	Continue developing an efficient, transparent, and straightforward method for selecting weather stations. Complete.
	 For duct sealing projects, consistently evaluate savings using actual units, if available, rather than default TRM baselines. In progress.
	 Ensure contractors are consistently submitting essential savings project documentation. Continuing.
PY2020 process recommendations	 Investigate ways to improve rebate processing times for contractors. In progress.
	Consider expanding eligible direct-install vendors. Continuing.
PY2021 impact recommendations	 Increase the internal QA/QC process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured correctly. In progress.
	 Continue to collect actual efficiencies for HVAC systems for duct sealing projects, if available, rather than TRM baselines. In progress.
	Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation. In progress.
PY2021 process recommendations	Increase customer service training for contractors. In progress.
	 Consider a ±10 percent QA/QC threshold for <i>ceiling insulation</i> square footage. Complete.

4.3 METHODOLOGY

The following sections present an overview of the impact evaluation methodologies.

4.4 IMPACT EVALUATION

The evaluated savings results, established at the project level, are based on savings calculations and adjustments made during the tracking system review, 70 engineering desk reviews, and 15 on-site visits. Final evaluated savings account for the tracking system review and desk review level adjustments for all measure categories.

4.4.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-reported tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the algorithms and ex-ante values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review referenced TRM 9.0 for measure-level savings assumptions; the EM&V team checked the tracking systems' linkage to TRM deemed savings and methods used to estimate savings.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives: (1) identify initial high-level tracking system concerns, (2) verify whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings algorithms' results as outlined in TRM 9.0, and (3) assess the tracking system's ability to support QA/QC activities, including future evaluation needs.

4.4.2 Desk Reviews

In addition to verifying the use of equations based on the TRM and inputs used to calculate deemed savings, the EM&V team also examined inputs into the tracking system based on a sample of projects. The implementation team provided project files and documentation for sampled projects, and the EM&V team compared parameter values in the project files with those entered into the program's tracking system.

Based on the program's tracking system extract from the tracking system database, PY2022 participant records were assigned measure categories, and the EM&V team created a sample of 55 projects for desk-review-only completes²⁸. Participants receiving non-direct-install measures (i.e., *envelope* and *HVAC* projects) were prioritized and selected from the data extract. Table 46 provides details on sampled savings by measure category for the program.

Table 46. Home Energy Solutions—Summary of Sampled Savings by Measure Category²⁹

Measure category	Reported kWh	Sampled kWh	Percentage kWh sampled	Reported kW	Sampled kW	Percentage kW sampled
Appliances	620,047	4,622	0.7%	73.6	0.5	0.7%
Domestic hot water	77,172	993	1.3%	8.0	0.1	1.3%
Envelope	4,473,197	56,680	1.3%	2,570.8	31.5	1.2%
HVAC	16,165,323	124,550	0.8%	4,511.2	32.9	0.7%
Lighting	985,865	10,035	1.0%	153.4	1.6	1.1%
Total	22,321,605	196,880	0.9%	7,317.1	66.7	0.9%

²⁹ The data extract was obtained on October 24, 2022.



²⁸ Based on the distinct count of *JobIDs* sampled for desk review only. Site visits were part of a separate sample.

4.4.3 On-Site Verification

Fifteen projects received on-site verifications to examine whether participating trade allies' measurements were replicable and to verify the installation of incented measures. The EM&V team did not perform testing but rather made process observations and verified measure installation. Almost all the participants that received on-site verifications had multiple measures installed. Table 47 details the 15 projects that received on-site verification in PY2022.

Table 47. Home Energy Solutions—Summary of Sampled Savings by Measure Category

Measure category	Number of sites	Reported kWh	Reported kW
Appliances	4	1,009	0.1
Envelope	2	728	0.8
HVAC	12	19,104	8.8
Lighting	6	1,658	0.2
Total	15	22,498	9.9

4.5 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

This section presents the results of evaluation activities and details findings from the tracking system review, desk reviews, and on-site verifications. Results are reported at the measure level and program level based on the EM&V activities.

4.5.1 Tracking System Review

The overall Home Energy Solutions program evaluated tracking system savings resulted in identical savings (100 percent kilowatt and kilowatt-hour realization rates) as those calculated by the program implementer; no adjustments were made during the tracking system review. Further details and measure-based findings are provided in Table 48.

Table 48. Home Energy Solutions—Tracking System Review Results by Measure Category

	Ex-ante savings		Ex-post savings		Realization rate	
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW
Appliances	776,355	92.2	776,355	92.2	100.0%	100.0%
Domestic hot water	92,244	9.6	92,244	9.6	100.0%	100.0%
Envelope	5,801,107	3,345.8	5,801,107	3,345.8	100.0%	100.0%
HVAC	21,001,393	5,829.5	21,001,393	5,829.5	100.0%	100.0%
Lighting	1,190,303	184.8	1,190,303	184.8	100.0%	100.0%
Total	28,861,401	9,461.9	28,861,401	9,461.9	100.0%	100.0%

4.5.2 Desk Review Results

The EM&V team conducted desk reviews of 70 projects including projects that received site visits to compare values recorded on project documentation with those available in the tracking system. The sites that received desk reviews reported 219,378 kWh in energy savings and 76.7 kW in demand savings. The EM&V team found discrepancies leading to adjustments in savings. Desk review findings from projects that did not receive 100 percent realization rates are detailed below.

4.5.2.1 Heating/Cooling Type Discrepancies

- **JobID: EAHEPS1549687101.** The project included *ceiling insulation* and reported a *heat pump* heating and cooling type. However, the condenser nameplate photo indicated that it was an *air conditioner* not a *heat pump*. In addition, the heating type provided by the customer in the application stated *gas heat*. The heating type was adjusted from *heat pump* to *electric cooling with gas heat*. The heating type adjustment resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 42.3 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **JobID: EAHEPS1548140748.** The project included *ceiling insulation* and *LED lighting*. The reported heating and cooling type was a *heat pump*. However, two HVAC nameplate photos were found in the documentation. One refers to a *packaged gas/electric unit*, while the other refers to a *21-year-old heat pump*. The heating type was adjusted to the more conservative option from *heat pump* to *electric cooling* with *gas heat* to not overestimate savings. The heating type adjustment resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 79.4 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- JobID: EAHEPS1549431171. This project included *ceiling insulation*. Additional JobIDs associated with this account also included *20 LEDs*, two *low* flow *faucet aerators*, one *low flow showerhead*, one smart strip, *air infiltration*, *duct sealing of a heat pump*, and *duct sealing of an AC with electric resistance heat*. The EM&V team found the measures associated with the other JobIDs calculated savings using the *heat pump* heating type while the savings for ceiling *insulation* were calculated using the *electric resistance* heating type. Based on the documentation and additional measures tracking data, the EM&V team adjusted the heating type for *ceiling insulation* to *heat pump*. Since there may be two systems in the home, *heat pump* is used as the more conservative option to not overestimate savings. The heating type adjustment resulted in a project-level, EAHEPS1549431171, realization rate of 52.0 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

Generally, homes with multiple HVAC systems should use the more conservative option when calculating savings for measures that have heating and cooling type dependent factors. Documentation should confirm which system types are present and that both are in operation.

4.5.2.2 HVAC Efficiency Discrepancies

- **Jobld: EAHEPS1549609124.** The project included *air infiltration*, *ceiling* insulation, and *duct sealing on an air conditioner with gas heat*. The cooling efficiency reported was a seasonal energy efficiency rating (SEER) of 14. However, the EM&V team found the cooling efficiency to be 10 SEER based on the manufacturer specification sheet. Adjusting for these factors resulted in project-level realization rates of 134.4 percent and 129.9 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAHEPS1548700316.** The project included *LED lighting*, a *smart strip*, and *duct sealing on an air conditioner with gas heat*. The cooling efficiency reported was a SEER of 13. However, the EM&V team found the cooling efficiency to be 10 SEER based on the manufacturer specification sheet. Adjusting for these factors resulted in project-level realization rates of 124.4 percent and 128.6 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- Jobld: EAHEPS1550088404. The project included air infiltration, ceiling insulation, LED lighting, and duct sealing on two air conditioner with gas heat systems. The cooling efficiency for both systems reported was a SEER of 10. However, the EM&V team found the cooling efficiency for both systems to be 12 SEER based on the manufacturer specification sheet. Adjusting for these factors resulted in project-level realization rates of 92.5 percent and 93.3 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAHEPS1550329310.** The project included *air infiltration*, *LED lighting*, and *duct sealing on a heat pump system*. The reported heating efficiency of the system was 6.8 HSPF; however, the EM&V team found the installed equipment's heating efficiency to be 7.5 HSPF based on the manufacturer specification sheet. The cooling efficiency reported was a SEER of 10. However, the EM&V team found the cooling efficiency to be 12 SEER based on the manufacturer specification sheet. The efficiency adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 90.6 percent and 86.6 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAHEPS1549311354.** The project included *duct sealing on a heat pump system*. The reported heating efficiency of the system was 7.7 HSPF; however, the EM&V team found the heat efficiency to be a *range of 7.7-8.2 HSPF* based on the manufacturer specification sheet. Previously agreed upon guidance indicates using the *midpoint HSPF*, which was 7.95. The heating efficiency adjustment resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 97.8 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAHEPS1549681572.** The project included *air infiltration*, two *LEDs*, a *smart strip*, and *duct sealing on an AC with gas heat system*. The reported cooling efficiency of the system used the TRM default *11.5 SEER*; however, the EM&V team found the cooling efficiency to be *13 SEER* based on the model number. The EM&V team also could not verify the installation location of the *smart strip* and adjusted the location from *home entertainment center* to *APS average*. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 84.2 percent and 88.5 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

4.5.2.3 AC/HP Tune-Up Discrepancies

- **Jobld: EAHEPS1549753711.** The project included an *AC tune-up*. The EM&V team issued a guidance memo for *AC tune-ups* using deemed efficiency loss values to determine *EER*_{pre} based on the tested *EER*_{post}. Based on this guidance, the EM&V team adjusted EER_{pre} from the reported *10.92 EER* to evaluated *11.03 EER*. The EM&V team also adjusted the capacity from the reported *nominal capacity* to the *measured capacity* found in the documentation based on the TRM guidance stipulating that the rated or *measured capacity* is used to calculate savings. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 96.6 percent and 96.6 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAHEPS1549591029.** The project included a *heat pump tune-up*. The EM&V team issued a guidance memo for *AC/HP tune-ups* using deemed efficiency loss values to determine *EER*_{pre} based on the tested *EER*_{post}. Based on this guidance, the EM&V team adjusted *EER*_{pre} from the reported *31.27 EER* to evaluated *31.56 EER*. The EM&V team also adjusted the capacity from the reported *nominal capacity* to the *measured capacity* found in the documentation based on the TRM guidance stipulating that the rated or measured capacity is used to calculate savings. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 93.8 percent and 82.2 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAHEPS1550109128.** The project included an *air conditioner tune-up*. The EM&V team issued a guidance memo for *AC tune-ups* using deemed efficiency loss values to determine *EER*_{pre} based on the tested *EER*_{post}. Based on this guidance, the EM&V team adjusted *EER*_{pre} from the reported *14.83 EER* to evaluated *14.97 EER*. The EM&V team also adjusted the capacity from the reported *nominal capacity* to the *measured capacity* found in the documentation based on the TRM guidance stipulating that the rated or measured capacity is used to calculate savings. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 92.2 percent and 92.2 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- Jobld: EAHEPS1550160113. The project included an air conditioner tune-up at a manufactured home. The EM&V team adjusted the capacity from the reported nominal capacity, 48,000 B.Th., to the measured capacity, 52,536 Btuh, found in the documentation based on the TRM guidance stipulating that the rated or measured capacity is used to calculate savings. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 109.5 percent and 109.5 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively. This project was sampled under the Home Energy Solutions program initially but appears to have been transferred to the Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes program.
- **Jobld: EAHEPS1550085101.** The project included an *air conditioner tune-up*. The EM&V team issued a guidance memo for *AC tune-ups* using deemed efficiency loss values to determine *EER*_{pre} based on the tested *EER*_{post}. Based on this guidance, the EM&V team adjusted *EER*_{pre} from the reported *10.05 EER* to evaluated *10.15 EER*. The EM&V team also adjusted the capacity from the reported *nominal capacity* to the *measured capacity* found in the documentation based on the TRM guidance stipulating that the rated or measured capacity is used to calculate savings. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 96.6 percent and 96.6 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

• **Jobld: EAHEPS1550262974.** The project included an *air conditioner tune-up*. The EM&V team issued a guidance memo for *AC tune-ups* using deemed efficiency loss values to determine *EER*_{pre} based on the tested *EER*_{post}. Based on this guidance, the EM&V team adjusted *EER*_{pre} from the reported *8.38255 EER* to evaluated *8.459 EER*. The EM&V team also adjusted the capacity from the reported *nominal capacity* to the *measured capacity* found in the documentation based on the TRM guidance stipulating that the rated or measured capacity is used to calculate savings. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 96.6 percent and 96.6 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

4.5.2.4 Envelope Discrepancies

- **JobId: EAHEPS1550617188.** The project included *air infiltration* and 2,037 square feet of *ceiling insulation* with a reported *pre-retrofit R-value of 4*; however, using BPI guidance for *ceiling insulation*, the existing blown-in insulation appears to be between *R5.6–8.4*. The evaluation also found this was a *commercial building with a studio on the second floor*. The documentation did not differentiate equipment/space associated with *residential* from *commercial*. The adjustment to the baseline R-value resulted in project-level realization rates are 64.3 percent and 64.9 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAHEPS1550266474.** The project included installation of ten *LEDs* and *air infiltration* measures. The reported *blower door CFM_{pre}* was 2,966 *CFM*. However, the EM&V team found the *blower door CFM_{pre}* was 2,956 in the documentation. This adjustment resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 98.3 percent and 98.2 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

Overall, program-level realization based on desk reviews was 97.2 percent and 98.5 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively, due to the adjustments discussed above. See Table 49.

Table 49. Home Energy Solutions—Desk Review Results

Measure	Reported savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kW)	kWh realization rate	kW realization rate
9 W LED (60 W equivalent)—indoor	9,142	9,197	1.5	1.5	100.6%	100.0%
Air conditioner tune- up—manifoldi measurement	6,119	6,191	3.4	3.4	101.2%	101.2%
Air infiltration	15,567	15,559	5.1	5.1	99.9%	100.0%
Ceiling insulation	41,841	35,658	27.2	25.8	85.2%	95.0%
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat (tested)	31,150	30,917	3.1	3.0	99.3%	95.9%
Duct sealing—electric cooling (tested)	45,272	46,186	24.5	25.0	102.0%	102.1%

Measure	Reported savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kW)	kWh realization rate	kW realization rate
Duct sealing—heat pump (tested)	57,506	56,934	10.1	10.0	99.0%	99.1%
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (indoor)	470	470	0.1	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
LED bulbs candleabra 4 W (indoor)	2,081	2,139	0.3	0.3	102.8%	100.1%
Low-flow faucet aerator	130	130	0.0	0.0	99.9%	99.9%
Low-flow showerheads	862	862	0.1	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
Residential heat pump tune-up	3,053	2,885	0.6	0.5	94.5%	84.5%
Smart strip (Direct install)	5,631	5,546	0.7	0.7	98.5%	98.4%
Smart thermostats	553	553	-	-	100.0%	N/A
Total	219,378	213,226	76.7	75.5	97.2%	98.5%

A dash indicates that there are no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.

4.5.3 On-Site Verification Results

Fifteen projects received on-site verifications to examine whether participating trade allies' measurements were replicable and to verify the installation of incented measures. The EM&V team did not perform testing but rather made process observations and verified measure installation. On-site projects also received a desk review to compare documentation to data collected while on-site. Details from the adjustments made based on on-site data collection were rolled into the desk review project-level results in the previous section.

While on-site, the EM&V team gathered feedback from customers on their experience with the program. Overall, customers stated they were satisfied with the program and indicated they would not have done the work without it. Some stated they felt a significant difference in their bills and/or comfort level. However, contractors should take care while on-site to ensure all pertinent information is clearly communicated with the customer.

Overall, program-level realization rates based on on-site verifications were 99.8 percent and 99.7 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively, as detailed in Table 50.

Table 50. Home Energy Solutions—On-Site Verification Results

Measure category	Reported savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kW)	kWh realization rate	kW realization rate
Appliances	1,009	1,009	0.1	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
Envelope	728	728	0.8	0.8	100.0%	100.0%



Measure category	Reported savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kW)	kWh realization rate	kW realization rate
HVAC	19,104	19,048	8.8	8.8	99.7%	99.6%
Lighting	1,658	1,658	0.2	0.2	100.0%	100.0%
Total	22,498	22,442	9.9	9.9	99.8%	99.7%

4.6 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The EM&V team used the desk reviews, tracking system reviews, and on-site verifications to calculate the program-level realization rates. Program realization rates indicate that the Home Energy Solutions program achieved similar energy and demand savings. Adjustments based on desk reviews or on-site verifications were incorporated into realization rates, ultimately resulting in 97.7 percent for energy savings and 98.8 percent for demand savings. Table 51 shows the final savings.

Table 51. Home Energy Solutions—Final Evaluated Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Category

	Reported savings		Evaluated savings		Realization rate		
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source
9 W LED (60 W equivalent)— indoor	811,850	127.1	816,725	127.1	100.6%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Air conditioner tune-up— manifoldi measurement	835,748	459.9	845,510	465.3	101.2%	101.2%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Air infiltration	1,620,419	527.6	1,619,567	527.4	99.9%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Ceiling insulation	4,180,688	2,818.2	3,562,817	2,676.1	85.2%	95.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Duct replacement— heat pump	30,203	5.0	30,203	5.0	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat (tested)	2,435,605	232.9	2,417,403	223.4	99.3%	95.9%	Desk review and tracking system review
Duct sealing— electric cooling (tested)	5,758,025	3,131.0	5,874,268	3,195.3	102.0%	102.1%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Duct sealing— heat pump (tested)	10,720,411	1,817.1	10,613,744	1,800.0	99.0%	99.1%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review

	Reported savings		Evaluated	savings	Realizat	ion rate	
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source
LED (retail): Outdoor, general purpose, all wattages	1,599	-	1,599	-	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (indoor)	104,905	16.5	104,905	16.5	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review and tracking system review
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (outdoor)	6,338	-	6,338	-	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
LED bulbs candelabra 4 W (indoor)	264,071	41.2	271,447	41.2	102.8%	100.1%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
LED bulbs candelabra 4 W (outdoor)	1,541	-	1,541	-	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
Low-flow faucet aerator	9,238	1.0	9,230	1.0	99.9%	99.9%	Desk review and tracking system review
Low-flow showerheads	83,006	8.6	82,970	8.6	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review and tracking system review
Residential heat pump tune-up	924,931	183.4	873,880	155.0	94.5%	84.5%	Desk review and tracking system review
Smart strip (direct install)	776,355	92.2	764,663	90.6	98.5%	98.4%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Smart thermostats	296,471	-	296,471	-	100.0%	N/A	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Total	28,861,401	9,461.9	28,193,281	9,332.6	97.7%	98.6%	

A dash indicates that there are no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.

4.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL PROCESSES

The implementation team randomly selects properties to receive post-installation verification as part of the program's QA/QC process, verifying measurements taken by trade allies or performing non-invasive visual inspections of work. When work is deemed insufficient, trade allies must typically revisit the site and perform additional work to bring the site's performance up to program standards.

5.0 ENERGY SOLUTIONS FOR MULTIFAMILY HOMES

The Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes (Multifamily Homes) program aims to provide cost-effective energy efficiency measures to residents of multifamily buildings with at least five units throughout Entergy Arkansas, LLC's (EAL) service territory. Participating customers receive no-cost audits, direct installation of energy-efficient measures (e.g., *lighting, low-flow showerheads, faucet aerators, and advanced power strips*), and incentives for more in-depth services designed to improve efficiency. In program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022), the program incented tune-ups of air conditioners and heat pump systems and the installation of air infiltration and duct sealing. Faucet aerators, low-flow showerheads, advanced power strips, and lighting measures were directly installed at no cost.

In support of the impact evaluation, the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team conducted a tracking system review, desk reviews on a randomly selected sample of 32 projects, and on-site measurement and verification (M&V) of six projects. Table 52 details the evaluation activities completed for the program in PY2022.

Table 52. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

		Gross impact evaluation completes					
NTG approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site verification	Metered data analysis ³⁰		
Estimated from PY2021 process evaluation research	Program staff interviews (2) Material review	Census	32	6	None		

5.1 KEY FINDINGS

In PY2022, the Multifamily Homes program achieved 10,646 MWh in gross energy savings and 1.8 MW in gross demand savings, as shown in Table 53. The Multifamily Homes program's gross savings were slightly lower than reported energy savings and demand savings, resulting in realization rates of 95.7 percent and 94.4 percent (megawatt-hours and megawatts, respectively). The program achieved 76 percent of target energy savings and 32 percent of target demand savings. The EM&V team's adjustments drive these results during the tracking system review, project-level engineering desk reviews, and on-site verifications.

³⁰ This column refers to EAL customer meter data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site M&V.



Table 53. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	11,128	10,646	95.7%	100.0%	10,646	3.6%
Demand savings (MW)	1.9	1.8	94.4%	100.0%	1.8	1.9%

Table 54. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	14,010	10,646	76%
Demand savings (MW)	5.5	1.8	32%

5.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team identified five recommendations, shown in Table 55, for EAL's consideration from the evaluation activities.

Table 55. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Increase the internal quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured correctly.	The duct sealing—AC with resistance heat measure evaluation resulted in realization rates of 94.4 percent and 94.8 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
	Recommendation 2: Collect documentation that clearly verifies the installation location of the smart strip or use average APS consistently in the program.	The EM&V team found instances where the photo of the smart strip showed the smart strip still in the packaging or a non-descriptive installation location.
	Recommendation 3: Follow the BPI standards for minimum ventilation rate when performing blower door tests.	The EM&V team found several projects where the blower door test fell below the minimum ventilation rate (MVR). Projects that fall below the MVR may still be eligible to claim savings but should do so using the calculated MVR as the <i>CFM</i> _{post} value. It is not recommended to seal tighter than the MVR without introducing mechanical ventilation as it can cause air quality issues for the residents. If new or existing suitable mechanical ventilation is documented, savings may be calculated using the full blower door test results.
	Recommendation 4: Utilize the rated or measured capacity to calculate AC/HP tune-up savings.	The EM&V team found that the <i>nominal capacity</i> was used to calculate savings. However, the TRM 9.0 stipulates that the rated or <i>measured capacity</i> is used to calculate savings.
	Recommendation 5: Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation.	Throughout desk reviews, the EM&V team found that some projects lacked key documentation such as advanced power strip location, heating seasonal performance factor, ceiling insulation square footage, and R-value to ensure savings. Requiring contractors to submit all documentation necessary to replicate savings is critical to improving QA/QC processes.

Table 56. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—Status of Prior Year Recommendations

	Status of prior year recommendations					
PY2020 impact recommendations	 Capture all cooling and heating variables to increase the internal QA/QC process on the <i>duct sealing</i> measure for all heating types. Continuing. 					
	Continue to accurately track cooling capacity in ArchEE for duct sealing measures since it is a critical parameter in calculating savings.					
	o Continuing.					
	Ensure that all documentation is legible and that critical parameters, such as model number, are identifiable.					
	o Continuing.					

Status of prior year recon	nmendations
PY2020 process recommendations	Consider revising demand savings goals to align energy and demand savings goals better.
	○ In progress.
	Work with the evaluator to determine a QA/QC threshold for blower door testing variance.
	o Complete.
	Explore opportunities to expand projects in common areas.
	o Continuing.
PY2021 impact recommendations	 Increase the internal QA/QC process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured correctly.
	o Continuing.
	 Continue to accurately track cooling capacity in ArchEE for duct sealing measures since it is a key parameter in calculating savings. Continuing.
	 Ensure all documentation is available and legible and key parameters, such as model number, insulation level, and flow rate, are identifiable. Continuing.
PY2021 process	Increase customer service training for contractors.
recommendations	○ Continuing.
	Work with the program implementer to ensure timely responses to trade allies.
	o Continuing.
	 Discuss quarterly allocations with trade allies to ensure understanding of the process and how exceptions are handled to keep trade allies engaged in the program. Continuing.

5.3 METHODOLOGY

The following sections present an overview of the impact and process evaluation methodologies.

5.3.1 Impact Evaluation

The evaluated savings results, established at the project level, are based on savings calculations and adjustments made during the tracking system review, 32 engineering desk reviews, and six on-site visits. Final evaluated savings account for the tracking system review and desk review level adjustments for all measure categories.

5.3.1.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-reported tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the algorithms and ex-ante values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review began using Arkansas Technical Reference Manual (TRM) 9.0 (TRM 9.0) as a reference in our review of measure-level savings assumptions. The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to TRM deemed savings and methods used to estimate savings.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings algorithms' results outlined in TRM 9.0. Third, it assessed the tracking system's ability to support QA/QC, including future evaluation needs.

The ArchEE tracking system, which supplied all participant and claimed savings, and many of the inputs needed to verify savings calculations, were used to check for systemic errors across a participant census.

5.3.1.2 Desk Reviews

In addition to verifying the use of equations based on the TRM and inputs used to calculate deemed savings, the EM&V team also examined inputs into the tracking system based on a sample of projects. The implementation team provided project files and documentation for sampled projects, and the EM&V team compared parameter values in the project files with those entered into the program's tracking system.

Based on the program's tracking system extract from the tracking system database, PY2022 participant records were assigned measure categories, and the EM&V team created a sample of 26³¹ projects for desk reviews. Participants receiving *non-direct-install* measures (i.e., *envelope* and *HVAC* projects) were prioritized and selected from the data extract. Table 57 provides details on sampled savings by measure category for the program.

Table 57. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—Summary of Sampled Savings by Measure Category³²

Measure category	Reported kWh	Sampled kWh	Percentage kWh sampled	Reported kW	Sampled kW	Percentage kW sampled
Appliances	101,040	1,261	1.2%	12.0	0.15	1.2%
Domestic hot water	73,668	607	0.8%	7.7	0.06	0.8%
Envelope	1,246,775	32,753	2.6%	235.6	5.43	2.3%
HVAC	6,689,868	97,125	1.5%	1,073.8	11.57	1.1%
Lighting	170,477	3,144	1.8%	32.1	0.60	1.9%
Total	8,281,827	134,890	1.6%	1,361.3	17.8	1.3%

³² Reported data as of time of sampling, October 24, 2022.



³¹ Based on the distinct count of JobIDs sampled for desk review only. Site visits were part of a separate sample.

5.3.1.3 On-Site Verification

Six projects received on-site verifications to examine whether participating trade allies' measurements were replicable and to verify the installation of incented measures. The EM&V team did not perform testing but rather made process observations and verified measure installation. Almost all the participants that received on-site verifications had multiple measures installed. Table 58 details the six projects that received on-site verification in PY2022.

Table 58. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—Summary of Sampled Savings by Measure Category

Measure category	Number of sites	Reported kWh	Reported kW
Appliances	4	1,009	0.1
Domestic hot water	4	801	0.1
Envelope	6	4,701	0.8
HVAC	6	22,677	3.2
Lighting	1	100	0.0
Total	6	29,289	4.2

5.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

This section presents the results of evaluation activities and details findings from the desk reviews and on-site verifications. Results are reported at the measure level and program level based on the EM&V activities.

5.4.1 Tracking System Review

The Multifamily Homes program evaluated tracking system savings resulted in identical savings (100.0 percent kilowatt and kilowatt-hour realization rates) to those calculated by the program implementer. The individual measure realization rates were affected slightly by variances between the reported (ex-ante) and evaluated (ex-post) savings (kilowatt and kilowatt-hour) for duct sealing but did not significantly impact the overall realization rates. Further details of measure-based findings are provided below.

Table 59. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—PY2022 Tracking System Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Category

	Ex-ante savings		Ex-post s	avings	Realization rate		
Measure category	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	
Appliances	143,478	17.0	143,478	17.0	100.0%	100.0%	
Domestic hot water	165,306	17.2	165,306	17.2	100.0%	100.0%	
Envelope	1,892,233	383.9	1,892,233	383.9	100.0%	100.0%	
HVAC	8,744,597	1,435.2	8,744,597	1,435.2	100.0%	100.0%	
Lighting	182,083	34.1	182,083	34.1	100.0%	100.0%	
Total	11,127,698	1,887.5	11,127,698	1,887.5	100.0%	100.0%	

5.4.2 Desk Review Results

The EM&V team conducted desk reviews of 32 projects, including projects that received site visits, to compare values recorded on project documentation with those available in the tracking system. The sites that received desk reviews reported 164,179 kWh in energy savings and 22.0 kW in demand savings. The EM&V team found discrepancies leading to adjustments in savings. Desk review findings from projects that did not receive 100 percent realization rates are detailed below.

5.4.2.1 Minimum Ventilation Rate

Building Performance Institute (BPI) references the minimum ventilation rate (MVR) standard in ASHRAE 62.2 as part of the training certification to perform air and duct infiltration diagnostic testing. Although the TRM does not explicitly state a post-retrofit minimum requirement, it does state installations must comply with Arkansas mechanical or ventilation code. Because the MVR is not a requirement in the TRM but is part of the BPI standard technicians must follow for quality installations, projects that fall below the MVR may still be eligible to claim savings but should do so using the *calculated MVR* as the *CFM*_{post} value. It is not recommended to seal tighter than the MVR without introducing mechanical ventilation as it can cause air quality issues for the residents. If new or existing suitable mechanical ventilation is documented, savings may be calculated using the full blower door test results. The three projects below all appear to be located within the same apartment complex.

- **JobId: EAMFPS1548690061.** The project included *air sealing*, *duct sealing*, and *LEDs* in a multifamily building with an *AC with electric resistance heat*. The EM&V team found the *CFM*_{post} blower door test results fell below the MVR. The EM&V team adjusted the *CFM*_{post} value to the *MVR value* for savings calculations purposes. The adjustment resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 99.8 percent and 99.8 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAMFPS1548556734.** The project included *air sealing*, *duct sealing*, and *LEDs* in a multifamily building with an *AC with electric resistance heat*. The EM&V team found both the *CFM*_{pre} and the *CFM*_{post} blower door test results fell below the MVR. The EM&V team adjusted accordingly resulting in an overall project-level realization rate of 96.6 percent and 97.4 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAMFPS1549208455.** The project included *air sealing*, *duct sealing*, and *LEDs* in a multifamily building with an *AC with electric resistance heat*. The EM&V team found both the *CFM*_{pre} and the *CFM*_{post} blower door test results fell below the MVR. The EM&V team adjusted accordingly resulting in an overall project-level realization rate of 97.9 percent and 98.4 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

5.4.2.2 HVAC Measure Discrepancies

• **Jobld: EAMFPS1548368308.** The project included *duct sealing* in a multifamily home with a *central AC* and electric resistance furnace. The reported capacity was 2 tons, which limited the pre-retrofit leakage to the maximum allowed by the TRM, 320 CFM. However, the EM&V team found that it was a 1.5 ton system, which would decrease the leakage allowance to 240 CFM. The EM&V team adjusted the CFM_{pre} resulting in an overall realization rate of 61.9 percent for both energy and demand savings.

- Jobld: EAMFPS1548673990. The project included air infiltration and duct sealing on an air conditioner with electric resistance heat. The cooling efficiency reported was a seasonal energy efficiency rating (SEER) of 10. However, the EM&V found the cooling efficiency to be 12 SEER based on the manufacturer specification sheet. Adjusting SEER resulted in project-level realization rates of 97.6 percent and 87.6 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- Jobld: EAMFPS1549877863. The project included air infiltration, one smart strip, and duct sealing on an air conditioner with electric resistance heat. The cooling efficiency reported was a SEER of 8 and a specification sheet for an AC/heat pump model was provided. However, the EM&V found the nameplate to be illegible and the model number was not otherwise documented to verify the 8 SEER in the specification sheet. The electric resistance furnace was also not documented, and without a model number the EM&V team could not determine if the specification sheet provided was for an AC or a heat pump. The EM&V team adjusted to the default 11.5 SEER and assumed heating as is. Adjusting SEER resulted in project-level realization rates of 94.8 percent and 76.4 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAMFPS1548326941.** The project included *air infiltration* and *duct sealing* on an *air conditioner with electric resistance heat*. Based on the documentation available on the heating type, the EM&V team found the heating type to be *electric strip heating*. While this is still considered electric resistance heating for *envelope* measures, this is not a forced air ducted heating type therefore no heating savings for *duct sealing* were calculated. *Air sealing* savings were not affected. This property also appears to be a *manufactured* home not a *multifamily* home. The adjustment to the *duct sealing* measure resulted in project-level realization rates of 47.0 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **JobId: EAMFPS1549913461.** The project included an *air conditioner tune-up* at a multifamily home. The EM&V team adjusted the capacity from the reported *nominal capacity*, *18,000 Btuh*, to the *measured capacity*, *14,976 Btuh*, found in the documentation based on the TRM guidance stipulating that the rated or measured capacity is used to calculate savings. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 83.2 percent and 83.2 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

5.4.2.3 Smart Strip Discrepancies

- **Jobld: EAMFPS1550118773.** The project included 17 *LEDs*, one *low-flow faucet* aerator, two *low-flow showerheads*, one *smart strip*, air infiltration, and duct sealing of an *AC with electric resistance heat*. Based on the documentation, the EM&V team could not verify the installation location of the smart strip and adjusted the location from *home* entertainment center to *APS average*. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 99.1 percent and 98.9 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobid: EAMFPS1550847761.** The project included two *low-flow faucet aerators*, one *low-flow showerhead*, one *smart strip*, *air infiltration*, and *duct sealing of a heat pump*. Based on the documentation, the smart strip was not installed, and the EM&V team adjusted accordingly resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 94.0 percent and 95.5 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.



Overall, program-level realization based on desk reviews was 96.3 percent and 96.7 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively, due to the adjustments discussed above. See Table 60.

Table 60. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—Desk Review Results

Measure	Reported savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kW)	kWh realization rate	kW realization rate
9 W LED (60 W equivalent)—indoor	2,278	2,278	0.4	0.4	100.0%	100.0%
Air conditioner tune- up—manifoldi measurement	1,629	1,355	0.9	0.7	83.2%	83.2%
Air infiltration	25,160	24,852	2.8	2.8	98.8%	99.0%
Ceiling insulation	12,294	12,294	3.5	3.5	100.0%	100.0%
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat (tested)	95,242	89,887	10.1	9.5	94.4%	94.8%
Duct sealing—heat pump (tested)	22,931	22,931	3.8	3.8	100.0%	100.0%
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (indoor)	509	509	0.1	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
LED bulbs candelabra 4 W (indoor)	458	458	0.1	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
Low-flow faucet aerator	234	234	0.0	0.0	100.0%	100.0%
Low-flow showerheads	1,174	1,174	0.1	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
Smart strip (direct install)	2,270	2,185	0.3	0.3	96.3%	95.9%
Total	164,179	158,157	22.0	21.3	96.3%	96.7%

5.4.3 On-Site Verification Results

Six projects received on-site verifications to examine whether participating trade allies' measurements were replicable and to verify the installation of incented measures. On-site projects also received a desk review to compare documentation to data collected while on-site.

While on-site, the EM&V team gathered feedback from customers on their experience with the program. Overall, customers stated they were satisfied with the program and indicated they would not have done this work without it. Some stated they felt a significant difference in their bills and/or comfort level. However, contractors should take care while on-site to ensure all pertinent information is clearly communicated with the customer.

Overall, program-level realization rates based on on-site verifications were 100 percent for both energy and demand savings, as detailed in Table 61.

Table 61. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—On-Site Verification Results

Measure category	Reported savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kW)	Energy realization rate	Demand Realization rate
Appliances	1,009	1,009	0.1	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
Domestic hot water	801	801	0.1	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
Envelope	4,701	4,701	0.8	0.8	100.0%	100.0%
HVAC	22,677	22,677	3.2	3.2	100.0%	100.0%
Lighting	100	100	0.0	0.0	100.0%	100.0%
Total	29,289	29,289	4.2	4.2	100.0%	100.0%

5.5 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The EM&V team used the desk reviews and independent verifications to calculate the program-level realization rates. Program realization rates indicate that the Multifamily Homes program achieved similar energy and demand savings. Adjustments based on desk reviews or on-site verifications were incorporated into realization rates, resulting in 95.7 percent for energy savings and 94.4 percent for demand savings.

Table 62. Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program—Weighted Desk Review and Independent Verification Results

	Reported s	avings	Evaluated	savings	Realization rate		
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source
9 W LED (60 W equivalent)— indoor	106,425	19.8	106,425	19.8	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Air conditioner tune-up—manifoldi measurement	793,882	437.3	660,510	363.8	83.2%	83.2%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Air infiltration	1,291,104	157.1	1,275,296	155.5	98.8%	99.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Ceiling insulation	601,130	226.9	601,130	226.9	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat (tested)	5,824,317	563.4	5,496,821	533.9	94.4%	94.8%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Duct sealing—electric cooling (tested)	119,495	64.3	119,495	64.3	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review

	Reported s	savings	Evaluated	savings	Realization rate		
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source
Duct sealing—heat pump (tested)	1,641,799	274.3	1,641,799	274.3	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (indoor)	56,909	11.1	56,909	11.1	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
LED bulbs candelabra 4 W (indoor)	18,749	3.2	18,749	3.2	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Low-flow faucet aerator	21,792	2.3	21,789	2.3	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Low-flow showerheads	143,514	14.9	143,484	14.9	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Residential heat pump tune-up	365,104	95.8	365,104	95.8	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
Smart strip (direct install)	143,478	17.0	138,118	16.3	96.3%	95.9%	Desk review and tracking system review
Total	11,127,698	1,887.5	10,645,629	1,782	95.7%	94.4%	

5.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL PROCESSES

The implementation team randomly selects properties to receive post-installation verification as part of the program's QA/QC process, verifying measurements taken by trade allies or performing non-invasive visual inspections of work. When work is deemed insufficient, trade allies must typically revisit the site and perform additional work to bring the site's performance up to program standards.

6.0 ENERGY SOLUTIONS FOR MANUFACTURED HOMES

The Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes (Manufactured Homes) program's objective is to provide cost-effective energy efficiency measures to manufactured home communities throughout Entergy Arkansas, LLC's (EAL) service territory. Participating customers receive nocost audits, direct installation of energy-efficient measures (e.g., *lighting, low-flow showerheads, faucet aerators, and advanced power strips*), and incentives for more in-depth services designed to improve efficiency. In program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022), the program incented tune-ups of air conditioners and heat pump systems and the installation of air infiltration and duct sealing. Faucet aerators, low-flow showerheads, advanced power strips, and lighting measures were directly installed at no cost.

In support of the impact evaluation, the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team conducted a tracking system review and desk reviews on a randomly selected sample of 26 projects and on-site verifications of six projects. Table 63 details the evaluation activities completed for the program in PY2022.

Table 63. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

		Gros	oletes		
NTG approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site verification	Metered data analysis ³³
Updated in PY2021 from process evaluation research	Program staff interviews (2) Material review	Census	26	6	None

6.1 KEY FINDINGS

In PY2022, the Manufactured Homes program has achieved 6,227 MWh in gross energy savings and 0.8 MW in gross demand savings, as shown in Table 64. The Manufactured Homes program's gross evaluated energy savings were greater than reported, while evaluated demand savings were slightly lower, resulting in realization rates of 107.4 percent and 99.8 percent (megawatt-hour and megawatt, respectively). The program exceeded both energy and demand savings goals, achieving 115 percent energy savings and 113 percent of demand savings. The EM&V team's adjustments drive these results during the tracking system review, project-level engineering desk reviews, and on-site verifications.

Table 64. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	5,799	6,227	107.4%	100.0%	6,227	2.1%

³³ This column refers to EAL customer meter data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site measurement and verification (M&V).



Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Demand savings (MW)	0.8	0.8	99.8%	100.0%	0.8	0.8%

Table 65. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	5,403	6,227	115%
Demand savings (MW)	0.7	0.8	113%

6.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team identified three recommendations, shown in Table 66, for EAL's consideration from the evaluation activities.

Table 66. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Increase the internal quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) process on the <i>duct sealing</i> measure for all heating types to ensure all cooling and heating variables are captured correctly.	The duct sealing—heat pump (tested) measure evaluation resulted in realization rates of 150.6 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
	Recommendation 2: Collect documentation that clearly verifies the installation location of the smart strip or use <i>average APS</i> consistently in the program.	The EM&V team found instances where the photo of the smart strip showed the smart strip still in the packaging or a non-descriptive installation location.
	Recommendation 3: Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation that is legible and key parameters are identifiable.	Throughout desk reviews, the EM&V team found that some projects lacked key documentation such as advanced power strip <i>location</i> , <i>heating seasonal performance factor</i> , and <i>heating type</i> to ensure savings. Requiring contractors to submit all documentation necessary to replicate savings is critical to improving QA/QC processes.

Table 67. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Status of prior year re	commendations
PY2020 impact recommendations	 Continue to accurately track cooling capacity in ArchEE for duct sealing measures since it is a critical parameter in calculating savings. Continuing.
	 Ensure that all documentation is legible and that critical parameters, such as model number, are identifiable.
	o Continuing.
PY2020 process recommendations	 Work with the evaluator to determine a QA/QC threshold for blower door testing variance.
	o Complete.
	 Develop strategies to implement ductless mini-splits in manufactured homes and similar housing types that show substantial savings opportunities. Coordinate with the independent evaluation monitor (IEM) on claiming the increased savings beyond the TRM deemed savings.
	o In progress.
PY2021 impact recommendations	 Continue to accurately track cooling capacity in ArchEE for duct sealing measures since it is a key parameter in calculating savings.
	o Continuing.
	 Ensure all documentation is available and legible and key parameters, such as model number, are identifiable.
	o Continuing.
	 Increase the internal QA/QC process on the duct sealing measure for all heating types to capture all cooling and heating variables.
	o Continuing.
PY2021 process recommendations	 Increase customer service training for contractors regarding communication. Continuing.
	Ensure replaced equipment, such as incandescents, are removed and disposed of properly.
	o Continuing.
	 Discuss quarterly allocations with trade allies to ensure understanding of the process and how exceptions are handled to keep trade allies engaged in the program.
	o Continuing.
	 Ensure trade allies are aware of the database and process to check on customer eligibility.
	o Continuing.

6.3 METHODOLOGY

The following sections present an overview of the impact and process evaluation methodologies.

6.3.1 Impact Evaluation

The evaluated savings results, established at the project level, are based on savings calculations and adjustments made during the tracking system review, 26 engineering desk reviews, and 6 on-site visits. Final evaluated savings account for the tracking system review and desk review level adjustments for all measure categories.

6.3.1.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-reported tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the algorithms and ex-ante values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review began using the TRM 9.0 as a reference in our review of measure-level savings assumptions. The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to TRM deemed savings and methods used to estimate savings.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings algorithms' results outlined in TRM 9.0. Third, it assessed the tracking system's ability to support QA/QC, including future evaluation needs.

The ArchEE tracking system, which supplied all participant and claimed savings, and many of the inputs needed to verify savings calculations, were used to check for systemic errors across a participant census.

6.3.1.2 Desk Reviews

In addition to verifying the use of equations based on the TRM and inputs used to calculate deemed savings, the EM&V team also examined inputs into the tracking system based on a sample of projects. The implementation team provided project files and documentation for sampled projects, and the EM&V team compared parameter values in the project files with those entered into the program's tracking system.

Based on the program's tracking system extract from the tracking system database, PY2022 participant records were assigned measure categories, and the EM&V team created a sample of 20³⁴ projects for desk reviews. Participants receiving *non-direct-install* measures (i.e., *envelope* and *HVAC* projects) were prioritized and selected from the data extract. Table 68 characterizes the PY2022 sample selected for desk reviews.

³⁴ Based on the distinct count of JobIDs sampled for desk review only. Site visits were part of a separate sample.



Table 68. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—Summary of Desk Review Sampled Savings by Measure Category³⁵

Measure category	Reported kWh	Sampled kWh	Percentage kWh sampled	Reported kW	Sampled kW	Percentage kW sampled
Appliances	51,527	2,774	5.4%	6.1	0.3	5.4%
Domestic hot water	26,602	3,069	11.5%	2.8	0.3	11.5%
Envelope	224,216	11,941	5.3%	28.0	1.2	4.4%
HVAC	3,689,088	184,300	5.0%	532.4	20.2	3.8%
Lighting	53,192	2,400	4.5%	9.6	0.4	4.7%
Total	4,044,625	204,484	5.1%	578.9	22.5	3.9%

6.3.1.3 On-Site Verifications

Six projects received on-site verifications to examine whether participating trade allies' measurements were replicable and to verify the installation of incented measures. The EM&V team did not perform testing but rather made process observations and verified measure installation. Almost all the participants that received on-site verifications had multiple measures installed. Table 69 provides detail on the six sites that received on-site verification in PY2022.

Table 69. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—Summary of On-site Verification Sampled Savings by Measure Category

Measure category	Number of sites	Reported kWh	Reported kW
Appliances	3	757	0.1
Domestic hot water	2	1,101	0.1
Envelope	3	2,352	0.2
HVAC	5	23,485	3.4
Lighting	4	849	0.2
Total	6	28,543	4.0

6.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

This section presents the results of evaluation activities and details findings from the desk reviews and on-site verifications. Results are reported at the measure level and program level based on the EM&V activities.

³⁵ Reported data as of time of sampling, October 24, 2022.



6.4.1 Tracking System Review

Overall, the Manufactured Homes program evaluated tracking system review resulted in identical savings to those calculated by the program implementer. The realization rates were 100 percent for both energy and demand savings. Further details of measure-based findings are provided below.

Table 70. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—PY2022 Tracking System Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Category

	Ex-ante savings		Ex-post	savings	Realization rate	
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW
Appliances	74,225	8.8	74,225	8.8	100.0%	100.0%
Domestic hot water	36,855	3.8	36,855	3.8	100.0%	100.0%
Envelope	333,435	41.1	333,435	41.1	100.0%	100.0%
HVAC	5,283,346	726.9	5,283,346	726.9	100.0%	100.0%
Lighting	71,572	12.8	71,572	12.8	100.0%	100.0%
Total	5,799,433	793.5	5,799,433	793.5	100.0%	100.0%

6.4.2 Desk Review Results

The EM&V team conducted desk reviews of 26 projects, including projects that received site visits, to compare values recorded on project documentation with those available in the tracking system. The sites that received desk reviews reported 233,028 kWh in energy savings and 26.5 kW in demand savings. The EM&V team found discrepancies leading to adjustments in savings. Desk review findings from projects that did not receive 100 percent realization rates are detailed below.

6.4.2.1 Heating/Cooling Type Discrepancies

- **JobID: EAMHPS1548650975.** The project included *air sealing*, 12 *LEDs*, one *smart strip*, and *duct sealing*. A *heat pump* was reported as the heating and cooling type. However, the condenser nameplate photo indicated that it was an *air conditioner* not a *heat pump*. In addition, photos showed the heating type was an *electric resistance furnace*. The heating type was adjusted from *heat pump* to *AC with electric resistance heat*. The heating type adjustment resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 173.0 percent and 99.5 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **JobID: EAMHPS1549412924.** The project included *air sealing* and *duct sealing*. A *heat pump* was reported as the heating and cooling type. However, the condenser nameplate photo indicated that it was an *air conditioner* not a *heat pump*. It also indicated the *SEER* value was *12* and not the reported *10 SEER*. In addition, photos showed the heating type was an *electric resistance furnace*. The heating type was adjusted from *heat pump* to *AC with electric resistance heat*. These adjustments resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 209.3 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

• **JobID: EAMHPS1548963581.** The project reported *duct sealing of a heat pump* system. However the condenser nameplate photo indicated that it was an *air conditioner* not a *heat pump*. In addition, photos showed the heating type was an *electric resistance furnace*. The heating type was adjusted from *heat pump* to *AC with electric resistance heat*. The heating type adjustment resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 194.9 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

6.4.2.2 Smart Strip Discrepancies

- **Jobld: EAMHPS1549677307.** The project included one *smart strip* and 20 *LEDs*. Based on the documentation, the EM&V team could not verify the installation location of the smart strip and adjusted the location from *home entertainment center* to *APS average*. This adjustment resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 87.6 percent and 90.4 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- **Jobld: EAMHPS1550462390.** The project included one *smart strip* and *duct sealing*. Based on the documentation, the EM&V team could not verify the installation location of the smart strip and adjusted the location from *home entertainment center* to *APS average*. The savings may also be overstated as the photo showed only one cord plugged into the "always on" outlet. This adjustment resulted in an overall project-level realization rate of 87.6 percent and 90.4 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.
- Jobid: EAMHPS1548913790. The project included one smart strip, air infiltration, and duct sealing of an AC with electric resistance heat. Based on the documentation, the smart strip was not installed, and the EM&V team adjusted accordingly, resulting in an overall project-level realization rate of 98.6 percent and 98.2 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

Overall, program-level realization based on desk reviews was 105.3 percent and 99.8 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively, due to the adjustments discussed above. See Table 71

Table 71. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—Desk Review Results

Measure	Reported savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kW)	Energy realization rate	Demand realization rate
9 W LED (60 W equivalent)—indoor	2,752	0.5	2,711	0.5	98.5%	100.0%
Air infiltration	14,293	1.4	16,458	1.4	115.1%	99.7%
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat (tested)	180,190	17.2	180,190	17.2	100.0%	100.0%
Duct sealing—electric cooling (tested)	4,857	2.7	4,857	2.7	100.0%	100.0%
Duct sealing—heat pump (tested)	21,288	3.7	32,054	3.7	150.6%	100.0%



Measure	Reported savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kW)	Energy realization rate	Demand realization rate
LED bulbs candelabra 4 W (indoor)	497	0.1	497	0.1	100.0%	100.1%
Low-flow faucet aerator	602	0.1	601	0.1	100.0%	99.9%
Low-flow showerheads	3,569	0.4	3,562	0.4	99.8%	99.8%
Smart strip (direct install)	3,531	0.4	3,109	0.4	88.1%	87.6%
Smart thermostats	1,450	-	1,450	-	100.0%	N/A
Total	233,028	26.5	245,489	26.4	105.3%	99.8%

A dash indicates that there are no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.

6.4.3 On-Site Verifications

Six projects received on-site verifications to examine whether participating trade allies' measurements were replicable and to verify the installation of incented measures. The EM&V team did not perform testing but rather made process observations and verified measure installation. On-site projects also received a desk review to compare documentation to data collected while on-site.

While on-site, the EM&V team gathered feedback from customers on their experience with the program. Overall, customers stated they were satisfied with the program and indicated they would not have done this work without it. Some stated they had felt a significant difference in their bills and/or comfort level. However, contractors should take care while on-site to ensure all pertinent information is clearly communicated with the customer.

Overall, program-level realization-based on-site visits were 100 percent for both energy and demand savings, as detailed in Table 72.

Table 72. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—On-Site Verification Results

Measure category	Reported savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kW)	Realization rate	Realization rate
Appliances	757	0.1	757	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
Domestic hot water	1,101	0.1	1,101	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
Envelope	2,352	0.2	2,352	0.2	100.0%	100.0%
HVAC	23,485	3.4	23,485	3.4	100.0%	100.0%
Lighting	849	0.2	849	0.2	100.0%	100.0%
Total	28,543	4.0	28,543	4.0	100.0%	100.0%

6.5 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The EM&V team used the desk reviews and on-site verification measurements to calculate the program-level realization rates. Program realization rates indicate that the Manufactured Homes program achieved similar energy and demand savings as reported. Adjustments based on desk reviews or on-site verifications were incorporated into realization rates, ultimately resulting in realization rates of 107.4 percent and 99.8 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

Table 73. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes—Weighted Desk Review and Independent Verification Results

	I						
	Reported s	avings	Evaluated savings Realiza		Realizat	ion rate	
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source
9 W LED (60 W equivalent)— indoor	54,769	9.9	53,958	9.9	98.5%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Air conditioner tune-up— manifoldi measurement	205,539	111.9	205,539	111.9	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
Air infiltration	333,435	41.1	383,931	41.0	115.1%	99.7%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Duct replacement— heat pump	12,631	2.2	12,631	2.2	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
Duct sealing— AC with resistance heat (tested)	4,046,576	385.6	4,046,576	385.6	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Duct sealing— electric cooling (tested)	159,817	87.2	159,817	87.2	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Duct sealing— heat pump (tested)	763,918	129.7	1,150,262	129.7	150.6%	100.0%	Desk review and tracking system review
Duct sealing electric resistance no cooling (tested)	7,621	-	7,621	-	100.0%	N/A	Tracking system review

	Reported s	avings	Evaluated s	savings	Realizat	ion rate	
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source
LED (retail): outdoor, general purpose, all wattages	152	-	152	-	100.0%	N/A	Tracking system review
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (indoor)	1,385	0.2	1,385	0.2	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (outdoor)	193	-	193	-	100.0%	N/A	Tracking system review
LED bulbs candelabra 4 W (indoor)	15,073	2.7	15,073	2.8	100.0%	100.1%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Low-flow faucet aerator	5,771	0.6	5,768	0.6	100.0%	99.9%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Low-flow showerheads	31,084	3.2	31,027	3.2	99.8%	99.8%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Residential heat pump tune-up	42,276	10.3	42,276	10.3	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
Smart strip (direct install)	74,225	8.8	65,358	7.7	88.1%	87.6%	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Smart thermostats	44,968	-	44,968	-	100.0%	N/A	Desk review, on-site verification, and tracking system review
Total	5,799,433	793.5	6,226,535	792.3	107.4%	99.8%	

A dash indicates that there are no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.

6.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL PROCESSES

The implementation team randomly selects properties to receive post-installation verification as part of the program's QA/QC process, verifying measurements taken by trade allies or performing non-invasive visual inspections of work. When work is deemed insufficient, trade allies must typically revisit the site and perform additional work to bring the site's performance up to program standards.

7.0 LOW-INCOME SOLUTIONS

The Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) Low-Income Solutions program launched in program year (PY) 2020 (PY2020). The program helps low-income households become more comfortable, safe, and energy-efficient using directly installed home weatherization, health, and safety upgrades at no cost to the customer. The objectives of the Low-Income Solutions program are to (1) help EAL customers reduce energy usage, save money on utility bills, and improve comfort in their homes, (2) educate homeowners on the energy efficiency and inefficiency of their homes, (3) identify opportunities for energy savings specific to customers' homes, and (4) improve health and safety of the homes' residents, provided at no cost to homeowners. Energy audits and energy-efficient home upgrades are delivered through trained and certified home performance contractors. The Low-Income Solutions program is also a delivery mechanism for the *consistent weatherization approach* (CWA) and includes all cost-effective measures following the CWA protocols.

The Low-Income Solutions program targets eligible low-income households or EAL customers aged 65 or older as they are considered a hard-to-reach subsector. The program also helps with home repairs to correct minor problems that may otherwise prevent the building from receiving weatherization upgrades or pose a health or safety risk. As part of the Low-Income Solutions program, EAL offers the following measures at no cost to qualifying customers: *home energy assessments* by qualified field technicians, *LED bulbs, low-flow showerheads, faucet aerators*, and *advanced power strips*. EAL also offers the following *weatherization* measures at no cost to the customer: *air sealing, duct sealing, ceiling insulation, advanced thermostats*, and *heat pump and AC tune-ups*, In PY2022, the program incentivized *ceiling insulation* installation, *air infiltration, duct sealing*, and *advanced thermostats* while providing direct installation of *faucet aerators, low-flow showerheads, advanced power strips (APS), lighting* measures, and *health and safety* measures at no cost to the customer. This report section focuses on energy savings measures, the reader is referred to *Consistent Weather Approach and Act 1102* Section (Section 16.0) for information on the *health and safety* measures.

The evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team conducted program staff interviews, tracking system reviews, desk reviews, and on-site verifications for a subset of projects to support the evaluation. Table 74 below summarizes the Low-Income Solutions evaluation activities.

Table 74. Low-Income Solutions—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

	Gross impact evaluation completes					
NTG approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site verification	Metered data analysis¹	
Deemed from prior research	Program staff interviews (2) Material review	Census	41	5	None	

7.1 KEY FINDINGS

In PY2022, the Low-Income Solutions program achieved 7,856 MWh in gross energy savings and 1.9 MW in gross demand savings, as shown in Table 75. The Low-Income Solutions program's gross evaluated savings were slightly lower than reported energy savings and demand savings, resulting in realization rates of 99.0 and 99.5 percent for energy savings (megawatt-hours) and demand savings (megawatts), respectively. The variance between the reported and evaluated savings results from the EM&V team adjusting the savings during the project-level engineering desk reviews and on-site verification. The program achieved 100 percent of target energy savings and 65 percent of target demand savings.

Table 75. Low-Income Solutions—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio²	Net savings
Energy savings (MWh)	7,936	7,856	99.0%	100.0%	7,856
Demand savings (MW)	1.9	1.9	99.5%	100.0%	1.9

Table 76. Low-Income Solutions—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	7,863	7,856	100%
Demand savings (MW)	2.9	1.9	65%

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

Compared to PY2021, the EM&V team found an improvement in project documentation verifying removed *bulbs* and a slightly higher percentage of *HVAC* system nameplates. The program should continue improving project documentation to increase transparency and savings reliability.

During on-site verifications, the EM&V team observed a substantial improvement in contractor communication with customers. This improvement may be a result of increased training for contractors as well as contractors being able to spend more time in customers' homes due to less pandemic-related restrictions.

In terms of *health and safety* measures, the EM&V team found significantly more diversified measures taking place through on-site verifications, as well as better documentation of the measures, compared to PY2021.

The EM&V team identified four recommendations, shown in Table 77, for EAL's consideration from the evaluation activities.

Table 77. Low-Income Solutions —PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Increase quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) on the APS measure and ensure contractors are educated on installing the APS and collecting documentation that clearly verifies the installation location of the APS.	While this was a minor issue across the other residential programs, the EM&V team found the majority of Low-Income Solutions desk review documentation showed the APS still in the packaging, The EM&V team evaluated savings using the average APS rather than zero out the savings for PY2022 to increase training and QA/QC on this measure. However, in PY2023 uninstalled measures will be evaluated as zero savings. The adjustment in savings resulted in realization rates of 68.6 percent and 65.8 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively for the APS measure.
	Recommendation 2: Ensure contractors are consistently submitting key savings project documentation.	Throughout desk reviews, the EM&V team found that some projects lacked key documentation such as advanced power strip location, and pictures of the HVAC system's nameplates, including heating equipment. Requiring contractors to submit all documentation necessary to reproduce savings is critical to improving QA/QC processes.
PY2022 process recommendations	Recommendation 3: Increase training and QA/QC of <i>air</i> and <i>duct sealing</i> measures to ensure all leaks are thoroughly sealed.	Through on-site verifications, the EM&V team found a few missed opportunities to seal leaks in the homes, including sealing around the furnace and air handler cabinet as well as adding new duct tape around deteriorated existing duct tape. These issues may be caught by the QA/QC team. However, increased training of trade allies may help achieve higher, more consistent savings for sites for which no QA/QC is performed.
	Recommendation 4: Consider ways to increase participation in the <i>ceiling insulation</i> measure for low-income customers.	Throughout site visits, speaking with program implementers and administrators, and reviewing the tracking database, the EM&V team found that a larger percentage of homes may need ceiling insulation. Ceiling insulation is critical for low-income homes that are typically under-weatherized and can result in significant savings and increase the comfort level of the home.

Table 78. Low-Income Solutions —Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Status of prior year recon	nmendations
PY2020 impact recommendations	 For duct sealing projects where actual cooling efficiency is unobtainable, use the default value, 11.5 seasonal energy efficiency ratio (SEER), for the cooling efficiency, as outlined in the TRM. Continuing.
	Use calculators with project-specific inputs for <i>ceiling insulation</i> projects and provide the calculations as part of the project documentation.
	o Complete.
PY2020 process recommendations	 Consider developing additional outreach communication and marketing materials to reach potential customers via direct mailings, utility bill inserts, phone calls, and emails.
	o Complete.
PY2021 impact recommendations	Ensure contractors consistently submit key savings project documentation such as condenser nameplate, advanced power strip location, heating seasonal performance factor (HSPF), and LED bulbs installed and removed.
	o Continuing.
	Ensure that the contractor installs direct-install measures such as LEDs, smart strips, low-flow showerheads, and low-flow faucet aerators rather than giving them to the customer to install.
	o Continuing.
	Continue standardizing <i>MeasureDescription</i> for prescriptive <i>health and safety</i> measures to track measure accomplishments in the tracking database.
	o Continuing.
	Increase customer service training for contractors regarding communication.
	o Continuing.
	Ensure to remove and properly dispose of replaced equipment, such as incandescent bulbs.
	o Continuing.
PY2021 process recommendations	None.

7.3 METHODOLOGY

The following sections present an overview of the impact evaluation methodologies.

7.3.1 Impact Evaluation

The evaluated savings results, established at the project level, are based on savings calculations and adjustments made during the tracking system review, 41 engineering desk reviews, and five on-site visits. Final evaluated savings account for the tracking system review and desk review level adjustments for all measure categories.

7.3.1.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-reported tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the algorithms and ex-ante values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review referenced the TRM 9.0 for measure-level savings assumptions; the EM&V team checked the tracking systems' linkage to TRM deemed savings and methods used to estimate savings.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives: (1) identify initial high-level tracking system concerns, (2) verify whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings algorithms' results as outlined in TRM 9.0, and (3) assess the tracking system's transparency and ability to support QA/QC activities, including future evaluation needs.

7.3.1.2 Desk Reviews

In addition to verifying the use of equations based on the TRM and inputs used to calculate deemed savings, the EM&V team also examined inputs into the tracking system based on a sample of projects. The implementation team provided project files and documentation for sampled projects, and the EM&V team compared parameter values in the project files with those entered into the program's tracking system.

Based on the program's tracking system extract from the tracking system database, PY2022 participant records were assigned measure categories, and the EM&V team created a sample of 36 projects for desk-review-only completes³. Participants receiving *non-direct-install* measures (i.e., *envelope* and *HVAC* projects) were prioritized and selected from the data extract. Table 79 provides details on sampled savings by measure category for the program.

Measure category	Reported kWh	Sampled kWh	Percentage kWh sampled	Reported kW	Sampled kW	Percentage kW sampled
Appliances	219,162	3,279	1.5%	26.1	0.4	1.5%
Domestic hot water	155,099	2,434	1.6%	16.1	0.3	1.6%
Envelope	1,281,322	33,386	2.6%	491.7	9.0	1.8%
HVAC	4,888,037	512,377	0.5%	1,018.4	142.9	14.0%
Lighting	268,185	4,200	1.6%	44.1	0.7	1.6%
Total	6,811,805	555,675	8.2%	1,596.3	153.2	9.6%

Table 79. Low-Income Solutions—Summary of Sampled Savings by Measure Category

7.3.1.3 On-Site Verification

Five projects received on-site verifications to examine whether the measurements and parameters reported by participating trade allies were accurate and to verify the installation of incented measures. The EM&V team did not perform testing but made process and measurement observations and verified measure installation. Almost all the participants that received on-site verifications had multiple measures installed. Table 80 details the five projects that received on-site verification in PY2022.

Table 80. Low-Income Solutions—Summary of Sampled Savings by Measure Category

Measure category	Number of sites	Reported kWh	Reported kW
Appliances	2	504	0.1
Envelope	2	1,420	1.4
HVAC	3	4,935	2.2
Lighting	4	1,039	0.2
Total	5	7,898	3.8

7.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

This section presents the results of evaluation activities and details findings from the tracking system review, desk reviews, and on-site verifications. Results are reported at the measure and program levels based on the EM&V activities.

7.4.1 Tracking System Review

The overall Low-Income Solutions program evaluated tracking system savings resulted in identical savings (100 percent kilowatt-hour and kilowatt realization rates) as those calculated by the program implementer; no adjustments were made during the tracking system review. Further details and measure-based findings are provided in Table 81.

Table 81. Low-Income Solutions—Tracking System Review Results by Measure Category

	Ex-ante	savings	Ex-post	savings	Realization rate		
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	
Appliances	255,479	30.4	255,479	30.4	100.0%	100.0%	
Domestic hot water	164,681	17.1	164,681	17.1	100.0%	100.0%	
Envelope	1,437,515	564.0	1,437,515	564.0	100.0%	100.0%	
HVAC	5,779,700	1,239.5	5,779,700	1,239.5	100.0%	100.0%	
Lighting	298,927	48.8	298,927	48.8	100.0%	100.0%	
Total	7,936,302	1,899.8	7,936,302	1,899.8	100.0%	100.0%	

7.4.2 Desk Review Results

The EM&V team conducted desk reviews of 41 projects, including projects that received site visits, to compare values recorded on project documentation with those available in the tracking system. The sites that received desk reviews reported 146,981 kWh in energy savings and 31.6 kW in demand savings.

The EM&V team found documentation and installation issues related to the *APS* measure leading to adjustments in savings. Out of 13 *APS* measures reviewed during the desk reviews, 8 were still in packaging per pictures, and 3 were not installed in a home entertainment system, though claimed savings for *home entertainment system* in the TRM. The EM&V team made similar observations during on-site verifications. In two cases, the power strip was left for the customer to install and was specified as being installed in the home entertainment system, but it

was used elsewhere. Since this measure does not have an in-service rate, savings would be adjusted to zero resulting in realization rates of 24.4 percent and 23.6 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively. However, for PY2022, the EM&V team adjusted the savings to reflect *average APS* since the install location will be unknown. For PY2023, the EM&V team will include APS in targeted measures to verify improvement in installation rates and will have zero savings for APS left in the packaging.

Overall, program-level realization based on desk reviews was 99.2 percent and 99.5 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively, due to the adjustment discussed above. All measures except for the *smart strip* measure achieved 100 percent realization rates. Table 82 demonstrates the desk review results at the measure level.

Table 82. Low-Income Solutions—Desk Review Results

Measure	Reported savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kW)	kWh realization rate	kW realization rate
9 W LED (60 W equivalent)— Indoor	3,762	3,762	0.6	0.6	100.0%	100.0%
Air infiltration	20,719	20,719	4.8	4.8	100.0%	100.0%
Ceiling insulation	14,087	14,087	5.6	5.6	100.0%	100.0%
Duct sealing— AC with resistance heat (tested)	43,346	43,346	3.8	3.8	100.0%	100.0%
Duct sealing— electric cooling (tested)	17,631	17,631	9.6	9.6	100.0%	100.0%
Duct sealing— heat pump (tested)	35,802	35,802	6.2	6.2	100.0%	100.0%
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (indoor)	403	403	0.1	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (outdoor)	96	96	-	-	100.0%	N/A
LED bulbs Candelabra 4 W (indoor)	977	977	0.2	0.2	100.0%	100.0%
Low-flow faucet aerator	336	336	0.0	0.0	100.0%	100.0%
Low-flow showerheads	2,098	2,098	0.2	0.2	100.0%	100.0%
Smart strip (direct install)	3,783	2,596	0.5	0.3	68.6%	65.8%
Smart thermostats	3,942	3,942	-	-	100.0%	N/A
Total	146,981	145,793	31.6	31.4	99.2%	99.5%

A dash indicates that there are no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.



7.4.3 On-Site Verification Results

Five projects received on-site verifications to examine the accuracy of the parameters and measurements participating reported by trade allies and to verify the installation of the incentivized measures. The EM&V team did not perform testing but made process observations and verified measure installation. On-site projects also received a desk review to compare documentation to data collected on-site. Details from the adjustments based on on-site data collection were rolled into the desk review project-level results in the previous section. While on-site, the EM&V team gathered customer feedback on their experience with the program. Customers stated they were satisfied with the program and indicated they would not have done the work without it. Some stated they felt a significant difference in their bills and/or comfort level.

The EM&V team observed one of the sites would have benefitted from an *AC tune-up* recommendation as part of the initial audit. At a different site, the EM&V team found that the APS was plugged into a kitchen outlet and not a home entertainment system. The APS was left in place for the customer's convenience and savings were adjusted to *average APS*. Overall, program-level realization rates based on on-site verifications were 97.9 percent and 99.4 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively, as detailed in Table 83.

Measure category	Reported savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Reported savings (kW)	Evaluated savings (kW)		kW realization rate
Appliances	504	335	0.1	0.0	66.4%	63.3%
Envelope	1,420	1,420	1.4	1.4	100.0%	100.0%
HVAC	4,935	4,935	2.2	2.2	100.0%	100.0%
Lighting	1,039	1,039	0.2	0.2	100.0%	100.0%
Total	7,898	7,728	3.8	3.8	97.9%	99.4%

Table 83. Low-Income Solutions—On-Site Verification Results

7.5 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The EM&V team used desk reviews, tracking system reviews, and on-site verifications to calculate the program-level realization rates. Program realization rates indicate that the Low-Income Solutions program achieved similar energy and demand savings. Adjustments based on desk reviews or on-site verifications were incorporated into realization rates, resulting in 99.0 percent for energy savings and 99.5 percent for demand savings. Table 84 shows the final savings.

Table 84. Low-Income Solutions—Final Evaluated Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Category

	Reported	savings	Evaluated savings		Realization rate		
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source
9 W LED (60 W equivalent)— indoor	203,111	33.6	203,111	33.6	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on- site verification, and tracking system review



	Reported s	avings	Evaluated	savings Realiza		on rate	
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source
Air conditioner tune-up—manifoldi measurement	61,617	32.3	61,617	32.3	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
Air infiltration	757,812	145.4	757,812	145.4	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on- site verification, and tracking system review
Ceiling insulation	679,703	418.6	679,703	418.6	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on- site verification, and tracking system review
Duct replacement—heat pump	9,883	1.8	9,883	1.8	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat (tested)	1,781,679	170.9	1,781,679	170.9	100.0%		Desk review and tracking system review
Duct sealing— electric cooling (tested)	936,709	513.5	936,709	513.5	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on- site verification, and tracking system review
Duct sealing—heat pump (tested)	2,557,508	427.9	2,557,508	427.9	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, and tracking system review
LED (retail): outdoor, general purpose, all wattages	776	-	776	-	100.0%	N/A	Tracking system review
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (indoor)	20,006	3.3	20,006	3.3	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review and tracking system review
LED bulbs BR30 8 W (outdoor)	1,385	-	1,385	-	100.0%	N/A	Desk review and tracking system review
LED bulbs candelabra 4 W (indoor)	73,010	11.9	73,010	11.9	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review, on- site verification, and tracking system review
LED bulbs candelabra 4 W (outdoor)	639	-	639	-	100.0%	N/A	Tracking system review
Low-flow faucet aerator	19,537	2.0	19,537	2.0	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review and tracking system review
Low-flow showerheads	145,144	15.1	145,144	15.1	100.0%	100.0%	Desk review and tracking system review
Residential heat pump tune-up	357,912	93.1	357,912	93.1	100.0%	100.0%	Tracking system review

	Reported s	savings	Evaluated savings		Realization rate		s Realization rate		
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source		
Smart strip (direct install)	255,479	30.4	175,303	20.0	68.6%	65.8%	Desk review, on- site verification, and tracking system review		
Smart thermostats	74,393	-	74,393	-	100.0%	N/A	Desk review, on- site verification, and tracking system review		
Total	7,936,302	1,899.8	7,856,126	1,889.4	99.0%	99.5%			

A dash indicates there are no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.

7.6 QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCESSES

The implementation team randomly selects properties to receive post-installation verification as part of the program's QA/QC process, verifying measurements taken by trade allies or performing non-invasive visual inspections of work. When work is deemed insufficient, trade allies must typically revisit the site and perform additional work to bring the site's performance up to program standards.

8.0 POINT OF PURCHASE SOLUTIONS

Beginning in program year (PY) 2020 (PY2020), Entergy Arkansas, LLC's (EAL) midstream and upstream programs merged into the comprehensive Point of Purchase Solutions (POPS) program. The program aims to provide fast, easy, energy efficiency solutions to residential and nonresidential customers at retailers where they already shop in-store or online through the Entergy Arkansas's Marketplace. Discounts are offered for efficient lighting products and appliances. The program's long-term goal is to minimize barriers that hinder EAL customers from adopting energy efficiency measures and products.

For both the residential upstream and commercial midstream components, retailers and distributors are incentivized to offer point-of-sale discounts on select energy-efficient equipment. This design has two advantages: (1) it can ramp up quickly and (2) there is no rebate application process making it more streamlined, requiring less up-front costs to the customer. That said, for commercial midstream participation, customers must provide company and contact information for program tracking purposes. Cooperation with retailers and distributors and having clear communication channels is the key strategy for promoting measures incentivized through these two channels.

POPS residential downstream channel offers post-purchase rebates for select energy-efficient appliances and lighting. It currently contributes to a small percentage of energy savings to the overall program but does create other opportunities to encourage the purchase of more energy-efficient measures. Rebates applications can be submitted either through the mail or online.

For the PY2022 evaluation, the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team conducted a full impact and a limited process evaluation. A full process evaluation was conducted in PY2021. Activities included in the PY2022 evaluation are program staff interviews, desk reviews of 30 randomly selected *commercial midstream lighting* projects and 70 top-saving *lighting* measures from residential upstream, and a full tracking system review.

Table 85. PY2022 Point of Purchase Solutions—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

		Gross impact evaluation completes					
Net-to-gross (NTG) approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V	Metered data analysis ³⁶		
Deemed from prior research	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review	Census	100	None	None		

³⁶ This column refers to EAL customer meter data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site measurement and verification (M&V).



8.1 KEY FINDINGS

Based on the PY2022 program tracking data,³⁷ the POPS program reported implementing 2,629,755 measures to 780,005 unique participants.³⁸ Table 86 provides the program's participation and reported savings by measure category. In PY2022, *residential lighting* projects provided the most savings, with approximately 68 percent of overall savings for the POPS program.

Table 86. PY2022 Point of Purchase Solutions—Reported Participation, Measures, and Savings

Measure category	Participants*	Quantity	Gross program savings (kWh)	Percentage of program savings (kWh)
Commercial lighting	617	51,942	18,948,989	19.6%
Residential appliances	63,675	63,723	10,675,797	11.1%
Residential domestic hot water**	68	57	80,992	0.1%
Residential envelope	7	27	2,134	0.0%
Residential HVAC	1,031	1,063	1,156,855	1.2%
Residential lighting	714,619	2,512,888	65,448,513	67.9%
Residential other	54	55	133,235	0.1%
Total	780,005	2,629,755	96,446,515	100.0%

^{*}Individual participants may install equipment from multiple measure categories.

In PY2022, the POPS program achieved 100,534 MWh in gross energy savings and 16.2 MW in gross demand savings, as shown in Table 87. The POPS program's evaluated savings resulted in higher demand and energy savings (104.2 percent kilowatt and 107.4 percent kilowatt-hour realization rates) than those calculated by the program implementer. These results are driven by the EM&V team's adjustments. The primary adjustment was recalculating 6.7 percent of upstream residential lighting sales using commercial methodologies.³⁹ The evaluation team applied NTG ratios for each sector measure resulting in an overall NTG ratio of 87.2 percent for energy savings and 86.0 percent for demand savings. The program exceeded planning goals, achieving 131 percent of energy and 141 percent of demand savings.

³⁹ Arkansas TRM 9.0, Volume II, Page 191.



^{**}There were 11 returns present in the *residential domestic hot water* category, resulting in 11 participants having a final installed quantity of 0.

³⁷ The tracking system data extract is from February 7, 2023.

³⁸ For measures without a defined account number, each unit of sales is assumed to represent a unique participant. For example, each *advanced power strip* is counted as one participant, while a four-bulb pack is counted as one participant for the *lighting* measures.

Table 87. PY2022 Point of Purchase Solutions—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	96,447	100,534	104.2%	87.2%	87,690	24.5%
Demand savings (MW)	15.1	16.2	107.4%	86.0%	13.9	11.9%

Table 88. PY2022 Point of Purchase Solutions—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	66,846	87,690	131%
Demand savings (MW)	9.9	13.9	141%

The NTG ratios used for the POPS *prescriptive* measures were based on research conducted in PY2021. NTG varied by measure type, ranging from 75 to 100 percent.

8.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team found new areas for program improvement. Specific recommendations to address these areas are described in Table 89.

Table 89. Point of Purchase Solutions —PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: For residential HVAC, increase QA/QC on the residential smart thermostat measures.	There were two instances of homes that had duplicate ArchEE entries associated with <i>smart thermostat</i> returns. In addition, there were six homes heated by propane that erroneously applied a propane factor to the gas savings algorithm, which contradicts the approved savings methodology for smart thermostats purchased at retail locations. It is recommended that additional tracking system QA/QC checks related to thermostats returned so duplicate thermostat returns are not reported in the tracking system.
	Recommendation 2: For commercial midstream lighting, increase QA/QC of commercial midstream program tracking data to reduce errors.	There were many instances in the commercial midstream program where lighting wattages reported in ArchEE were inconsistent with the lighting wattages on ENERGY STAR® and DLC certifications. There were also a few instances where baseline wattage was reported as 0 W. Finally, quantities and model numbers of specific lights in the tracking system did not match their respective quantities on the invoices in a few instances. It is recommended that additional tracking system QA/QC checks related to the baseline and retrofit wattage be conducted.
	Recommendation 3: Adjust reporting of the baseline and retrofit energy consumption for the ENERGY STAR freezers measure.	As noted in the PY2021 impact report, the baseline energy consumption and retrofit energy consumption in the tracking system were switched in the tracking system data for the ENERGY STAR freezers measure. Although this did not affect the reported energy and demand savings, adjusting the programming within ArchEE for the kWhBaseline and kWhEe fields would increase clarity and consistency during the QA/QC review.
PY2022 process recommendations	Recommendation 4: Ensure that the information provided on the POPS websites is up to date with all currently offered measures and program updates.	The POPS residential and commercial manuals found on the Entergy Arkansas POPS websites were the outdated PY2021 version. It is unclear why the PY2022 program manual was not posted on the website in the previous year. In addition, the <i>residential weatherization</i> measures were found in the Entergy Arkansas Marketplace, but they are not listed on the program landing page, nor are they listed as a measure in either the PY2021 or PY2022 program manuals. Adding these measures to the landing page and manual would increase visibility and participation.

Table 90. Point of Purchase Solutions —Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Status of prior year r	ecommendations
PY2020 impact recommendations	 Update the program tracking data formats and details to improve data organization, transparency, and consistency.
	o Complete.
	 Increase QA/QC and clarity of program tracking data to reduce errors across program participants.
	o Continuing.
	 Increase QA/QC in data entry to reduce errors in transferring invoice data to the tracking system.
	o Continuing.
PY2020 process recommendations	None.
PY2021 impact recommendations	Organize the project documentation so inspection information, participant agreements, and invoices are easily cross-referenced.
	o Complete.
	Update the program tracking data formats and details to improve data organization, transparency, and consistency.
	o Continuing.
	Increase QA/QC and clarity of program tracking data to reduce errors.
	o Continuing.
	Explore strategies to increase participation among participating "dollar" stores.
	o Continuing.
PY2021 process recommendations	Consider expanding participation in grocery stores.
	o Continuing.
	Increase decorative and other specialty lighting options in participating stores.
	o Continuing.
	Continue promoting the program through big box stores.
	o Continuing.
	Discuss additional implementation strategies among EAL and the program implementer to increase the program's net savings.
	o Continuing.
	Increase marketing efforts to residential customers to improve program awareness.
	o Continuing.

8.3 METHODOLOGY

This section details the evaluation activities for the impact evaluation.

8.3.1 Impact Evaluation

The evaluated savings results are based on savings calculations and adjustments made during the tracking system review and 30 engineering desk reviews of *commercial midstream lighting* measures (savings adjustments were made at the account level). The final component of the evaluated savings results is allocating 6.7 percent of *residential LED* lighting to the commercial program, per Arkansas TRM 9.0 section 2.5.1.1. Finally, the net-to-gross (NTG) ratio was applied at a measure category to obtain net energy savings. The NTG ratios used for the POPS *prescriptive* measures were based on research conducted in PY2021. NTG varied by measure type, ranging from 75 to 100 percent. All *low-income* measures, denoted by *MSC* codes, were given 100 percent NTG.

Table 91 below shows what aspects of the impact evaluation were applied to each measure type, as well as the NTG used in the evaluation.

Table 91. Point of Purchase Solutions—Evaluated and Net Savings Methodology

	Method to obtain	NTG	
Measure	evaluated savings	kWh	kW
Advanced power strips—retail	Tracking system review	87%	87%
Advanced power strips MSC-5606	Tracking system review	100%	100%
Efficient hot water (DHW) heaters—WH replacement w/ HPWH	Tracking system review	80%	80%
ENERGY STAR dehumidifiers	Tracking system review	78%	78%
ENERGY STAR freezers	Tracking system review	68%	82%
ENERGY STAR room air cleaners	Tracking system review	78%	78%
ENERGY STAR window AC replacement	Tracking system review	80%	80%
Hard-wired LED fixtures: indoor, all wattages	Tracking system review and 6.7 percent adder	53%	53%
LED (retail): indoor reflector	Tracking system review and 6.7 percent adder	53%	53%
LED (retail): outdoor reflector	Tracking system review and 6.7 percent adder	53%	53%
LED (retail): indoor, all wattages	Tracking system review and 6.7 percent adder	53%	53%
LED fixture indoor MSC-5464	Tracking system review	100%	100%
LED indoor omni or deco MSC-5420	Tracking system review	100%	100%
LED indoor reflector MSC-5453	Tracking system review	100%	100%
Midstream: exterior fixtures	Desk reviews	85%	85%
Midstream: interior fixtures	Desk reviews	85%	85%

	Method to obtain	N7	NTG	
Measure	evaluated savings	kWh	kW	
Midstream: interior lamps	Desk reviews	85%	85%	
Pool pumps	Tracking system review	88%	97%	
POPS weatherization retail	Tracking system review	100%	100%	
Residential pool pumps—non-self priming	Tracking system review	88%	97%	
Smart thermostats—POPS only	Tracking system review	86.2%	86.2%	

In the POPS program, the EM&V team used the following definitions for the number of participants:

- The number of participants for the advanced power strip measure is the number of unique account numbers (obtained using the ArchEE database field AccountNumber) with that designated measure, added to the quantity of measures with the -Invalid or 0000-Invalid account number (assumption of one measure per participant).
- The number of participants for the ENERGY STAR dehumidifiers, ENERGY STAR freezers, ENERGY STAR room air cleaners, midstream: exterior fixtures, midstream: interior fixtures, midstream: interior lamps, POPS weatherization retail, smart thermostats—POPS only, pool pumps, and residential pool pumps—non-self-priming measures is the number of unique account numbers (obtained using the ArchEE database field AccountNumber) with that designated measure.
- The number of participants for the ENERGY STAR window AC replacement measure is the quantity of measures with the -Invalid or 0000-Invalid account number (assumption of one measure per participant).
- The number of participants for the measure is the total number of line items with that measure (1 heater per participant) subtracted by the number of line items with a -1 quantity (as a heater return does not represent a new participant).
- The number of participants for the *residential lighting* measures is the sum of (1) the number of unique account numbers with that designated measure and (2) the quantity of lightbulb packs (*quantity* divided by *BulbsPerPack* in ArchEE database) for each line item with the *-Invalid* or *0000-Invalid* account number (assumption of one pack per participant).

In the POPS program, the EM&V team used the following definition for the quantity of measures:

• The quantity reported for each measure is the sum of the *Quantity* field in ArchEE.

8.3.1.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-reported tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the algorithms and ex-ante values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review used TRM 9.0 as a reference in the review of measure-level savings assumptions. The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to TRM deemed savings and methods used to estimate savings. After the measure-level review, the EM&V team verified energy-savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0 used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

The ArchEE tracking system, which supplied all participant and claimed savings, and for the most part, all measure level data for *prescriptive-based* measures, was used to check for systemic errors across a census of participants.

8.3.1.2 Desk Reviews

The engineering desk reviews explored the savings methodologies and documentation from POPS commercial midstream lighting projects. The reviews inspected the available project documentation and emphasized key parameters for the deemed savings protocols from TRM 9.0 and commercial midstream lighting methodology. After determining the best source of the key parameters from the available documentation, the savings were calculated based on TRM 9.0 algorithms and compared to the reported savings.

The 30 commercial midstream lighting desk reviews was selected via simple random sampling. In PY2022, the sample was taken at an account number level, meaning that all *lighting* projects under the 30 sampled account numbers were reviewed. Desk reviews were conducted using data from Q1, Q2, and Q3. This evaluation design ensured that the EM&V team had enough time to address any issues observed in the field during the first half of PY2022, ensuring they could be reconciled ahead of the year-end reporting of the POPS program.

8.3.1.3 Review of Top Savings Upstream Lighting Measures

In addition to conducting the tracking system review, the EM&V team identified the 70 bulbs responsible for the highest portion of *upstream lighting* program savings to verify ENERGY STAR savings and status. The 70 largest saving bulbs correspond with over 92 percent of total program *upstream lighting* savings. The EM&V team then confirmed ENERGY STAR certification using extracts of the *ENERGY STAR-certified light fixtures* and *certified light bulbs* datasets and found that all bulbs were ENERGY STAR-certified.

Next, the EM&V team compared bulb wattages in ArchEE with wattages provided in the ENERGY STAR datasets to confirm inputs. No discrepancies were found.

8.3.1.4 Documentation Review

To understand the POPS program, the EM&V team had biweekly meetings with program staff and reviewed all information available on EAL's website related to the program and supplemental documentation provided by EAL and CLEAResult. The EM&V team reviewed the PY2022 program manual, the data tracking system, and the savings workbook.

8.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

This section presents the results of evaluation activities and details findings from the tracking system review and desk reviews. Results are reported at the measure level and program level based on the EM&V activities.

8.4.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team completed tracking-system-based savings calculations across the *prescriptive* measure categories. The tracking review checked reported savings and performed evaluation savings calculations across the population using the parameters provided in ArchEE.

The overall POPS program evaluated tracking system review resulted in nearly identical energy and demand savings (100 percent kilowatt-hour and kilowatt realization rates) to those calculated by the program implementer. The evaluated savings are based on the results of adjustments made from completing engineering reviews of the program's tracking data. Only two measures, *smart thermostats* and *weatherization*, had realization rates that did not round to 100 percent. *Smart thermostats* had a realization rate of 100.2 percent for kilowatt-hours due to two homes having duplicate entries associated with *smart thermostat* returns. *Weatherization* had a realization rate of 16.7 percent for kilowatts for an unknown reason.

Measure-category and measure-level tracking system review findings are shown in Table 92 and Table 93 below. Further details of measure-based findings follow in the sections following the tables.

Table 92. PY2022 Point of Purchase Solutions—Tracking System Review Energy and Demand Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Category

	Ex-ante savings		Ex-post s	avings	Realization rate	
Measure category	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW
Commercial lighting	18,948,989	3,120.6	18,948,989	3,120.6	100.0%	100.0%
Residential appliances	22,294	3.0	22,295	3.0	100.0%	100.0%
Residential domestic hot water	80,992	7.1	80,992	7.1	100.0%	100.0%
Residential HVAC	1,156,855	65.2	1,158,841	65.2	100.2%	100.0%
Residential lighting	65,448,513	10,631.2	65,448,513	10,631.2	100.0%	100.0%
Residential other	10,786,739	1,236.5	10,786,739	1,236.5	100.0%	100.0%
Residential envelope	2,134	1.3	2,134	0.2	100.0%	16.7%
Total	96,446,515	15,065.0	96,448,502	15,063.8	100.0%	100.0%

Table 93. PY2022 Point of Purchase Solutions—Tracking System Review Energy and Demand Savings and Realization Rates by Measure

	Ex-ante s	avings	Ex-post savings		Realization rate	
Measure	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	k W ⁴⁰
Advanced power strips—retail	856,418	97.2	856,418	97.2	100.0%	100.0%
Advanced power strips MSC- 5606	9,797,085	1,112.0	9,797,085	1,112.0	100.0%	100.0%
Efficient hot water (DHW) heaters—WH replacement w/HPWH	80,992	7.1	80,992	7.1	100.0%	100.0%
ENERGY STAR dehumidifiers	3,660	0.8	3,661	0.8	100.0%	100.0%
ENERGY STAR freezers	547	0.1	547	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
ENERGY STAR room air cleaners	18,087	2.1	18,087	2.1	100.0%	100.0%
ENERGY STAR window AC replacement	56,497	65.2	56,497	65.2	100.0%	100.0%
Hard-wired LED fixtures: indoor, all wattages	481,753	78.3	481,753	78.3	100.0%	100.0%
LED (retail): indoor reflector	2,800,838	455.4	2,800,838	455.4	100.0%	100.0%
LED (retail): outdoor reflector	60,598	-	60,598	-	100.0%	-
LED (retail): indoor, all wattages	13,145,081	2,137.2	13,145,081	2,137.2	100.0%	100.0%
LED fixture indoor MSC-5464	41,882	6.8	41,882	6.8	100.0%	100.0%
LED indoor omni or deco MSC-5420	46,745,009	7,600.1	46,745,009	7,600.1	100.0%	100.0%
LED indoor reflector MSC- 5453	2,173,352	353.4	2,173,352	353.4	100.0%	100.0%
Midstream: exterior fixtures	3,209,272	-	3,209,272	-	100.0%	-
Midstream: interior fixtures	13,001,215	2,568.2	13,001,215	2,568.2	100.0%	100.0%
Midstream: interior lamps	2,738,502	552.4	2,738,502	552.4	100.0%	100.0%
Pool pumps	131,693	27.0	131,693	27.0	100.0%	100.0%
POPS weatherization retail	2,134	1.3	2,134	0.2	100.0%	16.7%
Residential pool pumps - non- self priming	1,542	0.4	1,542	0.4	100.0%	100.0%
Smart thermostats – POPS only	1,100,358	-	1,102,344	-	100.2%	-
Total	96,446,515	15,065.0	96,448,502	15,063.8	100.0%	100.0%

A dash indicates that there are no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.

⁴⁰ Not all measures reported demand savings. In these cases, no realization rate was applicable. In these instances, the kilowatt realization rate field is marked with a dash.



8.4.1.1 Commercial Midstream Lighting Program

No issues found.

8.4.1.2 Residential Appliances

- **Dehumidifiers:** Slight rounding differences.
- **Freezers:** Baseline energy consumption and retrofit energy consumption in the tracking system were switched in the tracking system data, although this did not affect the reported energy and demand savings.
- Room air purifier/cleaners: Slight rounding differences.

8.4.1.3 Residential Domestic Hot Water

• Water heater replacements (heat pump water heaters): No issues found.

8.4.1.4 Residential Envelope

• **POPS weatherization retail:** A consistent 16.7 percent kilowatt realization rate was found for all line items. The reason for this deviation could not be determined.

8.4.1.5 Residential HVAC

- Window air conditioners replacement: No issues found.
- Smart thermostats: Two homes had duplicate entries associated with smart thermostat returns. The EM&V team zeroed out the negative energy savings associated with the extraneous two-line items. In addition, six-line items applied the propane factor erroneously to the savings calculation. The adjustments resulted in a kilowatt-hour realization rate of 100.2 percent and kilowatt realization rate of 99.9 percent for this measure.

8.4.1.6 Residential Lighting

No issues found.

8.4.1.7 Residential Other

- Advanced power strips: No issues found.
- Pool pumps: No issues found.



8.4.2 Desk Reviews

As noted earlier, the PY2022 POPS program impact evaluation efforts included an engineering analysis for a sample of 30 *commercial midstream lighting* account numbers. The engineering desk reviews showed mostly consistent TRM 9.0 and *commercial midstream lighting* methodology protocols across all measures. However, reported wattages for many commercial midstream lights were inconsistent with wattages in the ENERGY STAR or DLC Certification databases. In addition, a few *LED downlights* used an incorrect in-service rate of 0.98 instead of 1.0, which was the ISR for *LED downlights* in the established lighting categories workbook, as well as in Illinois TRM v10, which is the cited source of ISR for *LED downlights* for EAL POPS.

Table 94 provides project-level realization rates for the 30 *commercial midstream lighting* projects reviewed during the evaluation. None of the 30 account numbers required savings adjustments of more than ten percent. Each customer was assigned an anonymous account number in the first column. A detailed description of the project with a realization rate adjustment follows.

Table 94. Commercial Midstream Lighting—PY2022 Desk Review Results by Project

Account	Reported savings		Evaluated	d savings	Realization rate		
number	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW ⁴¹	
1	4,675	-	4,675	-	100.0%	N/A	
2	5,084	0.3	5,127	0.3	100.8%	100.0%	
3	28,094	5.6	28,355	5.7	100.9%	100.9%	
4	7,066	1.4	7,067	1.4	100.0%	100.0%	
5	70,901	14.2	70,903	14.2	100.0%	100.0%	
6	1,752	0.4	1,752	0.4	100.0%	100.0%	
7	4,968	1.0	4,963	1.0	99.9%	99.9%	
8	6,022	1.2	6,022	1.2	100.0%	100.0%	
9	9,116	1.9	9,151	1.9	100.4%	100.4%	
10	19,870	0.4	19,632	0.4	98.8%	100.0%	
11	10,522	-	10,522	-	100.0%	N/A	
12	16,411	1.8	16,154	1.8	98.4%	97.1%	
13	3,269	0.6	3,269	0.6	100.0%	100.0%	
14	472	0.1	472	0.1	100.0%	100.0%	
15	142,562	6.3	132,789	6.4	93.1%	101.2%	
16	103,888	-	103,888		100.0%	N/A	
17	31,960	6.3	31,960	6.3	100.0%	100.0%	
18	671	0.1	671	0.1	100.0%	100.0%	

⁴¹ Not all projects reported demand savings. In these cases, no realization rate was applicable, and therefore, the kilowatt realization rate field is marked with a N/A.



Account	Reported savings		Evaluated savings		Realization rate	
number	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW ⁴¹
19	50,359	9.8	47,067	9.2	93.5%	93.9%
20	41,766	8.2	41,296	8.1	98.9%	98.7%
21	12,264	2.5	12,254	2.5	99.9%	99.9%
22	6,923	1.4	6,923	1.4	100.0%	100.0%
23	4,543	0.9	4,563	0.9	100.4%	100.4%
24	315	0.1	315	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
25	23,314	4.7	23,316	4.7	100.0%	100.0%
26	187,844	37.6	189,023	37.9	100.6%	100.7%
27	2,284	0.5	2,214	0.5	97.0%	97.0%
28	4,611	0.9	4,877	1.0	105.8%	105.8%
29	1,663	-	1,663	-	100.0%	N/A
30	22,336	4.6	22,382	4.6	100.2%	100.2%
Total	825,526	112.9	813,266	112.6	98.5%	99.7%

A dash indicates no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.

To incorporate the desk review findings and adjustments to savings into the overall impact evaluation, the EM&V team applied the realization rates at a measure-type level to the *commercial midstream lighting* energy savings reported in ArchEE. The realization rates by measure type are presented in Table 95 below. A detailed description of account level adjustments follows.

Table 95. Commercial Midstream Lighting—Desk Review Evaluated Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Installation Type

				•			
	Reported savings		Evaluated s	avings	Realization rate		
Measure type	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	
Midstream: exterior fixtures	261,004	-	250,667	-	96.0%	N/A	
Midstream: interior fixtures	300,156	59.9	302,695	60.5	100.8%	100.9%	
Midstream: interior lamps	264,365	53.0	259,903	52.1	98.3%	98.4%	
Total	825,526	112.9	813,266	112.6	98.5%	99.7%	

A dash indicates no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.



Details of the project-based savings adjustments are provided below by participant number and EM&V Participant ID:

- Project 2—Jobids 202112010018246830 and 202112010018246832. An adjustment was made to one of the two line-items.
 - The wattage for four lightbulbs was adjusted from the reported 48.1 W to 50.8 W to match the DLC Certification database. This adjustment resulted in a realization rate of 100.8 percent in energy savings for the customer.
- Account 3—Jobids 202112150018323748, 202112150018323750, 202112150018323751, 202112150018323752, 202112150018323753, 202206070018949333, 202206070018949334, 202207050019041051, 202209070019297460, 202209070019297500, and 202209070019297501. An adjustment was made to two line-items.
 - The wattage for 18 lightbulbs (across two line-items) was adjusted from the reported 30.5 W to 34.15 W to match the DLC Certification database. This adjustment resulted in a realization rate of 100.9 percent in energy and demand savings for the customer.
- Account 7—Jobids 202202010018452933, 202202010018452944, and 202202010018452945. An adjustment was made to all three line-items.
 - The wattage for 16 lightbulbs was adjusted from the reported 38.75 W to 38.8 W to match the DLC Certification database.
 - The wattage for six lightbulbs (across two line-items) was adjusted from the reported 32.41 W to 32.5 W to match the DLC Certification database.
 - These adjustments resulted in a realization rate of 99.9 percent in energy and demand savings for the customer.
- Account 9—Jobids 202203020018562794, 202203020018562795,
 202203020018562796, and 202203020018562797. An adjustment was made to one out of the four line-items.
 - The wattage for nine lightbulbs was adjusted from the reported 11 W to 10 W to match the DLC Certification database. This adjustment resulted in a realization rate of 100.4 percent in energy and demand savings for the customer.
- Account 10—Jobids 202112020018249598, 202112020018249599, and 202112020018249600. An adjustment was made to one out of the three line-items.
 - The model number and wattage for one lightbulb were adjusted from the reported GL150WMODFL2[Y,U]SN5700KUDX and 150.4 W to GL50WMODFLUSN and 49.53 W to match its DLC Certification and the provided invoice. This adjustment resulted in a realization rate of 98.8 percent in energy savings for the customer.



- Account 12—Jobids 202112230018344628, 202112230018344629, 202112230018344630, 202112230018344631, and 202112230018344632. An adjustment was made to three out of the five line-items.
 - The wattage for 223 lightbulbs (across three-line items) was adjusted from the reported 19.2 W to 19.5 W to match the DLC Certification database. This adjustment resulted in a realization rate of 98.4 percent in energy and 97.1 percent in demand savings for the customer.
- Account 15—Jobids 202201070018395410, 202201070018395411, 202201070018395412, 202201070018395414, 202201070018395415, 202201070018395416, 202201070018395417, 202201070018395418, 202201070018395421, 202201070018395422, 202201070018395420, 202201070018395419, 202201070018395413. An adjustment was made to 5 out of the 13 line-items.
 - The wattage for seven lightbulbs was adjusted from the reported 42.3 W to 41 W to match the DLC Certification database.
 - The wattage for 60 lightbulbs was adjusted from the reported 36.1 W to 34.9 W to match the DLC Certification database.
 - The wattage for one lightbulb was adjusted from the reported 38.4 W to 38 W to match the DLC Certification database.
 - The in-service rate of 12 LED downlights was adjusted from the reported 0.98 to 1.0, the value used in the latest Illinois TRM, v10.
 - The quantity of SLM LED 30LSIL FT lights was adjusted from 16 to 13 to match the quantity reported on its invoice.
 - These adjustments resulted in a realization rate of 93.1 percent in energy and 101.2 percent in demand savings for the customer.
- Account 19—Jobids 202204250018768137, 202204250018768138, 202204250018768159, 202204250018768160, 202203140018603306, 202203140018603307, 202203140018603308, 202203140018603309, 202203140018603310, 202203140018603311, 202203140018603312, 202204050018679015, 202204050018679018, 202204050018679019, 202204050018679460, 202204050018679461, 202205030018784920, 202205030018784924, 202206160018992488, 202206160018992489, 202206160018992490, 202206160018992494, 202207120019084360, 202208050019168818, 202208050019168859, and 202208050019168860. An adjustment was made to five out of the 26 line-items.
 - The quantity of LED12510B-2 lights was adjusted from 24 to 8 to match the quantity reported on its invoice.
 - The in-service rate of four LED downlights was adjusted from the reported 0.98 to 1.0, the value used in the latest Illinois TRM, v10.
 - The baseline wattage for a quantity of six LED downlights was adjusted from 0 W to 50 W, the appropriate baseline for a halogen light between 500 and 649 lumens.



- The model number and wattage for eight lightbulbs were adjusted from the reported *LED11824G-3* and 9.5 W to *LED11824H-8* and 9 W to match its ENERGY STAR Certification and its provided invoice.
- The model number for a quantity of eight LED11822G-3 lights was adjusted to eight LED11822G-8 lights based on its provided invoice. Because LED11822G-8 was neither DLC- nor ENERGY STAR-certified, lighting savings were zeroed for this line item.
- These adjustments resulted in a realization rate of 93.5 percent in energy and 93.9 percent in demand savings for the customer.
- Account 20—Jobids 202204250018768130, 202204250018768131, 202204250018768132, 202204250018768133, 202204250018768134, 202204250018768135, 202203140018603332, 202203140018603333, 202204050018679014, 202204050018679467, 202207120019084358, and 202207120019084359. An adjustment was made to six out of the 12 line-items.
 - The savings associated with four S29727 lights were zeroed because the light was neither DLC- nor ENERGY STAR-certified.
 - The in-service rate of 16 LED downlights was adjusted from the reported 0.98 to 1.0, the value used in the latest Illinois TRM, v10.
 - The model number and wattage for 160 lightbulbs (across four line-items) were adjusted from the reported *LED11823G-3* and 9.5 W to *LED11823H-8* and 9 W to match its ENERGY STAR Certification and its provided invoice.
 - These adjustments resulted in a realization rate of 98.9 percent in energy and 98.7 percent in demand savings for the customer.
- Account 21—Jobid 202207010019035513. A minor adjustment was made to the lone line item.
 - The wattage for 56 lightbulbs was adjusted from the reported 38.75 W to 38.8 W to match the DLC Certification database. This adjustment resulted in a realization rate of 99.9 percent in energy and 99.9 percent in demand savings for the customer.
- Account 23—Jobids 202204040018673076, 202112100018299630, and 202112100018299631. An adjustment was made to one of the three line-items.
 - The wattage for one lightbulb was adjusted from the reported 185.5 W to 181 W to match the DLC Certification database. This adjustment resulted in a realization rate of 100.4 percent in energy and 100.4 percent in demand savings for the customer.



- Account 26—Joblds 202205020018783199, 202205020018783200, 202205020018783201, 202205020018783202, 202205020018783203, 202112220018343643, 202112220018343642, 202112220018343641, 202202250018554497, 202206010018920499, 202206010018920500, 202206010018920501, 202206010018920502, 202208010019140343, and 202209010019273587. An adjustment was made to 1 of the 15 line-items.
 - The baseline for a quantity of six LED downlights was adjusted from 0 W to the appropriate baseline halogen light between 500 and 649 lumens, 50 W. The inservice rate for these LED downlights was also adjusted from the reported 0.98 to 1.0, the value used in the latest Illinois TRM, v10.
 - These adjustments resulted in a realization rate of 100.6 percent in energy and 100.7 percent in demand savings for the customer.
- Account 27—Jobids 202207180019103888, 202207180019103889, and 202208110019205426. An adjustment was made to two of the three line-items.
 - The wattage for 60 lightbulbs (across two line-items) was adjusted from the reported 19.2 W to 19.5 W to match the DLC Certification database.
 - These adjustments resulted in a realization rate of 97.0 percent in energy and demand savings for the customer.
- Account 28—Jobids 202208110019205427, 202208110019205429, 202208110019205430, and 202208110019205431. An adjustment was made to two of the four line-items.
 - The wattage for 17 lightbulbs (across two line-items) was adjusted from the reported 56.67 W to 52.7 W to match the DLC Certification database. These adjustments resulted in a realization rate of 105.8 percent in energy and demand savings for the customer.
- Account 30—Jobids 202208110019205427, 202208110019205429, 202208110019205430, and 202208110019205431. An adjustment was made to one of the three line-items.
 - The wattage for 10 LED downlights was adjusted from the reported 12.6 W to 12.5 W to match the ENERGY STAR Certification database. The in-service rate for these LED downlights was also adjusted from the reported 0.98 to 1.0, the value used in the latest Illinois TRM, v10. These adjustments resulted in a realization rate of 100.2 percent in energy and demand savings for the customer.

8.4.3 Documentation Review

To understand the POPS program, the EM&V team had biweekly meetings with program staff and reviewed all information on EAL's website related to the program and supplemental documentation provided by EAL and CLEAResult. The EM&V team received the following documentation related to the program:

• A data tracking system that contained compiled sales data from participating distributors.



- A 2020 EAL Midstream Lighting Savings workbook showed the buildup of the midstream savings methodology. No changes to the midstream program were made for PY2022, so the 2022 EAL Midstream Lighting Savings workbook was not updated. This workbook also contained calculated savings for each product on the Commercial Midstream Lighting Qualified Products List (QPL) using the commercial midstream lighting methodology outlined in the Arkansas TRM 9.0. The implementer no longer maintains this QPL.
- PY2022 program manuals for the POPS program, provided via email from CLEAResult.

The EM&V team found a few minor issues in its review of documentation, including:

- a few addresses differences between the documentation and the tracking system,
- a few phone numbers vary between the documentation and the tracking system.
- the end customer point of contact in the participation agreement differed from the name in the tracking system data in a few instances,
- model numbers in the tracking system did not match the model numbers in the invoices for a few line items,
- quantities of specific lights in the tracking system did not match their respective quantities on the invoices in a few instances.

8.4.3.1 Program Website Review

8.4.3.1.1 Residential

Information found on the residential POPS program website includes:

- a general description of the program,
- a list of eligible energy efficient measures and their incentives, and
- information (organized by measure) about how to apply for and receive rebates or discounts.

A copy of the POPS residential manual was also found on the website, although the version accessible was the outdated PY2021 version. An up-to-date program manual on the website would ensure that changes to the program are provided to potential participants in the POPS program.

The residential website is very well organized by energy efficient measures. A link to participating retailers is provided under each measure that can be purchased through retailers (advanced power strips, heat pump water heaters, LED lighting). The participating retailer list includes the retailer's name, store number, and complete address. A link is provided under each measure that can be purchased through the Entergy Arkansas online Marketplace (advanced power strips, air purifiers, dehumidifiers, smart thermostats, LED lighting). A rebate application form (either submitted online, mailed, faxed, or emailed) is provided under each measure that may require submitting a rebate application form (freezers, air cleaners, dehumidifiers, smart thermostats, pool pumps).

The program manual organized measures by their different potential channels. While the evaluation team understood the intention, the manual organization could confuse participants. For example, *smart thermostats* are listed in three different sections (corresponding with retailers, rebate applications, and the online marketplace), and it can appear that there are different types of smart thermostats available, some having *no application required*, some requiring *submitting a mail-in or online rebate application*, and some exclusively *incentivized through an online marketplace*. Reorganizing the manual to match the website's format would help improve clarity for potential participants in the POPS program.

Finally, while *residential weatherization* measures are found in the Entergy Arkansas Marketplace, they are not listed on the program landing page, nor are they listed as a measure in either the PY2021 or PY2022 program manuals. Adding these measures to the landing page and manual would increase visibility and participation.

8.4.3.1.2 Commercial

Information found on the commercial POPS program website includes a general description of the program (such as who is eligible and how participation works, including a link to the participation agreement), a comprehensive list of eligible energy efficiency measures (*lighting*, *electric hand dryers*, and *small air compressors*), along with their incentive discounts provided by the program. A link to participating distributors appears multiple times throughout the website for ease of access.

Clicking the participating distributors' list link takes the user to a page that lists all trade allies associated with the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency program, including contractors and engineering consultants throughout the country. While this information could potentially be helpful to experienced participants in the program, this could be overwhelming to newer participants who may be expecting a list of local retail stores, given that the landing page states to sign the participation agreement and take it to a participating distributor. Providing a more streamlined list of retailers by default may reduce confusion and increase clarity for newer participants in the commercial POPS program.

A copy of the POPS commercial manual was also found on the website, although the version accessible was the outdated PY2021 version. An up-to-date program manual on the website would ensure that changes to the program are provided to potential participants in the POPS program.

8.5 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The POPS program evaluated savings that resulted in slightly higher energy and demand savings (107.4 percent kilowatt and 104.2 percent kilowatt-hour realization rates) than those calculated by the program. The evaluated savings are based on adjustments during the tracking system review and findings from completing 30 engineering desk reviews. Savings adjustments were made at the measure-type level (i.e., *interior lamps*, *interior fixtures*, *exterior fixtures*).

The overall realization rates were most affected by the recalculation of 6.7 percent of *residential upstream lighting* measures using commercial lighting savings methods. Final savings results and realization rates are presented in Table 96.

Table 96. Final Evaluated Energy Savings and Realization Rates, by Measure

	Reported savings		Evaluated	savings	Realization rate	
Measure category	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW ⁴²
Advanced power strips	10,653,503	1,209.2	10,653,503	1,209.2	100.0%	100.0%
Efficient hot water heater	80,992	7.1	80,992	7.1	100.0%	100.0%
ENERGY STAR dehumidifiers	3,660	0.8	3,660	8.0	100.0%	100.0%
ENERGY STAR freezers	547	0.1	547	0.1	100.0%	100.0%
ENERGY STAR room air cleaners	18,087	2.1	18,087	2.1	100.0%	100.0%
ENERGY STAR window AC replacement	56,497	65.2	56,497	65.2	100.0%	100.0%
Hard-wired LED fixtures: indoor, all wattages	481,753	78.3	605,634	111.3	125.7%	142.1%
LED (retail): indoor reflector	4,974,190	808.7	5,636,869	985.1	113.3%	121.8%
LED (retail): indoor, all wattages	13,186,962	2,144.0	16,530,715	3,034.1	125.4%	141.5%
LED (retail): outdoor reflector	60,598	-	79,362	-	131.0%	N/A
LED indoor omni or deco	46,745,009	7,600.1	46,745,009	7,600.1	100.0%	100.0%
Midstream: exterior fixtures	3,209,272	-	3,082,173	-	96.0%	N/A
Midstream: interior fixtures	13,001,215	2,568.2	13,111,181	2,591.1	100.8%	100.9%
Midstream: interior lamps	2,738,502	552.4	2,692,282	543.5	98.3%	98.4%
Pool pumps	133,235	27.4	133,235	27.4	100.0%	100.0%
POPS weatherization retail	2,134	1.3	2,134	0.2	100.0%	16.7%
Smart thermostats	1,100,358	-	1,102,558	-	100.2%	N/A
Total	96,446,515	15,065	100,534,438	16,177	104.2%	107.4%

A dash indicates that there are no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.

8.6 QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCESSES

CLEAResult uses a Quality Management Plan (QMP), including QA and QC components. Distributor and retailer qualification and training are QA approaches used to ensure quality from the program's start and ensure quality issues are not introduced further downstream in the process. QC inspections are used toward the end of projects to check the quality of the final savings. The QA/QC process lasts the project's duration and includes a feedback loop to ensure continuous program improvement.

⁴² Not all measures reported demand savings. In these cases, no realization rate was applicable. In these instances, the kilowatt realization rate field is marked as N/A.



According to program documentation, the POPS program provides distributor training as a crucial step to ensure sales associates can speak clearly and well-informedly to customers about the program. As part of the QA process, program representatives conduct sales and program training for distributor staff, work with retailers to set up promotional events, and conduct periodic check-ins with retailers to assess program effectiveness. Data review was also described as a crucial component of the QA process. Program managers review sale reports from distributors at least once per month.

As part of the evaluation process, the EM&V team assessed the POPS program's QA/QC processes by reviewing specific *commercial midstream lighting* data and documentation. This process confirmed that protocols developed were being followed and identified any gaps or necessary changes. Each of CLEAResult's stated QA/QC processes was assessed by the EM&V team, and our findings for each step are described in further detail next.

Enrollment and customer verification. The EM&V team downloaded and reviewed a copy of the Participant Agreement; this document records key information about the customer and the company (e.g., customer name, company name, company address, phone number, email). The agreement also requires a signature and date. This information allows the program implementer to verify that the customer's company location where the installation will take place is associated with an eligible account number. If further information is needed to complete the verification, then the contact information is captured.

Post-engineering approval and post-project review and closeout. For *commercial midstream lighting*, most of these steps are completed within CLEAResult's and EAL's data tracking systems, which occurs as projects are validated and uploaded to each tracking system. See the paragraph below regarding documentation and data review for the EM&V team's findings regarding QA/QC efforts across the tracking systems.

Documentation and data reviews. The EM&V team completed a review of program-related documentation and data tracking systems. The *commercial midstream lighting* savings methodology and program manual documents are comprehensive and include many critical elements.

The program relies on the tracking system and commercial POPS program documents, which supply all sales and unit-level data and reported savings. While the EM&V team generally found the tracking data complete and consistent, we also found numerous errors related to lightbulb installed or baseline wattage, which led to reported savings with mistakes. Implementing recommendation #2 regarding additional QA/QC around the baseline and installed wattages would improve reporting accuracy in the commercial midstream category.

The EM&V team has identified a few improvements to CLEAResult's current QA/QC process:

- improve QA/QC checks to ensure lighting model numbers are correctly imported from invoices and work orders to the tracking system (this is a continued recommendation from PY2021),
- perform cursory reviews of the tracking system data periodically before finalizing at the end of the program year (this is a continued recommendation from PY2020 and PY2021).



9.0 LARGE COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SOLUTIONS

The Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions (LCI) program offers nonresidential customers cash and non-cash incentives in implementing energy-efficient technologies. Eligible customers have a minimum peak demand of 100 kilowatts (kW) (at an individual site or combined accounts) and are not served by the Public Institutions Solutions, Small Business Solutions, or Agricultural Energy Solutions programs. The LCI program utilizes calculated (prescriptive) or measured and verified (custom) approaches. Additionally, the program is available to all commercial new construction customers. No minimum energy savings are needed for new construction projects to qualify for this program, but to receive the non-cash benefits, annual energy savings must exceed 10,000 kilowatt-hours (kWh).

Eligible customers can participate in both prescriptive and custom approaches. Participants seeking the prescriptive route can choose from an extensive menu of qualified technologies, such as *lighting*, *lighting* controls, *HVAC* controls, variable speed drives, *HVAC* equipment, refrigeration equipment, office equipment, and food service equipment. The custom component supports customers in identifying and implementing site-specific, cost-effective energy-efficiency projects through technical assistance, program referrals, and incentives. The program addresses industrial process improvements, chillers and boilers, data center efficiency, plugload controls, and other non-prescriptive measures. The program is designed to yield substantial energy savings through energy audits, co-funding feasibility studies, energy performance ratings using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager®, and training in best practices.

The LCI program is designed to reduce or bypass market barriers such as:

- lack of energy efficiency information and awareness of energy and non-energy benefits (NEB),
- the perception that energy-efficient technologies have high initial costs,
- lack of customer understanding about measure payback,
- lack of customer awareness of energy-efficient technologies,
- lack of easy access to qualified vendors and installers,
- absence of tools to quantify savings,
- · lack of access to capital, and
- lack of project success (which could be overcome with alternative funding such as incentive split between owners and tenants in leased spaces, assignment of incentives to installing trade allies, etc.).

Incentives vary by measure type. Most incentives were targeted to cover 50 percent of incremental costs for planning purposes.

The program is implemented by Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) and CLEAResult, who provide recruitment, marketing, outreach, and training to trade allies. On behalf of EAL, CLEAResult performs energy assessments, directly installs measures (e.g., *LEDs, low-flow faucet aerators, pre-rinse spray valves, weatherstripping*), conducts pre- and post-implementation inspections, maintains the program quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) standards, and administers the incentive process, including program tracking, directly with participating trade allies.

A network of qualified trade allies is used to perform installations of energy efficiency measures. This network works closely with EAL and CLEAResult for program training and marketing. As part of program marketing and outreach to EAL customers, they can identify potential projects and notify EAL of opportunities. All trade allies must meet the program's technical and quality standards and sign a trade ally agreement form. The LCI program is designed to generate significant energy savings and longer-term market penetration by nurturing delivery channels, such as design professionals, distributors, installation contractors, and energy service companies (ESCO).

In support of the impact evaluation, the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team conducted a tracking system review, desk reviews on a randomly selected sample of 70 projects, a review of program documentation, and early engagement reviews for 17 projects. The net-to-gross (NTG) analysis used an enhanced self-report approach with program participant surveys. Process evaluation activities centered on in-depth interviews with trade allies and program participant surveys.

		Gross impact evaluation completes					
NTG approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Early engagement review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V	Metered data analysis ⁴³	
Prior research and updates from the current evaluation	Program staff interviews (2) Participant surveys (30) Market actor interviews (2) Materials review	Census	17	70	30	26	

Table 97. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

9.1 KEY FINDINGS

Based on the program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022) program tracking data, the LCI program incentivized energy efficiency measures to 521 unique participants⁴⁴ through 60 trade allies. Table 98 provides the program's claimed savings by measure category. The most considerable number of participants (66 percent) was attributable to *lighting* measures, which accounted for 23 percent of claimed energy savings. The most significant energy savings were for *custom other* (34 percent) from six percent of the participants. The second most impactful measure category by energy savings was *continuous energy improvement (CEI)*, with 31 percent of claimed energy savings from 4 percent of the participants.

⁴⁴ A unique participant is based on a single utility account number.



⁴³ This column refers to EAL customer meter data, supplemented by EM&V team data collection, as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site measurement and verification (M&V).

Table 98. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions—Reported Participation and Savings⁴⁵

Measure category	Trade allies	Participants ⁴⁶	Projects	Program savings (kWh)	Percentage of program savings (kWh)
Continuous energy improvement ⁴⁷	0	19	22	30,991,749	31.2%
Custom HVAC	4	6	6	1,006,227	1.0%
Custom other	12	29	38	33,463,791	33.7%
Domestic hot water ⁴⁷	0	11	11	144,678	0.1%
Envelope ⁴⁷	0	30	34	4,158,952	4.2%
HVAC	5	11	11	216,193	0.2%
Lighting	32	345	359	23,096,022	23.2%
Lighting—new construction	6	18	19	2,026,155	2.0%
Refrigeration	1	56	56	1,296,868	1.3%
Tune-up	10	38	516	2,952,728	3.0%
Total	60	521	1,048	99,353,362	100.0%

In PY2022, the LCI program reported 99,353 MWh in gross energy savings and 16.4 MW in gross demand savings. Table 99 below shows the reported and evaluated savings across the program. The program fell short of achieving its planned energy and demand savings goals, reaching 88 percent of the annual energy and 93 percent of the annual demand savings goals as shown in Table 100.

Table 99. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio ⁴⁸	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	99,353	96,166	96.8%	104.5%	100,460	34.3%
Demand savings (MW)	16.4	16.2	98.3%	105.2%	17.0	18.0%

⁴⁸ NTG ratios displayed in the table are weighted based on the evaluated net savings results. The NTG ratios of 108.7 and 95.7 were used for custom and prescriptive measures from the PY2020 research. The NTG ratio used for the *tune-up* measures is 100.6 from PY2022 research.



⁴⁵ ArchEE extract dated January 24, 2023.

⁴⁶ A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories or multiple projects. Thus, the total count of participants and projects may not equal the sum of individual rows by measure category.

⁴⁷ The implementer directly installed all measures.

Table 100. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	114,387	100,460	87.8%
Demand savings (MW)	18.2	17.0	93.4%

The LCI program's evaluated energy and demand savings were slightly lower than the reported savings (96.8 percent kilowatt-hour realization rate, 98.3 percent kilowatt realization rate). The evaluated savings are based on the results of savings calculations and adjustments made across the results of the 70 sampled accounts for desk reviews and site visits. *Tune-up* measure savings were based on a comprehensive tracking system review.

In previous years, key updates to the program's tracking database were made, which improved the data's clarity and accuracy. The changes included correcting duplicate trade ally names and IDs in the tracking system and including the DesignLights Consortium (DLC) or ENERGY STAR® product IDs for all products incented through the program. The PY2022 recommendations presented in Section 9.2 focus on further improving data accuracy and consistency.

The researched NTG ratio is 108.7 percent for the LCI custom measures and 95.7 percent for prescriptive measures based on research conducted in PY2020. The NTG ratio for *Wi-Fi* thermostats and tune-up projects was updated to 100.6 percent from customer surveys, as outlined in Section 9.5.

9.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team has identified key findings and recommendations for consideration by EAL (Table 101), which primarily focus on improving the realization rate in the following program year and increasing the transparency, accuracy, and evaluability of program savings in the future for the LCI program.

Table 101. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions —PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Review savings algorithms for commercial Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency.	The EM&V team found that projects with a reported heat pump heating fuel type incorrectly calculated demand savings. For 40 projects, demand savings were calculated by dividing the deemed heat pump heating energy savings by 8,760 instead of the deemed cooling savings, which aligns with EAL's peak demand period. The EM&V team also identified five projects where the reported fuel type was electric AC with gas heat, but kilowatt-hour savings were using deemed savings values for a heat pump unit. Finally, the EM&V team identified five projects where the reported fuel type was electric AC with gas heat, but kilowatt-hour and kilowatt savings were using deemed savings values for a heat pump unit. The EM&V team recommends reviewing the deemed savings values and calculation algorithms for commercial Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency based on the tracked fuel type.
	Recommendation 2: Increase QA/QC on commercial AC/HP tune-up measures.	The EM&V team found five projects where the HVAC capacity differed between the pre- and post-clean line items and three projects where the HVAC type (heat pump vs AC) differed between the pre- and post-clean line items. These errors caused savings deviations. Increasing QA/QC of the reported ArchEE data to ensure consistency of capacity and HVAC type between pre- and post-clean items would eliminate these savings gaps in the future.
	Recommendation 3: Use additional data descriptions for <i>lighting fixture certification</i> to distinguish between fixtures not required for certification and those that followed an alternative compliance path.	The EM&V team found four values tracked in the <i>EquipmentDescription</i> field for <i>lighting</i> projects: <i>DLC</i> , <i>ES</i> , <i>N/A</i> , and <i>Not Qualified</i> . The <i>N/A</i> value was used for measures that did not require certification, typically <i>exit signs</i> , and <i>fixtures</i> that had alternative compliance to DLC and ENERGY STAR. The EM&V team suggests reserving <i>N/A</i> for fixtures that do not require certification and using <i>Other</i> for fixtures that go through an alternative compliance path.
PY2022 process recommendations	Recommendation 4: Review the requirement associated with refrigerants for tune-ups.	One contractor mentioned the need for a refrigerant does not impact the unit efficiency when doing a tune-up and is also not a requirement for other utility programs they have used. The program could eliminate that option or provide contractors with additional incentive funds and documentation that support the refrigerant requirement.

Table 102. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions —Status of Prior Year Recommendations

	amendations
Status of prior year recom	
PY2020 impact recommendations	 Work collaboratively with the EM&V team to revise the Continuous Energy Improvement M&V Plan to address peak demand concerns.
	 In progress. The implementer continued to use the demand analysis method for most projects in PY2021, an area where smart-meter data could help refine demand impacts in the future.
	Ensure that the implementer's site inspection results are appropriately accounted for in project savings.
	 Complete. Adjustments resulting from not revising savings for on-site inspections decreased in PY2021, with the notable exception of some direct-install weatherstripping measures.
	Increase QA/QC efforts of the <i>tune-up</i> measure database to ensure savings are being calculated correctly and for the appropriate equipment type.
	 In progress. Multiple tune-up measures with systematic errors incorrectly calculated energy or demand savings based on the tracked system heating and cooling parameters.
	Consider using the deemed building type annual operating hours (AOH) and coincidence factor (CF) whenever the facility type aligns with the TRM building descriptions. Also, only use custom AOH or CF for lighting projects when controls, such as timers or lighting control systems, make the AOH estimate certain.
	 Complete. Most <i>lighting</i> projects used the deemed building types in PY2021 with custom AOH limited to complex buildings, or buildings that do not have a good, deemed building match.
PY2020 process recommendations	To better estimate annual reported savings for large <i>custom</i> projects, continue to seek the EM&V team's review throughout the program year. Work collaboratively to address both implementer and evaluators' data collection and quality needs in large and complex projects.
	o Continuing.
	Ensure program staff respond to customer and trade ally requests promptly.
	o Continuing.
	Consider establishing a process to collect customer email addresses for outreach purposes.
	o In progress.
PY2021 impact recommendations	Review savings algorithms for <i>commercial Wi-Fi thermostat</i> measures to ensure consistency.
	 In progress. Wi-Fi thermostats continued to have inconsistencies in the calculations of savings leading to realization rate adjustments.
PY2021 process	Increase QA/QC on peak demand estimates for <i>custom</i> projects.
recommendations	 Complete. In PY2022, peak demand estimates aligned better with the EAL peak period than in previous program years.



9.3 METHODOLOGY

This section summarizes the methodologies used for the evaluation of the LCI program.

9.3.1 Impact Evaluation

The evaluated savings results are based on calculations and adjustments made during the tracking system review, *tune-up* measure review, 70 engineering desk reviews, and 30 site visits. Savings adjustments were made at the project level. Final evaluated savings for the *tune-up* measures are based on adjustments made during the tracking system review. All other measures' evaluated savings results are based on desk review and site-visit level adjustments by sampled strata. The tracking system informed qualitative findings and served as a guide for potential issues for investigation during desk reviews.

To perform the PY2022 impact evaluation, the EM&V team completed the following activities:

- staff interviews and ongoing discussions;
- program website review of eligible measures, incentives, and participating trade allies;
- program manual and supplemental documentation review;
- program tracking system/database reviews;
- review of the tracking system and measurement and verification (M&V) database for tune-ups, advance RTU controls-lite, and commercial Wi-Fi thermostats;
- engineering desk review of 68 accounts, representing 70 sampled projects; and
- on-site M&V of 30 sampled projects that also received desk reviews.

Table 103 shows the sample design and achieved sample sizes for the different data collection types employed for the impact evaluation effort.

Table 103. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions—Data Collection Efforts and Project Types

Data collection activity	Design sample	Achieved sample	Custom projects	Prescriptive projects
Staff interviews	2	2	N/A	N/A
Tracking system data review ⁴⁹	Q1–Q2 Census	Q1–Q2 Census	N/A	186
Engineering desk review ⁵⁰	70	70	27	47
On-site M&V visit ⁵¹	30	30	6	27
Tune-up measure data review	Census	Census	N/A	N/A

⁴⁹ ArchEE extract dated August 23, 2022. The count of prescriptive projects is the quantity of unique *JobId* numbers for the measure categories included in the Q1–Q2 tracking database review.

⁵¹ On-site visits were recruited from the list of participants that received desk reviews, nesting the on-site sample within the desk review sample. Three participants had prescriptive and custom measures incentivized under the same *Jobld*.



⁵⁰ Four participants had both prescriptive and custom measures incentivized under the same *JobId*.

Most of the measures incentivized by the LCI program in PY2022 are currently included in the TRM 9.0, Volume 2. Specific sections of TRM 9.0 associated with the savings developed for the LCI program measures are provided in Table 104. These prescriptive algorithms and assumptions were the basis of the savings methodology used by the implementer and the EM&V team for energy and demand savings analysis purposes.

Table 104. TRM 9.0 Prescriptive Algorithms Utilized by the Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions Program

Measure category	TRM 9.0 section	TRM 9.0 measure name
Domestic hot water	3.3.2	Faucet aerators
	3.3.5	Low-flow showerheads
	3.7.12	Pre-rinse spray valves
Envelope	3.2.10	Commercial door air infiltration
HVAC 3.1.16		Unitary and split-system AC/HP equipment
	3.1.17	Air- or water-cooled chilling equipment (chillers)
Lighting	3.6.2	Lighting controls
	3.6.3	Lighting efficiency
Refrigeration	3.5.6	Strip curtains for walk-in coolers and freezers
	3.5.7	Door gaskets for walk-in and reach-in coolers and freezers

Air conditioner and heat pump tune-ups, overhead door weatherstripping, and PTAC sealing measures were also incentivized through the LCI program. Overhead door weatherstripping and PTAC sealing measures do not strictly adhere to TRM 9.0; instead, they follow prescriptive approaches developed by CLEAResult based on the TRM algorithms for commercial door air infiltration. Additional project details outside ArchEE were required to evaluate the tune-up measures, which follow a partial M&V approach. A separate tracking system review was conducted for all tune-up measures across the three commercial programs.

Table 105. Non-TRM Prescriptive Algorithms Utilized by the Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions Program

Measure category	Measure description		
Tune-ups (formerly CoolSaver)	Advance RTU controls—lite		
	Commercial AC post-test-out		
	Commercial AC pre-clean		
	Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)		
	Commercial heat pump (tune-up)		
	Commercial HP post-test-out		
	Commercial HP pre-clean		
	Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat		

Measure category	Measure description
Envelope	Overhead door weatherstripping
	Overhead door weatherstripping for refrigerated spaces
	PTAC sealing

9.3.1.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team reviewed all tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the key input parameters needed for TRM 9.0-based algorithms. The tracking system data review began using the TRM 9.0 as a reference in our review of measure-level savings assumptions. Chapters of TRM 9.0 utilized for the tracking system review are described above in Table 104.

The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to the TRM 9.0 deemed savings algorithms used to estimate savings. This review was completed across a census of the program measures at the end of Q2⁵². All the critical input variables and assumptions necessary for savings calculations are present in the utility's tracking database. This review is conducted mid-year to help facilitate changes in the algorithm applications before the end of the year, where they might cause discrepancies in reported versus verified savings. After the measure-level review, the EM&V team verified energy savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0 used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

Table 106. PY2022 Q1-Q2 Tracking System Reported Energy Savings by Measure Category

	Reported savings		
Measure	kW	kWh	
Domestic hot water	7	36,519	
Envelope	63	1,186,064	
HVAC	6	16,213	
Lighting	627	4,733,546	
Lighting—new construction	121	813,696	
Refrigeration	61	532,174	
Total evaluated	885	7,318,211	

⁵² Tracking data downloaded August 23, 2022.



	Reported savings		
Measure	kW	kWh	
Tune-up and commercial Wi-Fi thermostat ⁵³	47	519,007	
Custom HVAC ⁵⁴	99	706,292	
Custom other ⁵⁴	372	2,903,151	
Total	1,402	11,446,661	

9.3.1.2 Tune-Up and Commercial Wi-Fi Thermostat Measurement and Verification Review

The EM&V team reviewed all the *tune-up* and *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* measures with a comprehensive tracking system review, supplemented with engineering reviews of the M&V and deemed savings methodologies. These measures are tracked in ArchEE but have supplemental data in external databases necessary for evaluation. The tracking system reviews focused on replicating individual measure savings results and determining population variances.

9.3.1.3 Desk Reviews and Site Visits

The optimal count of sample units for the *custom*, *lighting*, and *other* strata were determined based on PY2019 through PY2021 savings representation for each stratum. These savings were compared against the savings in ArchEE quarterly to determine whether there was underor over-representation of specific measure categories occurring compared to past years.

The sampling plan for *lighting* accounted for the differences between fully deemed lighting projects and those using custom hours of use. For the whole population, *lighting* projects were considered deemed if all measures for a project were using the deemed value for AOH that is consistent with the building type as defined in ArchEE. For projects with any measure that uses AOH that is not consistent with the building type, the entire project is considered *non-deemed*. For lighting, this is the classification process:

- 1. Projects were divided into *deemed* and *non-deemed* based on whether all measures used AOH that matched their building type in the tracking system (deemed) or any measure deviated from that value (non-deemed).
- 2. The contribution of energy savings for both strata is examined. The base strategy is to oversample the non-deemed projects so that at 50 percent energy savings, twice as many non-deemed projects will be chosen. The amounts are then adjusted up or down for each program based on the actual percentage of energy savings for non-deemed compared to the whole population.

⁵⁴ The algorithms and key input assumptions for *custom* measures are not provided within the tracking system, therefore a review of those measures was not completed as part of tracking system data review. However, they will be analyzed as part of the engineering desk reviews and on-site visits.



⁵³ *Tune-up*, *advanced RTU controls-light*, and *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* measures are evaluated through a separate tracking system and an M&V data review at the close of the program year.

In addition to the sub-strata for *lighting* projects, three sub-strata for *custom* projects were defined. The first sub-strata divides projects by whether they went through the *Early Engagement for High Profile Projects* protocol; if projects went through the protocol, they are assigned to the *early review* sub-strata. Non-*early review CEI* projects are assigned to the *CEI* sub-strata. Finally, the remaining projects assigned to the *other* sub-strata. The contribution of savings was used to determine the number of sample points for each sub-strata, with a higher weighting for *other*, a standard weighting for *CEI*, and a lower weighting for *early review*.

The site visits were a nested selection of the desk reviews, meaning that all projects receiving a site visit assessment also received a desk review. Projects with variances that could be cleared up during the site visit were prioritized first, with remaining site visits randomly selected from within the desk review sample. Table 107 summarizes the result of the sampling for the LCI program.

Sampling strata	Projects	Projects sampled ⁵⁵	Site Visits Sampled	Reported kWh	Reported kW
Custom subtotal	65	27	6	30,061,023	5,212
Continuous energy improvement	21	6	0	14,776,137	3,233
Early review	14	5	1	11,309,421	1,449
Other	30	16	5	3,975,465	529
Lighting subtotal	378	35	21	4,870,012	706
Deemed	353	23	14	2,440,895	367
Non-deemed	25	12	7	2,429,117	339
Other subtotal	104	12	6	553,157	56
Total	532	70	30	35,484,192	5,974

Table 107. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions—Summary of Sampled Savings

9.3.2 Early Engagement on High-Profile Projects

Based on the discussion between the EM&V team and CLEAResult, the following protocol was developed to address savings verification risk for high energy-saving projects, clarify baseline data and assumptions, and foster site-specific project savings calculations. The protocol describes how program implementers can provide the EM&V team with project savings calculations and other documentation to develop final program-saving results for the project. The collaboration could occur either in advance of offering custom incentives or after a completed project is made ready for payment and close-out.

Projects meeting either one of the following criteria were considered good candidates for review:

Calculated savings for an individual measure is 500,000 kWh or greater. For projects
meeting this savings threshold, an EM&V team review is required. NEBs are expected
to be estimated in parallel with energy savings calculations for the EM&V team review.

⁵⁵ Four sampled projects had measures in multiple categories.



An exception is allowed for projects where the EM&V team has reviewed the project savings methodology, and no adjustments are made for future savings claims.

- Custom projects that are expected to save less than 500,000 kWh, but CLEAResult
 would like to collaborate on savings approaches or arrive at an agreement on
 calculation methods or results with the EM&V team. Situations that may warrant such a
 review include:
 - the calculations are statistically anomalous or otherwise present an outlier from typical practices or outcomes,
 - NEB calculations and their treatment for the specific project,
 - o the calculations or data collection utilize uncommon or unproven methods, and
 - the calculation methods used for savings will deviate substantially from the methods outlined in the M&V plan.

During PY2022, the program implementer submitted 17 projects under the *Early Engagement for High Profile Projects* protocol. Based on the individual submission, the EM&V team provided review comments on detailed calculations, white papers, or M&V plans for these projects. In most cases, the implementer brought final, or nearly final, savings estimates to the EM&V team for review. The implementer subsequently claimed 14 of these *early reviews* with 29,117 MWh of annual energy savings, representing 29 percent of the program savings.

Five of these projects were subsequently selected for engineering desk reviews or site visits by the EM&V team, resulting in one savings adjustment. Further, the EM&V team noticed a trickledown effect with guidance from large projects informing savings estimations for small projects, combining to create an overall evaluation with fewer savings adjustments and fewer findings and recommendations than in previous evaluation cycles. The EM&V team and CLEAResult agreed to relax the protocol—particularly for *CEI* projects—where additional savings claims were made, and the regression models had already been reviewed. The relaxed protocol did not affect the accuracy of the savings results for PY2022.

9.3.3 Evaluated Savings Methodology by Measure

The EM&V team referred to relevant sections in TRM 9.0, Volume 2, to utilize the prescriptive algorithms for calculating energy and demand impacts for a significant portion of the program's measures, including *domestic hot water*, *envelope*, *HVAC*, *lighting*, and *refrigeration* measures. The program implementer tracks the savings type for each measure as either *deemed*, *measured*, or *stipulated*⁵⁶.

 Deemed savings measures are prescriptive measures from TRM 9.0 and use all or most of the default assumptions of the TRM 9.0 methodology, such as the baseline flow rate of a faucet aerator or the AOH for *lighting* measures.

⁵⁶ The implementer's definition of *stipulated* differs from the definition provided in the TRM. The tracking system definition of *stipulated* is a project that relies on TRM methodology for the savings calculation but substitutes custom parameters for some of the inputs. In particular, *lighting* projects that use custom AOH values are tracked as *stipulated*.



- Measured savings measures are either custom or prescriptive measures from TRM 9.0 that use site-specific information collected as part of the implementation process, such as field-monitored data or measured results for some or all the assumptions of TRM 9.0 methodology. An example would be capturing the actual average baseline flow rate of a pre-rinse spray valve or a custom compressor project.
- Stipulated savings measures are custom or prescriptive measures from TRM 9.0 that
 use site-specific information captured from the participant for key assumptions of the
 TRM 9.0 methodology; they are not based on metered or measured data such as selfreported AOH for lighting measures.

In addition, the program included a significant number of *custom* projects for which site-specific data was gathered and industry-standard practices were applied; however, assumptions were expected to vary based on site-specific documented conditions. As noted above, *custom* measures were described as either *measured* or *stipulated* savings types.

The ArchEE tracking system was the primary source for key input assumptions into the savings algorithms to review the tracking system savings and evaluate *prescriptive* projects. The tracking system contained the key assumptions and parameters necessary for calculating measure savings for a census of *prescriptive* measure savings. As *custom* measures are not tracked with enough detail to perform similar savings calculations on the information within the tracking data alone, the EM&V team relied on engineering desk reviews and on-site visits to review *custom* measures. During the engineering desk reviews, the project documentation for individual applications was the primary source of information to verify these key input assumptions and complete the project-level savings analysis. Site-specific information gathered during the on-site visits was the primary source of information to confirm key input assumptions and complete the project-level savings analysis.

A further discussion of the source of the values for key input parameters needed for calculating measure-level impacts used by the EM&V team for evaluating each of the prescriptive measures is presented next.

9.3.3.1 Domestic Hot Water Measures

Domestic hot water measures in PY2022 included the retrofit of existing operational faucets and showerheads with new, more efficient low-flow faucet aerators, pre-rinse spray valves, and showerheads.

The EM&V team analyzed the savings from *domestic hot water* measures using the data for all key input variables needed for calculating energy and demand savings per the prescriptive algorithms of TRM 9.0 (Sections 3.3.2, 3.3.5, and 3.7.12). The key input variables of the baseline and post-retrofit fixture include (1) average flow rate, (2) operating days per year, (3) average supply water temperature, (4) average mixed water temperature, (5) water usage duration, (6) water heater thermal efficiency, and for the demand savings, (7) the fraction of hourly water consumption.

For the *domestic hot water* measures, the claimed savings assumed the TRM 9.0 deemed values for all these parameters except for the post-retrofit *faucet aerators*' average flow rate. Therefore, the EM&V team also used the TRM 9.0 values for all key input parameters except the post-retrofit fixture flow rates. The EM&V team verified the pre- and post-retrofit fixture average flow rate via on-site visits, manufacturer cut sheets, or web-based research of make and model numbers. If the EM&V team could not determine the pre- and post-retrofit fixture

average flow rates using these sources, the EM&V team used the default values specified in TRM 9.0. The *water heater type*, *building type*, and *foodservice operation* selections guide the key input assumptions for water heater thermal efficiency, operating days per year, and water usage durations. These data were assessed during on-site visits or based on the information provided in the tracking data or project-level backup documentation.

9.3.3.2 Envelope Measures

Envelope measures in PY2022 included the installation of commercial door air infiltration measures. These entailed installing weatherstripping and door sweeps on exterior-facing doors to reduce infiltration of unconditioned air into a conditioned space.

The EM&V team analyzed the savings from *commercial door air infiltration* measures using the data for all key input variables needed for calculating energy and demand savings per the prescriptive algorithms of TRM 9.0 (Section 3.2.10). The key input variables of the baseline and post-retrofit door include (1) pre-retrofit air infiltration rate, (2) post-retrofit air-infiltration-rate percentage reduction, (3) change in temperature across the gap barrier, (4) daytime hours per year, (5) nighttime hours per year, (6) water heater thermal efficiency, (6) heating coefficient of performance, (7) width of the gap, (8) length of the gap, (9) weather zone of the location, and for the demand savings, (10) the average cooling equivalent full-load hours.

For the *envelope* measures, the claimed savings assumed the TRM 9.0 deemed values for all these parameters except for the two required to be site-specified; the gap width and length. Therefore, the EM&V team used the TRM 9.0 values for all key input parameters, and the site captured gap widths and lengths. The EM&V team verified the *weatherstripping* and *door sweep* gaps and lengths during on-site visits and the re-calculation of these measurements captured on contractor inventories taken at the retrofit time documented within the project files. If the EM&V team could not determine the gap or length using these sources, the EM&V team assumed these parameter details within the ArchEE tracking data to be accurate. The *air conditioning and heating system* types, which guide the key input assumptions for cooling, heating, and HVAC AOH, were assessed during on-site visits or based on the information provided as part of tracking data project-level backup documentation.

9.3.3.3 Heating, Ventilating, and Air-Conditioning Measures

HVAC measures in PY2022 included replace-on-burnout projects of unitary and split air conditioning and heat pumps, and air- and water-cooled chillers.

The EM&V team analyzed the replacement-on-burnout savings from *HVAC* measures using the data for all key input variables needed for calculating energy and demand savings per the prescriptive algorithms of TRM 9.0 (Sections 3.1.16, and 3.1.17). The key input variables that represent the baseline and post-retrofit unit conditions include (1) equipment type of the new unit, (2) rated capacity of the new unit, (3) sub-category type of the new unit, (4) full-load efficiency of the new unit, (5) part-load efficiency of the new unit, (6) equivalent full-load hours for cooling, and (7) the coincidence factor (CF) for demand savings.

For the *HVAC* measures, the claimed savings assumed the TRM 9.0 deemed values for all these parameters except for the new units' capacity and full-/part-load efficiencies for equipment replacement. Therefore, the EM&V team also used the TRM 9.0 deemed values for all key input parameters except the post-retrofit unit capacity and efficiency. The EM&V team verified the post-retrofit unit's capacity and efficiencies via on-site visits, manufacturer cut-sheets, or web-

based research of make and model numbers. The deemed *building type* selections, *facility area*, and *controller settings*, which guide the key input assumptions for AOH and CFs, were assessed during on-site visits or based on the information provided as part of project-level backup documentation.

9.3.3.4 Lighting and Lighting Controls Measures

Lighting and *lighting controls* measures in PY2022 included retrofit and new construction projects installing lamps, fixtures, and lighting controls.

The EM&V team analyzed the savings from *lighting* and *lighting controls* measures using the data for all key input variables needed for calculating energy and demand savings per the prescriptive algorithms in TRM 9.0 (Sections 3.6.2 and 3.6.3). The key input variables of the baseline and post-retrofit lighting and controls include (1) pre- and post-retrofit quantity of lighting, (2) rated wattage of the pre- and post-retrofit lighting, (3) AOH for the specified building type, (4) interactive effects factors for energy savings for the specified heating type, (5) power adjustment factor for specified control type and the demand savings, (6) the peak demand CF for the specified building type, and (7) the controls peak-demand CF.

For the *lighting* measures, the claimed savings assumed the TRM 9.0 deemed values for interactive effects factors, power adjustment factors, and AOH and CF based on the site-based details that inform them. The site-captured details were used as the basis for the other key input values to the deemed algorithms. Therefore, the EM&V team also used TRM 9.0 deemed values for all key input parameters except the site-captured information informing the deemed savings algorithm calculations. The EM&V team verified the pre- and post-retrofit *equipment quantity*, *type*, *wattage*, and *building type* during on-site visits and reviewed project-level inventories with these details captured by trade allies. The EM&V team was able to determine the pre- and post-retrofit parameters using these sources. The deemed *building type* selections, which guide the key input assumptions for AOH and CFs, were assessed during on-site visits or based on the information provided as part of project-level backup documentation.

9.3.3.5 Refrigeration Measures

Refrigeration measures in PY2022 included the retrofit of refrigerated areas with the installation of *strip curtains* and *door gaskets*.

The EM&V team analyzed the savings from *refrigeration* measures using the data for all key input variables needed for calculating energy and demand savings per the prescriptive algorithms of TRM 9.0 (Sections 3.4.1, 3.5.6, 3.5.7, and 3.5.9). These measures' energy and demand savings are deemed based on a few key variables of the existing unit size, type, and location. For *strip curtains*, the deemed savings are based on four main variables: (1) savings per size (area) of the opening where the curtain is installed, (2) case type/temperature, (3) building type (e.g., supermarket, convenience store), and (4) whether a pre-existing curtain was in place (i.e., yes, no, unknown). For *door gaskets*, the deemed savings are based on two main variables: (1) savings per size (length) of the gasket installed and (2) case type/temperature.

For the *refrigeration* measures, the claimed savings assumed the TRM 9.0 deemed values for all these parameters except for the *refrigerator case/door size*, *refrigerator temperature*, *weather zone*, and *building type*, as those are site-determined parameters. Therefore, the EM&V team also used the TRM 9.0 deemed values for all key input parameters except the site captured

information informing the deemed savings selections. During on-site visits, the EM&V team verified the post-retrofit *door size*, *refrigerator temperature*, *weather zone*, and *building type* and reviewed project-level inventories with these details captured by trade allies. The EM&V team was able to determine the post-retrofit parameters using these sources. The deemed building type selections, which guide the key input assumptions for AOH and CFs, were assessed during on-site visits or based on the information provided as part of project-level backup documentation.

9.3.4 Net-to-Gross Evaluation

9.3.4.1 Participant Surveys

The LCI program had a comprehensive evaluation conducted in PY2020, but that evaluation did not include *CoolSaver* measures, a separate program at the time. Therefore, for the PY2022, the EM&V team utilized a participant survey to inform the NTG evaluation, explicitly focused on the *CoolSaver* measures. The survey included structured questions about the participant's decision to pursue rebated energy-efficient upgrades to calculate the NTG rate for *CoolSaver* measures, including *tune-ups* and *Wi-Fi thermostats*. The EM&V team based the savings and calculations on those outlined in TRM 9.0 EM&V Protocols.

Where possible, to address recall concerns, TRM 9.0 recommends using a staggered data collection approach to collecting free-ridership and spillover information. Free-ridership is best assessed when asking about program participation as close as possible to the participation dates, while spillover is best assessed after a reasonable amount of time has passed to allow for additional energy savings activities to occur.

With these considerations in mind, the EM&V team stratified the sample frame for the participant survey into three, six-month participation periods: January 2021 to June 2021, July 2021 to December 2021, and January 2022 to June 2022. Only participants in the two most recent periods (July 2021 to June 2022) were asked free-ridership questions and included in the free-ridership assessment, limiting recall issues. Only those who installed energy-efficient upgrades within the first two six-month periods received spillover questions to allow more time for potential spillover effects to occur (January 2021 to December 2021). Table 108 illustrates the number of unique program participants per period and their kilowatt-hour savings.

Table 108. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions NTG Participant Survey Sample Plan

		Count of	Devented	Tayyot	Survey q	uestions
Participation period	Project type	Count of projects in population*	Reported (ex-ante) kWh	Target completed surveys**	Free- ridership	Spillover
January	Thermostat	6	468,203	2	Yes	No
2021-June 2021	Tune-Up	4	49,486	2		
	Total	10	517,689	4		
July 2021-	Thermostat	12	588,170	5		Yes
December 2021	Tune-Up	33	1,011,772	6	Yes	
	Total	45	1,599,942	11		

		Count of	Deported	Towart	Survey q	uestions
Participation period	Project type	Count of projects in population*	ojects in (ex-ante) completed		Free- ridership	Spillover
January	Thermostat	25	622,548	6		
2022-June 2022	Tune-Up	13	80,999	5	Yes	No
2022	Total	38	703,547	11		
Total		93	2,821,178	26		

The EM&V team implemented the participant survey through our in-house Survey Research Center via computer-assisted telephone interviews. A total of 30 surveys were completed, averaging 14 minutes in length. Telephone surveys occurred between November 21 and December 15, 2022.

Table 109. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions Participant Survey Response Rate

Disposition	Total
Sample	51
Not a utility customer	0
Eligible sample	51
Does not recall participating	2
Refusal	3
Incompletes (partial surveys)	0
Language barrier	0
Bad number	0
Called out	0
Not completed	16
Completed	30
Response rate	
Response rate (completed/eligible sample)	58.8%

In total, the EM&V team surveyed 19 participants on free-ridership and 35 on spillover based on their date of participation.

9.3.4.2 Contractor Interviews

The contractor interviews were used to support the NTG analysis and gather feedback on the program. The EM&V team interviewed two contractors for *CoolSaver* measures (*tune-ups* and *Wi-Fi thermostats*) during PY2022. Eligible contractors were initially contacted to schedule the interviews via email on December 5, 2022. Interviews were conducted between December 9 and December 21, 2022.

Interviews were semi-structured using a topic guide, but evaluators followed the interview flow and modified questions as needed to fit the interviewee's circumstances. The contractor interviews explored (1) program involvement and experiences, (2) program attribution indicators, and (3) program satisfaction.

9.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

The LCI program's evaluated energy and demand savings were lower than the reported savings (96.8 percent kilowatt-hour realization rate, 98.3 percent kilowatt realization rate). During the desk reviews and site visits, the EM&V team corrected *lighting* installed fixture types, quantities, and custom AOH estimates. The EM&V team adjusted calculation errors and peak demand savings methodologies for custom projects. Finally, the EM&V team adjusted savings for *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* measures due to incorrect energy and demand savings values used for *heat pumps* in reported savings.

Corrections to *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* projects that contributed to savings adjustments were primarily due to:

- heat pump projects using demand algorithms associated with AC units, and
- commercial Wi-Fi thermostat measures using incorrect unit type (AC or heat pump) in savings algorithms.

Corrections to *lighting* projects were primarily due to:

- adjustments to deemed building types from internet research or site visits;
- installed fixture type, quantities, or input wattages being different from the project documentation, certifications, and site visits; and
- custom AOH adjustments from an interview of site personnel.

Corrections to other projects were primarily due to:

- adjustment for double counting of *gasket length* on a *refrigeration door gasket* project, and
- incorrect water heater factor used in calculations.

Corrections to *custom*—*early review* projects that contributed to reduced savings were due to:

calculation methodology change for improper metering results.

Corrections to *custom—other* projects that contributed to reduced savings were primarily due to:

- calculation methodology changes to reflect EAL's peak demand window;
- calculation errors in the reported savings analysis, including not fully following white paper methodologies, incorrect operational parameters; and
- peak demand savings estimates not considering holidays or downtimes in the savings.



9.4.1 Participant Characterization

Several different measures are provided to participants through the program. Within the tracking system, qualifying products are assigned to unique measure names. The mapping of these measure names to measure categories is provided below.

Table 110. Mapping to Measure Category

Measure description	Measure category
Continuous energy improvement	Continuous energy improvement
Custom—heating and cooling	Custom HVAC
Custom—non-heating and cooling	Custom other
Variable frequency drives	Custom other
Commercial showerheads	Domestic hot water
Faucet aerators	Domestic hot water
Pre-rinse spray valves	Domestic hot water
Commercial door air infiltration	Envelope
Overhead door weatherstripping	Envelope
Overhead door weatherstripping for refrigerated spaces	Envelope
PTAC sealing	Envelope
Unitary AC equipment—unitary AC < 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	HVAC
Unitary AC equipment—unitary AC ≥ 65000 btu/hr—replace-on- burnout	HVAC
Unitary HP equipment—heat pump < 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	HVAC
Unitary HP equipment—heat pump ≥ 65000 btu/hr—replace-on- burnout	HVAC
Water chilling equipment (air cooled) —replace-on-burnout	HVAC
Halogens	Lighting
HIDs	Lighting
Integrated-ballast cold-cathode fluorescent lamps (CCFL)	Lighting
Integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	Lighting
Integrated-ballast LED lamps	Lighting
LEDs	Lighting
Lighting controls	Lighting
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	Lighting
Modular CFLs and CCFLs	Lighting
Other linear fluorescents	Lighting
Outdoor—halogens	Lighting
Outdoor—HIDs	Lighting
Outdoor—integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	Lighting
Outdoor—integrated-ballast LED lamps	Lighting
Outdoor—LEDs	Lighting

Measure description	Measure category
Outdoor—magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	Lighting
Outdoor—modular CFLs and CCFLs	Lighting
Outdoor—other linear fluorescents	Lighting
NC—integrated-ballast LED lamps	Lighting—new construction
NC—interior project savings	Lighting—new construction
NC—LEDs	Lighting—new construction
NC—lighting controls	Lighting—new construction
Outdoor—NC—integrated-ballast LED lamps	Lighting—new construction
Outdoor—NC—LEDs	Lighting—new construction
Outdoor—NC—lighting project savings	Lighting—new construction
Refrigeration door gaskets	Refrigeration
Refrigeration strip curtains	Refrigeration
Advance RTU controls—lite	Tune-up
Commercial AC post-test-out	Tune-up
Commercial AC pre-clean	Tune-up
Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)	Tune-up
Commercial heat pump (tune-up)	Tune-up
Commercial HP post-test-out	Tune-up
Commercial HP pre-clean	Tune-up
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat	Tune-up

Table 111 below outlines the claimed number of program participants and the percentage of savings by measure category in PY2022. *CEI* and *custom other* were the dominant measure categories in PY2022, accounting for 70 percent of claimed demand (kilowatt) and 65 percent of energy (kilowatt-hour) savings. *Lighting* and *lighting—new construction* accounted for 22 percent of claimed demand and 25 percent of energy savings.

Table 111. PY2022 Reported LCI Participation and Savings by Measure Category

			Program savings			entage of m savings
Measure category	Participants ⁵⁷	Projects ⁵⁷	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Continuous energy improvement	19	22	7,357	30,991,749	44.8%	31.2%
Custom HVAC	6	6	133	1,006,227	0.8%	1.0%
Custom other	29	38	4,153	33,463,791	25.3%	33.7%

⁵⁷ A participant is a unique account described by the ArchEE data field *AccountNumber*. A project is a unique job number defined by the ArchEE data field *JobId*. A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories and multiple projects. As a result, the total count of participants and projects may not equal the sum of the counts by measure category.



			Program savings		1	entage of m savings
Measure category	Participants ⁵⁷	Projects ⁵⁷	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Domestic hot water	11	11	33	144,678	0.2%	0.1%
Envelope	30	34	181	4,158,952	1.1%	4.2%
HVAC	11	11	25	216,193	0.2%	0.2%
Lighting	345	359	3,247	23,096,022	19.8%	23.2%
Lighting—new construction	18	19	304	2,026,155	1.9%	2.0%
Refrigeration	56	56	148	1,296,868	0.9%	1.3%
Tune-up	38	516	853	2,952,728	5.2%	3.0%
Total	521	1,048	16,434	99,353,362	100.0%	100.0%

Table 112 outlines the savings and percentage of savings by measure in PY2022. *CEI* was the most significant measure in PY2022, accounting for 45 percent of claimed gross kilowatt savings and 31 percent of claimed gross kilowatt-hour savings. *Custom—non-heating and cooling* was the second most significant measure, accounting for 20 percent of claimed gross kilowatt and 26 percent of the claimed kilowatt-hour savings. *LEDs* were the third most significant measure with 18 percent of the kilowatt savings and 17 percent of the program kilowatt-hour savings.

Table 112. PY2022 Reported LCI Participation and Savings by Measure

	Program savings		Percentage of progra savings	
Measure	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Continuous energy improvement				
Continuous energy improvement	7,357	30,991,749	44.8%	31.2%
Custom HVAC				
Custom—heating and cooling	133	1,006,227	0.8%	1.0%
Custom other				
Custom—non-heating and cooling	3,198	25,753,424	19.5%	25.9%
Variable frequency drives	955	7,710,366	5.8%	7.8%
Domestic hot water				
Commercial showerheads	1	20,280	<0.1%	<0.1%
Faucet aerators	27	89,975	0.2%	<0.1%
Pre-rinse spray valves	4	34,422	<0.1%	<0.1%
Envelope				
Commercial door air infiltration	64	2,219,402	0.4%	2.2%
Overhead door weatherstripping	31	1,074,623	0.2%	1.1%

	Program	savings	Percentage of program savings	
Measure	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Overhead door weatherstripping for refrigerated spaces	84	778,007	0.5%	0.8%
PTAC sealing	2	86,919	<0.1%	<0.1%
HVAC				
Unitary AC equipment—unitary AC < 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	1	3,749	<0.1%	<0.1%
Unitary AC equipment—unitary AC ≥ 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	15	37,547	<0.1%	<0.1%
Unitary HP equipment—heat pump < 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	0	14,186	<0.1%	<0.1%
Unitary HP equipment—heat pump ≥ 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	2	96,489	<0.1%	<0.1%
Water chilling equipment (air cooled)— replace-on-burnout	7	64,222	<0.1%	<0.1%
Lighting ⁵⁸				
Halogens	13	61,818	<0.1%	<0.1%
HIDs	16	111,068	<0.1%	0.1%
Integrated-ballast cold-cathode fluorescent lamps (CCFL)	0	927	<0.1%	<0.1%
Integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	0	1,317	<0.1%	<0.1%
Integrated-ballast LED lamps	193	923,731	1.2%	0.9%
LEDs	2,953	16,840,501	18.0%	17.0%
Lighting controls	44	306,356	0.3%	0.3%
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	6	41,414	<0.1%	<0.1%
Modular CFLs and CCFLs	1	2,578	<0.1%	<0.1%
Other linear fluorescents	20	124,699	0.1%	0.1%
Outdoor—halogens	0	7,992	0.0%	<0.1%
Outdoor—HIDs	0	97,414	0.0%	<0.1%
Outdoor—integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	0	0	0.0%	<0.1%
Outdoor—integrated-ballast LED lamps	0	391,025	0.0%	0.4%
Outdoor—LEDs	0	4,183,125	0.0%	4.2%

⁵⁸ Some measures were identified in the tracking system data with no savings; these represent lighting included in *site lighting* inventories but were not incented by the program.



P		ı savings	Percentage of program savings	
Measure	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Outdoor—magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	0	1,782	0.0%	<0.1%
Outdoor—modular CFLs and CCFLs	0	0	0.0%	<0.1%
Outdoor—other linear fluorescents	0	276	0.0%	<0.1%
Lighting—new construction ⁵⁸				
NC—integrated—ballast LED lamps	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
NC—interior project savings	293	1,770,664	1.8%	1.8%
NC—LEDs	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
NC—lighting controls	11	60,205	<0.1%	<0.1%
Outdoor—NC—integrated-ballast LED lamps	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
Outdoor—NC—LEDs	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
Outdoor—NC—lighting project savings	0	195,287	0.0%	0.2%
Refrigeration				
Evaporator fan controls	147	1,294,366	0.9%	1.3%
Refrigeration door gaskets	0	2,502	<0.1%	<0.1%
Tune-ups				
Advance RTU controls—lite	31	109,557	0.2%	0.1%
Commercial AC post-test-out	19	40,168	0.1%	<0.1%
Commercial AC pre-clean	39	81,087	0.2%	<0.1%
Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)	593	1,321,838	3.6%	1.3%
Commercial heat pump (tune-up)	47	189,248	0.3%	0.2%
Commercial HP post-test-out	7	26,095	<0.1%	<0.1%
Commercial HP pre-clean	4	11,310	<0.1%	<0.1%
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat	113	1,173,425	0.7%	1.2%
Total	16,434	99,353,362	100.0%	100.0%

Table 113 shows the incentive structure for PY2022 compared to the previous program year. There were no changes to the incentives for PY2022 from PY2021.

Table 113. PY2022 Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions Incentives

Measure	J		PY2021 incentive ⁵⁹	PY2022 incentive ⁶⁰
Directly installed by CL	EAResult			
Domestic hot water				
Commercial showerheads			Full cost	Full cost
Faucet aerators			Full cost	Full cost
Pre-rinse spray valves		Full cost	Full cost	
Envelope				
Commercial door air infiltration (i.e., weatherstripping)			Full cost	Full cost
Lighting				
Integrated-ballast LED la	mps		Full cost	Full cost
Outdoor—integrated-balla	ast LED lamps		Full cost	Full cost
Installed by trade ally				
PC power management			\$0.10/kWh	\$0.10/kWh
Gaskets and strip curtains			100 percent, contact program staff	Up to 100 percent, contact program staff
All other measures ⁶¹	1 measure	2 measures	3 measures	4+ measures
PY2021 incentive ⁵⁹	\$0.14/kWh	\$0.15/kWh	\$0.16/kWh	\$0.18/kWh
PY2022 incentive ⁶⁰	\$0.14/kWh	\$0.15/kWh	\$0.16/kWh	\$0.18/kWh

9.4.2 Program Documentation and Tracking Data Review

To understand the LCI program, the EM&V team interviewed program staff and reviewed all information available on EAL's website related to the program and supplemental documentation provided by EAL and CLEAResult. The EM&V team received the following documentation related to the program:

 ArchEE data tracking system extract containing PY2022 participant information and savings;

⁶¹ To qualify for an additional tier, an energy efficiency measure must exceed 30,000 kWh of savings. Measures can be grouped to meet the 30,000 kWh minimum threshold, but only one such grouping is allowed per customer. Direct-install measures only count as one measure tier. Retroactive incentives can be leveraged against other projects (up to the cap) back to January of the previous year.



⁵⁹ Source: 2021 C&I Custom Program Manual.

⁶⁰ Source: 2022 Large Commercial & Industrial Program Manual.

- supplemental project-level documentation received during quarterly data requests for sampled accounts, which typically included:
 - signed customer proposals and project agreements—sometimes files included initial and final proposals if projects had changed during development;
 - customer proposals that typically included a detailed inventory of site-captured measure-level details such as:
 - Domestic hot water measures (e.g., low-flow faucet aerators, commercial showerheads, and low-flow showerheads) were all directly installed by the implementer. A Direct Install Report typically inventoried the device and quantity installed by room. Additional notes typically included a flow rate as the new equipment may be multiple flow rates (e.g., 0.5 gallons per minute (GPM), 1.0 GPM). Also, photo documentation of the water heater and its nameplate was provided. Details of the exact installed equipment flow rates were not included, and a specification of the new equipment was not provided.
 - The implementer directly installed *commercial door air infiltration* measures (e.g., *weatherstripping, door sealing*). A Direct Install Report typically inventoried the device, quantity (by gap size), and new weatherstripping length installed by room. Additional notes typically included the gap size as the new equipment may be of multiple widths (e.g., one-eighth inch, one-quarter inch) and the type (e.g., weatherstripping, door sweep). Also, photo documentation of a sample of doors with the existing condition and gap noted by a view of a tape measure was provided. A clear description or documentation of the HVAC type was not included.
 - HVAC measures included new equipment type, make and model numbers, capacity, and quantity. Manufacturers' specification sheets and Air Conditioning, Heating and Refrigeration Institute (AHRI) certificates were also provided.
 - Lighting and lighting controls measures included existing and new fixture types, make and model numbers, wattages, quantity, and control type. Also, DLC and ENERGY STAR certification sheets were typically provided for all models. Manufacturer specification sheets were generally not provided.
 - invoices;
 - o pre- or post-inspection forms indicating field inspector's notes and results; and
 - o photographic documentation pre- or post-installation;
- a Quality Control and Assurance Manual for EAL commercial programs, dated February 1, 2023; and
- PY2022 Program Manual for the LCI program obtained from the EAL website.



9.4.2.1 Detailed Tracking System/Database Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-claimed tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the key input parameters needed for TRM 9.0-based algorithms and the final claimed values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review began using TRM 9.0 as a reference in our review of measure-level savings assumptions. Chapters of TRM 9.0 utilized for the tracking system review are described above in Section 9.3.1.1.

The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to the TRM 9.0 deemed savings algorithms used to estimate savings. This review was completed across a census of the program measures. All the critical input variables and assumptions necessary for savings calculations are present in the utility's tracking database. After the measure-level review, the EM&V team verified energy savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0 used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

The ArchEE tracking system, which supplied all participant- and measure-level data, was the primary tool for checking claimed savings and performing evaluation savings calculations. These results were informed and supplemented with the findings from the engineering desk reviews and site visits, as further outlined in the savings calculation results section.

The overall LCI program evaluated tracking system savings resulted in nearly identical savings (100.1 percent kilowatt and 99.6 percent kilowatt-hour realization rates) than those calculated by the program implementer. The evaluated savings are based on adjustments from completing engineering reviews of the program's tracking data. The overall realization rates were affected negligibly by variances between the reported and evaluated energy savings (kilowatt-hour) for *lighting* and *domestic hot water* projects. Further details of measure-based findings are provided below.

Overall, the tracking system review found the following:

- Except for the *custom, CEI, overhead door weatherstripping,* and *tune-up* measures in the LCI program, all measures utilize TRM 9.0, Volume 2 deemed algorithms. The savings equations were confirmed consistent with TRM 9.0. As described above, the *overhead door weatherstripping* and *tune-up* measures follow *custom* approaches developed from assumptions and methodologies in the TRM. The EM&V team confirmed the *overhead door weatherstripping* measures following the M&V plan through this tracking system review. A tracking system review of the *tune-up* measures was completed to inform *tune-up* evaluated savings separately from the mid-year tracking system review.
- The LCI program measures utilize TRM 9.0, Volume 2 deemed savings assumptions, with two notable exceptions. The *overhead door weatherstripping* measure uses extrapolated savings values based on the *commercial door air infiltration* measure in TRM 9.0. Also, some *lighting efficiency* measures use site-specific AOH instead of the deemed values in TRM 9.0 for *lighting* projects.

- Seven percent of *lighting* projects use site-specific custom AOH as captured from the site and based on the buildings' typical operating hours and hours of occupancy.
- The overall tracking review realization rates were 100.1 percent for kilowatt and 99.6 percent for kilowatt-hour. Tracking review realization rates were precisely 100 percent for HVAC and refrigeration measures.

Table 114. PY2022 Q1–Q2 Tracking System Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Category

	Claimed savings		Evaluated savings		Realization rate	
Measure category	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Domestic hot water	7	36,519	7	36,521	100.0%	100.0%
Envelope	63	1,186,064	72	1,192,435	114.0%	100.5%
HVAC	6	16,213	6	16,213	100.0%	100.0%
Lighting	627	4,733,546	619	4,699,440	98.7%	99.3%
Lighting—new construction	121	813,696	121	813,695	100.0%	100.0%
Refrigeration	61	532,174	61	532,174	100.0%	100.0%
Total	885	7,318,211	886	7,290,478	100.1%	99.6%

9.4.2.2 Domestic Hot Water

No issues were found. Minor savings differences occurred due to rounding.

9.4.2.3 Envelope

- Project numbers EA-0000776733 (one line item) and EA-0000798965 (six line-items)
 had a slight eight percent error in kilowatt savings for the overhead door
 weatherstripping measure. The reason for the consistent savings deviation was due to
 an internal programming error. The EM&V team recalculated the energy savings using
 the tracked parameters and TRM algorithms and determined a kilowatt-hour realization
 rate of 109 percent for these projects. CLEAResult determined ArchEE was using the
 net demand instead of the gross demand, which resulted in the discrepancy.
- Project number EA-0000776741 reported zero demand (kilowatt) savings and energy (kilowatt-hour) savings that were incorrect by 3.6 percent. The reason for the savings deviation was due to an internal programming error. The EM&V team recalculated the energy savings using the tracked parameters and TRM algorithms and determined a kilowatt-hour realization rate of 104 percent for this project. CLEAResult determined the tracked heating type did not match the heating type used in the calculation.

9.4.2.4 HVAC

· No issues were found.

9.4.2.5 Lighting

- EA-000726548 included two non-exit sign lights that were marked as N/A in the EquipmentDescription field and had savings reported. The N/A designation is typically used for exit signs; the EquipmentDescription of non-exit sign lighting equipment which is not DLC- or ENERGY STAR-certified is typically no. Zero energy and demand savings should be reported for non-qualified lighting line items. The EM&V team removed the energy and demand savings for these two line-items, which resulted in a zero percent realization rate for both kilowatt-hour and kilowatt savings. CLEAResult determined the N/A should have been other for the certification type.
- EA-000703211 included two non-exit sign lights that were marked as *N/A* in the *EquipmentDescription* field and had savings reported. The *N/A* designation is typically used for *exit signs*; the *EquipmentDescription* of *non-exit sign lighting* equipment which is not DLC- or ENERGY STAR-certified is typically *no*. A data entry error caused the deviation, as the lights are ENERGY STAR-certified. The EM&V team removed the energy and demand savings for these two line-items, which resulted in a zero percent realization rate for both kilowatt-hour and kilowatt savings.
- PRJ-3011367 included a line item whose MeasureLocation field in ArchEE was stated as ground floor walk-in cooler/freezer, which implies that the lights were installed inside a refrigerated space. However, the ArchEE HeatingType field was stated as electric AC with gas heat, and the TempDescription field was stated as normal. The EM&V team adjusted the temperature description from air conditioned space to refrigerated space—low temperature to match the measure location. This increased energy and demand savings for the line item, resulting in a 119 percent realization rate for kilowatt-hour savings and a 108 percent realization rate for kilowatt savings.
- EA-0000682647 included two line-items whose MeasureLocation field in ArchEE stated the lights were exit lights. However, the BuildingDescription field for those two lights was listed as religious. All exit sign lighting should be coded with the all building types: exit signs building type. The EM&V team adjusted the building type for these line items from religious to all building types: exit signs to match the measure location and fixture type. This increased energy and demand savings for the two line-items, resulting in a 480 percent realization rate for kilowatt-hour savings and a 189 percent realization rate for kilowatt savings.
- EA-0000702818 had errors in kilowatt savings ranging from 0 to 44 percent and errors in kilowatt-hour savings of 69 percent. The reason for the consistent savings deviation could not be determined based on the provided information in the tracking system. CLEAResult noted that this project used stipulated hours, but the hours were not entered into ArchEE. Supplemental documents were provided for this project, and a ticket was submitted to correct the issue in the measure file. The EM&V team recalculated the energy savings using the tracked parameters and TRM algorithms and determined kilowatt-hour realization rates of 30 and 169 percent and kilowatt realization rates of 56 and 100 percent for these line items. CLEAResult determined the project used stipulated hours and coincidence factors, which were not correctly passed to ArchEE.



 PRJ-2950766 included two non-exit sign lights that were marked as no in the EquipmentDescription field but still had savings reported. Zero energy and demand savings should be reported for non-qualified lighting line items. The EM&V team removed the energy and demand savings for these two line-items and determined 0 percent for both kilowatt-hour and kilowatt savings.

9.4.2.6 Lighting—New Construction

PRJ-3047531 included one line item for a non-exit sign light that was marked as N/A in
the EquipmentDescription field. Therefore, it appears not to have been subtracted from
the baseline wattage total, leading to an overreporting of interior project-level energy
and demand savings. The EM&V team removed the wattage for the non-qualified light
from the calculation and determined kilowatt-hour and kilowatt realization rates of
98 percent for the interior project savings. CLEAResult determined the fixture in
question is in an MRI room and the lumens per watt and color rendering index (CRI)
values were verified instead of ENERGY STAR or DLC certification.

9.4.2.7 Refrigeration

No issues were found.

9.4.3 Tune-Up and Commercial Wi-Fi Thermostat Measurement and Verification Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-reported tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the algorithms and ex-ante values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review began using the TRM 9.0, the CoolSaver Program M&V Plan⁶², and the Memorandum of Understanding to reference our review of measure-level savings assumptions. The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to the TRM deemed savings and supplemental documentation methods used to estimate savings. After the measure-level review, the EM&V team verified energy savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified that the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0, used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

The ArchEE database includes the key data for all projects and reported savings for *AC* and *heat pump tune-up* and *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* measures, which totaled 523 measures.

As part of the PY2022 evaluation, CLEAResult provided a tracking system extract, including pre- and post-test-out projects used as the basis for CLEAResult's PY2019–PY2021 efficiency loss (EL) calculations. The EM&V team reviewed this dataset, examined it for outliers, and calculated the PY2019–PY2021 EL values for three sectors (*commercial* <25 tons, commercial ≥25 tons, and residential) and whether a refrigerant charge adjustment was performed.

⁶² The *tune-up* measure methodology was developed separately under EAL's own CoolSaver program prior to being included in the Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions program.



Most of the key *tune-up* measure data is maintained in a separate database outside of ArchEE. The database was useful for the evaluation team to reference during the review. For example, in instances where the *pre-clean tonnage* or *HVAC type* did not match the *post-clean tonnage* or *HVAC type*, the supplemental database was used to verify the actual unit type and capacity of the tuned-up HVAC unit. Another instance where the supplemental database was required was when verifying the EL values, as ArchEE did not capture all four refrigerant charge values from iManifold⁶³. As recommended last year, with continuous development and changes, the EM&V team recommends developing and maintaining a data dictionary to describe the data and document changes within this database.

Finally, as with previous years, it appears that the *commercial wi-fi thermostat* measures still require manual input of deemed energy (kilowatt-hour/ton) and demand savings (kilowatt/ton) values. This led to many instances of human error, leading to savings deviations (described in further detail below). Automating this process in the future will allow for more effective QA/QC and reduce the likelihood of errors.

9.4.3.1 Tune-Up and Commercial Wi-Fi Thermostat Measurement and Verification Findings

The EM&V team evaluated CLEAResult's savings calculations by reviewing the M&V sample of participants to confirm the savings methodology and results obtained, repeating the steps, and making calculation adjustments.

The ArchEE tracking system supplied all participant and unit-level data; claimed savings was the primary tool for checking reported savings and performing evaluation savings calculations.

Detailed findings from the M&V review for *tune-up* and *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* measures are presented below.

- Forty commercial Wi-Fi thermostat measures installed on heat pumps used incorrect demand savings. The reported demand savings were calculated using the heat pump heating deemed energy savings divided by 8,760 instead of the AC unit kilowatt-hour savings divided by 8,760. The EM&V team adjusted the demand savings to only include the energy savings associated with cooling savings, which coincides with the peak demand period in Arkansas. The demand savings was adjusted by dividing the cooling kilowatt-hour savings by 8,760; this increased demand savings for all 40 measures. Ten of the affected JobIds are listed below, with the complete list available upon request:
 - o 2022-278744,
 - o 2022-278719,
 - o 2022-278714,
 - o 2022-278852.
 - o 2022-278851,
 - o 2022-278846,

⁶³ https://imanifold.com/



- o 2022-278845,
- o 2022-278841,
- 2022-278840, and
- o **2022-278839**.
- Five commercial Wi-Fi thermostat measures installed on electric AC systems with gas heat used incorrect energy savings. For energy savings, reported savings were calculated as if the thermostat was installed on a heat pump system by including energy savings associated with the heat pump heating algorithms. The EM&V team adjusted the energy savings to only include the energy savings associated with an AC unit. These adjustments decreased energy savings for all five projects. The affected Joblds are listed below:
 - o 2022-304633,
 - 2022-304973,
 - o 2022-304757,
 - o 2022-304754, and
 - 2022-304724.
- Five commercial Wi-Fi thermostat measures installed on electric AC systems with gas heat used incorrect energy and demand savings. For energy savings, reported savings were calculated as if the thermostat was installed on a heat pump system by including energy savings associated with the heat pump heating algorithms. The EM&V team adjusted the energy savings to only include the energy savings associated with an AC unit. The reported demand savings were calculated using the heat pump heating deemed energy savings divided by 8,760 instead of the AC unit kilowatt-hour savings divided by 8,760. The EM&V team adjusted the demand savings to only include the energy savings associated with cooling savings, which coincides with the peak demand period in Arkansas. The demand savings was adjusted by dividing the cooling kilowatt-hour savings by 8,760. These adjustments decreased energy savings and increased demand savings for all five projects. The affected JobIds are listed below:
 - o 2022-278856,
 - o 2022-278855,
 - o 2022-278854,
 - 2022-278858, and
 - o 2022-278857,
- Five commercial AC tune-up projects reported higher energy and demand savings because the HVAC tonnage reported in ArchEE and used in the pre-clean savings calculation was inconsistent with the post-clean savings and ultimately determined to be incorrect. The EM&V team verified that the correct HVAC tonnage was reported in the post-clean line item and in the supplemental data. Adjusting the HVAC tonnage decreased energy and demand savings for each of the five pre-clean line items. The affected Joblds are listed below:



- o 2022-302910.
- o 2022-302908,
- o 2022-302899,
- 2022-302892, and
- 2022-302880.
- Three commercial AC tune-up projects reported lower energy savings because the
 HVAC type reported in ArchEE and used in the savings calculation was incorrect. The
 EM&V verified the correct HVAC type from the provided supplemental data. Adjusting
 the HVAC type from air conditioning to heat pump increased energy savings for each of
 the three line items. The affected JobIds are listed below:
 - o 2022-302877,
 - o 2022-304626, and
 - o 2022-289597.

9.4.4 Engineering Desk Reviews

The EM&V team evaluated CLEAResult's savings calculations by reviewing the program tracking data and project documentation to confirm the savings methodology used and results, repeating the calculation steps, and making adjustments.

The engineering desk reviews included reviewing the available project documentation in determining the source of key parameters for the deemed savings protocols from TRM 9.0. After selecting the best source of the key parameters from the available documentation, the savings were calculated based on TRM 9.0 algorithms and compared to the claimed savings.

In addition to the tracking system review, the engineering desk reviews also showed a consistent use of TRM 9.0 algorithms across all the measures claimed in the LCI program. The EM&V team made minor adjustments to specific projects described in Section 9.4.6.

The EM&V team completed 70 engineering desk reviews of the LCI program accounts. These projects represented all measure categories in the program, except for *tune-up* measures, and had gross savings of 35,484 MWh, or 36 percent of the total LCI program recorded gross savings of 99,353 MWh. This percentage of total program savings is based on finalized ArchEE data from January 24, 2023.

9.4.5 Site Visits

The EM&V team's evaluation plan included conducting ten site visits to LCI program customers; these site visits also received an engineering review, as discussed above. The EM&V team's field inspector recorded the verified quantities, operation, building type, and space condition of each of the measures observed while on-site and collected additional information on critical parameters. For the LCI program, some of the key data and spot measurements obtained for essential parameters, as applicable, included:

 domestic hot water measures: type of service, number of installed units, and rated output of installed units;

- envelope measures: length of the installed door, gap width, and heating/cooling system type;
- HVAC measures: quantity, building type, and make/model of installed units;
- lighting measures: base/new wattage, number of lamps per fixture, lamp/fixture make/model/type, base/new control type, building type, space heating/cooling type, and AOH; and
- refrigeration measures: quantity and make/model of installed electronically commutated motors (ECM), refrigeration door gasket length and width, walk-in type (freezer or cooler), and evaporator fan motor size.

The site visits found that most parameters recorded in the project documentation to calculate savings were accurate. Out of the 30 site visits conducted, three projects had savings adjustments resulting from the site visit. The adjustments from the site visits are described in further detail in the following section.

9.4.6 Desk Review and Site-Visit Results

As noted earlier, the PY2022 LCI program impact evaluation efforts included an engineering analysis for a sample of 70 projects and a site visit for 30 of those projects reviewed. For 46 of the projects in the sample, no savings adjustments were made. For the remaining 24 projects, the impact evaluation found various discrepancies in the project documentation or the site visit that required adjustments of parameters from the claimed savings estimates. The table below provides project-level realization rates, by measure category, for the 70 LCI projects reviewed by the evaluation. Detailed descriptions of the 24 projects with energy or demand savings adjustments follow Table 115.

Table 115. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions—PY2022 Desk Review and Site Visit Results, By Project

EM&V		Ex-ante savings		Ex-post savings		Realization rate	
participant ID	EM&V review type ⁶⁴	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Custom - CEI							
121001	Desk review	139.8	595,732	139.8	595,732	100.0%	100.0%
421001	Desk review	787.7	3,070,250	787.7	3,070,250	100.0%	100.0%
421002	Desk review	1,062.3	2,295,203	1,062.3	2,295,203	100.0%	100.0%
421011	Desk review	1,302.4	6,237,965	1,302.4	6,237,965	100.0%	100.0%
421021	Desk review	-59.3	46,698	-59.3	46,698	100.0%	100.0%
421022	Desk review	0.0	2,530,290	0.0	2,530,290	n/a	100.0%
Custom—CE	l total	3,232.9	14,776,137	3,232.9	14,776,137	100.0%	100.0%
Custom—oth	er						

⁶⁴ All projects that received an on-site visit also received an engineering desk review.



EM&V		Ex-ant	te savings	Ex-po:	st savings	Realiza	ation rate
participant ID	EM&V review type ⁶⁴	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
221001	Site visit	55.6	486,670	55.6	486,670	100.0%	100.0%
221003	Desk review	39.4	287,421	48.9	268,643	124.1%	93.5%
221008	Desk review	131.3	1,149,932	131.3	1,149,932	100.0%	100.0%
221010	Site visit	12.9	94,517	12.9	94,548	100.0%	100.0%
321001	Desk review	7.2	63,249	7.2	63,249	100.0%	100.0%
321004	Site visit	8.8	19,267	8.8	19,267	100.0%	100.0%
321005	Desk review	10.6	55,144	10.6	55,144	100.0%	100.0%
321006	Desk review	24.1	177,193	24.1	177,187	100.0%	100.0%
421005	Desk review	1.0	65,327	1.0	65,327	100.0%	100.0%
421006	Desk review	4.3	37,557	3.5	44,722	82.1%	119.1%
421007	Desk review	22.3	192,212	22.3	192,212	100.0%	100.0%
421015	Desk review	38.1	314,652	38.1	314,652	100.0%	100.0%
421018	Site visit	62.6	395,560	62.6	395,560	100.0%	100.0%
421020	Desk review	10.2	75,223	10.2	75,223	100.0%	100.0%
421024	Site visit	42.3	107,401	42.3	107,401	100.0%	100.0%
421025	Desk review	58.8	454,141	58.8	454,141	100.0%	100.0%
Custom—oth	er total	529.4	3,975,465	538.2	3,963,877	101.6%	99.7%
Custom—ear	ly review						
121010	Desk review	957.2	7,230,534	957.2	7,230,534	100.0%	100.0%
121014	Desk review	70.0	626,849	70.0	626,849	100.0%	100.0%
321002	Site visit	109.3	957,861	33.4	292,289	30.5%	30.5%
421013	Desk review	195.3	1,655,556	195.3	1,655,555	100.0%	100.0%
421023	Desk review	117.4	838,620	117.4	838,620	100.0%	100.0%
Custom—ear	ly review total	1,449.3	11,309,421	1,373.3	10,643,846	94.8%	94.1%
Lighting—de	emed						
121002	Site visit	128.0	1,010,454	128.4	1,009,260	100.3%	99.9%
121003	Desk review	11.1	81,750	11.1	81,750	100.0%	100.0%
121005	Site visit	0.0	18,442	0.0	18,442	n/a	100.0%
121006	Site visit	0.0	15,101	0.0	15,101	n/a	100.0%
121007	Site visit	6.2	52,920	6.2	52,920	100.0%	100.0%
121008	Desk review	10.7	42,615	10.7	42,615	100.0%	100.0%
121009	Desk review	74.0	529,693	74.0	530,812	100.0%	100.2%
221006	Desk review	3.4	16,504	4.5	17,841	130.4%	108.1%



EM&V		Ex-ant	Ex-ante savings		st savings	Realization rate	
participant ID	EM&V review type ⁶⁴	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
221007	Site visit	11.4	69,056	12.9	48,793	112.7%	70.7%
221009	Desk review	2.0	9,889	2.0	9,889	100.0%	100.0%
221013	Site visit	15.0	62,084	10.5	57,225	70.1%	92.2%
221014	Desk review	15.3	77,425	15.3	77,425	100.0%	100.0%
321007	Desk review	14.7	52,298	14.7	52,298	100.0%	100.0%
321008	Desk review	6.4	19,981	6.4	19,981	100.0%	100.0%
321010	Site visit	3.2	23,845	2.8	20,828	87.4%	87.3%
321011	Desk review	7.6	43,169	6.2	33,073	81.5%	76.6%
321013	Site visit	0.0	22,929	0.0	22,929	n/a	100.0%
421003	Site visit	0.9	3,921	0.9	3,921	100.0%	100.0%
421014	Site visit	2.8	13,943	2.8	13,943	100.0%	100.0%
421017	Site visit	23.0	120,873	23.0	120,873	100.0%	100.0%
421019	Site visit	0.0	4,971	0.0	12,212	n/a	245.7%
421026	Site visit	14.9	71,932	14.9	71,932	100.0%	100.0%
421027	Site visit	16.0	77,102	16.2	80,156	101.3%	104.0%
Lighting—de	emed total	366.7	2,440,895	363.5	2,414,217	99.1%	98.9%
Lighting—no	n-deemed						
121004	Desk review	3.5	27,920	3.5	27,920	100.0%	100.0%
121012	Desk review	3.0	28,006	3.0	28,006	100.0%	100.0%
121013	Site visit	4.4	42,712	4.4	42,496	100.0%	99.5%
221005	Desk review	30.5	277,552	30.5	277,552	100.0%	100.0%
221011	Site visit	2.9	61,934	2.9	61,934	100.0%	100.0%
221012	Site visit	10.6	75,977	10.6	70,181	99.9%	92.4%
321003	Desk review	17.8	159,897	17.9	160,069	100.5%	100.1%
321009	Site visit	22.8	234,249	22.7	233,609	99.7%	99.7%
321012	Desk review	162.6	829,009	162.7	832,098	100.1%	100.4%
421004	Site visit	68.7	626,316	68.2	622,411	99.3%	99.4%
421009	Site visit	2.6	26,284	2.6	26,284	100.0%	100.0%
421016	Site visit	10.0	39,261	10.1	39,722	101.1%	101.2%
Lighting—no	n-deemed total	339.3	2,429,117	339.1	2,422,282	99.9%	99.7%
Other							
121011	Site visit	7.4	65,243	7.4	65,243	100.0%	100.0%
221002	Desk review	3.2	10,710	3.4	10,710	107.0%	100.0%



EM&V		Ex-ante savings		Ex-post savings		Realization rate	
participant ID	EM&V review type ⁶⁴	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
221004	Desk review	16.5	144,900	3.3	28,980	20.0%	20.0%
221012	Site visit	6.1	13,977	6.3	14,812	103.9%	106.0%
221014	Desk review	0.2	122	0.2	122	100.0%	100.0%
321014	Site visit	15.1	132,456	15.1	132,420	99.9%	100.0%
321015	Desk review	1.2	10,868	1.2	10,868	100.0%	100.0%
421008	Site visit	1.4	118,259	1.4	118,259	100.0%	100.0%
421009	Site visit	1.4	6,096	1.4	6,096	100.0%	100.0%
421010	Desk review	0.6	8,247	0.6	8,247	100.0%	100.0%
421012	Desk review	0.9	13,316	0.9	13,316	100.0%	100.0%
421016	Site visit	2.4	28,964	2.4	28,964	100.0%	100.0%
Other total	Other total		553,157	43.7	438,036	77.4%	79.2%

The project-based savings adjustments are provided below by measure strata and EM&V Participant ID. Complete details for the desk reviews and site visits can be found in the Technical Appendix companion to this report.

9.4.6.1 Continuous Energy Improvement

The *CEI* stratum consisted of 21 projects with a total gross energy savings of 29,610 MWh, representing 31 percent of the entire program. Six desk reviews were conducted on this stratum, resulting in zero projects with savings adjustments.

CEI projects consist of meetings and working with energy ambassadors at large C&I customers to implement facility-wide energy efficiency awareness. *CEI* projects are analyzed using metered data, monthly billing data, or facility interval data, following Option C of the International Performance Measurement and Verification Protocol (IPMVP) for whole-facility analysis. The M&V plan for *CEI* projects is reviewed annually by the EM&V team, and all projects selected for desk reviews follow the M&V plan.

9.4.6.2 Custom—Early Review

The *custom*—*early review* stratum consisted of 14 projects with a total gross energy savings of 29,118 MWh, representing 30 percent of the program. Five desk reviews and one site visit were conducted on this stratum, resulting in one project with savings adjustments.

The measures in this stratum consisted of one *CEI*, two *variable frequency drive*, and eleven *custom—non-heating and cooling* projects. Among the non-*CEI* projects, popular measures for *early reviews* consisted of *compressed air energy improvements* and *injection molding machines* replacements. One project with an adjustment is described below.

• Participant ID 321002 calculation methodology adjustment. The site is a manufacturing facility that replaced its 2 HP pre-dryer upblast fans with 3/4 HP motors. The reported savings used direct measurement, and the results for four of the six systems exceeded the theoretical maximum consumption of the baseline pre-dryer systems. The M&V team conducted a site visit to determine if there was a production change during the implementation of the project but was unable to determine a cause for the discrepancy in the metered data. The evaluated savings used a straightforward calculation based on estimated system runtimes and each system's pre- and post-motor HP. The methodology adjustments resulted in substantially lower energy and demand savings.

9.4.6.3 Custom—Other

The *custom—other* stratum consisted of 30 projects with a total gross energy savings of 6,734 MWh, representing ten percent of the entire program. Sixteen desk reviews and five site visits were conducted on this stratum, resulting in four projects with savings adjustments. The savings adjustments were primarily methodology adjustments or error corrections from the metered data analysis conducted by CLEAResult.

The most common measures in the *custom—other* strata were *compressed air energy improvements*. *Compressed air energy improvements* typically consisted of monitoring all major compressor systems components (compressors, dryers, blowers) at the equipment level in the pre- and post-case, regressing performance characteristics, such as standard cubic feet per minute (CFM) (SCFM) per kilowatt (SCFM/kW), and using a bin analysis to estimate energy and demand saving.

Outside of the *compressed air energy improvement* upgrades energy savings were determined using equipment-level monitoring in the *pre- and post-case* or following agreed-upon methodologies outlined in M&V plans approved by the M&V team. The findings for the *custom—other* strata were decreased from PY2021. The four projects with adjustments are described below.

- Participant ID 221003 adjustment for calculation error. The site is a manufacturing facility that installed a new chiller and cooling tower with a VFD fan. The capacity comfort equation was adjusted so that the comfort capacity is 100 percent at 95 degrees and 0 percent at 70 degrees (the set point), with a linear interpolation in between. The reported savings used a formula that did not give a smooth change from 70 to 95 degrees. This adjustment decreased the comfort capacity at low dry-bulb temperatures but increased the comfort capacity at high dry-bulb temperatures. This resulted in decreased energy savings but increased demand savings.
- Participant ID 221010 adjustment for white paper parameter. The site is a
 manufacturing facility that upgraded its current compressed air system by installing a
 50 HP VSD compressor, a non-cycling dryer, two no-loss drains, and a coalescing
 filter. The reported savings used an atmospheric pressure of 14.7 psi in the
 calculations rather than the 14.5 indicated in the work paper. Adjusting the atmospheric
 pressure resulted in slightly increased energy and demand savings. A site visit was
 conducted at this facility with no adjustments recommended.

- Participant ID 321006 adjustment for white paper parameter and operating pressure. The site is an industrial manufacturing facility that reduced leaks within its compressed air system. The reported savings used an atmospheric pressure of 14.7 in the savings calculations rather than the 14.5 pounds per square inch (psi) indicated in the work paper. This adjustment slightly decreased the energy and demand savings. In addition, the operating pressure of the base compressor was adjusted from 100 pounds per square inch in gauge (psig) to 110 psig to match the screenshot in the calculation file. Adjusting this pressure had a minimal effect on energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 421006 adjustment for calculation methodology. The site is a hospital that installed VFDs on 9.5 HP of air handling unit fans and 8 HP of chilled water pumps. The reported savings used the deemed energy savings values from the Texas TRM for Climate Zone 1 and divided the energy savings by 8,760 for the demand estimate. The evaluated savings followed the algorithms outlined in the Texas TRM using Jonesboro, AR normalized weather data. The evaluated demand savings were evaluated using the June–September, Monday–Friday, 1:00 p.m.–8:00 p.m. average from the load shape generated using the algorithms. Overall, the change in methodology resulted in increased energy savings and decreased demand savings.

9.4.6.4 Other

The other stratum consists of prescriptive non-lighting measures, including HVAC replace-on-burnout, air- and water-cooled chillers, commercial showerheads, faucet aerators, and commercial door air infiltration projects. The other strata consisted of 104 projects with 5,817 MWh of energy savings, representing six percent of the program savings. Twelve desk reviews and six site visits were conducted on this stratum, with three adjustments to savings. The projects with adjustments are described below.

- Participant ID 221004 adjustment for incorrect water heater factor. The site is a church that direct installed 12 aerators, four showerheads, and 22 LED bulbs. The exante calculation for showerhead savings used a peak factor of 1.2e-5 indicating a gas water heater, instead of 0.08 for the electric resistance water heater. Adjusting the peak factor slightly increased the demand savings.
- Participant ID 221012 adjustment for incorrect efficiencies. The site is a new
 construction outpatient cancer treatment facility that installed LED lighting and energyefficient HVAC units. The ex-ante HSPF for two lines related to the AR18TSFYBWKX
 heat pump was 8.2 instead of the 11 listed on the AHRI certification. Adjusting this
 HSPF increased energy savings. The EER for two lines related to the
 AR09TSFACWKX heat pump was 12.5 instead of the 15.5 listed on the AHRI
 certification. Adjusting this EER increased demand savings
- Participant ID 321014 adjustment for gasket length. The site is a grocery store that
 installed new refrigeration door gaskets on 75 freezer units. The length of door gaskets
 installed was slightly different between the tracking system values and the evaluated
 savings. The total gasket length for the reported savings was 1,151.7, while the
 evaluated savings found 1,151.48 feet. This adjustment slightly decreased energy and
 demand savings.



9.4.6.5 Lighting—Deemed

The *lighting—deemed* stratum consists of *lighting* projects that strictly adhere to the deemed lighting AOH and CF outlined in the TRM. This stratum consisted of 353 projects with over 20,554 MWh of claimed savings, representing 21 percent of the program. Twenty-three desk reviews and 14 site visits were conducted on this stratum, with 9 adjustments to the claimed savings.

- Participant ID 121002 savings adjustments for fixture input wattages, and baseline
 quantity mismatch. The site is a manufacturing facility that replaced fluorescent,
 halogen, high-pressure sodium, metal halide, and incandescent interior and exterior
 lighting with LED lighting. A site visit was conducted at this facility. Overall, four
 adjustments were made from the desk review and site visit resulting in increased energy
 and decreased demand savings:
 - The FXLED500SF/D10/PCS light was found DLC certified at 514 W. The wattage in the ex-post for this light was adjusted from the reported 508 W to 514 W. This adjustment decreased energy savings.
 - The ARBAY3-215/PIR fixture was found DLC certified at 215.2 W. The DLC certificate included for the project was for an ARBAY3-215N model, while the site photos show the installed fixture model of ARBAY3-215/PIR. Adjusting the input wattage from 216 W to 215 W resulted in a slight increase in energy and demand savings for the fixture retrofit measures and a slight decrease in energy and demand savings for the controls measures.
 - According to the site inspection form, a quantity of thirteen 400 W metal halide fixtures were replaced with eleven 215 W LED fixtures. The baseline quantity was adjusted from the reported 13 W to 11 W. This adjustment decreased energy savings.
 - One LED fixture (DSXF2 LED P3 50K 70CRI FL MVOLT YKC62 DDBXD) was found to be DLC certified at 92.9 W. The wattage was adjusted from the reported 102 W to 93 W. This increased energy and demand savings.
 - Participant ID 121009 savings adjustment for fixture model number. The site is an inpatient health care facility that replaced interior and exterior fluorescent, incandescent, halogen, metal halide, and high-pressure sodium lighting with LED lighting. The external TCP fixture was shown to have model number FLKUA1W50KBR in a post-inspection photo. This model number differs from the one reported on the invoice, work order, and post-inspection form (FLKUA2W50KBR). FLKUA1W50KBR is certified at 15 W, while FLKUA2W50KBR is certified at 25 W. The wattage was adjusted to match the post-inspection photo model number for the four line-items with this fixture, which resulted in increased energy savings.
 - Participant ID 221006 savings adjustment for deemed building type. The site is a
 retail store in a strip mall that replaced fluorescent lighting with LED lighting. The
 building as found on Google Earth imagery is a strip mall. The building type was
 adjusted from retail: excluding malls and strip centers to retail: strip shopping & nonenclosed malls for the evaluated savings. This adjustment increased energy and
 demand savings.



- Participant ID 221007 savings adjustment for deemed building type. The site is a
 church that replaced interior and exterior fluorescent, metal halide, and incandescent
 lighting with LED lighting. A site visit was conducted to verify fixture counts and the
 building type. Two adjustments were made to the savings from the desk review and
 site visit resulting in decreased energy and increased demand savings:
 - The building type was adjusted from education: k-12 w/o summer session to religious. The primary building type is a church. This adjustment decreased energy savings and increased demand savings.
 - In addition, the building type for one line item corresponding to church interior exits was adjusted from the reported education: k-12 w/o summer session to all building types: exit signs. This increased energy savings and demand savings.
- Participant ID 221013 savings adjustment for deemed building type. A non-refrigerated warehouse replaced interior linear fluorescent lighting with LED lighting.
 The site visit found this building has been converted into an office facility. Typical operating hours are 8-5 M-F. Adjusting the building type from warehouse to office resulted in decreased energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 321010 savings adjustment for post-installation quantity changes by occupant. The site is a gymnasium that replaced fluorescent and incandescent lighting with LED lighting. The site visit noted quantity differences for four areas of the building. The project included delamping most fixtures from four lamps to two lamps, but the site visit found the customer had subsequently purchased more LED lamps and increased the lamps per fixture back to four for the massage, NE workout, NW workout, and office areas. This decreased both energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 321011 savings adjustment for deemed building type. The site is a
 gymnastics gymnasium that replaced fluorescent and metal halide lighting with LED
 lighting. The building type was adjusted from retail: excluding malls & strip centers to
 public assembly, as the building is a gymnasium. As defined in the Texas TRM, which
 the Arkansas TRM lighting section references, public assembly encompasses
 gathering places for recreational activities. This decreased energy and demand
 savings.
- Participant ID 421019 savings adjustment for installed fixture quantity. The site is
 an advertising company that replaced metal halide panel lighting with LED lighting.
 From the pre- and post-installation photos, there were four metal halide lamps for each
 panel replaced with two LED lamps (panels 72112 and 72111). Adjusting the preinstallation quantity for each line item from two to four drastically increased the energy
 savings.
- Participant ID 421027 savings adjustment for fixture input wattage. The site is a new construction supermarket that installed *LED lighting*. Overall, two adjustments were made to the savings from the desk review and site visit resulting in increase energy and demand savings:
 - The site visit found slightly different fixture counts than those noted in the project documentation. The on-site inspection found only one pole light on the property, and two were noted in the project documentation. The on-site found that only one 17 W LED fixture was installed in the restrooms while two were noted in the



- project documentation. Adjusting these quantities resulted in increased energy savings.
- The site visit estimated the parking area at 600 sq. ft. when the project documentation included 224. Adjusting the parking lot area resulted in increased energy savings.

9.4.6.6 Lighting—Non-Deemed

The *lighting—non-deemed* strata consisted of lighting projects with an AOH or CF tracked in the tracking system different from the deemed TRM value. These TRM value differences sometimes consist of 8,760-hour safety lighting for individual projects or custom estimated AOH for each facility area. A total of 25 projects were in this strata, with 4,569 MWh of claimed savings, representing five percent of the program savings.

Twelve desk reviews and seven site visits were conducted on this stratum. The desk reviews focused on the installed lighting details, while the EM&V team attempted to schedule site visits to verify the custom AOH values. The site visits conducted for custom AOH values consisted of reviewing each area's use within the facility with the site personnel, observing the spaces' use, and collecting information on the controls. The EM&V team made engineering judgments about whether the custom AOH was valid and if the resulting AOH or CF should be adjusted for what was observed during the site visit.

The desk reviews and site visits resulted in seven projects with adjustments to the claimed savings.

- Participant ID 121013 adjustment for installed fixture model. The site is a grocery store that replaced fluorescent and HID fixtures with LED fixtures throughout the interior and exterior of their facility. A quantity of 18 linear LED fixtures (iGLO model GL150W4STRCANPY25N5000KUDX-E) was found to be a different model in the post-inspection photos (iGLO GL150WCANPYSN5000KUDX-E). The model number in the tracking data were DLC certified at 147.45 W, but the model in the photos was certified at 149.59 W. Adjusting the input wattage from 147 W to 150 W slightly decreased energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 221012 adjustments for fixture input wattage, baseline area classification, and installed HVAC efficiencies. The site is a new construction outpatient cancer treatment facility that installed LED lighting and energy-efficient HVAC units. Overall, four adjustments were made from the desk review and site visit, resulting in decreased energy and demand savings:
 - The reported savings used the DLC certification for the EX3DI-A-WHE-835-3 fixture and applied a proportionate adjustment based on length (from three feet to two feet), resulting in 21 W. The evaluated savings found an updated EX3DI-A-WHE-835-2-WA-U-ND-1-0-X DLC certification and adjusted from 21 W to 22 W. This slightly decreased interior lighting savings while increasing interior lighting control savings.
 - Two sets of lights were moved from the exterior canopy section to the entry/exit doors section based on the engineering drawings; this increased lighting savings in the canopy section while decreasing energy savings in the entry doors/other doors section. These adjustments slightly reduced energy savings.



- Participant ID 321003 adjustments for incorrect fixture code, fixture input
 wattage, and calculation error. The site is a recreational center that replaced metal
 halide and fluorescent lamps with LED lamps and fixtures. Overall, three adjustments
 were made from the desk review, resulting in increased energy and demand savings:
 - The wattage of two T8-ER120B fixtures was adjusted from 15 W to 12 W. The work order had these listed as LED015-TUBE, even though other fixtures with the same model number were correctly listed as LED012-TUBE. This adjustment increased energy and demand savings.
 - The wattage of 16 LMW496-F-5000K fixtures was adjusted from 92 W to 97 W.
 The DLC certification included in the project documentation and verified in the QPL had the input wattage listed as 97.3 W. This adjustment decreased energy and demand savings.
 - Three line items associated with the pump rm had zero energy and demand savings in the tracking system. All three line items had a MeasureDesc of outdoor—LEDs. The evaluated savings calculated energy and demand savings for all three of these line-items, which increased the overall energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 321009 adjustments for fixture input wattage and incorrect savings calculation. The site is a wood 3-shift manufacturing facility that replaced fluorescent and metal halide lighting with *LED lighting*. Overall, four adjustments were made from the desk review and site visit, resulting in decreased energy and demand savings:
 - Five line-items had their retrofit wattages adjusted from 204 W to 203 W. The light AF-50K-200-BRZ-T3-120-277-TLPEC was found to be DLC certified at 203.4 W. This adjustment slightly increased energy and demand savings.
 - One line item had its retrofit wattage adjusted from 40 W to 45 W. The light CSVTL48ALO3MVOLTSWW380CRI was found to be DLC certified at 44.82 W. This adjustment slightly decreased energy and demand savings.
 - One line item had its retrofit wattage adjusted from 151 W to 150 W. The light RHB3-X-150-BLK-120-277 was found to be DLC certified at 150 W. This adjustment slightly increased energy and demand savings.
 - One line item had its energy savings zeroed because the work order indicated
 "no change" in the light. This decreased energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 321012 adjustments for exit sign building type and fixture input wattage. The site is a warehouse that replaced fluorescent, incandescent, halogen, and metal halide lighting with *LED lighting*. Overall, two adjustments were made from the desk review, resulting in increased energy and demand savings:
 - The building type for exit signs was adjusted from warehouse: non-refrigerated to all building types: exit signs. This adjustment increased energy and demand savings.
 - The retrofit installed wattage was adjusted from 54 W to 53 W for five line-items based on the DLC certification for LOD-MCL-54W50KHL, which was found to be certified at 53.3 W. This adjustment increased energy and demand savings.



- Participant ID 421004 adjustments for custom hours of use, fixture input wattage, and exit sign building type. The site is a commercial bagging operations facility that replaced metal halide, fluorescent, and mercury vapor lighting with LED lighting.
 Overall, three adjustments were made from the desk review and site visit, resulting in decreased energy and demand savings:
 - Three line-items were adjusted from 2,060 AOH to 2,080 to match the AOH letter—this increased energy savings. One line item's pre-quantity was adjusted from 6 to 7 to match an adjustment made to the post-quantity during the post-inspection. This decreased energy and demand savings.
 - The INTERIOR GAS NO AIR UPPER LANDING MISSED ON PRE space had two LED fixtures (T8-ER120B-F18W-AB 5000K) installed. The tracking system noted these as 12 W fixtures, while the DLC certification had 18 W. This adjustment resulted in decreased energy and demand savings.
 - The exit sign line item's building type was adjusted from manufacturing: 3 shift to all building types - exit sign. This increased energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 421016 adjustment for fixture input wattage. The site is a new
 construction cancer health center that installed *LED lighting* and *mini-split heat pump*units. A total of *eight fixtures* (model number DTLTG3.18-4-D500-80-35K-U-FR-WHDIMOFF-N-EMBAT) in the *waiting* and *vestibule* areas were reported at *ten input watts*,
 while the product specifications indicated 4 W. The evaluated savings adjusted the
 input wattage for these measures, which slightly increased savings.

9.4.7 Program Website and Documentation Review

To understand the LCI program, the EM&V team interviewed program staff and reviewed all information available on EAL's website related to the program and supplemental documentation provided by EAL and CLEAResult. The EM&V team received the following documentation related to the program:

- ArchEE data tracking system extract containing PY2022 participant information and savings;
- Quality Control and Assurance Manual for EAL commercial programs, dated February 1, 2023;
- PY2022 Program Manual for the LCI Program obtained from the EAL website; and
- Updated white papers or M&V plans for *process chiller*, *refrigerator recycling*, *energy recovery ventilators*, and *CEI savings*.



9.4.7.1 Program Website Review

Information found on the LCI program website includes a general description of the program, such as eligibility and how participation works. It also provides a list of eligible measures and their incentive discounts. An example project at an industrial facility is displayed along with the estimated energy savings, incentive amount, and utility cost savings. A copy of the program and CoolSaver trade ally manuals are located on the website, and a search link is provided to find a participating trade ally by zip code lookup. Health and safety guidelines that employees and trade allies will follow in response to COVID-19 were also displayed at the top of the page.

9.4.7.2 Program Documentation Review

The EM&V team received program-related documentation key to understanding the program and participation processes, including the PY2022 Program Manual and Quality Control and Assurance Manual. Key documents to understanding the program savings methodologies and measuring-level savings include the project-level files, ArchEE data, TRM 9.0, supplementary deemed savings and M&V methodologies, and ongoing reviews with EAL and CLEAResult staff. Supplementary deemed savings and M&V methodologies included *overhead door weatherstripping*, *PTAC sealing*, *CEI*, *injection molding machines*, and *compressed air systems*.

The project details and documentation collected by EAL, the implementer, and trade allies for many sampled projects are extensive. As bulleted in the section above, the critical baseline and new equipment assumptions, drivers of the prescriptive measure savings, are well described in trade ally proposals and equipment inventories. Additional documents collected at project approval support the equipment quantities and performance metrics. The documentation included invoices (support for claimed quantities and equipment make and models) and manufacturers' specification sheets (confirmation of equipment makes, models, sizes, types, efficiencies). These are industry-standard best practices for documentation collection, which reduce the uncertainty of the project savings assumptions and development.

The EM&V team found that documentation, in most cases, matched the data recorded in the ArchEE tracking system. Equipment type, quantities, and in most cases, building/space conditions were accurately recorded compared to the efficient technology data and project file documentation reviewed. Also, across projects, most project files contained similar documentation. Most project files had, at a minimum, the signed customer proposal and project agreement. This proposal typically included the list of *retrofit* measures, with pre- and post-conditions and equipment parameters identified. Some files included multiple copies (e.g., initial proposal, final proposal) depending on whether the scope had changed during project development. Many project files included pre- and post-inspection forms with field inspector notes indicating site results.

Many projects also included pre- and post-installation photographic documentation. Photos were included with some proposals and inspection reports, but not all. Except for *direct-install* projects, all project files included invoices. All invoices were found to have measure-level cost breakdowns, which helped support and confirm project details. Documentation of site stipulated AOH, usually a letter or email with schedules of use from the customer, was included in project file requests for sites that used stipulated AOH.

In PY2022, the EM&V team found the project documentation was as robust as PY2021, previous evaluations, and as a result, additional data requests to the implementer remained low compared to prior evaluations.

The project proposals include various details; however, the EM&V team would recommend adding other key parameters captured at the site used for savings calculations—these include building type and heating and cooling space types.

PY2022 saw continual documentation consistency for the make and model of all *lighting* products. DLC and ENERGY STAR certification sheets were included for all *lighting* projects. Manufacturer's specification sheets, however, were not included for any *lighting* projects. Manufacturers' specification sheets are essential for *LED exit signs* because DLC or ENERGY STAR certification sheets are not available for these types of lights. As *lighting* measures contribute a significant portion of the program savings, documents that support key variables that are a driver of *lighting* measure savings include the post-installation lighting wattage. Having manufacturer's specification sheets would increase clarity between similar lighting types that may differ by color temperature, voltage, and other features that can impact the equipment's qualification and fixture input wattage.

Work orders or post inspections were provided for most *lighting* projects sampled, which allowed for easy verification of post quantities and model numbers. Verification of baseline quantities and lighting model numbers were limited in cases where work orders and pre-inspections were not provided.

9.5 NET-TO-GROSS RESULTS

9.5.1 Net-to-Gross Methodology

We assessed NTG via self-reports through the participant customer survey based on the guidance outlined in Protocol F of TRM 9.0. As previously mentioned, to minimize recall concerns, and to allow for enough time for spillover to occur, free-ridership and spillover questions were not asked of everyone, and free-ridership and spillover were calculated separately. The EM&V completed 30 participant surveys accounting for 37 different measures. Among those, 19 received the free-ridership battery and 35 received the spillover battery, with 17 of those respondents receiving both the free-ridership and spillover series (July 2021 through December 2021 participants). Table 116 below shows how the response counts broke out for both free-ridership and spillover based on their participation date for the *CoolSaver* measures. The Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions program had a comprehensive evaluation conducted in PY20 that included all non-*CoolSaver* measures.

Table 116. Summary of Self-Report Participant Survey Respondents by Participation Period

		Measures evaluated	
Participation period	Measure type	Free-ridership	Spillover
January 2021-June 2021	Thermostat	N/A	1
	Tune-up	N/A	1
	Total	N/A	2
July 2021-December	Thermostat	5	5
2021	Tune-up	12	12
	Total	18	18



		Measures	evaluated
Participation period	Measure type	Free-ridership	Spillover
January 2022-June 2022	Thermostat	8	N/A
	Tune-up	10	N/A
	Total	18	N/A
Total		36	20

The survey included a series of structured questions about the participant's decision to pursue rebated energy-efficient upgrades to estimate free-ridership. As the TRM 9.0 does not allow for partial free riders, participants were either classified as full-free-riders (100 percent free-ridership) or non-free-riders (0 percent free-ridership) based on their responses to these decision-making questions. Table 117 below shows the survey questions we used to classify free riders.

Table 117. Self-Report Free-ridership Survey Questions

Survey question	Response options
FR2. Before learning about the <program> program, was your organization already planning to purchase and install the</program>	01 Yes
<measure> project in <year>?</year></measure>	02 No
If CoolSaver: Before learning about the discount available through the <program>, was your organization already planning to have a high level <measure> performed in the same year?</measure></program>	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR3. If the program incentive/discount had not been available,	01 Yes
would your <year> budget have accommodated the full cost of the <measure>?</measure></year>	02 No
, and man 1001.12	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR4. If the incentive/discount or other assistance from the	01 Same [SKIP TO FR7]
program had not been available, would you still have purchased the exact same <measure> project, or would you</measure>	02 Different
have purchased something different?	88 Don't know
	99 Refused

Survey question	Response options
FR5. [ASK IF FR4 <> 1] Would you have purchased and	01 Yes
installed any <measure> at all? If CoolSaver: If the discount had not been available, would you</measure>	02 No
still have purchased any <measure>?</measure>	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR6. [ASK IF FR5 = 1] Would it have been the same	01 Same level of efficiency
level/efficiency, higher level/efficiency, or lower level/efficiency?	02 Higher efficiency
	03 Lower efficiency
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR7. [ASK IF FR4 = 1 OR FR5 = 1] If the incentive/discount or	01 At the same time or sooner
other assistance from the program had not been available, when would you have installed/performed the <measure>?</measure>	02 Within one year
Would you have installed/performed it	03 One to two years later
	04 Three to five years later
	05 More than five years later
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused

We followed the same criteria for classifying free riders used in previous evaluation research and for other programs for consistency and comparability with prior evaluation results. To be classified as a full-free-rider, respondents must have indicated all the following conditions; any respondent that did not meet all three of these conditions we classified as a non-free-rider:

- were already planning to purchase and install the project in the same year before learning about the program (FR2 = 1),
- budget would have accommodated the full cost of project in the absence of the program rebate (FR3 = 1), and
- would have purchased the same or higher efficiency measure within one year in the absence of the program ((FR4 = 1 OR (FR6 = 1 OR 2)) AND (FR7 = 1 OR 2)).

The participant survey also included several consistency checks to verify a participant's free-ridership status. These consistency checks provide additional information about the participant's decision to install the program-provided measures and substantiate their classification as full or non-free-rider. Consistency check questions include whether the participant received a recommendation to install a piece of equipment, how influential that recommendation was on their decision, and how influential the program incentive and other assistance were on their decision to install the program measure.

To assess spillover, we asked about recent installations of any additional energy-efficient improvements made since program participation *without* financial assistance from EAL. Respondents were then asked how important their experience in EAL's Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions program was to their decision to install these additional improvements. Full

savings were attributed to the program as spillover if the respondent said *very important*, and one-half-savings were attributed to the program if the respondent said, *somewhat important*. Respondents stating that their experience was *not at all important* or *not very important* received no spillover savings.

Free-ridership and spillover rates were estimated for each respondent using the methodology approach described above. Individual free-ridership and spillover rates were then weighted to adjust for proportional sampling differences, non-response, and gross energy savings to calculate overall estimates representative of the program population. NTG ratios were then calculated using the following equation:

NTG Ratio = 1 – Free-ridership + Spillover

9.5.2 Detailed Results

Inclusive of free-ridership and spillover, the evaluation resulted in an overall NTG ratio of 100 percent for *CoolSaver* measures. There was no identified free riders, with all respondents indicating the program was important in making the energy-efficient improvements. Spillover was mentioned by one respondent, which resulted in less than one percent, resulting in an overall NTG ratio of just over 100 percent.

Table 118 below summarizes NTG results.

Table 118. Summary of CoolSaver NTG Results for the Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions
Program

Free-ridership	Spillover	NTG
0%	Approx. 1%	100.6%

Feedback from participants suggests that the program was highly influential in the decision to make the energy-efficient improvements. Five respondents said they were already planning the project before learning about the program, but they also said they did not have the budget to accommodate the project's full cost. Hence, these were determined to be non-free-riders.

One respondent said they installed additional energy-efficiency measures. This respondent installed another *thermostat* because of their program experience, resulting in us attributing some spillover, less than one percent, to the program.

9.5.2.1 Trade Ally Feedback

Both contractors we spoke with said their sales of program equipment and services would be lower if the program was not available. One contractor said the program has been "instrumental" in us not having to lay off staff in the winter and that the Entergy program has helped them be a more stable business in the months that it would be difficult.

These contractors were satisfied with the program, and each had a recommendation for the program. One contractor would like more resources from EAL, which has credibility right to the customer for a greater understanding of what the programs offer. This customer wanted something to be able to provide customers who were unsure of EAL's role in the program. The second contractor was hoping EAL could consider removing the *refrigerant* requirement and revisit the incentive amounts. With the increased cost of refrigerant and supplies and that the



incentive levels have not changed, the contractor felt there was an unfair balance with the program getting the same level of savings but the contractor needing to pay more. This contractor felt the *refrigerant* requirement does not help the efficiency part (which he also indicated was not required by other programs they participate in) and has a more significant cost implication for the contractors.

9.6 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The ArchEE tracking system contained the key assumptions and parameters to calculate measure savings. After performing evaluation savings calculations claimed by the LCI program across a sample of desk reviews and site visits, the EM&V team found discrepancies in some measure categories. The adjustments that had the most considerable impact on program savings were from calculation methodologies for a *custom—early review* project; *lighting—deemed* and *lighting—non-deemed* adjustments for installed *fixture types*, *input fixture wattages*, and *custom AOH* values; and data tracking errors in *other*, as detailed earlier.

The EM&V team calculated savings across the program measures based on the tracking data review and desk review results. The overall LCI program evaluated savings resulted in lower energy and demand savings than those calculated by the program implementer (96.8 percent kilowatt-hour and 98.3 percent kilowatt realization rates). Final evaluated savings for the *tune-up* measures are based on adjustments made during the tracking system review. All other measures' evaluated savings results are based on desk review and site-visit level adjustments by sampled strata. The tracking system informed qualitative findings and served as a guide for potential issues for investigation during desk reviews.

The overall realization rates were affected most by variances between the claimed and evaluated savings (kilowatt and kilowatt-hour) from *custom—early review*, and *other* measures. There were also multiple projects with formula errors. *Lighting—non-deemed* had adjustments to *custom AOH* and *power adjustment factors* resulting from site visits and desk reviews. Finally, savings adjustments were made to *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* measures due to incorrect energy and demand savings values used for *heat pumps* in reported savings.

Table 119 shows that *other* measures had the most significant realization rate adjustments, while *custom*—*early review* had the most significant gross changes in energy and demand savings.

Table 119. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions—Final Evaluated Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Strata

	Ex-an	te savings	Ех-ро	st savings	Realization rate		
Strata	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	Data source
Custom— continuous energy improvement	7,194	29,609,881	7,194	29,609,881	100.0%	100.0%	Desk reviews
Custom—other	971	6,734,063	987	6,714,433	101.6%	99.7%	Desk reviews and site visits
Custom—early review	3,478	29,117,823	3,296	27,404,201	94.8%	94.1%	Desk reviews and site visits
Lighting-deemed	2,940	20,553,554	2,914	20,328,909	99.1%	98.9%	Desk reviews and site visits



	Ex-an	te savings	Ex-po	st savings	Realizat	ion rate	
Strata	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	Data source
Lighting—non- deemed	611	4,568,623	610	4,555,768	99.9%	99.7%	Desk reviews and site visits
Other	386	5,816,691	299	4,606,142	77.4%	79.2%	Desk reviews and site visits
Tune-ups	853	2,952,728	859	2,946,381	100.7%	99.8%	Tracking system and M&V review
Total	16,434	99,353,362	16,160	96,165,716	98.3%	96.8%	

9.7 QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCESSES

EAL worked with the implementer CLEAResult to develop a quality management process for all EAL commercial programs. This process can be used for projects with or without a trade ally.

For trade-ally projects, CLEAResult emphasizes trade ally training to remind trade allies of program processes, technical requirements for measures, application requirements, and awareness of the QC process. QC protocols include clear pass/fail thresholds for addressing trade ally performance. During the post-inspection, any project (trade-ally-driven or not), the fail condition results if the work scope is significantly incomplete, the efficient measures are found to be ineligible, or there are safety or code issues with the installation. A failed project causes the trade ally to be removed from the reduced inspection rate list that the program maintains and is put under probationary status. Once a trade ally is removed, that contractor must complete five consecutive projects without "failures" to be returned to the reduced inspection rate list. For a trade ally to qualify for the reduced inspection rate, they must complete five consecutive projects without a failure as determined by the program implementer.

Customers must sign a customer agreement to be eligible for the program; as part of this agreement, the customer is willing to allow a field inspector to perform a QC inspection. These inspections could happen to any project regardless of scope. An inspection form was developed to perform standardized and consistent inspections to ensure the equipment is being used following the guidelines outlined in the customer agreement.

Below are the steps that are followed during the QA/QC process, as outlined in the Quality Control and Assurance Process Manual:

- enrollment and customer verification.
- project documentation and completeness review,
- pre-engineering QC and approval,
- pre-installation inspection,
- pre-installation inspection corrections—trade-ally-driven projects,
- post-installation QC,
- post-installation inspection,
- post-installation inspection corrections—trade-ally-driven projects,
- post-engineering approval, and



post-project review and closeout.

For all projects, the QA/QC process begins with verification that customers are eligible for participation in the program. Next, project documentation (including contact information, signed proposal, W9 forms, and pre-installation photos) is verified to be complete. Following the documentation check, the engineering team at CLEAResult checks to ensure that the project is installing eligible equipment and that savings parameters and calculations are accurate. For QA, the program staff also conducts reviews of each incentive application. After the engineering QC check, proposals that do not pass all aspects of the review are rejected and sent back for completion.

The next stage in the QA/QC process occurs during the pre-installation inspection stage, where pre-installation inspections are conducted to confirm pre-installation conditions. These inspections are completed for 100 percent of custom projects and the largest (approximately 10 percent) trade-ally projects identified by kilowatt-hour savings. For the LCI program, larger projects are defined as those with savings estimated at over 150,000 kWh. Inspections are also completed for all prescriptive projects submitted by a non-trade ally or submitted by a trade ally under probation. A minimum of 20 percent of all other projects under 150,000 kWh are also inspected. For trade allies who are not under probationary status, at least ten percent of their total project quantities submitted are pre- or post-inspected. Any findings during the pre-inspection stage are returned to the trade ally to make corrections before the project may proceed.

Following the installation of the project, a post-installation QC check is performed via a review of documentation, to verify invoicing, any changes to the project, and a review of submitted photos. Any findings during this QC check are once again returned to the trade ally to make corrections before the project may proceed. An on-site inspection is then conducted following the same sampling methodology as detailed in the pre-installation inspection above.

At the final stage of the process, a final engineering review of the post-installation notes, completeness of documentation, and post-inspection photos is performed. Project savings calculations or incentives are adjusted as appropriate. When this is complete, the project and all required documentation is submitted to EAL for approval and project closeout.

As part of the LCI program evaluation activities, the EM&V team assessed the program's documentation and the 70 sampled projects used to inform the impact evaluation. The documentation included:

- program manual;
- program tracking system/database extracts;
- supplemental project-level documentation:
 - o customer proposals and project agreements.
 - invoices,
 - pre-inspection form (where applicable),
 - o post-inspection form (where applicable), and
 - o photographic documentation (where applicable).



As noted in the prior sections, the EM&V team confirmed that the information presented in the ArchEE tracking system was, for the most part, accurate compared to that in the project documentation. In general, the documentation provided project information that aligned with the stated QC goals, though the EM&V team found three specific areas for improvement:

- 1. Ensure photographic documentation provided is clear and legible and include nameplate photos of lighting model numbers and HVAC units, when possible,
- 2. Provide lighting specification sheets, and
- 3. Provide work orders and/or post-inspection reports on all projects.

10.0 SMALL BUSINESS SOLUTIONS

The Small Business Solutions (SBS) program offers small commercial customers cash and non-cash incentives to implement energy efficiency improvements. The program assists small business customers by analyzing facility energy use and identifying energy efficiency improvement projects. The program targets small business customers with a peak electric demand of less than 100 kW. The program consults eligible customers to identify energy savings opportunities and available financial incentives. The program utilizes a network of prequalified trade allies to analyze customers' energy use, identify energy efficiency improvement projects, and install the recommended measures.

The SBS program is designed to overcome the unique market barriers that restrict small businesses' ability to implement energy-efficient technologies and practices. These market barriers include:

- Small business owners often lack technical expertise or time to devote to energy
 efficiency improvements. Most of these businesses do not have adequate time or
 resources to focus on energy efficiency improvements.
- Most small businesses have limited access to investment capital, which means that business owners may not afford the efficiency upgrade without immediate assistance from the program.

The program is implemented by CLEAResult, which provides recruitment, marketing, outreach, and training to trade allies. Along with participating trade allies, the program performs energy assessments, directly installs measures (e.g., *light-emitting diodes (LED)*, *low-flow faucet aerators*, *pre-rinse spray valves*, *weatherstripping*), conducts pre- and post-implementation inspections, maintains the program quality assistance/quality control (QA/QC) standards, and administers the incentive process. The program also includes program tracking.

In support of the impact evaluation, the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team conducted a tracking system review, desk reviews on a randomly selected sample of 25 projects, and a review of program documentation. Eleven site visits were completed for this program. As part of the PY2022 evaluation for the program, the EM&V team conducted 97 telephone surveys with recent program participants. The surveys collected process evaluation information and structured questions to assess free-ridership and participant spillover for the net-to-gross (NTG) evaluation. Program staff interviews focused on discussing PY2022 progress and challenges and implementing PY2021 evaluation recommendations presented in the executive summary.

Table 120. Small Business Solutions Program—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

		Gross impact evaluation completes				
NTG approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V	Metered data analysis ⁶⁵	
Updated from current evaluation	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review Participant surveys (97) Market actor interviews (12)	Census	25	11	None	

10.1 KEY FINDINGS

Based on the PY2022 program tracking data, the SBS program incentivized energy efficiency measures to 711 unique participants⁶⁶ through 40 trade allies. Table 121 provides the program's claimed savings by measure category, where the most considerable amount of claimed participants (81 percent) and savings (72 percent) were attributable to *lighting* measures. All SBS program's claimed savings were from *prescriptive* project types, and no *custom* projects were claimed in PY2022.

Table 121. Small Business Solutions Program—Reported Participation and Savings⁶⁷

Measure category	Trade allies	Participants**	Projects	Program savings (kWh)	Percentage of program savings (kWh)
Domestic hot water*	0	7	8	14,731	0.1%
Envelope*	0	40	46	1,821,891	10.4%
Lighting	30	573	595	12,552,633	71.8%
Refrigeration	1	1	1	889	0.0%
Tune-ups	8	101	638	3,088,109	17.7%
Total	39	711	1,279	17,478,253	100.0%

^{*} The implementer directly installed all measures.

In PY2022, the SBS program reported 17,478 MWh in gross energy savings and 2.7 MW in gross demand savings. Table 122 shows the reported and evaluated savings across the program. The program exceeded its energy and demand savings planning goals, achieving 126 percent of the energy savings goal and 164 percent of the demand savings goal.

⁶⁷ ArchEE extract dated January 24, 2023.



^{**} A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories or multiple projects. Thus, the total count of participants and projects may not equal the sum of individual rows by measure category.

⁶⁵ This column refers to EAL customer meter data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site measurement and verification (M&V).

⁶⁶ A unique participant is based on a single utility account number.

Table 122. Small Business Solutions Program—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	17,478	17,407	99.6%	100.0%	17,404	5.9%
Demand savings (MW)	2.7	2.8	102.7%	100.0%	2.78	2.9%

Table 123. Small Business Solutions Program—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	13,871	17,407	126%
Demand savings (MW)	1.7	2.8	164%

The SBS' evaluated energy and demand savings were slightly lower than reported savings for energy savings (99.6 percent kilowatt-hour realization rate) but slightly higher than reported savings for demand savings (102.7 percent kilowatt realization rate). The main drivers of the realization rates were corrections to *tune-up* projects made by the EM&V team during the tracking system review and adjustments to a few *lighting* projects during the desk review and on-site process. The most significant adjustment was for a couple of *lighting* projects where the *building type* was changed from retail: excluding malls & strip centers to service (excluding food). Another finding that significantly impacted savings was changes related to *heat pump* projects for the *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* measures. Across the *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects, the evaluated energy savings for individual projects were affected both positively and negatively, with an overall increase in evaluated and demand savings.

NTG research was conducted in PY2022 for SBS and *tune-up* measures. The evaluation researched NTG ratio is 100 percent for the non-*tune-up* portion of the program. There was a free-ridership ratio of less than 1 percent, which was offset by some observable spillover, resulting in an overall NTG ratio of 100 percent. Segmented by whether the measures were *tune-ups*, the *tune-up* measures NTG ratio is 99.9 percent for kilowatt-hours and kilowatts, while the NTG ratio for other measures is 100.0 percent.

10.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team has identified key findings and recommendations for consideration by Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) (Table 124), which primarily focus on improving the realization rate in the following program year and increasing the transparency, accuracy, and evaluability of program savings in the future for the SBS program.



Table 124. Small Business Solutions Program—PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Review savings algorithms for Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency.	The EM&V team found 14 projects calculated demand savings by dividing the deemed heat pump heating energy savings instead of the deemed cooling savings by 8,760. Cooling savings aligns with EAL's peak demand period. This issue was found sporadically across all three commercial programs with Wi-Fi thermostat measures, and whether the system had electric resistance heating or a heat pump. The EM&V team also identified 11 projects where the reported fuel type was heat pump, but savings were using deemed savings values for an air conditioning unit. Finally, the EM&V team also identified 14 projects where the reported fuel type was air conditioning with electric resistance heat, but savings were using deemed savings values for a heat pump unit. The EM&V team recommends reviewing the deemed savings values and calculation algorithms for Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency based on the tracked fuel type.
	Recommendation 2: Select building types based on the closest description match from the available building types.	During the desk review, the EM&V team found two instances of <i>lighting retrofit</i> projects for businesses that were operated more closely with the <i>service: non-food</i> building type, rather than the retail: excluding malls & strip centers building type. CLEAResult stated they used the retail: excluding malls & strip centers, because it more closely matched the customer's operating hours. The adjustments in building type resulted in reduced evaluated energy and increased demand savings. The EM&V team recommends more careful QA/QC to ensure that the operations within the buildings fit the building type selected.

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 process recommendations	Recommendation 3. Review the time it takes for trade allies to receive the incentive checks.	Trade allies mentioned delays in getting rebate checks, sometimes a month or more. Delays can have a significant impact on trade allies, specifically smaller organizations. An improvement a trade ally mentioned was around having direct deposit.
	Recommendation 4. Improve communication and responsiveness to customer and trade ally questions.	Communication with implementation staff around submitted applications was mentioned as a point of frustration among trade allies. Trade allies appreciate the ability to speak to a live person, receive emails with detailed instructions on what needs to be updated, and have their application reviewed in full, not one piece at a time. Customers areas for improvement also centered around communication and responsiveness with program staff.
	Recommendation 5. Review the allocation of responsibilities between the trade allies and implementation staff.	Trade allies reported taking on additional responsibilities as part of the commercial and industrial (C&I) programs. Tasks previously completed by implementation staff such as pre- and post-checks have been shifted to trade allies. The evaluation team discussed these trade ally results with EAL program design and implementation staff and it is our understanding that these changes are a result of automating the program processes. While the goal was to streamline activities, it may be worth revisiting to ensure the program is operating as intended.

Table 125. Small Business Solutions —Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Status of prior year r	Status of prior year recommendations				
PY2020 impact recommendations	 Increase QA/QC of the tracking database to ensure that all information from project documentation is captured accurately. Complete. 				
	Consider increasing post-inspections of completed projects. Reviewed and rejected. The implementer chose not to increase post-inspections in PY2021.				
	Review savings algorithms for exterior lighting with existing controls. Complete.				

Status of prior year r	recommendations
	 Review tune-up measure tracking data and algorithms. In progress. Multiple tune-up measures with systematic errors incorrectly calculated energy or demand savings based on the tracked system heating and cooling parameters.
PY2020 process recommendations	The program appears to be operating as intended.
PY2021 impact recommendations	 Review savings algorithms for Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency. Continuing.
	Review <i>lighting control</i> measure tracking data for potential errors in algorithms. Complete.
	 Increase QA/QC of renovation projects, in particular review all projects that are being completed in renovated facilities to check if the building use is changing. Complete.
PY2021 process recommendations	The program appears to be operating as intended.
	Discuss quarterly allocations with trade allies to ensure understanding of the process and how exceptions are handled to keep trade allies engaged in the program.
	o Continuing.

10.3 METHODOLOGY

This section summarizes the methodologies used for the evaluation of the SBS program.

10.3.1 Impact Evaluation

The evaluated savings results are based on calculations and adjustments made during the tracking system review, 25 engineering desk reviews, and 11 site visits. Savings adjustments were made at the project level. Final evaluated savings for the *tune-up* measures are based on adjustments made during the tracking system review. For all other measures, evaluated savings results are based on desk review and site-visit level adjustments by sampled strata. The tracking system informed qualitative findings and served as a guide for potential issues for investigation during desk reviews.

To perform the PY2022 impact evaluation, the EM&V team completed the following activities:

- staff interviews and ongoing discussions;
- program website review of eligible measures, incentives, and participating trade allies;
- program manual and supplemental documentation review;



- program tracking system/database reviews;
- review of the tracking system and M&V database for tune-ups and commercial Wi-Fi thermostats;
- engineering desk review of 25 sampled accounts, representing 25 individual projects;
- on-site measurement and verification (M&V) of 11 sampled accounts that also received desk reviews.

Table 126 shows the sample design and achieved sample sizes for the different data collection types employed for the impact evaluation effort.

Table 126. Small Business Solutions Program—Data Collection Efforts and Project Types

Data collection activity	Design sample	Achieved sample	Custom projects	Prescriptive projects
Staff interviews	2	2	N/A	N/A
Tracking system data review ⁶⁸	Census	Census	N/A	518
Engineering desk review	25	25	N/A	25
On-site M&V visit ⁶⁹	10	11	N/A	10

Most of the measures incentivized by the SBS program in PY2022 are currently included in the TRM 9.0, Volume 2. Specific sections of TRM 9.0 associated with the savings developed for the SBS program measures are provided in Table 127. These prescriptive algorithms and assumptions were the basis of the savings methodology used by the implementer and the EM&V team for energy and demand savings analysis purposes.

Table 127. TRM 9.0 Prescriptive Algorithms Utilized by the Small Business Solutions Program

Measure category	TRM 9.0 section	TRM 9.0 measure name
Domestic hot water	3.3.2	Faucet aerators
	3.3.5	Low-flow showerheads
	3.7.12	Low-flow pre-rinse spray valves
Envelope	3.2.10	Commercial door air infiltration
Refrigeration	3.5.7	Door gaskets for walk-in and reach-in coolers and freezers
Lighting	3.6.2	Lighting controls
	3.6.3	Lighting efficiency

⁶⁹ On-site visits were recruited from the list of participants that received desk reviews, nesting the on-site sample within the desk review sample.



⁶⁸ ArchEE extract dated August 23, 2022. A count of prescriptive projects is the quantity of unique *JobId* numbers in the tracking database.

The SBS program incentivized air conditioning and heat pump tune-up, commercial Wi-Fi thermostats, and overhead door weatherstripping measures. Overhead door weatherstripping measures do not adhere to TRM 9.0 but instead follow prescriptive approaches developed by CLEAResult based on the TRM algorithms for commercial door air infiltration. Additional project details outside of ArchEE were required to evaluate the tune-up measures. A separate tracking system review was conducted for all tune-up measures across the three commercial programs.

Table 128. Non-TRM Prescriptive Algorithms Utilized by the Small Business Solutions Program

Measure category	Measure description
Tune-ups (formerly CoolSaver)	Commercial AC post-test-out
	Commercial AC pre-clean
	Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)
	Commercial heat pump (tune-up)
	Commercial HP post-test-out
	Commercial HP pre-clean
	Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat
Envelope	Overhead door weatherstripping

10.3.1.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team reviewed all tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the key input parameters needed for TRM 9.0-based algorithms. The tracking system data review began using the TRM 9.0 as a reference in our review of measure-level savings assumptions. Chapters of the TRM 9.0 utilized for the tracking system review are described above in Table 129.

The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to the TRM 9.0 deemed savings algorithms used to estimate savings. This review was completed across a census of the program measures at the end of Q2⁷⁰. The utility's tracking database stores all the critical input variables and assumptions necessary for savings calculations. This review is conducted midyear to help facilitate changes in the algorithm applications before the end of the year, where they might cause discrepancies in reported versus verified savings. After the measure-level review, the EM&V team verified energy savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy.

⁷⁰ Tracking data downloaded August 23, 2022.



Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0 used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

Table 129. PY2022 Q1-Q2 Tracking System Reported Energy Savings by Measure Category

	Reported savings		
Measure	kW	kWh	
Domestic hot water	3.2	12,991	
Envelope	51.2	1,178,927	
Lighting	1,636.5	9,378,504	
Tune-up and Wi-Fi thermostat	264.5	1,926,458	
Total	1,955.3	12,496,881	

10.3.1.2 Tune-Up and Wi-Fi Thermostat Measurement and Verification Review

The EM&V team reviewed all of the *tune-up* and *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* measures with a comprehensive tracking system review, supplemented with engineering reviews of the M&V and deemed savings methodologies. These measures are tracked in ArchEE but have supplemental data in external databases necessary for evaluation. The tracking system reviews focused on replicating individual measure savings results and determining population variances.

10.3.1.3 Desk Reviews and Site Visits

In PY2022, the primary impact evaluation activities included desk reviews and on-site assessments. Sampling was conducted via stratified random sampling on kilowatt-hour savings at the project-level. Stratification is conducted according to the measure category: *lighting* and *other*.

Lighting projects were split into three strata based on the project's kilowatt-hour savings. Lighting strata were constructed using program tracking data spanning PY2019 through PY2021. Using these tracking data for each program year spanning PY2019 through PY2021, the following process was taken for the SBS program:

- 1. Projects were ordered from smallest to largest in terms of kilowatt-hour savings, then the cumulative share of savings was calculated for this ordered list.
- 2. Projects representing the first one-third of total *lighting* project savings were sorted into the *low-savings stratum*, with the highest-saving project within this stratum representing the upper bound on savings for the low-savings stratum.
- 3. The projects representing the next one-third of *lighting* project savings were then sorted into the *medium-savings stratum*, with the highest-saving project within this stratum representing the upper bound on savings for the medium-savings stratum.



- 4. Remaining projects representing the top one-third of *lighting* project savings were sorted into the *high-savings stratum*, with the highest-saving project within the medium-savings stratum representing the lower bound on savings for the high-savings stratum.
- PY2022 lighting stratum cutoffs were determined via taking the mean of cutoffs for the low-savings, medium-savings, and high-savings stratum cutoffs found for PY2019, PY2020, and PY2021.

On-site samples were a nested sample of the desk reviews, meaning that all projects receiving an on-site assessment also received a desk review. Projects with variances that could be cleared up during the site visit were selected first, with remaining site visits randomly selected from within the desk review sample. Table 130 summarizes the result of the sampling for the SBS program.

			•	_
Measure category	Projects	Projects sampled	Reported kWh	Reported kW
Lighting subtotal	595	21	12,552,633	2,202
High ≥56.4 MWh	39	6	3,475,635	564.7
Medium ≥25.8 MWh and <56.4 MWh	123	8	4,404,348	734.1
Low <25.8 MWh	433	7	4,672,650	903.2
Other	48	4	1,837,511	80.3
Total	643	25	14,390,144	2,282.3

Table 130. Small Business Solutions Program—Summary of Sampled Savings

10.3.2 Process and Net-to-Gross Evaluation

10.3.2.1 Participant Surveys

The EM&V team utilized a participant survey to inform the process and NTG evaluation. The survey included a series of questions that investigated sources of awareness and preferred methods of communication, participation experiences, program satisfaction, and firmographics to address the process evaluation. The survey also included structured questions about the participant's decision to pursue rebated energy-efficient upgrades to calculate the NTG rate. The EM&V team based the savings and calculations on those outlined in TRM 9.0 EM&V Protocols.

TRM 9.0 recommends using a staggered data collection approach to collect free-ridership and spillover information to address recall concerns. Free-ridership is best assessed when asking about program participation as close as possible to the participation dates, while spillover is best assessed after a reasonable amount of time has passed to allow for additional energy savings activities to occur.

With these considerations in mind, the EM&V team stratified the sample frame for the participant survey into three six-month participation periods; January 2021 to June 2021, July 2021 to December 2021, and January 2022 to June 2022. Only participants in the two most recent periods (July 2021 to June 2022) were asked free-ridership questions and included in the free-ridership assessment, limiting recall issues. Only those who installed energy-efficient upgrades within the first two six-month periods received spillover questions to allow more time for potential spillover effects to occur (January 2021 to December 2021). Research from prior EAL program evaluations suggests that spillover rates in the most recent period are much lower when participants are asked about any energy-saving activities performed outside the program compared to other participation periods. All respondents received process-related questions. Table 131 illustrates the number of unique program participants per period and their kilowatthour savings.

Table 131. Small Business Solutions Program—NTG/Process Participant Survey Sample Plan

Participation period	Project type*	Count of participants in population**	Reported (ex-ante) kWh	Free- ridership	Spillover	Process
January	Domestic hot water	6	42,293			
2021- June 2021	Envelope	12	1,156,832			
2021	Lighting	398	8,950,331	NI-	V	\\\
	Thermostat	23	508,877	No	Yes	Yes
	Tune-up	16	141,395			
	Total	455	10,799,728			
July 2021-	Domestic hot water	4	36,809			es Yes
December 2021	Envelope	24	902,206		Yes	
2021	Lighting	424	8,736,819	V		
	Thermostat	57	839,375	Yes		
	Tune-up	35	205,254			
	Total	544	10,720,463			
January	Domestic hot water	6	12,991			
2022-June	Envelope	25	1,071,256			
2022	Lighting	360	7,257,496	V	NI-	V
	Thermostat	64	1,449,403	Yes	No	Yes
	Tune-up	27	135,348			
	Total	482	9,926,494			
Total		1,481	31,446,685			

The EM&V team implemented the participant survey through our in-house Survey Research Center via computer-assisted telephone interviews. A total of 97 surveys were completed, averaging twelve minutes in length. Telephone surveys occurred between October 25 and November 4, 2022.

Table 132. Small Business Solutions Program—Participant Survey Response Rate

Disposition	Total
Sample	249
Not a utility customer	0
Eligible sample	249
Does not recall participating	18
Refusal	14
Incompletes (partial surveys)	0
Language barrier	4
Bad number	17
Called out	0
Not completed	99
Completed	97
Response rate	
Response rate (completed/eligible sample)	39.0%

In total, the EM&V team surveyed 72 participants on free-ridership and 72 on spillover based on their date of participation.

10.3.2.2 Contractor Interviews

The contractor interviews were used to inform the process evaluation and support NTG analysis. The EM&V team interviewed ten contractors that participated in the *prescriptive* commercial programs and two for *CoolSaver* measures (*tune-ups* and *Wi-Fi thermostats*) during PY2022. Eligible contractors were initially contacted to schedule the interviews via email on December 5, 2022. Interviews were conducted between December 9 and December 21, 2022.

Interviews were semi-structured using a topic guide, but evaluators followed the interview flow and modified questions as needed to fit the interviewee's circumstances. The contractor interviews explored (1) program involvement and experiences, (2) program attribution indicators, and (3) program satisfaction.

10.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

The SBS program's evaluated energy and demand savings was slightly lower than the reported energy savings (99.6 percent kilowatt-hour realization rate) and slightly higher than the reported demand savings (102.8 percent kilowatt realization rate). Corrections mainly drove differences to *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects made by the EM&V team during the tracking system review and corrections to *lighting* projects made during the desk review and on-site process. The most significant adjustment was for a couple of *lighting* projects where the building type was changed from *retail:* excluding malls & strip centers to service (excluding food). Another finding that significantly impacted savings on many measures was changes related to heat pump projects in the tune-up and Wi-Fi thermostat measures. Across the adjusted projects, the energy savings were adjusted both positively and negatively.

Corrections to *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects that contributed additional energy (kilowatt-hour) savings were found to be primarily due to:

- Heat pump projects using energy savings algorithms associated with AC units and
- Wi-Fi thermostat measures using incorrect unit type (AC energy savings instead of heat pump energy savings) in savings algorithms.

Corrections to *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects that contributed additional demand (kilowatt) savings were found to be primarily due to:

 Wi-Fi thermostat measures using incorrect unit type (heating demand savings instead of cooling demand savings) in savings algorithms.

Corrections to *lighting* projects that contributed additional energy (kilowatt-hour) savings were found to be primarily due to:

• changes to *lighting fixture wattage* observed during the desk review.

Corrections to *lighting* projects that contributed additional demand (kilowatt) savings were found to be primarily due to:

- changes to *lighting fixture wattage* observed during the desk review and
- changes to the building type from retail: excluding malls and strip centers to service (excluding food).

Corrections to *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects that contributed to reduced energy (kilowatt-hour) savings were found to be primarily due to:

• Wi-Fi thermostat measures using incorrect unit type (heat pump energy savings instead of air conditioning energy savings) in savings algorithms.

Corrections to *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects that contributed to reduced demand (kilowatt) savings were found to be primarily due to:

• Wi-Fi thermostat measures using incorrect unit type (heating demand savings instead of cooling demand savings) in savings algorithms.

Corrections to *lighting* projects that contributed to reduced energy (kilowatt-hour) savings were found to be primarily due to:

- changes to the building type from retail: excluding malls and strip centers to service (excluding food) and
- changes to *lighting fixture wattage* observed during the desk review.

Corrections to *lighting* projects that contributed to reduced demand (kilowatt) savings were found to be primarily due to:

• changes to *lighting fixture wattage* observed during the desk review.

Corrections to *other* projects that contributed to reduced energy (kilowatt-hour) and demand savings (kilowatt) were found to be primarily due to:

• changes to *total perimeter of doors* observed during the desk review.



10.4.1 Participant Characterization

Several different measures are provided to participants through the program. Within the tracking system, qualifying products are assigned to unique measure names. The mapping of these measure names to measure categories is provided below.

Table 133. Mapping to Measure Category

Measure description	Measure category
Commercial showerheads	Domestic hot water
Faucet aerators	Domestic hot water
Pre-rinse spray valves	Domestic hot water
Commercial door air infiltration	Envelope
Overhead door weatherstripping	Envelope
Halogens	Lighting
HIDs	Lighting
Integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	Lighting
Integrated-ballast LED lamps	Lighting
LEDs	Lighting
Lighting controls	Lighting
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	Lighting
Modular CFLs and CCFLs	Lighting
Other linear fluorescents	Lighting
Outdoor—halogens	Lighting
Outdoor—HIDs	Lighting
Outdoor—integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	Lighting
Outdoor—integrated-ballast LED lamps	Lighting
Outdoor—LEDs	Lighting
Outdoor—magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	Lighting
Outdoor—modular CFLs and CCFLs	Lighting
Outdoor—other linear fluorescents	Lighting
Refrigeration door gaskets	Refrigeration
Commercial AC post-test-out	Tune-ups
Commercial AC pre-clean	Tune-ups
Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)	Tune-ups
Commercial heat pump (tune-up)	Tune-ups
Commercial HP post-test-out	Tune-ups
Commercial HP pre-clean	Tune-ups
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat	Tune-ups

Table 134 below outlines the claimed number of program participants and the percentage of savings by measure category in PY2022. *Lighting* was the dominant measure category in PY2022, accounting for 81 percent of claimed demand (kilowatt) savings and 72 percent of claimed energy use (kilowatt-hour) savings.

Table 134. PY2022 Reported Small Business Solutions Program—Participation and Savings by Measure Category

			Progra	m savings		ntage of n savings
Measure category	Participants*	Projects*	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Domestic hot water	7	8	3.8	14,731	0%	0%
Envelope	40	46	76.5	1,821,891	3%	10%
Lighting	573	595	2,201.9	12,552,633	81%	72%
Refrigeration	1	1	0.1	889	0%	0%
Tune-ups	101	638	423.7	3,088,109	16%	18%
Total	711	1,279	2,705.9	17,478,253	100%	100%

^{*} A participant is a unique account described by the ArchEE data field *AccountNumber*. A project is a unique job number defined by the ArchEE data field *JobId*. A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories and multiple projects. As a result, the total count of participants and projects may not equal the sum of the counts by measure category.

Table 135 outlines the savings and percentage of savings by measure in PY2022. *Interior LEDs* were the dominant measure in PY2022 and accounted for 70 percent of claimed gross kilowatt savings and 50 percent of claimed gross kilowatt-hour savings. Commercial Wi-Fi thermostats were the second most dominant measure in PY2022, accounting for 11 percent of claimed gross kilowatt savings and 16 percent of claimed gross kilowatt-hour savings. *Outdoor LEDs* were the third most dominant measure in PY2022, accounting for 11 percent of claimed gross kilowatt-hour savings; however, they did not contribute to program demand savings.

Table 135. PY2022 Reported Small Business Solutions Program—Participation and Savings by Measure

	Program	savings	Percentage savi			
Measure	kW	kWh	kW	kWh		
Domestic hot water						
Commercial showerheads	<1.0	2,106	<1%	<1%		
Faucet aerators	3.0	9,421	<1%	<1%		
Pre-rinse spray valves	<1.0	3,204	<1%	<1%		
Envelope						
Commercial door air infiltration	36.7	1,067,781	1%	6%		
Overhead door weatherstripping	39.8	754,110	1%	4%		

	Program savings			of program ngs
Measure	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Lighting				
Halogens	10.9	44,611	<1%	<1%
HIDs	5.0	23,494	<1%	<1%
Integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	<1.0	182	<1%	<1%
Integrated-ballast LED lamps	256.2	1,052,453	9%	6%
LEDs	1,897.2	8,796,472	70%	50%
Lighting controls	3.4	13,921	<1%	<1%
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	17.8	79,164	1%	<1%
Modular CFLs and CCFLs	0.0	0	0%	0%
Other linear fluorescents	10.2	49,227	<1%	<1%
Outdoor—halogens	0.0	3,029	0%	<1%
Outdoor—HIDs	0.0	38,933	0%	<1%
Outdoor—integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	0.0	0	0%	0%
Outdoor—integrated-ballast LED lamps	0.0	469,384	0%	3%
Outdoor—LEDs	1.1	1,951,544	<1%	11%
Outdoor—magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	0.0	29,986	0%	<1%
Outdoor—modular CFLs and CCFLs	0.0	0	0%	0%
Outdoor—other linear fluorescents	0.0	232	0%	<1%
Refrigeration				
Refrigeration door gaskets	<1.0	889	<1%	<1%
Tune-ups				
Commercial AC post-test-out	9.4	15,870	<1%	<1%
Commercial AC pre-clean	21.7	38,220	1%	<1%
Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)	59.9	115,426	2%	1%
Commercial heat pump (tune-up)	15.5	49,024	1%	<1%
Commercial HP post-test-out	1.1	3,190	<1%	<1%
Commercial HP pre-clean	6.2	19,292	<1%	<1%
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat	309.9	2,847,087	11%	16%
Total	2,705.9	17,478,253	100%	100%

Table 136 shows the incentive structure for PY2022.

Table 136. PY2022 Small Business Solutions Program Incentives

Incentive as of 1/1/2022 per kWh
\$0.17
\$0.17
\$0.17
Full cost
\$0.35
\$0.30
\$0.35
\$0.35

^{*} Source: PY2022 Program Manual Small Business Solutions.

10.4.2 Program Documentation and Tracking Data Review

To understand the SBS program, the EM&V team interviewed program staff and reviewed all information available on EAL's website related to the program and supplemental documentation provided by EAL and CLEAResult. The EM&V team received the following documentation related to the program:

- ArchEE data tracking system extract containing PY2022 participant information and savings;
- supplemental project-level documentation received during quarterly data requests for sampled accounts, which typically included:
 - signed customer proposals and project agreements—sometimes files included initial and final proposals if projects had changed during development;
 - customer proposals that typically included a detailed inventory of site-captured measure-level details such as:
 - Commercial door air infiltration measures (e.g., weatherstripping, door sealing) were all directly installed by the implementer. A Direct Install Report typically inventoried the type of infiltration measure, the gap width sealed, and the new weatherstripping length installed by room. Additional notes typically included the HVAC system type (either for the facility or by specific rooms if they varied). Nameplate photos verifying the HVAC type were sometimes but not always provided. Finally, photo documentation of a sample of doors with their existing condition and gap width, noted by a view of a tape measure was found.



- Lighting and lighting controls measures included existing and new fixture types, make and model numbers, wattages, quantity, and control type. Also, DesignLights Consortium (DLC) and ENERGY STAR® certification sheets were provided for all models. Itemized invoices were provided for all lighting projects. Inspection reports were typically not provided; however, either a work order or inspection report was provided for 17 of the 21 lighting projects sampled (all missing in Q3). Manufacturer specification sheets were not provided.
- o photographic documentation pre- or post-installation;
- a Quality Control and Assurance Manual for EAL commercial programs, dated February 1, 2023; and
- PY2022 Program Manual for the SBS program obtained from the EAL website.

10.4.3 Detailed Tracking System/Database Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-claimed tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the key input parameters needed for TRM 9.0-based algorithms and the final claimed values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review began using TRM 9.0 as a reference in our review of measure-level savings assumptions. Chapters of TRM 9.0 that were utilized for the tracking system review are described above in Section 10.3.1.

The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to the TRM 9.0 deemed savings algorithms used to estimate savings. This review was completed across a census of the program measures. The utility's tracking database stores all the critical input variables and assumptions necessary for savings calculations. Following the measure-level review, the EM&V team verified energy savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0 used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

The ArchEE tracking system, which supplied all participant- and measure-level data, was the primary tool for checking claimed savings and performing evaluation savings calculations. These results were informed and supplemented with the engineering desk reviews and site visits findings, as further outlined in the savings calculation results section.

The overall program evaluated tracking system savings resulted in slightly higher savings (100.1 percent kilowatt-hour and 100.2 percent kilowatt realization rates) than those calculated by the program implementer. The evaluated savings are based on adjustments made from completing engineering reviews of the program's tracking data. The overall realization rates were affected negligibly by variances between the reported and evaluated energy savings (kilowatt-hour) for *lighting* and *domestic hot water* projects.

Overall, the tracking system review found the following:

- Except for the *overhead door weatherstripping* and *tune-up* measures in the SBS program, all measures utilize TRM 9.0, Volume 2 deemed algorithms. The savings equations were confirmed consistent with TRM 9.0. As described above, the *overhead door weatherstripping* and *tune-up* measures follow *custom* approaches developed from assumptions and methodologies in the TRM. The EM&V team confirmed the *overhead door weatherstripping* measures following the M&V plan through this tracking system review. A tracking system review of the *tune-up* measures was completed to inform *tune-up* evaluated savings.
- The SBS program measures utilize TRM 9.0, Volume 2 deemed savings assumptions, with two notable exceptions. Overhead door weatherstripping measures use extrapolated savings values based on the commercial door air infiltration measure in TRM 9.0. Finally, some lighting efficiency measures use site-specific annual operating hours (AOH) instead of the deemed values in TRM 9.0 for lighting projects.
 - Approximately 0.2 percent of *lighting* projects use site-specific custom AOH as captured from the site and based on the buildings' typical operating hours and hours of occupancy. This approach decreased over PY2021, where 2.5 percent of SBS program projects used custom AOH.
- The overall tracking review realization rates were 100.1 percent kilowatt and 100.1 percent kilowatt-hours, not including the *tune-up* measures. Tracking review realization rates for most measures were at 100 percent.

Table 137. PY2022 Q1–Q2 Tracking System Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Category

	Claimed savings		Evaluate	ed savings	Realization rate			
Measure category	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh		
Domestic hot water	3.2	12,991	4.2	21,680	130%	167%		
Envelope	51.2	1,178,927	50.9	1,178,927	99%	100%		
Lighting	1,636.5	9,378,504	1,637.8	9,387,156	100%	100%		
Total	1,690.9	10,570,423	1,692.8	10,587,763	100.1%	100.2%		

10.4.3.1 Domestic Hot Water

Projects EA-0000716041 (one line item for aerators and one line item for pre-rinse spray valves) and EA-0000716043 (one line item for showerheads) selected the incorrect building type based on provided MeasureLocation of residence halls. Adjusting the building types from commercial to dormitory increased kilowatt-hour savings for all three line-items, increased kilowatt savings for the pre-rinse spray valves, and decreased kilowatt savings for the aerators and showerheads.

10.4.3.2 Envelope

• All the commercial door air infiltration projects in Weather Zone 9 (EA-0000719042, EA-0000719043, EA-0000748148) had demand savings deviations ranging from four to six percent. This deviation was not present for commercial door air infiltration projects in the other weather zones. The reason for the savings deviations was due to calculation errors in CLEAResult's new system implemented in 2022, which will be corrected in a future update. The EM&V team adjusted demand savings to match the parameters in the tracking system and the TRM algorithms. The adjustments increased demand savings.

10.4.3.3 Lighting (i.e., Retrofits Including Controls)

- Five projects (EA-0000693555, EA-0000717904, EA-0000717975, EA-0000696220, EA-0000693581) reported *upstream* in the ArchEE *HeatingType* field and *normal* in the ArchEE *TempDescription* field. The EM&V team was able to match the energy and demand savings for these projects by selecting the *air conditioned* cooling type and *heating unknown* heating type.
- Four projects (EA-000722071, PRJ-3002562, PRJ-3011312, EA-0000771862) reported using *stipulated hours* in the ArchEE *ProjectNarrative* field but did not utilize the *AnnualHours* field. These projects reported zero energy and demand savings for these line items. The EM&V team calculated energy and demand savings for these projects by using the *deemed AOH* based on the tracked building type. CLEAResult attributed the differences due to data entry errors and accepted Tetra Tech's corrections.
- One project (PRJ-3021240) included a line item whose *MeasureLocation* field in ArchEE was *interior cooler 2*, which implies that the lights were installed inside a refrigerated space. However, the ArchEE *HeatingType* field was stated as *electric AC with gas heat*, and the *TempDescription* field was stated as *normal*. The EM&V team adjusted the temperature description from *air conditioned space* to *refrigerated space—medium temperature* to match the measure location. This increased energy and demand savings for this line item, resulting in a 115 percent realization rate for kilowatt-hour savings and a 104 percent realization rate for kilowatt savings.
- EA-0000698236 reported manufacturing in the ArchEE BuildingDescription field. There are two building types associated with manufacturing facilities in the Arkansas TRM: manufacturing—1 and 2 shift and manufacturing—3 shift. The EM&V team was able to match the energy and demand savings for these projects by selecting the manufacturing—1 and 2 shift building type.

10.4.3.4 Tune-Up and Wi-Fi Thermostat Measurement and Verification Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-reported tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the algorithms and ex-ante values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review began using the TRM 9.0, the CoolSaver Program M&V Plan⁷¹, and the Memorandum of Understanding to reference our review of measure-level savings assumptions. The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to the TRM deemed savings and supplemental documentation methods used to estimate savings. Following the measure-level review, the EM&V team verified energy savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified that the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0, used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

The ArchEE database includes the key data for all projects and reported savings for *AC* and *heat pump tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* measures, which totaled 638 measures.

A CLEAResult tracking system extract was provided, including pre- and post-test-out projects used as the basis for CLEAResult's PY2019–PY2021 efficiency loss (EL) calculations. The EM&V team reviewed this dataset, examined it for outliers, and calculated the PY2019–PY2021 EL values for three sectors (*commercial* <25 tons, *commercial* ≥25 tons, and *residential*) and whether a refrigerant charge adjustment was performed.

The findings from the *tune-up* tracking system showed similar findings to last year's review. Most of the key *tune-up* measure data is maintained in a separate database outside of ArchEE. The database was useful for the evaluation team to reference during the review. For example, because the *TuneupidComm* field in ArchEE was no longer used in the SBS program for PY2022 for unknown reasons, the evaluation team mapped the *pre-clean projects* to the *post-test-out measures* via supplemental data provided by CLEAResult. Another instance where the supplemental database was required was when verifying the EL values, as ArchEE did not capture all four refrigerant charge values from iManifold. As recommended last year, with continuous development and changes, the EM&V team recommends developing and maintaining a data dictionary to describe the data and document changes within this database.

Finally, as with previous years, it appears that the *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* measures still require manual input of deemed energy (kWh/ton) and demand savings (kW/ton) values. This led to many instances of human error, leading to savings deviations (described in further detail below). Automating this process in the future will allow for more effective QA/QC and reduce the likelihood of errors.

⁷¹ The *tune-up* measure methodology was developed separately under EAL's CoolSaver program prior to being included in the Small Business Solutions program.



10.4.4 Tune-Up and Wi-Fi Thermostat Measurement and Verification Findings

The EM&V team evaluated CLEAResult's savings calculations by reviewing the M&V sample of participants to confirm the savings methodology used and results obtained, repeating the calculation steps, and making calculation adjustments.

The ArchEE tracking system, which supplied all participant and unit-level data and claimed savings, was the primary tool for checking reported savings and performing evaluation savings calculations.

Detailed findings from the M&V review for *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* measures are presented below.

- Eleven commercial Wi-Fi thermostats measures installed on heat pump systems were using incorrect energy savings. Reported energy savings were calculated as if the thermostat was installed on an air conditioning system, instead of a heat pump system. The EM&V team adjusted the savings to be calculated by adding the heat pump kilowatthour heating savings to the cooling savings, increasing demand savings. Ten of the affected project numbers are listed below, with the full list available upon request:
 - o 2022-278464.
 - o 2022-278459,
 - o 2022-278458,
 - o 2022-278457,
 - o 2022-278456,
 - o 2022-278455,
 - o **2022-278454**,
 - o 2022-278452,
 - o 2022-278560, and
 - o 2022-278463.
- Fourteen commercial Wi-Fi thermostats measures installed on AC systems with electric resistance heat were using incorrect energy savings. For energy savings, reported savings were calculated as if the thermostat was installed on a heat pump system by including energy savings associated with heat pump heating. The EM&V team adjusted the energy savings algorithms to include only the cooling savings. Ten of the affected project numbers are listed below, with the full list available upon request:
 - 2022-279047.
 - o 2022-279038,
 - o 2022-279037,
 - o 2022-279036,
 - o 2022-279035,
 - o 2022-279034,



- o 2022-278680.
- o 2022-292256,
- 2022-292246, and
- o **2022-292242**.
- Fourteen commercial Wi-Fi thermostats were using incorrect demand savings. For energy savings, reported demand savings were calculated using the heat pump heating deemed energy savings divided by 8,760 instead of the AC unit kilowatt-hour savings divided by 8,760. Seven of the thermostats were not even installed on heat pump systems, yet the heating savings associated with a heat pump were used nonetheless. The EM&V team adjusted the energy savings to only include the energy savings associated with cooling savings, which coincides with the peak demand period in Arkansas. The demand savings was adjusted to be calculated by dividing the AC kilowatt savings by 8,760; this decreased demand savings in two instances and increased demand savings in twelve instances. Ten of the affected project numbers are listed below, with the full list available upon request:
 - o 2022-279073,
 - o 2022-279072,
 - o 2022-279071,
 - o 2022-279070,
 - o 2022-279069,
 - o 2022-279047,
 - o 2022-279038,
 - o 2022-279037,
 - o 2022-279036, and
 - **2022-279035**.
- One commercial heat pump tune-up project (2022-282836) reported lower energy savings because it used the algorithm associated with a commercial central air conditioning tune-up, instead of a heat pump tune-up. The EM&V team used the heat pump tune-up algorithm, increasing energy savings.
- One commercial heat pump tune-up project (2022-293918) reported higher demand energy savings for unknown reasons. The EM&V team calculated energy savings using the parameters reported in the tracking system (building type, unit capacity, post-EER value) and calculated higher demand savings.

10.4.5 Engineering Desk Reviews

The EM&V team evaluated CLEAResult's savings calculations by reviewing the program tracking data and project documentation to confirm the savings methodology used and results, repeating the calculation steps, and making adjustments.

The engineering desk reviews included reviewing the available project documentation in determining the source of key parameters for the deemed savings protocols from TRM 9.0. After selecting the best source of the key parameters from the available documentation, the savings were calculated based on TRM 9.0 algorithms and compared to the claimed savings.

In addition to the tracking system review, the engineering desk reviews also showed a consistent use of TRM 9.0 algorithms across all the measures claimed in the SBS program. The EM&V team made various minor adjustments to specific projects described in detail in the project review results section below.

The EM&V team completed 25 engineering desk reviews of the SBS program accounts. These projects represented all measure categories in the program, except for *tune-up* measures, and had gross savings of 1,228,560 kWh, or seven percent of the total SBS program recorded gross savings of 17,478,253 kWh. This percentage of total program savings is based on finalized ArchEE data from January 23, 2023.

10.4.5.1 Site Visits

The EM&V team's evaluation plan included conducting at least 10 site visits with SBS program customers; this year, EM&V team was able to conduct 11 site visits. These site visits also received an engineering review, as discussed above. The EM&V team's field inspector recorded the verified quantities, operation, building type, and space condition of each of the measures observed while on-site and collected additional information on critical parameters. For the SBS program, some of the key data and spot measurements obtained for essential parameters, as applicable, included:

- lighting measures: base/new wattage, number of lamps per fixture, lamp/fixture make/model/type, base/new control type, building type, space heating/cooling type, and AOH; and
- *envelope* measures: length of the installed door gasket, gap width, and heating/cooling system type.

The site visits found that most parameters recorded in the project documentation to calculate savings were accurate. Out of the 11 site visits conducted, all parameters were verified or were deemed to be reasonable based on the site inspection.

10.4.6 Desk Review and Site-Visit Results

As noted earlier, the PY2022 SBS program impact evaluation efforts included an engineering analysis for a sample of 25 projects and a site visit for 11 of those projects reviewed. For 17 of the projects in the sample, no savings adjustments were made. For the remaining eight projects, the impact evaluation found various discrepancies in the project documentation or the site visit that required adjustments of parameters from the claimed savings estimates. The table below provides project-level realization rates, by measure category, for the 25 SBS projects reviewed by the evaluation. Detailed descriptions of the four projects with energy and realization rate adjustments follow Table 138.

Table 138. Small Business Solutions—PY2022 Desk Review and Site Visit Results by Project

			Ex-ant	te savings	Ex-pos	st savings	Realizat	ion rate
EM&V participant ID	Measure stratum	EM&V review type*	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
122001	Lighting—high	Site visit	9.1	96,409	9.1	96,392	100%	100%
122002	Lighting—medium	Desk review	1.8	37,906	1.8	37,892	100%	100%
122003	Lighting—high	Site visit	12.2	66,265	12.2	66,265	100%	100%
122004	Lighting—low	Site visit	6.4	22,818	6.4	22,818	100%	100%
122005	Lighting—low	Desk review	2.0	8,125	2.0	8,125	100%	100%
122006	Lighting—low	Desk review	0.7	3,057	0.7	3,057	100%	100%
122007	Lighting—medium	Desk review	6.2	32,189	6.2	32,189	100%	100%
122008	Other	Site visit	2.5	38,269	2.5	38,269	100%	100%
222001	Other	Desk review	3.9	106,948	3.9	106,802	100%	100%
222002	Lighting—medium	Site visit	14.5	50,860	14.5	50,860	100%	100%
222003	Other	Desk review	1.9	88,191	1.8	88,191	94%	100%
222004	Lighting—low	Site visit	0.7	3,869	0.7	3,869	100%	100%
222005	Lighting—low	Desk review	1.3	9,076	1.3	9,076	100%	100%
222006	Lighting—medium	Desk review	5.9	36,777	5.9	36,777	100%	100%
222007	Lighting—high	Desk review	-	125,039	-	125,039	N/a	100%
222008	Lighting—medium	Site visit	-	40,344	-	40,344	N/a	100%
222009	Lighting—high	Desk review	21.5	80,701	21.5	80,715	100%	100%
322001	Lighting—high	Site visit	12.0	61,814	12.0	61,814	100%	100%
322002	Lighting—low	Desk review	1.4	4,884	1.4	4,884	100%	100%
322003	Lighting—low	Site visit	5.8	19,656	5.8	19,656	100%	100%
322004	Other	Desk review	2.5	107,671	2.5	107,671	100%	100%
322005	Lighting—medium	Desk review	6.6	32,049	6.8	32,625	102%	102%
322006	Lighting—medium	Site visit	10.1	49,513	13.2	46,077	130%	93%
322007	Lighting—medium	Site visit	7.5	44,508	9.7	41,679	130%	94%
322008	Lighting—high	Desk review	2.6	61,624	2.6	61,624	100%	100%
Total			139.0	1,228,560	144.3	1,222,708	104%	100%

^{*} All projects that received an on-site visit also received an engineering desk review.

A dash indicates that there are no kilowatt savings associated with the respective measure.

The project-based savings adjustments are provided below by measure category and EM&V participant ID.



10.4.6.1 Other

The *other* strata consist of prescriptive, non-lighting measures. Four project IDs were selected in the *other* category for the SBS program for desk reviews, with one project also receiving an onsite visit. All four of the *other* category projects included *envelope* measures.

- Participant ID 222001 adjustment to linear footage during the desk review. This
 project was a commercial door air infiltration project. During the desk review, the EM&V
 team found a discrepancy between the reported door length in the Direct Install Report
 and the tracking system and photos taken during installation. The tracking data and
 Direct Install Report noted that there were 27 doors, with a gap length per door of
 17 feet, for a total of 460 linear feet. However, multiplying 27 doors by 17 feet per door is
 459 feet. The total linear footage was adjusted from 460 to 459; this slightly decreased
 energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 222003 demand savings calculation error uncovered during the
 desk review. This project was a commercial door air infiltration project. During the desk
 review, the EM&V team found a discrepancy between the reported and evaluated
 demand savings, despite no adjustments to savings parameters. CLEAResult attributed
 the savings discrepancy to a calculation error in a new system; it will update the system
 moving forward.

10.4.6.2 Lighting High

The *lighting—high* strata consist of lighting projects with total energy savings greater than 56.4 megawatt-hours. Six desk reviews and three site visits have been conducted on these strata, resulting in two savings adjustments.

- Participant ID 122001 adjustments for post-installation fixture wattage during the
 desk review. A quantity of four LED pole-arm-mounted fixtures (ASD Lighting ASDLSB2-100D50B-PRM) were adjusted from the reported 100 W to 101 W (DLC
 Certification database verified these lights to be 100.9 W); this reduced energy and
 demand savings for these measures.
- Participant ID 222009 adjustments for post-installation fixture wattage during the
 desk review. A quantity of four LED fixtures (LED One LOD-MCL-54W50KHL) were
 adjusted from the reported 54 W to 53 W (DLC Certification database verified these
 lights to be 53.3 W); this increased energy and demand savings for these measures.

10.4.6.3 Lighting Medium

The *lighting—medium* strata consists of lighting projects with total energy savings more significant than 25.8 MWh and less than 56.4 MWh. Eight desk reviews and four site visits were conducted on these strata, resulting in four savings adjustments.

• Participant ID 122002 adjustments for post-installation fixture wattage during the desk review. A quantity of two *LED tubes* were found to be the model number *Espen L36T8/840/11G-AB*, rather than the reported *L36T8/840/12G-ID DE*. The wattage was adjusted from the reported *12 W* to *14 W* (DLC Certification database verified these lights to be 14 W); this reduced energy and demand savings for these measures.

- Participant ID 322005 adjustments for post-installation fixture wattage during the desk review. A quantity of 144 LED tubes was found to be the model L48T8/850/15G-ID DE rather than L48T8/850/15P-ID DE (aa), as was specified in the ex-ante DLC Certification and wattage. L48T8/850/15G-ID DE was found to be DLC certified at 15 W. The wattage was adjusted from the reported 16 W to 15 W. This increased energy and demand savings for these measures.
- Participant ID 322006 adjustments for building type during the desk review. The building type was adjusted from retail: excluding malls & strip centers to service (excluding food) as the business does custom designs, repairs, and services signage, and is open Monday–Friday, 9:00 a.m.–5:00 p.m. and weekends by appointment. This decreased energy savings and increased demand savings.
- Participant ID 322007 adjustments for post-installation fixture wattage during the
 desk review and site visit. The building type was adjusted from retail: excluding malls
 & strip centers to service (excluding food) as the business is a custom auto shop that
 lacks a retail storefront, with business hours from Tuesday-Friday, 9:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m.
 The building type adjustment decreased energy savings and increased demand savings.

10.4.6.4 Lighting Low

The *lighting—low* strata consist of lighting projects with total energy savings of less than 25.8 MWh. Seven desk reviews and three site visits were conducted on this stratum, resulting in no savings adjustments.

10.4.7 Program Website and Documentation Review

To understand the SBS program, the EM&V team interviewed program staff and reviewed all information available on EAL's website related to the program and supplemental documentation provided by EAL and CLEAResult. The EM&V team reviewed the following documentation related to the program:

- ArchEE data tracking system extract containing PY2022 participant information and savings;
- Quality Control and Assurance Manual for EAL commercial programs, dated February 1, 2023;
- PY2022 Program Manual for the Small Business Solutions Program obtained from the EAL website;
- overhead door weatherstripping deemed savings methodology and calculations; and
- program website.

10.4.7.1 Program Website Review

Information found on the SBS program website includes a general description of the program, such as eligibility and how participation works. It also provides a list of eligible measures and their incentive discounts. An example project at a small office is displayed along with the estimated energy savings, incentive amount, and utility cost savings. A copy of the program

manual was easily found on the website. A search link is provided to find a participating trade ally by zip code lookup. Health and safety guidelines that employees and trade allies will follow in response to COVID-19 were also displayed at the top of the page.

10.4.7.2 Program Documentation Review

The EM&V team received program-related documentation key to understanding the program and participation processes, including the PY2022 Program Manual and Quality Control and Assurance Manual. Key documents to understanding the program savings methodologies and measuring level savings include the project-level files, ArchEE data, TRM 9.0, supplementary deemed savings methodologies for *overhead door weatherstripping*, and ongoing reviews with EAL and CLEAResult staff.

For many sampled projects, the project details and documentation collected by EAL, the implementer, and trade allies are sufficiently extensive. As bulleted in the section above, the critical baseline and new equipment assumptions, which are drivers of the prescriptive measure savings, are well described in trade ally proposals and equipment inventories. The equipment quantities and performance metrics are also supported by additional documents collected at project approval. The documentation included invoices, photos, and work orders (support claimed quantities, and equipment make and model). These are industry best standards for documentation collection, which reduce the uncertainty of the project savings assumptions and development.

The EM&V team found that documentation, in most cases, matched the data recorded in the ArchEE tracking system. Equipment type, quantities, and in most cases, building/space conditions were accurately recorded compared to the efficient technology data and project file documentation reviewed. Also, across projects, most project files contained similar documentation. Most project files had, at a minimum, the signed customer proposal, project savings summary, and participant agreement. This proposal, along with the trade ally work order, typically included the list of *retrofit* measures, with pre- and post-conditions and equipment parameters identified. Many project files included pre- and post-inspection forms with field inspector notes indicating site results. Except for *direct install* projects, all project files included invoices. All invoices were found to have measure-level cost breakdowns, which helped support and confirm project details.

Many projects also included pre- and post-installation photographic documentation. Photos were included with some proposals and inspection reports, but not all. Photos were generally of high quality; however, there were a few instances where photos provided in the documentation were unclear, and photos of *lighting* and *HVAC* nameplate photos were not always provided.

In PY2022, the EM&V team found the project documentation was about as robust as last year, with very few additional data requests to the implementer needed throughout the year. It should be noted, however, the documentation did appear more sparsely provided in Q3, when compared to Q1 and Q2, with more missing *lighting* customer proposals and work orders.

The project proposals include various details; however, the EM&V team would recommend adding other key parameters captured at the site used for savings calculations—these include building type, and heating and cooling space types.

PY2022 saw continual documentation consistency for the make and model of all *lighting* products. DLC and ENERGY STAR certification sheets were included for all *lighting* projects. Manufacturer's specification sheets, however, were not included for any *lighting* projects. Manufacturers' specification sheets are essential for *LED exit signs* because DLC or ENERGY STAR certification sheets are not available for these types of lights. As *lighting* measures contribute a significant portion of the program savings, documents that support key variables that are a driver of *lighting* measure savings include the post-installation lighting wattage. Having manufacturer's specification sheets would increase clarity between similar lighting types that may differ by color temperature, voltage, and other features that can impact the equipment's qualification and fixture input wattage.

Work orders or post inspections were provided for 17 of 21 *lighting* projects sampled, which allowed for easy verification of post quantities and model numbers. Verification of baseline quantities and lighting model numbers were limited in cases where work orders and pre-inspections were not provided.

10.5 DETAILED PROCESS EVALUATION RESULTS

As part of the PY2022 evaluation for the program, the EM&V team conducted 97 telephone surveys with recent program participants. The surveys collected process evaluation information and structured questions to assess free-ridership and participant spillover for the NTG evaluation.

10.5.1 Respondent Firmographics

Most survey participants were in *retail stores* (28 percent), followed by *religious organizations* (19 percent) and *lodging* (11 percent). Table 139 shows the survey respondent's primary business activity. Nearly three-quarters of participants reported owning the facility at which the program upgrades were installed, and 94 percent said that their organization makes budget decisions at the local level. Participants, on average, had six full-time employees and three part-time employees and ranged from 0 to 55 full-time employees and 0 to 35 part-time employees. All but three participants (or 97 percent) said that their organizations *do not have a formal payback period or return-on-investment requirements* needed to approve energy efficiency projects. About one-quarter of respondents (21 participants or 24 percent) reported experiencing challenges related to making energy-saving improvements; these challenges were centered around cost or budget limitations, cited by 76 percent (16 respondents). The remaining participants (4 respondents) noted the age of their building. One respondent did not provide a meaningful response.

Table 139. Survey Respondent's Primary Business Activity, Small Business Program

Main business activity	Percentage
Retail/personal services	28%
Religious	19%
Lodging	11%
Office	9%
Other	8%
Manufacturing—1 or 2 shifts	4%



Main business activity	Percentage
Professional services	4%
Auto repair shop	3%
Medical—office/clinic	3%
Restaurant	3%
Warehouse	3%
Foot pantry	3%
Medical—hospital	1%
Respondents	93

Source: Question E1.

The trade allies interviewed provided various services focused mainly on lighting and electrical service, and the two *CoolSaver* contractors were traditional HVAC companies. Trade allies we talked to employ an average of 21 employees, ranging from 4 to 70 employees. Trade allies mentioned serving all commercial customers, including working with small businesses, public and private organizations, food service, retail spaces, and municipal buildings. Seven trade allies interviewed currently work in territories served by other utilities besides EAL, and an additional four said they work mainly in EAL's territory.

10.5.2 Program Marketing

Nearly one-half of respondents reported learning about the SBS program through a contractor or vendor (44 percent), followed closely by word of mouth from friends or family (43 percent). Other frequently mentioned sources were by EAL staff that was not an account manager or call center representative (8 percent), EAL account manager (5 percent), and prior participation in an EAL program (5 percent). In addition to how they learned about the program, the survey also asked respondents how they would prefer to receive information about EAL's energy efficiency programs in the future. The most frequently mentioned preferred communication channel was through email (68 percent of respondents), followed by a utility bill insert (32 percent), an Entergy call center representative (14 percent), and an Entergy brochure (13 percent). Figure 17 illustrates how participants learned and how they preferred to hear about the SBS program.

^{**}Don't know and refused responses excluded.

■ Preferred way to hear about the program (n=93) ■ How heard about the program (n=93) 1% Another contractor or vendor (non-CLEAResult) 44% 3% Word of mouth 43% Other Entergy staff 8% 7% Entergy account manager 5% Prior participation in another Entergy program 5% 68% 4% 14% Entergy call center representative Entergy website 3% 32% Entergy utility bill insert 2% CLEAResult program implementation staff 2% 0% Retail store **2**% 0% Other 1% 13% Entergy brochure 0% 10% Text message 0% 2% 0% Social media Radio or television

Figure 17. Actual and Preferred Sources of EAL's Small Business Program Awareness

Source: Questions A1, A2.

*Multiple responses were allowed.

**Don't know and refused responses excluded.

10%

20%

30%

40%

50%

60%

70%

0%

Another online resource

Trade allies were divided when characterizing the level of program awareness among customers. Some trade allies consider the program well-known and continue to have repeat customers who ask about the program. Others find that customers are unaware of it and have difficulty believing the utility will give them money to make energy-efficient improvements. Ways of promoting the program varied by trade ally. One contractor mentioned promoting the program by a banner hanging on their wall, another said they rely on word of mouth to advertise the program, one makes cold calls to stir up business, and a fourth is active on social media. As mentioned in more detail below, three trade allies have indicated they no longer promote the program because it is no longer in their best interest.

80%

10.5.3 Participant Experience

Seven participants surveyed reported experiencing any obstacles or barriers while in the program. Six of the seven participants who experienced challenges in the program noted issues associated with contractors, such as the contractor creating and leaving a mess (3 respondents), finding a contractor who was able and willing to do the project (2 respondents), or not installing the service correctly (1 respondent). The seventh participant who experienced an obstacle had an issue with faulty equipment (a belt that required replacement).

Trade allies' experiences with the program were mixed. One-half of the trade allies discussed frustrations with the program and experienced problems this year. Those trade allies tended to be involved in the program for more than ten years (compared to five years for those who have not experienced problems). Contractors cited poor communication (5 respondents) and delays in processing applications, which have been increasingly more complicated (4 respondents) and involved too much paperwork (4 respondents) as reasons for their frustrations. Additional feedback included delays in receiving their incentive checks (3 respondents) and unchanged rebate amounts compared to increased equipment prices (1 respondent). Work that the implementation contractor used to do, such as pre- and post-work has shifted to the trade ally. These experiences have negatively impacted trade allies in that three indicated they no longer use the program for small projects; it is not worth their time and energy to work through the program. Two trade allies said they direct customers to the midstream program, where they can bypass the application process. As one contractor stated, it is "not very cost-effective for us to run the incentive program anymore."

Those who have had positive experiences with the program report regular interactions with program staff, the staff has been pleasant, and the interactions are positive. The communications were mainly through email, and the inquiries were responded to quickly.

For the most part, COVID-19 pandemic-related issues have not impacted equipment availability. Alternative equipment can typically be found for any material that is delayed. One trade ally mentioned changing their recommendations based on product availability, but the alternative technology remained program eligible. A few times, the DesignLights Consortium changed which lamps were qualified, which was seen as having a more significant impact.

10.5.4 Satisfaction

Overall, participants rated their satisfaction with the program highly. Nearly two-thirds of participant respondents said they were *very satisfied* with the SBS program overall, and an additional 36 percent reported being *satisfied*. Two participants said they were neutral about the program, and one reported being *dissatisfied* with it. When those who were less than *very satisfied* with the program were asked if there was anything EAL could have done to improve their experience in the program, over 67 percent responded, *no* (25 respondents). Of the twelve respondents who said *yes*, nearly half suggested improving communication regarding awareness of the program or mentioned that they would have appreciated more communication from contractors or program staff (5 respondents). Two respondents indicated improving the contractors available through the program. Other responses included that their contractor only did half the work installing a light fixture, requests for faster installation time, higher rebates, and reimbursement for the cost of the lighting (one respondent each).

Participants' overall high satisfaction in the program was also seen in their satisfaction with EAL overall. Sixty-one percent of respondents said they were *very satisfied*, and an additional 36 percent said they were *satisfied* with EAL overall as an electric service provider.

Program overall 61% 36% 2% 1%

Entergy as an electric service provider 31% 51% 13% 5% 1%

Figure 18. Participant Satisfaction with the Small Business Solutions Program and Entergy as a Service Provider

Source: Questions SAT3, SAT5 *Don't know and refused responses excluded.

Dissatisfied

Very dissatisfied

■ Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied

Figure 19 shows satisfaction ratings relating to specific aspects of participants' experiences with the program, including the usefulness of the energy audit, the incentive application process, the contractor, the scheduling process, the amount of the discount or incentive, the length of time to receive the incentive, the support provided by EAL or implementation staff, the performance of the cooling system since the tune-up, and contractor who performed the tune-up. Like overall program satisfaction, ratings were high across all specific program aspects queried in the survey, with at least one-half of respondents saying they were *very satisfied* with each element. The one exception was for the contractor who performed the tune-up, where 42 percent of respondents indicated they were *very satisfied* with the contractor. Dissatisfaction with the contractor performing the tune-up (2 respondents) was due to the customer not knowing the contractor was coming to their house and that the thermostat was turned down too low, lights were left on, doors left unlocked, and equipment was mislabeled.



■ Very satisfied

Satisfied

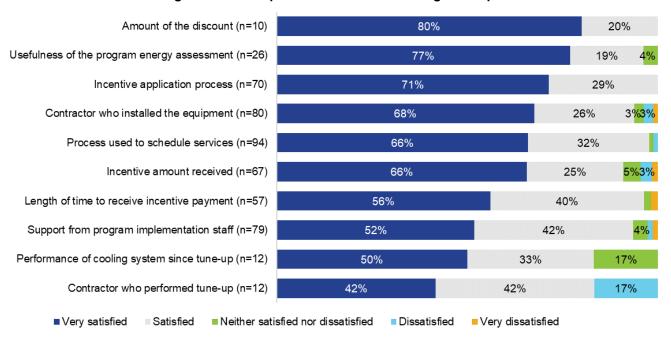


Figure 19. Participant Satisfaction with Program Aspects

Source: Question SAT1.

*Don't know, not applicable, and refused responses are excluded. Values less than three percent have been suppressed for visual purposes.

Trade allies reported high overall satisfaction with the program, with an average rating of 3.9 on a scale where one is *not at all satisfied* and five is *verv satisfied*. Satisfaction with interactions with program and implementation staff and the information and support received through the program averaged 3.6 (from 10 respondents), and the type and variety of equipment eligible for the program averaged 4.3 (from 5 respondents). While satisfaction with the program seemed high, trade allies noted several areas where the program could be improved. The most mentioned improvement (mentioned by five respondents) centered around the incentive payment process, specifically the long delays in getting payment and the payment method. Trade allies were interested and excited to have a direct deposit option as an improvement in the following program year. Communication was also an area mentioned for improvement. Three trade allies felt communication with implementation staff could be improved. Trade allies talked about how it is difficult to speak with a live person, and communication is directed to email. Once an email is sent, it could take days to get a response or multiple emails to resolve one issue. Other recommended improvements included streamlining the process (two respondents), additional training, especially when rolling out new features like the online submissions (one respondent), and improvements to the new construction portion (one respondent). One contractor in the CoolSaver measures felt the requirement around the refrigerant could be eliminated as it is not required in territories outside of EAL's.

Regarding incentive amounts, one trade allies had a suggestion related to the SBS program. This respondent indicated EAL could incentivize fixtures a little better than tubes.

10.6 NET-TO-GROSS RESULTS

10.6.1 Net-to-Gross Methodology

We assessed NTG via self-reports through the participant customer survey based on the guidance outlined in Protocol F of TRM 9.0. As previously mentioned, to minimize recall concerns, and to allow for enough time for spillover to occur, free-ridership and spillover questions were not asked of everyone, and free-ridership and spillover were calculated separately. The EM&V completed 97 participant surveys accounting for 110 different measures. Among those, 72 received the free-ridership battery, and 72 received the spillover battery, with 34 respondents receiving both the free-ridership and spillover series (July 2021 to December 2021 participants). Table 140 shows how the response counts broke out for free-ridership and spillover based on their participation date.

Table 140. Summary of Self-Report Participant Survey Respondents by Participation Period for the Small Business Solutions Program

	Measures evaluated			
Participation period	Project type	Free-ridership	Spillover	
January 2021-June 2021	AC tune-up	N/A	5	
	Domestic hot water	N/A	2	
	Envelope	N/A	6	
	Lighting	N/A	15	
	Wi-Fi thermostat	N/A	10	
	Total	N/A	38	
July 2021-December 2021	AC tune-ups	6	6	
	Domestic hot water	1	1	
	Envelope	4	4	
	Heat pump tune-ups	1	1	
	Lighting	16	16	
	Wi-Fi thermostat	6	6	
	Total	34	34	
January 2022-June 2022	AC tune-ups	5	N/A	
	Domestic hot water	3	N/A	
	Envelope	6	N/A	
	Heat pump tune-up	3	N/A	
	Lighting	13	N/A	
	Wi-Fi thermostat	8	N/A	
	Total	38	N/A	

The survey included structured questions about the participant's decision to pursue rebated energy-efficient upgrades to estimate free-ridership. As the TRM 9.0 does not allow for partial free riders, participants were either classified as full-free-riders (100 percent free-ridership) or non-free-riders (0 percent free-ridership) based on their responses to these decision-making questions. Table 141 below shows the survey questions we used to classify free riders.

Table 141. Self-Report Free-Ridership Survey Questions

Survey question	Response options
FR2. Before learning about the <program> program, was your organization already planning to purchase and install the <measure></measure></program>	01 Yes
project in <year>?</year>	02 No
If CoolSaver: Before learning about the discount available through the <program>, was your organization already planning to have a high</program>	88 Don't know
level <measure> performed in the same year?</measure>	99 Refused
FR3. If the program incentive/discount had not been available, would	01 Yes
your <year> budget have accommodated the full cost of the <measure>?</measure></year>	02 No
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR4. If the incentive/discount or other assistance from the program had	01 Same [SKIP TO FR7]
not been available, would you still have purchased the exact same <measure> project, or would you have purchased something</measure>	02 Different
different?	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR5. [ASK IF FR4 <> 1] Would you have purchased and installed any	01 Yes
<measure> at all? If CoolSaver: If the discount had not been available, would you still</measure>	02 No
have purchased any <measure>?</measure>	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR6. [ASK IF FR5 = 1] Would it have been the same level/efficiency,	01 Same level of efficiency
higher level/efficiency, or lower level/efficiency?	02 Higher efficiency
	03 Lower efficiency
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR7. [ASK IF FR4 = 1 OR FR5 = 1] If the incentive/discount or other	01 At the same time or sooner
assistance from the program had not been available, when would you have installed/performed the <measure>? Would you have</measure>	02 Within one year
installed/performed it	03 One to two years later
	04 Three to five years later
	05 More than five years later
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused

We followed the same criteria for classifying free riders used in previous evaluation research for consistency and comparability with prior evaluation results. To be classified as a full-free-rider, respondents must have indicated all the following conditions; any respondent that did not meet all three of these conditions we classified as a non-free-rider:

- were already planning to purchase and install the project in the same year before learning about the program (FR2 = 1),
- budget would have accommodated the full cost of project in the absence of the program rebate (FR3 = 1), and
- would have purchased the same or higher efficiency measure within one year in the absence of the program ((FR4 = 1 OR (FR6 = 1 OR 2)) AND (FR7 = 1 OR 2)).

The participant survey also included several consistency checks to verify a participant's free-ridership status. These consistency checks provide additional information about the participant's decision to install the program-provided measures and substantiate their classification as full or non-free-rider. Consistency check questions include whether the participant received a recommendation to install a piece of equipment, how influential that recommendation was on their decision, and how influential the program incentive and other assistance were on their decision to install the program measure.

To assess spillover, we asked about recent installations of any additional energy-efficient improvements made since program participation *without* financial assistance from EAL. Respondents were then asked how important their experience in Entergy's SBS program was to their decision to install these additional improvements. Full savings were attributed to the program as spillover if the respondent said *very important*, and one-half-savings were attributed to the program if the respondent said *somewhat important*. Respondents who stated that their experience was *not at all important* or *not very important* received no spillover savings. We used a conservative approach and quantified spillover savings only for "like" measures eligible for commercial EAL incentives and excluded *lighting* measures. *Lighting* was excluded from this analysis due to upstream lighting rebates provided through other EAL programs; in many cases, customers may not be aware that the lighting they purchase is already discounted by EAL.

Free-ridership and spillover rates were estimated for each respondent using the methodology approach described above. Individual free-ridership and spillover rates were then weighted to adjust for proportional sampling differences, non-response, and gross energy savings to calculate overall estimates representative of the program population. NTG ratios were then calculated using the following equation:

NTG Ratio = 1 – Free-ridership + Spillover

10.6.2 Detailed Results

Inclusive of free-ridership and spillover, the evaluation resulted in an overall NTG ratio of 100 percent. Only one respondent said they would have completed their project without the program resulting in a free-ridership ratio of less than 1.0 percent. Because some spillover was observed, which offsets most free-ridership, the overall NTG ratio is 100 percent. Table 142 summarizes NTG results.

Table 142. Summary of NTG Results for the Small Business Solutions Program

Measure category	Free-ridership	Spillover	NTG
CoolSaver	Less than 1%	Less than 1%	99.9%
Non-CoolSaver	0%	0%	100.0%
Program overall	Less than 1%	Less than 1%	100.0%

Feedback from participants suggests that the program was highly influential in the decision to install energy-efficient measures. One respondent said they were planning to purchase and install their rebated energy efficiency measures in the same year before learning about the program and had the budget allocated to make the improvement. The measure associated with this respondent was a *Wi-Fi thermostat*. Ten other respondents said they were planning to purchase and install their rebated equipment. Five did not have the budget to accommodate the project's full cost, and the others provided conflicting information about their decision to make the improvement and the program's impact. Hence, these were determined to be non-free-riders.

Six respondents said they installed additional "like" energy-efficiency measures. We were only able to attribute spillover to one respondent who said they installed an additional thermostat because of the program. Four of these respondents said they installed additional lighting and were excluded from spillover. With *lighting* being rebated through upstream channels, we did not want to double-count any savings associated with *lighting* measures. One respondent did not provide any detail on the amount of additional equipment installed; therefore, we could not calculate spillover.

Ten respondents said they installed measures "unlike" the equipment they installed through the program and that the EAL programs were important in making the improvements. While we do not calculate savings associated with the unlike measures because we are unable to collect enough detail, we present the information as indicators. Five respondents installed *lighting* measures, two respondents installed *HVAC* equipment, one respondent installed *refrigeration* equipment including a freezer, one respondent installed a *window* and *installation*, and one respondent indicated they replaced some *wiring*.

Trade ally interviews support this finding. Without the program, trade allies said their sales of energy-efficient equipment would have either decreased or remained the same without the assistance from EAL's programs.

10.7 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The ArchEE tracking system was the primary tool for checking claimed savings and performing evaluation savings calculations across a participant census. The tracking system contained the key assumptions and parameters necessary for calculating measure savings. After performing evaluation savings calculations across all measures claimed by the SBS program, the EM&V team found discrepancies in some measure categories. Those discrepancies that had the most considerable impact on program savings were discrepancies found during the tracking system data review and project-level engineering reviews for *tune-up* measures and *lighting control* measures as detailed above.

The EM&V team calculated savings across the program measures based on the tracking data review and desk review results. The overall SBS program evaluated savings resulted in slightly lower energy and higher demand savings than those calculated by the program implementer (99.6 percent kilowatt-hour and 102.8 percent kilowatt realization rates). The evaluated savings are based on the results of savings calculations and adjustments made across the tracking system and supplemented by the results of the 25 sampled accounts, as discussed above. *Tune-up* measure savings were based on the results of the tracking system review.

The overall realization rates were affected most by variances between the claimed and evaluated savings (kilowatt and kilowatt-hour) from two *lighting* projects where the *building type* was adjusted from *retail:* excluding malls & strip centers to service (excluding food). Another major contributor to savings adjustments was from Wi-Fi thermostat measures due to incorrect deemed energy and demand savings values being used for heat pumps in reported savings.

Table 143 shows that *lighting* measures had the most considerable variances and contributed the largest portion of program savings. Overall, these findings resulted in the most significant impacts on changes in kilowatt-hours and kilowatts for the program.

Table 143. Small Business Solutions Program—Final Evaluated Energy Savings and Realization
Rates by Measure Strata

	Ex-an	te savings	Ex-po	st savings	Realiza	tion rate	
Strata	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	Data source
Lighting— high	564.7	3,475,635	564.7	3,475,617	100.0%	100.0%	Desk reviews and site visits
Lighting— medium	734.1	4,404,348	809.7	4,326,855	110.3%	98.2%	Desk reviews and site visits
Lighting— low	903.2	4,672,650	903.2	4,672,643	100.0%	100.0%	Desk reviews and site visits
Other	80.3	1,837,511	79.5	1,836,722	98.9%	100.0%	Desk reviews and site visits
Tune-ups	423.7	3,088,109	425.7	3,094,884	100.5%	100.2%	Tracking system review
Total	2,705.9	17,478,253	2,782.8	17,406,720	102.8%	99.6%	

10.8 QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCESSES

EAL worked with the implementer CLEAResult to develop a quality management process for all EAL commercial programs. This process can be used for projects with or without a trade ally.

For trade-ally projects, CLEAResult emphasizes trade ally training to remind trade allies of program processes, technical requirements for measures, application requirements, and awareness of the QC process. QC protocols include clear pass/fail thresholds for addressing trade ally performance. During the post-inspection of any project (trade-ally-driven or not), the fail condition results if the work scope is significantly incomplete, the efficient measures are found to be ineligible, or there are safety or code issues with the installation. A failed project causes the trade ally to be removed from the reduced inspection rate list that the program maintains and is put under probationary status. Once a trade ally is removed, that contractor must complete five consecutive projects without "failures" to be returned to the reduced

inspection rate list. For a trade ally to qualify for the reduced inspection rate, they must complete five consecutive projects without a failure as determined by the program implementer.

Customers must sign a customer agreement to be eligible for the program; as part of this agreement, the customer is willing to allow a field inspector to perform a QC inspection. These inspections could happen to any project regardless of scope. An inspection form was developed to perform standardized and consistent inspections to ensure the equipment is being used following the guidelines outlined in the customer agreement.

Below are the steps that are followed during the QA/QC process, as outlined in the Quality Control and Assurance Process Manual:

- enrollment and customer verification,
- project documentation and completeness review,
- pre-engineering QC and approval,
- pre-installation inspection,
- pre-installation inspection corrections—trade-ally-driven projects,
- post-installation QC,
- post-installation inspection,
- post-installation inspection corrections—trade-ally-driven projects,
- post-engineering approval, and
- post-project review and closeout.

For all projects, the QA/QC process begins with verification that customers are eligible for participation in the program. Next, project documentation (including contact information, signed proposal, W9 forms, and pre-installation photos) is verified to be complete. Following the documentation check, the engineering team at CLEAResult checks to ensure that the project is installing eligible equipment and that savings parameters and calculations are accurate. For QA, the program staff also conducts reviews of each incentive application. After the engineering QC check, proposals that do not pass all aspects of the review are rejected and sent back for completion.

The next stage in the QA/QC process occurs during the pre-installation inspection stage, where pre-installation inspections are conducted to confirm pre-installation conditions. These inspections are completed for 100 percent of custom projects and the largest (approximately 10 percent) trade-ally projects identified by kilowatt-hour savings. For the SBS program, larger projects are defined as those with savings estimated at over 60,000 kWh. Inspections are also completed for all *prescriptive* projects submitted by a non-trade ally or submitted by a trade ally under probation. A minimum of ten percent of all other projects under 60,000 kWh are also inspected. Trade allies who are not under probationary status must have at least ten percent of their total project quantities pre- or post-inspected. Any findings during the pre-inspection stage are returned to the trade ally to make corrections before the project may proceed.

Following the installation of the project, a post-installation QC check is performed via a review of documentation, to verify invoicing, any changes to the project, and a review of submitted photos. Any findings during this QC check are once again returned to the trade ally to make corrections before the project may proceed. An on-site inspection is then conducted following the same sampling methodology as detailed in the pre-installation inspection above.

At the final stage of the process, a final engineering review of the post-installation notes, completeness of documentation, and post-inspection photos is performed. Project savings calculations or incentives are adjusted as appropriate. When this complete, the project and all required documentation is submitted to EAL for approval and project closeout.

As part of the SBS program evaluation activities, the EM&V team assessed the program's documentation and the 25 sampled projects used to inform the impact evaluation. The documentation included:

- program manual;
- program tracking system/database extracts;
- supplemental project-level documentation:
 - o customer proposals and project agreements,
 - invoices,
 - pre-inspection form (where applicable),
 - o post-inspection form (where applicable), and
 - o photographic documentation (where applicable).

As noted in the prior sections, the EM&V team confirmed that the information presented in the ArchEE tracking system was mostly accurate compared to that in the project documentation. In general, the documentation provided project information that aligned with the stated QC goals, though the EM&V team found three specific areas for improvement:

- 1. Ensure photographic documentation provided is clear and legible and include nameplate photos of lighting model numbers and HVAC units, when possible,
- 2. Provide lighting specification sheets, and
- 3. Provide work orders and/or post-inspection reports on all projects.



11.0 PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS SOLUTIONS

The Public Institutions Solutions (PIS) program offers commercial customers cash and non-cash incentives for energy efficiency improvements. The program targets governments, government-owned institutions, and public-private education entities. Through technical assistance in energy performance benchmarking; energy master planning; and identifying, assessing, and implementing energy efficiency technologies, the program educates and assists customers in integrating energy efficiency into their short- and long-term planning, budgeting, and operational practices. This program was named CitySmart before program year (PY) 2020 (PY2020).

Program participants are consulted about the available offerings and financial incentives for eligible efficiency measures installed in their facilities using a network of trade allies. Trade allies are responsible for analyzing customers' energy use, identifying energy efficiency improvement projects, and installing the recommended measures. The program offers direct-install, prescriptive, and custom measures, which require measurement and verification (M&V). The incentive levels vary by the number of installed measures.

The program benchmarks customers' energy use through hands-on expertise and consulting and identifies a roadmap to success. Customers are given guidance throughout their experience in the program. The PIS program is designed to minimize the following market barriers to energy efficiency implementation for Entergy Arkansas, LLC's (EAL) PIS customers:

- · budget constraints,
- lack of understanding about project financials, and
- lack of awareness of energy-efficient technologies.

The program is implemented by EAL and CLEAResult, who provide recruitment, marketing, outreach, and training to trade allies. On behalf of EAL, CLEAResult performs energy assessments, directly installs measures (e.g., *light-emitting diodes* (*LED*), *low-flow faucet aerators*, *pre-rinse spray valves*, *weatherstripping*), conducts pre- and post-implementation inspections, maintains the program quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) standards, and administers the incentive process—including program tracking—directly with participating trade allies.

In support of the impact evaluation, the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team conducted a tracking system review for all measures, a separate database review for *tune-up* measures, desk reviews on a randomly selected sample of 30 projects, 15 site visits, and a review of program documentation. As part of the PY2022 evaluation for the program, the EM&V team conducted 59 telephone surveys with recent program participants. The surveys collected process evaluation information and structured questions to assess free-ridership and participant spillover for the NTG evaluation. Program staff interviews focused on discussing PY2022 progress and challenges and implementing PY2021 evaluation recommendations presented in the *Executive Summary* (Section 1.0).

Table 144. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

		Gross	impact evalu	ation comp	oletes
Net-to-gross (NTG) approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V	Metered data analysis ⁷²
Updated from current evaluation research	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review Participant surveys (59) Market actor interviews (12)	Census	30	15	8

11.1 KEY FINDINGS

Based on the PY2022 program tracking data, the PIS program incentivized energy efficiency measures to 263 unique participants⁷³ through 31 trade allies. Table 145 provides the program's claimed savings by measure category, where the most considerable amount of claimed participants (41 percent) and savings (52 percent) were attributable to *tune-up* measures. The most significant participation and savings for non-*tune-up* measures were for *lighting* (36 percent of participants and 23 percent of energy savings). Another considerable measure in terms of participation was *continuous energy improvement (CEI)*, with 11 percent of participants and 14 percent of energy savings.

Table 145. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Reported Participation and Savings⁷⁴

Measure category	Trade allies	Participants**	Projects	Program savings (kWh)	Percentage of program savings (kWh)
Custom—CEI	0	30	36	2,920,350	14.3%
Custom—other	3	3	3	570,893	2.8%
Domestic hot water*	0	5	9	124,101	0.6%
Envelope*	0	20	21	833,009	4.1%
HVAC	11	19	22	659,777	3.2%
Lighting	11	90	95	4,244,330	20.8%
Lighting—New Construction	4	5	6	413,240	2.0%
Tune-ups	9	108	2,577	10,632,090	52.1%
Total	31	263	2,757	20,397,791	100.0%

^{*} The implementer directly installed all measures.

⁷⁴ ArchEE extract dated January 24, 2023.



^{**} A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories or multiple projects. Thus, the total count of participants and projects may not equal the sum of individual rows by measure category.

⁷² This column refers to EAL customer meter data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site M&V.

⁷³ A unique participant is based on a single utility account number.

In PY2022, the PIS program reported 20,398 MWh in gross energy savings and 2.9 MW in gross demand savings. Table 146 below shows the reported and evaluated savings across the program. The program fell short of achieving its planned energy and demand savings goals, reaching 78 percent of the annual energy and 46 percent of the annual demand savings goals.

Table 146. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio*	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	20,398	19,479	95.5%	98.7%	19,225	6.6%
Demand savings (MW)	2.9	2.8	96.5%	98.6%	2.7	2.9%

^{*} NTG ratios displayed in the table are weighted based on the evaluated net savings results. The NTG ratios used at the measure level are 0.98 for the *tune-up* and *commercial Wi-Fi thermostats*, and 1.0 for everything else.

Table 147. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	24,661	19,225	78%
Demand savings (MW)	5.9	2.7	46%

The PIS program's evaluated energy savings and demand savings were slightly lower than the reported savings (95.5 percent kilowatt-hour realization rate, 96.5 percent kilowatt realization rate). During the desk review and on-site process, the EM&V team adjusted *lighting* installed fixture types and quantities, and *envelope* installed gap lengths. Another finding that significantly impacted savings on many measures was adjustments to *heat pump* projects in the *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* measures.

In previous years, key updates to the program's tracking database were made, which improved the data's clarity and accuracy. The changes included correcting duplicate trade ally names and IDs in the tracking system and including the DesignLights Consortium (DLC) or ENERGY STAR® product IDs for all products sold through the program. The recommendations presented below for PY2022 focus on further improving data accuracy and consistency.

NTG research was conducted in PY2022 for PIS program and *tune-up* measures. The evaluation researched NTG ratio is 100 percent for the non-*tune-up* portion of the program. Segmented by whether the measures were tune-ups, the *tune-up* measures NTG ratio is 97.6 percent for kilowatt-hours and kilowatts while the non-*tune up* NTG ratio is 100.0 percent.

11.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team has identified key findings and recommendations for consideration by EAL (Table 148), which primarily focus on improving the realization rate in the following program year and increasing the transparency, accuracy, and evaluability of program savings in the future for the PIS program.

Table 148. Public Institutions Solutions Program—PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Review savings algorithms for commercial Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency.	The EM&V team found 12 projects with a reported air conditioning with electric resistance heat type incorrectly calculated energy and demand savings. Energy savings were calculated as if the site had a heat pump. The demand savings were calculated by dividing the deemed heat pump heating energy savings by 8,760 instead of the deemed cooling savings, which aligns with EAL's peak demand period. During the tracking system review, the EM&V team also identified 16 projects where the reported fuel type was heat pump, but kilowatthour savings were calculated using deemed savings values for only an electric AC unit. During the tracking system review, the EM&V team also identified nine projects where the reported fuel type was electric AC with electric resistance heat, but kilowatt-hour savings were calculated using deemed savings values associated with a heat pump unit. The EM&V team recommends reviewing the deemed savings values and calculation algorithms for Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency based on the tracked fuel type.
	Recommendation 2: Increase QA/QC on certified/non-certified lights for <i>lighting retrofit</i> projects.	During the desk review, the EM&V team found three <i>lighting retrofit</i> projects where a number of the installed lights were ENERGY STAR-certified and not claimed in the savings. For another project some lights were not certified and that resulted in a reduction in the energy and demand savings. The EM&V team recommends more careful QA/QC procedures for the <i>lighting retrofit</i> reports to limit future data errors of these types.
	Recommendation 3: Increase QA/QC on square footage and perimeter estimates for <i>lighting</i> new construction projects.	During the desk reviews, the EM&V team found two projects with square or linear feet estimates which were reduced in the evaluated savings. For one project, the square feet for one portion of the building was calculated as if it was rectangular when there was a significant cut-out. For another project, a section of wall was included in the baseline allowance for perimeter lighting where no fixtures were installed. The EM&V team recommends more careful QA/QC procedures for the area and length estimates on new construction lighting projects to limit these types of errors in the future.

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 process recommendations	Recommendation 4: Review incentive levels related to daycares and nonprofit organizations.	One contractor felt the program incentives were fair but low, specifically for daycares and nonprofit organizations with classrooms.
	Recommendation 5: Review the time trade allies wait to receive the incentive checks.	Trade allies mentioned delays in getting rebate checks, sometimes a month or more. Delays can have a significant impact on trade allies, specifically smaller organizations. An improvement a trade ally mentioned was around having direct deposit.
	Recommendation 6: Improve communication and responsiveness to customer and trade ally questions.	Communication with implementation staff around submitted applications was mentioned as a point of frustration among trade allies. Trade allies appreciate the ability to speak to a live person, receive emails with detailed instructions on what needs to be updated, and have their application reviewed in full, not one piece at a time. Customers' areas for improvement also centered around communication and responsiveness with program staff.

Table 149. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Status of prior year re	ecommendations
PY2020 impact recommendations	 Work collaboratively with the EM&V team to revise the Continuous Energy Improvement M&V Plan to address peak demand concerns. Continuing. The implementer continued to use the <i>demand analysis method</i> for most projects in PY2021, an area where smart-meter data could help refine demand impacts in the future.
	 Collect detailed annual operating hours (AOH) documentation to support custom AOH values for non-deemed lighting projects.
	 Complete. The program documentation around custom AOH increased in PY2021, and there were fewer adjustments made to the evaluated savings than in previous program years.
PY2020 process recommendations	 Increase QA/QC efforts of the <i>tune-up</i> measure database to ensure savings are being calculated correctly and for the appropriate equipment type. In progress. Multiple <i>tune-up</i> measures with systematic errors incorrectly calculated energy or demand savings based on the tracked system heating and cooling parameters.
PY2021 impact recommendations	 Review savings algorithms for commercial Wi-Fi thermostat measures to ensure consistency. In progress. Wi-Fi thermostats continued to have inconsistencies in the
	calculations of savings leading to realization rate adjustments.

Status of prior year recommendations

PY2021 process recommendations

- Increase QA/QC of data recorded from *direct-install* projects and enter into ArchEE for savings to improve consistency.
 - In progress. In PY2022, data entered from direct-install projects still had consistency issues that lead to adjustments for individual projects.

11.3 METHODOLOGY

This section summarizes the methodologies used for the evaluation of the PIS program.

11.3.1 Impact Evaluation

The evaluated savings results are based on calculations and adjustments made during the tracking system review, *tune-up* measure review, 30 engineering desk reviews, and 15 site visits. Savings adjustments were made at the project level. Final evaluated savings for the *tune-up* measures are based on adjustments made during the tracking system review. All other measures' evaluated savings results are based on desk review and site-visit level adjustments by sampled strata. The tracking system informed qualitative findings and served as a guide for potential issues for investigation during desk reviews.

To perform the PY2022 impact evaluation, the EM&V team completed the following activities:

- · staff interviews and ongoing discussions;
- program website review of eligible measures, incentives, and participating trade allies;
- program manual and supplemental documentation review;
- program tracking system/database reviews;
- review of the tracking system and M&V database for *tune-ups* and *commercial Wi-Fi* thermostats:
- engineering desk review of 30 sampled accounts, representing 30 individual projects;
 and
- on-site M&V of 15 sampled accounts that also received desk reviews.

Table 150 shows the sample design and achieved sample sizes for the different data collection types employed for the impact evaluation effort.

Table 150. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Data Collection Efforts and Project Types

Data collection activity	Design sample	Achieved sample	Custom projects	Prescriptive projects
Staff interviews	2	2	N/A	N/A
Tracking system data review ⁷⁵	Q1–Q2 census	Q1–Q2 census	N/A	90
Engineering desk review	30	30	9	21
On-site M&V visit ⁷⁶	15	15	0	15
Tune-up measure data review	Census	Census	N/A	N/A

Most of the measures incentivized by the PIS program in PY2022 are currently included in the TRM 9.0, Volume 2. Specific sections of TRM 9.0 associated with the savings developed for the PIS program measures are provided in Table 151. These prescriptive algorithms and assumptions were the basis of the savings methodology used by the implementer and the EM&V team for energy and demand savings analysis purposes.

Table 151. TRM 9.0 Prescriptive Algorithms Utilized by the Public Institutions Solutions Program

Measure category	TRM 9.0 section	TRM 9.0 measure name
Domestic hot water	3.3.2	Faucet aerators
	3.3.5	Low-flow showerheads
	3.7.12	Low-flow pre-rinse spray valves
Envelope	3.2.10	Commercial door air infiltration
HVAC	3.1.16	Unitary and split-system AC/HP equipment
	3.1.17	Air- or water-cooled chilling equipment (chillers)
Lighting	3.6.2	Lighting controls
	3.6.3	Lighting efficiency

Air conditioner, chiller, and heat pump tune-ups, and overhead door weatherstripping measures were also incentivized through the PIS program. Overhead door weatherstripping measures do not strictly adhere to TRM 9.0 but instead follow prescriptive approaches developed by CLEAResult based on the TRM algorithms for commercial door air infiltration. Additional project details outside ArchEE were required to evaluate the tune-up measures, which follow a partial M&V approach. A separate tracking system review was conducted for all tune-up measures across the three commercial programs.

⁷⁶ On-site visits were recruited from the list of participants that received desk reviews, nesting the on-site sample within the desk review sample.



⁷⁵ ArchEE extract dated August 23, 2022. The count of *prescriptive* projects is the quantity of unique *JobId* numbers for the measure categories included in the Q1–Q2 tracking database review.

Table 152. Non-TRM Prescriptive Algorithms Utilized by the Public Institutions Solutions Program

Measure category	Measure description			
Tune-ups (formerly	Chiller tune-up air-cooled comfort cooling			
CoolSaver)	Commercial AC post-test-out			
	Commercial AC pre-clean			
	Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)			
	Commercial heat pump (tune-up)			
	Commercial HP post-test-out			
	Commercial HP pre-clean			
	Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat			
Envelope	Overhead door weatherstripping			

11.3.1.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team reviewed all tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the key input parameters needed for TRM 9.0-based algorithms. The tracking system data review began using TRM 9.0 as a reference in our review of measure-level savings assumptions. Chapters of TRM 9.0 utilized for the tracking system review are described above in Table 151.

The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to the TRM 9.0 deemed savings algorithms used to estimate savings. This review was completed across a census of the program measures at the end of Q2⁷⁷. The utility's tracking database stores all the critical input variables and assumptions necessary for savings calculations. This review is conducted midyear to help facilitate changes in the algorithm applications before the end of the year, where they might cause discrepancies in reported versus verified savings. After the measure-level review, the EM&V team verified energy savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0 used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

⁷⁷ Tracking data downloaded September 23, 2022.



Table 153. PY2022 Q1-Q2 Tracking System Reported Energy Savings by Measure Category

	Reported savings			
Measure	kW	kWh		
Domestic hot water	4.0	62,916		
Envelope	3.0	323,463		
HVAC	55.0	330,228		
Lighting	414.0	2,682,106		
Total evaluated	476.0	3,398,713		
Tune-up and Wi-Fi thermostat ⁷⁸	608.0	1,141,810		
Custom	90.0	570,893		
Total	1,174.0	5,111,416		

11.3.1.2 Tune-Up and Wi-Fi Thermostat Measurement and Verification Review

The EM&V team reviewed all the *tune-up* and *commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* measures with a comprehensive tracking system review, supplemented with engineering reviews of the M&V and deemed savings methodologies. These measures are tracked in ArchEE but have supplemental data in external databases necessary for evaluation. The tracking system reviews focused on replicating individual measure savings results and determining population variances.

11.3.1.3 Desk Reviews and Site Visits

The optimal count of sample units for the *custom*, *lighting*, and *other* strata were determined based on PY2018 through PY2021 savings representations for each stratum. These savings were compared against the savings in ArchEE quarterly to determine whether there was an under- or over-representation of specific measure categories occurring compared to past years. Also, uncertainty in savings drove sampling considerations for the *lighting* stratum and *other* strata.

The sampling plan for lighting accounted for the differences between fully deemed lighting projects and those using custom hours of use. For the whole population, *lighting* projects were considered deemed if all measures for a project were using the deemed value for annual operating hours (AOH) that is consistent with the building type as defined in ArchEE. For projects with any measure that uses annual hours of use that is not consistent with the building type, the entire project is considered *non-deemed*. For *lighting*, this is the classification process:

1. Projects were divided into deemed and non-deemed based on whether all measures used AOHs that matched their building type in the tracking system (deemed) or any measure deviated from that value (non-deemed).

⁷⁸ *Tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* measures are evaluated through a separate tracking system and M&V data reviews at the close of the program year.



2. The contribution of energy savings for both strata is examined. The base strategy is to oversample the non-deemed projects so that at 50 percent energy savings, twice as many non-deemed projects will be chosen. The amounts are then adjusted up or down for each program based on the actual percentage of energy savings for non-deemed compared to the whole population.

In addition to the sub-strata for <u>lighting</u> projects, three sub-strata for *custom* projects were defined. The first sub-stratum is for *CEI* projects. The other two sub-strata divide projects by whether they went through the Early Engagement for High Profile Projects Protocol (early review) or they did not (other). The contribution of savings was used to determine the number of sample points for each sub-strata, with a higher weighting for other, a standard weighting for *CEI*, and a lower weighting for early review. For PIS, there were no early review projects in PY2022.

The site visits were a nested selection of the desk reviews, meaning that all projects receiving a site visit assessment also received a desk review. Projects with variances that could be cleared up during the site visit were prioritized first, with remaining site visits randomly selected from within the desk review sample. Table 154 summarizes the result of the sampling for the PIS program.

Sampling strata	Projects	Projects sampled ⁷⁹	Reported kWh	Reported kW
Custom subtotal	39	9	3,218,248	298.8
CEI	36	7	2,594,524	203.0
Other	3	2	623,724	95.8
Lighting subtotal	101	16	694,331	120.3
Deemed	95	12	287,074	39.7
Non-deemed	6	4	407,258	80.6
Other subtotal	48	5	266,578	17.8
Total	180	30	4,179,157	436.9

Table 154. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Summary of Sampled Savings

11.3.2 Process and Net-to-Gross Evaluation

11.3.2.1 Participant Surveys

The EM&V team utilized a participant survey to inform the process and NTG evaluation. The survey included a series of questions that investigated sources of awareness and preferred methods of communication, participation experiences, program satisfaction, and firmographics to address the process evaluation. The survey also included a series of structured questions about the participant's decision to pursue rebated energy-efficient upgrades to calculate the NTG rate. The EM&V team based the savings and calculations on those outlined in TRM 9.0 EM&V Protocols. Where possible, TRM 9.0 recommends using a staggered data collection

⁷⁹ Two sampled projects had measures in multiple categories.



approach to collect free-ridership and spillover information to inform the NTG analysis, as free-ridership is best assessed as close as possible to participation while spillover is best assessed after a reasonable amount of time has passed since participation. This rationale is especially pertinent in the C&I sector, where decision-making processes are typically more complex and involve longer lead times than in the residential sector.

With these considerations in mind, the EM&V team stratified the sample frame for the participant survey into three 6-month participation periods; January 2021 to June 2021, July 2021 to December 2021, and January 2022 to June 2022. Only participants in the two most recent periods (July 2021-June 2022) were asked free-ridership questions and included in the free-ridership assessment, limiting recall issues. Only those who installed energy-efficient upgrades within the first two six-month periods received spillover questions to allow more time for potential spillover effects to occur (January 2021-December 2021). All respondents received process-related questions. Table 155 illustrates the number of unique program participants per period their kWh savings.

Table 155. Public Institutions Solutions Program—NTG/Process Participant Survey Sample Plan

		Count of	Reported	Assumed	Sur	vey Questic	ons
Participation period	Measure category	projects in population*	(ex-Ante) kWh	# of completes	Free- ridership	Spillover	Process
January	Custom	1	147,961	1	_		
2021-June 2021	Domestic hot water	2	26,052	1			
	Envelope	9	654,904	3			
	HVAC	2	20,190	1	N	Y	Y
	Lighting	34	907,512	4	- IN		Y
	Thermostat	173	7,779,997	6			
	Tune-Up	77	829,676	5			
	Total	255	10,366,293	20			
July 2021-	Custom	37	3,051,850	4		Y	
December 2021	Domestic hot water	2	10,801	1			
	Envelope	6	277,966	3			
	HVAC	1	7,272	1	V		V
	Lighting	61	4,727,911	5	Y		Y
	Thermostat	47	1,837,938	4			
	Tune-Up	79	1,398,173	5			
	Total	207	11,311,911	23			

	Cour	Count of	rojects in (ex-Ante)	Assumed	Survey Questions			
Participation period	Measure category	projects in population*		# of completes	Free- ridership	Spillover	Process	
January	Custom	11	1,259,749	4				
2022-June 2022	Domestic hot water	1	41,944	1	_	N	Y	
	Envelope	12	323,463	3				
	HVAC	7	323,471	3	Y			
	Lighting	36	1,578,446	4	Y			
	Thermostat	48	4,263,679	5				
	Tune-Up	44	756,190	5	1			
	Total	136	8,546,942	24				
Total		562	30,225,146	66				

^{*}Aggregated by AccountNumber and ServiceAddressLn1 for each measure category.

The EM&V team implemented the participant survey through our in-house Survey Research Center via computer-assisted telephone interviews. A total of 59 surveys were completed, averaging twelve minutes in length. Telephone surveys occurred between November 21 and December 15, 2022.

Table 156. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Participant Survey Response Rate

Disposition	Total
Sample	159
Not a utility customer	0
Eligible sample	159
Does not recall participating	19
Refusal	3
Incompletes (partial surveys)	1
Language barrier	0
Bad number	1
Called out	0
Not completed	76
Completed	59
Response rate	
Response rate (completed/eligible sample)	37.1%

In total, the EM&V team surveyed 48 participants on free-ridership and 47 participants on spillover based on their date of participation.

^{**}Actual number of completed surveys will depend on level of response.

11.3.2.2 Contractor Interviews

The contractor interviews were used to inform the process evaluation and support NTG analysis. The EM&V team interviewed ten contractors that participated in the prescriptive commercial programs and two for CoolSaver measures (tune-ups and Wi-Fi thermostats) during PY2022. Eligible contractors were initially contacted to schedule the interviews via email on December 5, 2022. Interviews were conducted between December 9, and December 21, 2022.

Interviews were semi-structured using a topic guide, but evaluators followed the interview flow and modified questions as needed to fit the interviewee's circumstances. The contractor interviews explored (1) program involvement and experiences, (2) program attribution indicators, and (3) program satisfaction.

11.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

The PIS program's evaluated energy savings and demand savings were slightly lower than the reported savings (95.2 percent kWh realization rate, 96.2 percent kW realization rate). During the desk review and site visit process, the EM&V team corrected lighting installed fixture types and quantities, and envelope installed gap lengths. Another finding that significantly impacted savings on many measures was adjustments to heat pump projects in the tune-up and Wi-Fi thermostat measures.

Corrections to *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects that contributed additional energy (kWh) savings were primarily due to:

- heat pump tune-up projects using algorithms associated with AC units,
- *tune-up* projects using inconsistent and erroneous tonnages for the pre-clean line items, and
- Wi-Fi thermostat measures using incorrect unit type (AC instead heat pump) in savings algorithms.

Corrections to *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects that reduced energy (kilowatt-hour) savings were primarily due to:

- tune-up projects using inconsistent and erroneous tonnages for the pre-clean line items, and
- Wi-Fi thermostat measures using incorrect unit type (heat pump instead of AC) in savings algorithms.

Corrections to *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects that contributed additional demand (kW) savings were primarily due to:

- *tune-up* projects using inconsistent and erroneous tonnages for the pre-clean line items, and
- Wi-Fi thermostat measures using heating savings instead cooling savings in demand (kW) savings algorithms.



Corrections to *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* projects that reduced demand (kW) savings were primarily due to:

• *tune-up* projects using inconsistent and erroneous tonnages for the pre-clean line items.

Corrections to *lighting* projects that contributed additional savings were primarily due to:

fixtures installed that were DLC or ENERGY STAR certified but not claimed.

Corrections to *lighting* projects that contributed reduced savings were primarily due to:

- operating hours adjustment for an unoccupied building; and
- adjustments to square footage and illuminated wall lengths for two new construction projects.

A correction to an *envelope* project that contributed to increased savings was due to:

• installed gap lengths not matching between project documentation and the values recorded in ArchEE.

Corrections to *custom* projects that contributed additional savings were primarily due to:

- change in building balance point from a regression analysis,
- formula errors which did not include the full dataset for two projects.

11.4.1 Participant Characterization

Several different measures are provided to participants through the program. Within the tracking system, qualifying products are assigned to unique measure names. The mapping of these measure names to measure categories is provided below.

Table 157. Mapping to Measure Category

Measure description	Measure category
Continuous energy improvement	Custom—CEI
Custom—heating and cooling	Custom—other
Commercial showerheads	Domestic hot water
Faucet aerators	Domestic hot water
Pre-rinse spray valves	Domestic hot water
Commercial door air infiltration	Envelope
Overhead door weatherstripping	Envelope
Unitary AC equipment—unitary AC < 65000 btu/hr —replace-on-burnout	HVAC
Unitary AC equipment—unitary AC ≥ 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	HVAC
Unitary HP equipment—heat pump < 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	HVAC
Unitary HP equipment—heat pump ≥ 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	HVAC

Measure description	Measure category
Water chilling equipment (air cooled) —replace-on-burnout	HVAC
Water chilling equipment (water cooled)—replace-on-burnout	HVAC
Halogens	Lighting
HIDs	Lighting
Integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	Lighting
Integrated-ballast LED lamps	Lighting
LEDs	Lighting
Lighting controls	Lighting
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	Lighting
Modular CFLs and CCFLs	Lighting
Other linear fluorescents	Lighting
Outdoor—halogens	Lighting
Outdoor—HIDs	Lighting
Outdoor—integrated-ballast LED lamps	Lighting
Outdoor—LEDs	Lighting
Outdoor—modular CFLs and CCFLs	Lighting
NC—integrated-ballast LED lamps	Lighting
NC—interior project savings	Lighting
NC—LEDs	Lighting
NC—lighting controls	Lighting
Outdoor—NC—LEDs	Lighting
Outdoor—NC—lighting project savings	Lighting
Chiller tune-up air-cooled comfort cooling	Tune-ups
Commercial AC post-test-out	Tune-ups
Commercial AC pre-clean	Tune-ups
Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)	Tune-ups
Commercial heat pump (tune-up)	Tune-ups
Commercial HP post-test-out	Tune-ups
Commercial HP pre-clean	Tune-ups
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat	Tune-ups

Table 158 below outlines the claimed number of program participants and the percentage of savings by measure category in PY2022. *Tune-ups* were the dominant measure category in PY2022, accounting for 57 percent of claimed demand (kilowatt) savings and 52 percent of claimed energy use (kilowatt-hours) savings.



Table 158. PY2022 Reported Public Institutions Solutions Participation and Savings by Measure Category

			Program savings		Percentage of program savings	
Measure category	Participants*	Projects*	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Custom—CEI	30	36	210.6	2,920,350	7%	14%
Custom—other	3	3	90.2	570,893	3%	3%
Domestic hot water	5	9	21.1	124,101	1%	1%
Envelope	20	21	10.1	833,009	0%	4%
HVAC	19	22	126.0	659,777	4%	3%
Lighting	95	101	771.6	4,657,570	27%	23%
Tune-ups	108	2,577	1,642.2	10,632,090	57%	52%
Total	263	2,757	2,871.9	20,397,791	100%	100%

^{*} A participant is a unique account described by the ArchEE data field *AccountNumber*. A project is a unique job number defined by the ArchEE data field *JobId*. A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories and multiple projects. As a result, the total count of participants and projects may not equal the sum of the counts by measure category.

Table 159 outlines the savings and percentage of savings by measure in PY2022. *Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat* was the dominant measure in PY2022 and accounted for 34 percent of claimed gross kilowatt savings and 46 percent of claimed gross kilowatt-hour savings. *LEDs* were the second most dominant measure in PY2022, accounting for 20 percent of claimed gross kilowatt savings and 15 percent claimed gross kilowatt-hour savings. *Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)* was the third most dominant measure with 4 percent of the kilowatt-hour savings and 15 percent of the program kilowatt savings.

Table 159. PY2022 Reported Public Institutions Solutions Program—Participation and Savings by Measure

	Program savings		Percentage of program savings				
Measure	kW	kWh	kW	kWh			
Custom—CEI							
Continuous energy improvement	210.6	2,920,350	7%	14%			
Custom—other							
Custom—heating and cooling	90.2	570,893	3%	3%			
Domestic hot water							
Commercial showerheads	6.0	55,182	<1%	<1%			
Faucet aerators	13.1	59,102	<1%	<1%			
Pre-rinse spray valves	2.1	9,817	<1%	<1%			

	Prograr	n savings	Percentage of program savings		
Measure	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	
Envelope					
Commercial door air infiltration	5.2	237,117	<1%	1%	
Overhead door weatherstripping	4.9	595,891	<1%	3%	
HVAC					
Unitary AC equipment—unitary AC < 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	41.9	49,979	1%	<1%	
Unitary AC equipment—unitary AC ≥ 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	34.7	175,013	1%	1%	
Unitary HP equipment—heat pump < 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	-4.4	78,058	<1%	<1%	
Unitary HP equipment—heat pump ≥ 65000 btu/hr—replace-on-burnout	17.3	109,782	1%	1%	
Water chilling equipment (air cooled)—replace- on-burnout	8.0	97,977	<1%	<1%	
Water chilling equipment (water cooled)— replace-on-burnout	28.5	148,967	1%	1%	
Lighting					
HIDs	0.8	4,267	<1%	<1%	
Integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)	11.4	50,190	<1%	<1%	
Integrated-ballast LED lamps	<1	978	<1%	<1%	
LEDs	51.3	289,033	2%	1%	
Lighting controls	586.3	2,992,945	20%	15%	
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12	7.6	22,217	<1%	<1%	
Modular CFLs and CCFLs	3.3	15,092	<1%	<1%	
Other linear fluorescents	<1	1,108	<1%	<1%	
Outdoor—halogens	33.8	192,922	1%	1%	
Outdoor—HIDs	0	0	0%	0%	
Outdoor—integrated-ballast LED lamps	0	380	0%	<1%	
Outdoor—LEDs	0	187,309	0%	1%	
Outdoor—modular CFLs and CCFLs	0	487,612	0%	2%	
NC—integrated-ballast LED lamps	0	280	0%	<1%	
NC—interior project savings	0	0	0%	0%	
NC—LEDs	68.2	338,200	2%	2%	
NC—lighting controls	0	0	0%	0%	



	Program savings		Percentage of program savings		
Measure	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	
Outdoor—NC—LEDs	8.7	24,986	<1%	<1%	
Outdoor—NC—lighting project savings	0	0	0%	0%	
HIDs	0	50,055	0%	<1%	
Tune-ups					
Chiller tune-up air-cooled comfort cooling	4.3	19,578	<1%	<1%	
Commercial AC post-test-out	93.4	156,676	3%	1%	
Commercial AC pre-clean	79.2	134,821	3%	1%	
Commercial central air conditioner (tune-up)	433.3	751,826	15%	4%	
Commercial heat pump (tune-up)	22.0	84,177	1%	<1%	
Commercial HP post-test-out	12.7	46,852	<1%	<1%	
Commercial HP pre-clean	11.6	44,128	<1%	<1%	
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostat	985.7	9,394,032	34%	46%	
Total	2,871.9	20,397,791	100%	100%	

^{*} Some measures were identified in the tracking system data with no savings; these represent lighting included in site lighting inventories but were not incented by the program.

Table 160 shows the incentive structure for PY2022 compared to the previous program year. The incentives for all tiers of measures stayed the same.

Table 160. PY2022 Public Institutions Solutions Program Incentives

Measure	PY2021 incentive*	PY2022 incentive**						
Directly Installed by CLEAResult								
Domestic hot water								
Commercial showerheads	Full cost	Full cost						
Faucet aerators	Full cost	Full cost						
Pre-rinse spray valves	Full cost	Full cost						
Envelope								
Commercial door air infiltration (i.e., weatherstripping)	Full cost	Full cost						
Lighting								
Integrated-ballast LED lamps	Full cost	Full cost						
Outdoor—integrated-ballast LED lamps	Full cost	Full cost						

Measure		PY2021 incentive*	PY2022 incentive**	
Installed by trade ally				
PC power management			\$0.10/kWh	\$0.10/kWh
Gaskets and strip curtains			100 percent, contact program staff	100 percent, contact program staff
All other measures***	1 measure	2 measures	3 measures	4+ measures
PY2021 incentive*	\$0.12/kWh	\$0.13/kWh	\$0.14/kWh	\$0.15/kWh
PY2022 incentive**	\$0.12/kWh	\$0.13/kWh	\$0.14/kWh	\$0.15/kWh

^{*} Source: PY2021 Program Manual CitySmart program.

11.4.2 Program Documentation and Tracking Data Review

To understand the PIS program, the EM&V team interviewed program staff and reviewed all information available on EAL's website related to the program and supplemental documentation provided by EAL and CLEAResult. The EM&V team received the following documentation related to the program:

- ArchEE data tracking system extract containing PY2022 participant information and savings;
- supplemental project-level documentation received during quarterly data requests for sampled accounts, which typically included:
 - signed customer proposals and project agreements—sometimes files included initial and final proposals if projects had changed during development;
 - customer proposals that typically included a detailed inventory of site-captured measure-level details such as:
 - Domestic hot water measures (e.g., low-flow faucet aerators, commercial showerheads, and low-flow showerheads) were all directly installed by the implementer. A Direct Install Report typically inventoried the device and quantity installed by room. Additional notes typically included a flow rate as the new equipment may be multiple flow rates (e.g., 0.5 gallons per minute (GPM), 1.0 GPM). Also, photo documentation of the water heater and its nameplate was provided. Details of the exact installed equipment flow rates were not included, and a specification of the new equipment was not provided.
 - The implementer directly installed commercial door air infiltration measures (e.g., weatherstripping, door sealing). A Direct Install Report typically inventoried the device, quantity (by gap size), and new weatherstripping length installed by room. Additional notes typically included the gap size as the new equipment may be of multiple widths (e.g., one-eighth inch, one-quarter inch) and the type (e.g.,



^{**} Source: PY2022 Program Manual CitySmart Manual.

^{***} To qualify for an additional tier, an energy efficiency measure must exceed 25,000 kWh of savings. Measures can be grouped to meet the 25,000 kWh minimum threshold, but only one such grouping is allowed per customer. *Direct-install* measures only count as one measure tier.

weatherstripping, door sweep). Also, photo documentation of a sample of doors with the existing condition and gap noted by a view of a tape measure was provided. A clear description or documentation of the *HVAC type* was not included.

- HVAC measures included new equipment type, make and model numbers, capacity, and quantity. Manufacturers' specification sheets and Air Conditioning, Heating and Refrigeration Institute (AHRI) certificates were also provided.
- Lighting and lighting controls measures included existing and new fixture types, make and model numbers, wattages, quantity, and control type. Also, DLC and ENERGY STAR certification sheets were typically provided for all models. Manufacturer specification sheets were generally not provided.
- invoices;
- o pre- or post-inspection forms indicating field inspectors' notes and results; and
- photographic documentation pre- or post-installation.
- a Quality Control and Assurance Manual for EAL commercial programs, dated February 1, 2023;
- PY2022 Program Manual for the Public Institutions Solutions program obtained from the EAL website; and
- ongoing biweekly meetings with EAL and CLEAResult.

11.4.3 Detailed Tracking System/Database Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-claimed tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the key input parameters needed for TRM 9.0-based algorithms and the final claimed values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review began using TRM 9.0 as a reference in our review of measure-level savings assumptions. Chapters of TRM 9.0 utilized for the tracking system review are described above in Section 11.3.1.

The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to the TRM 9.0 deemed savings algorithms used to estimate savings; this review was completed across a census of the program measures. The utility's tracking database stores all the critical input variables and assumptions necessary for savings calculations. The EM&V team verified energy savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy after the measure-level review.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0 used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

The ArchEE tracking system, which supplied all participant- and measure-level data, was the primary tool for checking claimed savings and performing evaluation savings calculations. These results were informed and supplemented with the findings from the engineering desk reviews and site visits, as further outlined in Section 11.7.

The overall PIS program evaluated tracking system savings resulted in slightly higher savings (100.6 percent kilowatt and 100.3 percent kilowatt-hour realization rates) than those calculated by the program implementer. The evaluated savings are based on adjustments made from completing engineering reviews of the program's tracking data. The overall realization rates were affected negligibly by variances between the reported and evaluated energy savings (kilowatt-hour) for *lighting* and *domestic hot water* projects. Further details of measure-based findings are provided below.

Overall, the tracking system review found the following:

- Except for the *custom, CEI, overhead door weatherstripping,* and *tune-up* measures in the PIS program, all measures utilize TRM 9.0, Volume 2 deemed algorithms. The savings equations were confirmed consistent with TRM 9.0. As described above, the *overhead door weatherstripping* and *tune-up* measures follow custom approaches developed from assumptions and methodologies in the TRM. The EM&V team confirmed the *overhead door weatherstripping* measures following the M&V plan through this tracking system review. A tracking system review of the *tune-up* measures was completed to inform *tune-up* evaluated savings separately from the mid-year tracking system review.
- The PIS program measures utilize TRM 9.0, Volume 2 deemed savings assumptions, with two notable exceptions. The *overhead door weatherstripping* measure uses extrapolated savings values based on the *commercial door air infiltration* measure in TRM 9.0. Also, some *lighting efficiency* measures use site-specific AOH instead of the deemed values in TRM 9.0 for *lighting* projects.
- The overall tracking review realization rates were 100.6 percent kilowatts and 100.3 percent kilowatt-hours. Tracking review realization rates for most measures were at 100 percent.

Table 161. PY2022 Q1–Q2 Tracking System Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Category

	Claimed savings		Evaluate	d savings	Realization rate	
Measure category	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh
Domestic hot water	4.0	62,916	4.0	62,933	100%	100%
Envelope	3.0	323,463	3.0	304,410	111%	94%
HVAC	55.0	330,228	55.0	330,228	100%	100%
Lighting	414.0	2,682,106	417.0	2,711,822	100%	100%
Total	476.0	3,398,713	479.0	3,409,393	100.6%	100.3%

11.4.3.1 Domestic Hot Water

No issues were found.



11.4.3.2 Envelope

Project numbers EA-0000716243, EA-0000719724, and EA-0000719725 reported
Weather Zone 6 in the WeatherZone field. However, the address and zip code for each
project show these facilities to be in Weather Zone 7. Reported savings used Weather
Zone 6 deemed savings values for normal temperature. The EM&V team recalculated
savings for these projects using Weather Zone 7 deemed values, resulting in increased
demand savings and decreased energy savings.

11.4.3.3 HVAC

No issues were found.

11.4.3.4 Lighting (i.e., Retrofits Including Controls)

• No issues were found.

11.4.4 Tune-Up and Wi-Fi Thermostat Measurement and Verification Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-reported tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the algorithms and ex-ante values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review began using the TRM 9.0, the CoolSaver Program M&V Plan⁸⁰, and the Memorandum of Understanding for the review of measure-level savings assumptions. The EM&V team reviewed the tracking systems linkage to the TRM deemed savings and supplemental documentation methods used to estimate savings. The EM&V team verified energy savings calculations for engineering fundamentals, appropriateness, and accuracy after the measure-level review.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives. First, it identified any initial high-level tracking system concerns. Second, it verified that the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings outlined in TRM 9.0, used to estimate project savings. Third, it assessed the ability of the tracking system to support future evaluation needs.

The ArchEE database includes the key data for all projects and reported savings for *AC* and *heat pump tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* measures, which totaled 2,580 measures.

A CLEAResult tracking system extract was provided, including pre- and post-test-out projects used as the basis for CLEAResult's PY2019–PY2021 efficiency loss (EL) calculations. The EM&V team reviewed this dataset, examined it for outliers, and calculated the PY2019–PY2021 EL values for two sectors (*commercial* <25 tons, and *commercial* ≥25 tons) and whether a refrigerant charge adjustment was performed.

The findings from the *tune-up* tracking system showed similar findings to last year's review. Most of the key *tune-up* measure data is maintained in a separate database outside of ArchEE. The database was useful for the evaluation team to reference during the review. An instance where the supplemental database was required was when verifying the efficiency loss values,

⁸⁰ The *tune-up* measure methodology was developed separately under the CoolSaver program prior to being included in the PIS program.



as ArchEE did not capture all four refrigerant charge values from iManifold. As recommended last year, with continuous development and changes, the EM&V team recommends developing and maintaining a data dictionary to describe the data and document changes within this database.

Finally, as with previous years, it appears that the *commercial wi-fi thermostat* measures still require manual input of deemed energy (kWh/ton) and demand savings (kW/ton) values. This led to many instances of human error, leading to savings deviations (described in further detail below). Automating this process in the future will allow for more effective QA/QC and reduce the likelihood of errors.

11.4.4.1 Tune-Up and Wi-Fi Thermostat Measurement and Verification Findings

The EM&V team evaluated CLEAResult's savings calculations by reviewing the M&V sample of participants to confirm the savings methodology and results obtained, repeating the steps, and making calculation adjustments.

The ArchEE tracking system supplied all participant and unit-level data, and claimed savings was the primary tool for checking reported savings and performing evaluation savings calculations.

Detailed findings from the M&V review for *tune-up* and *Wi-Fi thermostat* measures are presented below.

- Sixteen commercial Wi-Fi thermostats measures installed on heat pump systems were using incorrect energy savings. For energy savings, reported savings were calculated as if the thermostat was installed on an electric AC system by excluding energy savings associated with the heat pump heating algorithms. The EM&V team adjusted the energy savings to include the heat pump heating algorithm; this adjustment increased energy savings. Ten of the affected Joblds are listed below, with the complete list available upon request:
 - o 2022-278414,
 - 2022-278413,
 - o 2022-278574,
 - o **2022-278419**,
 - o 2022-278416,
 - 。 **2022-278421**,
 - o 2022-278420,
 - o **2022-278417**,
 - 2022-278415, and
 - o 2022-278378.



- Nine commercial Wi-Fi thermostats measures installed on air conditioning with electric resistance heat systems were using incorrect energy savings. For energy savings, reported savings were calculated as if the thermostat was installed on a heat pump system by including energy savings associated with the heat pump heating algorithms. The EM&V team adjusted the energy savings to include only the air conditioning cooling algorithm; this adjustment decreased energy savings. The affected JobIds are listed below:
 - o 2022-305702.
 - o **2022-284902**,
 - 2022-284901,
 - o 2022-284900.
 - 2022-284899,
 - o **2022-290118**,
 - o **2022-290116**,
 - 2022-313451, and
 - 2022-309034.
- Twelve commercial Wi-Fi thermostats measures installed on air conditioning with electric resistance heat systems were using incorrect energy and demand savings. For energy savings, reported savings were calculated as if the thermostat was installed on a heat pump system by including energy savings associated with the heat pump heating algorithms. The EM&V team adjusted the energy savings to include only the air conditioning cooling algorithm; this adjustment decreased energy savings.

The reported demand savings were calculated using the *heat pump* heating deemed energy savings divided by 8,760 instead of the *AC unit* kilowatt-hour savings divided by 8,760. The EM&V team adjusted the demand savings to only include the energy savings associated with cooling savings, which coincides with the peak demand period in Arkansas. The demand savings was adjusted by dividing the cooling kilowatt-hour savings by 8,760; this increased demand savings for all forty measures. Ten of the affected *JobIds* are listed below, with the complete list available upon request:

- o 2022-278734,
- o 2022-278733,
- o 2022-278732,
- o **2022-278731**,
- o 2022-278730,
- o 2022-278721,
- o 2022-278720,
- o 2022-278696,
- o 2022-278694, and



- 2022-278692.
- Thirty-seven commercial Wi-Fi thermostats measures installed on heat pump systems were using incorrect demand savings. The reported demand savings were calculated using the heat pump heating deemed energy savings divided by 8,760 instead of the AC unit kilowatt-hour savings divided by 8,760. The EM&V team adjusted the demand savings to only include the energy savings associated with cooling savings, which coincides with the peak demand period in Arkansas. The demand savings was adjusted by dividing the cooling kilowatt-hour savings by 8,760; this increased demand savings for all thirty-seven measures. Ten of the affected JobIds are listed below, with the complete list available upon request:
 - o 2022-278743,
 - 2022-278742,
 - o 2022-278741,
 - o **2022-278740**,
 - 2022-278739,
 - o 2022-278738,
 - o 2022-278736,
 - o 2022-278735,
 - 2022-278729, and
 - o 2022-278728
- Two commercial AC tune-up projects reported incorrect energy and demand savings because the HVAC tonnage reported in ArchEE and used in the pre-clean savings calculation was inconsistent with the post-clean savings and ultimately determined to be incorrect. The EM&V team verified that the correct HVAC tonnage was reported in the post-clean line item and in the supplemental data. Adjusting the HVAC tonnage increased energy and demand savings for one project and decreased energy and demand savings for the other project. The affected JobIds are listed below:
 - 2022-287465 and
 - o 2022-287450.

11.4.5 Engineering Desk Reviews

The EM&V team evaluated CLEAResult's savings calculations by reviewing the program tracking data and project documentation to confirm the savings methodology and results, repeating the calculation steps, and making adjustments.

The engineering desk reviews included reviewing the available project documentation in determining the source of key parameters for the deemed savings protocols from TRM 9.0. After selecting the best source of the key parameters from the available documentation, the savings were calculated based on TRM 9.0 algorithms and compared to the claimed savings.

In addition to the tracking system review, the engineering desk reviews also showed a consistent use of TRM 9.0 algorithms across all the measures claimed in the PIS program. The EM&V team made various minor adjustments to specific projects described in detail in the project review results section below.

The EM&V team completed 30 engineering desk reviews of the PIS program accounts. These projects represented all measure categories in the program, except for *tune-up* measures, and had gross savings of 4,179,157 kWh, or 20 percent of the total PIS program recorded gross savings of 20,397,791 kWh. This percentage of total program savings is based on finalized ArchEE data from January 24, 2023.

11.4.6 Site Visits

The EM&V team's evaluation plan included conducting 15 site visits to PIS program customers. These site visits also received an engineering review, as discussed above. The EM&V team's field inspector recorded the verified quantities, operation, building type, and space conditioning for each measure observed while on-site and collected additional information on critical parameters. For the PIS program, some of the key data and spot measurements obtained for essential parameters, as applicable, included:

- domestic hot water measures: type of service, number of installed units, and rated output of installed units;
- envelope measures: length of the installed door, gap width, and heating/cooling system type;
- HVAC measures: quantity, building type, and make/model of installed units;
- lighting measures: base/new wattage, number of lamps per fixture, lamp/fixture make/model/type, base/new control type, building type, space heating/cooling type, and AOH.

The site visits found that most parameters recorded in the project documentation to calculate savings were accurate. Out of the 15 site visits conducted, there were five adjustments. For one site, the building is currently unoccupied and would not be occupied until 2023 at the earliest. Another site visit found that the building type was different than reported in the documentation. Three site visits found fewer fixtures that were retrofitted as part of the project and not recorded in the documentation. The adjustments from the site visits are described in further detail in the following section.

11.4.7 Desk Review and Site-Visit Results

As noted earlier, the PY2022 PIS program impact evaluation efforts included an engineering analysis for a sample of 30 projects and a site visit for 15 of those projects reviewed. For 19 of the projects in the sample, no savings adjustments were made. For the remaining 11 projects, the impact evaluation found various discrepancies in the project documentation or the site visit that required adjustments of parameters from the claimed savings estimates. The table below provides project-level realization rates, by measure category, for the 30 PIS projects reviewed by the evaluation. Detailed descriptions of the 11 projects with energy or demand savings adjustments follow Table 162.

Table 162. Public Institutions Solutions—PY2022 Desk Review and Site Visit Results by Project

EM&V	EM&V	Ex-ar	nte savings	Ex-post savings		Realizatio	n rate	
participant ID	review type*	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	
Custom—CEI								
123001	Desk review	203.0	690,835	203.0	690,835	100.0%	100.0%	
423001	Desk review	0.0	1,716,468	0.0	1,716,468	N/A	100.0%	
423003	Desk review	0.0	1,201	0.0	1,201	N/A	100.0%	
423004	Desk review	0.0	2,292	0.0	2,292	N/A	100.0%	
423005	Desk review	0.0	6,390	0.0	6,390	N/A	100.0%	
423006	Desk review	0.0	158,098	0.0	159,530	N/A	100.9%	
423008	Desk review	0.0	19,239	0.0	19,239	N/A	100.0%	
Custom—Cl	El total	203.0	2,594,524	203.0	2,595,956	100.0%	100.1%	
Custom—ot	her							
123004	Desk review	61.4	537,742	61.5	538,698	100.2%	100.2%	
123007	Desk review	8.9	16,367	8.4	15,482	94.6%	94.6%	
323002	Site visit	19.9	16,785	16.8	16,785	84.5%	100.0%	
Custom—ot	her total	90.2	570,893	86.7	570,965	96.2%	100.0%	
Lighting—de	eemed							
123002	Desk review	0.9	5,698	0.9	5,698	100.0%	100.0%	
123003	Desk review	1.4	5,991	1.4	5,991	100.0%	100.0%	
123005	Site visit	0.9	4,070	0.9	4,070	100.0%	100.0%	
123007	Desk review	8.0	47,615	8.0	46,646	100.0%	98.0%	
223001	Site visit	0.3	1,114	0.3	1,114	100.0%	100.0%	
223002	Desk review	0.7	3,256	0.7	3,256	100.0%	100.0%	
223003	Site visit	4.6	39,031	4.6	39,031	100.0%	100.0%	
223004	Site visit	0.0	21,399	0.0	21,399	N/A	100.0%	
223008	Site visit	9.1	87,906	1.7	16,304	18.9%	18.5%	
323001	Desk review	9.1	49,885	9.1	49,885	100.0%	100.0%	
323003	Site visit	4.6	24,785	4.6	25,168	100.0%	101.5%	
323004	Site visit	7.2	39,169	7.2	39,490	100.3%	100.8%	
323005	Site visit	0.9	4,770	0.8	4,652	97.5%	97.5%	
Lighting—de	eemed total	47.8	334,688	40.3	262,704	84.5%	78.5%	

EM&V EM&V		Ex-ante savings		Ex-post savings		Realization rate			
participant ID	review type*	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh		
Lighting—n	ighting—non-deemed								
123008	Site visit	23.1	131,525	21.6	118,771	93.4%	90.3%		
323002	Site visit	9.6	62,440	9.6	62,440	100.0%	100.0%		
423002	Site visit	2.1	20,695	2.1	20,695	100.0%	100.0%		
423007	Site visit	32.5	137,002	31.9	134,480	98.2%	98.2%		
Lighting—n total	on-deemed	67.3	351,662	65.2	336,386	96.9%	95.7%		
Other									
123006	Site visit	0.0	77,027	0.0	82,555	N/A	107.2%		
223005	Desk review	0.9	36,656	0.9	36,656	100.0%	100.0%		
223006	Desk review	0.7	15,650	0.7	15,650	100.0%	100.0%		
323006	Desk review	0.7	110,049	0.7	110,049	100.0%	100.0%		
123007	Desk review	2.4	30,042	2.4	30,042	100.0%	100.0%		
123008	Site visit	3.6	6,119	3.6	6,119	100.0%	100.0%		
223007	Site visit	15.6	27,198	15.6	27,198	100.0%	100.0%		
323002	Site visit	5.0	6,757	5.0	6,757	100.0%	100.0%		
423002	Site visit	0.5	2,836	0.5	2,836	100.0%	100.0%		
423007	Site visit	-0.6	15,057	-0.7	15,057	100.7%	100.0%		
Other total		28.6	327,389	28.6	332,917	100.0%	101.7%		

The project-based savings adjustments are provided below by measure category and EM&V participant ID.

11.4.7.1 Custom

The *custom* strata consist of custom measures that do not have a prescriptive algorithm outlined in the TRM. The projects rely heavily on metered data for analysis and follow one of the four prescribed paths for energy efficiency analysis outlined in the International Performance Measurement & Verification Protocol (IPMVP). For the PIS program, the *custom* strata included desk reviews for one *HVAC* projects, one *custom non-heating and cooling*, and seven *CEI* projects, with one site visit conducted on the *HVAC* project, with three adjustments to savings.

Participant ID 423006 adjustment incorrect calculation type. This project is for CEI at North Arkansas College—South Campus. Participants receive tools, coaching, and the resources to identify and implement operations and maintenance energy savings opportunities. These savings are tracked and reported using a whole-site statistical model(s) for the CEI measure. The reported savings used a regression model with a cooling-degree-day (CDD) base of 60. The evaluated savings found a CDD base of 65 was slightly more statistically significant. The evaluated savings adjusted to using the

WX_BPK_CDD65 weather variable, which resulted in slightly increased energy savings.

- Participant ID 123004 adjustment for a calculation error. This project was for a school district that installed *smart thermostats* throughout its operations. The formula for the CDD did not include all the rows in the *Corrected Data* file. Including November and December 2021 CDD slightly increased energy and demand savings from the regression analysis.
- Participant ID 323002 adjustment for incorrect calculation type. This project was for a new construction school that installed 25 air conditioners, one heat pump, one dedicated outdoor air system unit, and LED lighting. The formula for the CDD did not include all the rows in the Corrected Data file. Including November and December 2021 CDD slightly increased energy and demand savings from the regression analysis.

11.4.7.2 Other

The other strata consist of prescriptive non-lighting measures, including HVAC replace-on-burnout, commercial showerheads, faucet aerators, and commercial door air infiltration projects. Five desk reviews and two site visits were conducted on this stratum, with one adjustment to savings.

Participant ID 123006 adjustment for installed gap lengths. This project was for
water treatment facility that installed envelope measures, including 132 feet of
commercial door weatherstripping and 80 feet of overhead door stripping. The linear
footage on the direct install agreement form (132 feet) matched the linear footage in
the tracking system; however, the linear footage of the three-eighths inch door gap
differed from the total linear footage on the room by room inventory page in the packet
(152 feet). Adjusting the linear length to 152 feet increased energy savings.

11.4.7.3 Lighting—Deemed

The *lighting—deemed* strata consists of lighting projects that strictly adhere to the deemed lighting AOH and CF outlined in the TRM. The deemed lighting strata consisted of 95 projects with over 4,235 MWh of claimed savings. Twelve desk reviews and site visits were conducted for all of them on this stratum, with four adjustments to the claimed savings.

- Participant ID 223008 savings adjustment for operating hours. This project was for
 a former school (now men's shelter) that replaced interior fluorescent, incandescent,
 exit signs, and exterior metal halide lighting with LED lighting. The on-site inspection
 found that the building was not in use and would not be used until 2023. Operating
 hours and CF for interior non-exit lighting were set to 5 percent of annual hours for a
 conservative estimate on a non-occupied building. This adjustment significantly
 reduced energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 323003 savings adjustment for nonqualified fixtures. This project
 was for a school that replaced integrated LED and linear fluorescent lamps with LED
 fixtures and lamps throughout the interior and exterior of the school. A quantity of eight
 screw LED lamps (Entegrity model ENLED-A19-008W-50K-D, ES ID 2312449) was
 found to be ENERGY STAR-certified but was not included in the reported savings.
 Including these fixtures increased energy and demand savings.



- Participant ID 323004 savings adjustment for nonqualified fixtures and installed quantities. This project was for a school that replaced integrated LED and fluorescent fixtures with LED fixtures throughout the interior and exterior of the school. A quantity of two screw LED lamps (Entegrity model ENLED-A19-008W-50K-D, ES ID 2312449) was found to be ENERGY STAR-certified but was not included in the reported savings. This adjustment increased energy and demand savings. Also, the on-site inspection found the quantity of ENLED-A19-010W-40K-D lamps installed was one instead of the reported two. Adjusting the quantities resulted in slightly increased energy and demand savings.
- Participant ID 323005 savings adjustment for installed quantities. This project was for a school that replaced *integrated LED*, and *fluorescent fixtures* with *LED fixtures* throughout the interior and exterior of the school. A quantity of three *CFLs* in the press box was found *not retrofitted* during the on-site inspection. Removing these lamps from the evaluated savings resulted in slightly decreased energy and demand savings.

11.4.7.4 Lighting—Non-Deemed

The *lighting—non-deemed* strata consisted of lighting projects with an AOH or CF tracked in the tracking system different from the deemed TRM value. These TRM value differences sometimes consist of 8,760-hour safety lighting for individual projects or custom estimated AOH for each facility area. A total of six projects were in the *non-deemed lighting* strata, which accounted for over 422 MWh of claimed savings. Four desk reviews and three site visits were conducted on this stratum with three adjustments to the claimed savings.

- Participant ID 123007 adjustment for a calculation error and illuminated wall length. This project was for a new construction high school that installed LED lighting, a 30 ton VRF heat recovery unit, a 22,000 Btu/hr mini-split heat pump, and a heat recovery wheel. As a result of the desk review two adjustments to quantities were made:
 - The illuminated wall length was adjusted for the exterior lighting from 319.3 ft to 270.8 ft. A 51.83 ft. segment was included in the illuminated wall length for the reported savings that does not have any fixtures installed. This adjustment decreased energy savings.
 - For the energy recovery ventilator, some of the psychrometric properties obtained by Tetra Tech differed from those obtained in the ex-ante calculation. The evaluated savings calculated the outdoor air enthalpy as 43.646 Btu/lb, while the ex-ante analysis had 43.8. For the leaving air enthalpy, the evaluated savings calculated 34.852, while the ex-ante savings had 34.9. These adjustments resulted in lower energy and demand savings.

Overall, these adjustments resulted in decreased energy and demand savings.



- Participant ID 123008 savings adjustment for installed quantities, calculation type and area. This project was for a new construction indoor practice facility that installed ten *air conditioners* and one *heat pump* and *LED lighting*. As a result of the desk review and the site visit; three adjustments to quantities were made:
 - The interior building area in Building A was adjusted from 20,008 sq. ft. to 17,664 sq. ft. based on the engineering drawings. The total adjustments decreased energy savings.
 - For the exterior lighting savings on "01-White Hall NC Wall Packs, 135," the evaluated savings were much lower than the reported savings. The EM&V team believes this differs from how the non-qualified fixtures were handled. Following the most recent agreed-upon non-qualified treatment reduced the energy savings for this measure.
 - During the on-site inspection, fewer fixtures were installed in the laundry and TLT areas than specified in the project documentation. The tracking system specified three Lightoiler P4R fixtures installed in the TLT area, but the on-site inspection found two fixtures installed. In the laundry area, the tracking system specified two Signify FSS440L840 and eleven Signify 2CAXG54L840 fixtures, while the on-site inspection found one and six fixtures installed, respectively. Adjusting these quantities resulted in slightly increased energy and demand savings.

Overall, these adjustments resulted in decreased energy and demand savings.

Participant ID 423007 savings adjustment for fixture input wattage. This project was for new construction at a school district's administration building that installed LED lighting and 7 x 24,000 Btuh, 36,000 Btuh, and 47,000 Btuh split units. The wattage for 20 LED fixtures (LCAT22-35HLG-EDU & LCAT22-35HLG-EDU-ELL14) was adjusted from 32 W to 35 W per the DLC listing. 18 LED fixtures (5160-24-H16-35K) were adjusted from 10 W to 16 W per the product specification; these fixtures were non-qualified, but the input wattage affects the baseline allowance. These adjustments slightly decreased energy and demand savings.

11.4.8 Program Website and Documentation Review

To understand the PIS program, the EM&V team interviewed program staff and reviewed all information available on EAL's website related to the program and supplemental documentation provided by EAL and CLEAResult. The EM&V team received the following documentation related to the program:

- ArchEE data tracking system extract containing PY2022 participant information and savings;
- Quality Control and Assurance Manual for EAL commercial programs, dated February 1, 2023;
- PY2022 Program Manual for the Public Institutions Solutions program obtained from the EAL website; and
- Overhead door weatherstripping deemed savings methodology and calculations.



11.4.8.1 Program Website Review

Information found on the PIS program website includes a general description of the program, such as eligibility and how participation works. The website also provides a list of eligible measures and their incentive discounts. Example projects at an elementary school and a wastewater facility are displayed along with the estimated energy savings, incentive amount, and utility cost savings. A copy of the program manual was easily found on the website. A search link is provided to find a participating trade ally by zip code lookup. Health and safety guidelines that employees and trade allies will follow in response to COVID-19 were also displayed at the top of the page.

11.4.8.2 Program Documentation Review

The EM&V team received program-related documentation—key to understanding the program and participation processes—including the PY2022 Program Manual and Quality Control and Assurance Manual. Key documents to understanding the program savings methodologies and measuring-level savings include the project-level files, ArchEE data, TRM 9.0, supplementary deemed savings methodologies for *overhead door weatherstripping*, and ongoing reviews with EAL and CLEAResult staff.

The project details and documentation collected by EAL, the implementer, and trade allies for many sampled projects are sufficiently extensive. As bulleted in the section above, the critical baseline and new equipment assumptions—drivers of the *prescriptive* measure savings—are well described in trade ally proposals and equipment inventories. Additional documents collected at project approval support the equipment quantities and performance metrics. The documentation included invoices (support claimed quantities, equipment make, and models) and manufacturers' specification sheets (confirm equipment makes, models, sizes, types, efficiencies). These are industry-standard best practices for documentation collection, which reduce the uncertainty of the project savings assumptions and development.

The EM&V team found that documentation, in most cases, matched the data recorded in the ArchEE tracking system. Equipment type, quantities, and in most cases, building/space conditions were accurately recorded compared to the efficient technology data and project file documentation reviewed. Also, across projects, most project files contained similar documentation. Most project files had, at a minimum, the signed customer proposal and project agreement. The proposal typically included the list of retrofit measures, with pre- and postconditions and equipment parameters identified. Some files included multiple copies (e.g., initial proposal, final proposal) depending on whether the scope had changed during project development. Many project files included pre- and post-inspection forms with field inspector notes indicating site results. Many projects also included pre- and post-installation photographic documentation. Photos were included with some proposals and inspection reports, but not all. Except for direct install projects, all project files included invoices. All invoices were found to have measure-level cost breakdowns, which helped support and confirm project details. Documentation of site-stipulated AOH was included in project file requests for the four projects that used stipulated AOH. In PY2022, the EM&V team found the project documentation was consistently more thorough than previous evaluations, and as a result, additional data requests to the implementer remained low compared to prior evaluations.

The project proposals include various details; however, the EM&V team would recommend adding other key parameters captured at the site used for savings calculations—these include building type and heating and cooling space types.

PY2022 saw an improvement in the documentation's consistency for the make and model of all lighting products. Model numbers were often found on the work order forms and in all invoices with itemized quantities. DLC and ENERGY STAR certification sheets were also included for most lighting models. However, most lighting projects did not include the manufacturers' specification (spec) sheets. Manufacturers' specifications sheets are essential for LED exit signs because DLC or ENERGY STAR certification sheets are not available for these types of lights. As *lighting* measures contribute a significant portion of the program savings, documents that support key variables that are a driver of *lighting* measure savings include the post-installation lighting wattage. Having manufacturer's specification sheets would increase clarity between similar lighting types that may differ by color temperature, voltage, and other features that can impact the equipment's qualification and fixture input wattage.

11.5 DETAILED PROCESS EVALUATION RESULTS

As part of the PY2022 evaluation for the program, the EM&V team conducted 59 telephone surveys with recent program participants. In addition to process information, the participant survey included a series of structured questions to assess free-ridership and participant spillover for the NTG evaluation.

11.5.1 Respondent Firmographics

Most survey participants were educational facilities serving students in kindergarten through grade 12 (23 percent), educational—other (12 percent), and higher education (5 percent). Office and police, fire, and 911 services were the next most common responses (14 percent and 9 percent, respectively). Figure 20 shows the main business activity of participant respondents. Almost 90 percent of respondents reported owning the facility at which the program upgrades were installed. Participants, on average, had 156 full-time employees and 64 part-time employees and ranged from one to 4,000 full-time employees and one to 1,000 part-time employees. All but one participant surveyed also reported that their organization makes fiscal decisions at the local level (one participant makes decisions at the regional level). All but three participants said that their organizations do not have a formal payback period or return-on-investment requirements needed to approve energy efficiency projects (94 percent). Approximately one-third of the participants reported experiencing challenges related to making energy-saving improvements. Of those facing challenges, 70 percent mentioned cost or budget limitations as significant challenges.

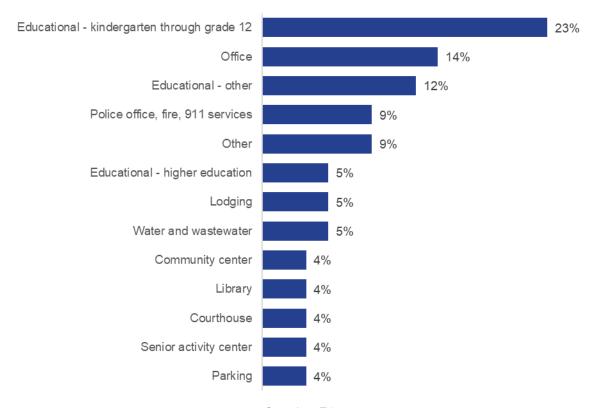


Figure 20. Main Business Activity for Respondents in the Public Institutions Solutions Program (n=57)

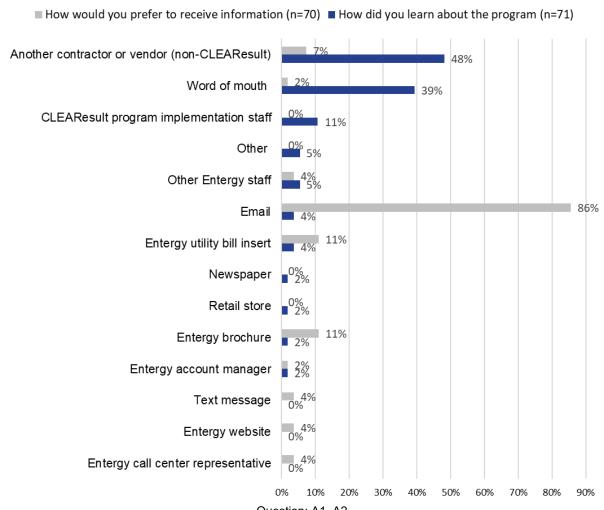
Question: E1
**Don't know and refused responses excluded.

The trade allies interviewed provided various services focused mainly on lighting and electrical service, and the two *CoolSaver* contractors were traditional HVAC companies. Trade allies we talked to employ an average of 21 employees, ranging from 4 to 70 employees. Trade allies mentioned serving all commercial customers, including working with small businesses, public and private organizations, food service, retail spaces, and municipal buildings. Seven trade allies interviewed currently work in territories served by other utilities besides EAL, and an additional four said they work mainly in EAL's territory.

11.5.2 Program Marketing

Nearly one-half of respondents reported learning about the PIS program through a contractor or vendor (48 percent). The next most frequently mentioned sources were word of mouth from friends or family (39 percent), followed by program implementation staff (11 percent). In contrast, respondents reported preferring to receive information about the program via email (86 percent). Other preferred methods included through their utility bill or brochure (11 percent each). Figure 21 illustrates respondents' actual method of awareness and preferred sources of information.

Figure 21. Source of Awareness and Preferred Methods for the Public Institutions Solutions
Program



Question: A1, A2
*Multiple responses were allowed.
**Don't know and refused responses excluded.

Trade allies were divided when characterizing the level of program awareness among customers. Some trade allies consider the program well-known and continue to have repeat customers who ask about the program. Others find that customers are unaware of it and have difficulty believing the utility will give them money to make energy-efficient improvements. Ways of promoting the program varied by trade ally. One contractor mentioned promoting the program by a banner hanging on their wall, another said they rely on word of mouth to advertise the program, one makes cold calls to stir up business, and a fourth is active on social media. As mentioned in more detail below, three trade allies have indicated they no longer promote the program because it is no longer in their best interest.

11.5.3 Participant Experience

Nearly 90 percent of participants surveyed reported experiencing no obstacles or barriers while in the program. Two of the six participants who experienced challenges in the program noted issues associated with insects, preventing work from being done. Two respondents mentioned their thermostat equipment, one needed additional training on how to use it, and one needed someone to come out to replace the thermostat that stopped working. The remaining two had problems with the contractor, with one mentioning there were long periods where they did not hear from the implementation staff.

Trade allies' experiences with the program were mixed. One-half of the trade allies discussed frustrations with the program and experienced problems this year. Those trade allies tended to be involved in the program for more than ten years (compared to five years for those who have not experienced problems). Contractors cited poor communication (five respondents) and delays in processing applications, which have been increasingly more complicated (4 respondents) and involved too much paperwork (4 respondents) as reasons for their frustrations. Additional feedback included delays in receiving their incentive checks (3 respondents) and unchanged rebate amounts compared to increased equipment prices (1 respondent). Work that the implementation contractor used to do, such as pre- and post-work has shifted to the trade ally. These experiences have negatively impacted trade allies in that three indicated they no longer use the program for small projects; it is not worth their time and energy to work through the program. Two trade allies said they direct customers to the POPS program, where they can bypass the application process. As one contractor stated, it is "not very cost-effective for us to run the incentive program anymore."

Those who have had positive experiences with the program report regular interactions with program staff; the staff has been pleasant; and the interactions are positive. The communications were mainly through email, and the inquiries were responded to quickly.

For the most part, COVID-19 pandemic-related issues have not impacted equipment availability. Alternative equipment can typically be found for any material that is delayed. One trade ally mentioned changing their recommendations based on product availability, but the alternative technology remained program eligible. A few times, the DLC changed which lamps were qualified, which was seen as having a more significant impact.

11.5.4 Satisfaction

Overall, participants rated their satisfaction with the program highly. Ninety-eight percent of participants said they were either *very satisfied* or *satisfied* with the PIS program overall. Only one respondent (two percent) said they were *dissatisfied* with the program. This dissatisfaction appears to revolve around communication and going long periods of not hearing from anybody and, after an email, another long period of not hearing.

Five other customers felt there were things EAL could do differently to improve their experiences with the program. Two cited changes in equipment, with one indicating the program was limited and thought *windows* could be added to the program. Another preferred *fixtures* and *lighting* installed at the same time but only received *lighting*. Two recommended program changes included more timely delivery of the program and more direct contact. The last one wanted a change to the [unspecified] contractor.

In addition to overall program satisfaction, customers were satisfied with EAL as their electric service provider. Ninety percent of customers were either *very satisfied* or *satisfied* with EAL. Only two respondents (four percent) indicated *dissatisfaction* with their service provider. Figure 22 shows satisfaction ratings with the program and EAL.

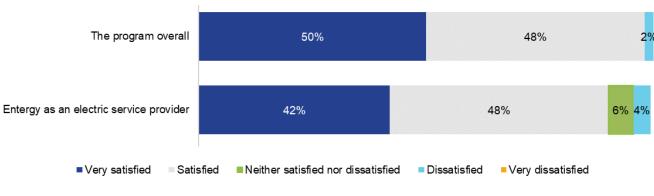


Figure 22. Participant Satisfaction with the Public Institution Solution Program and Entergy

Question: Sat3, Sat5
*Don't know and refused responses are excluded.

Figure 23 shows satisfaction ratings relating to specific aspects of participants' experiences with the program, including the incentive amount (or discount) received, the application process, the support provided by implementation staff, the length of time it took to receive the incentive, the contractor who installed program measures (or performed services), the performance of the equipment serviced, the process to schedule services, and the usefulness of the program's energy audit if one was conducted. Similar to overall program satisfaction, satisfaction ratings were high across all specific program aspects, with at least 88 percent of respondents saying they were *very satisfied* or *satisfied* with each aspect. The ten percent *dissatisfaction* with the contractor who performed the *tune-up* and the *cooling system's performance* since the tune-up was from the same customer. This customer was unhappy with the contractor and felt they should not be part of the program.

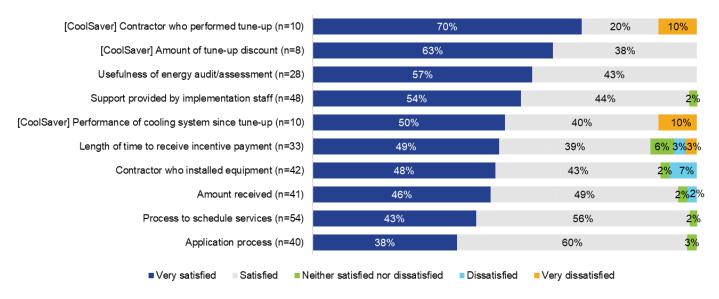


Figure 23. Participant Satisfaction with Program Aspects—Public Institutions Solutions Program

Question: Sat1.
*Don't know, not applicable and refused responses are excluded.

Trade allies reported high overall satisfaction with the program, with an average rating of 3.9 on a scale of 5, where 1 is not at all satisfied and 5 is very satisfied. Satisfaction with interactions with program and implementation staff and the information and support received through the program averaged 3.6 (from ten respondents), and the type and variety of equipment eligible for the program averaged 4.3 (from five respondents). While satisfaction with the program seemed high, trade allies noted several areas where the program could be improved. The most mentioned improvement (mentioned by five) centered around the incentive payment process, specifically, the long delays in getting payment and the payment method. Trade allies were interested and excited to have a direct deposit option as an improvement in the following program year. Communication was also an area mentioned for improvement. Three trade allies felt communication with implementation staff could be improved. Trade allies talked about how it is difficult to speak with a live person, and communication is directed to email. Once an email is sent, it could take days to get a response or multiple emails to resolve one issue. Other recommended improvements included streamlining the process (two respondents), additional training, especially when rolling out new features like the online submissions (one respondent). and improvements to the new construction portion (one respondent). One contractor in the CoolSaver measures felt the requirement around the refrigerant could be eliminated as it is not required in territories outside Entergy Arkansas.

Regarding incentive amounts, two trade allies had suggestions. One indicated EAL could incentivize fixtures a little better than tubes. While they felt the incentives were fair, the second trade ally thought the incentive amounts were low for the PIS program, specifically for daycares and nonprofit organizations with classrooms.

11.6 NET-TO-GROSS RESULTS

11.6.1 Net-to-Gross Process

NTG was assessed via self-reports through the participant customer survey based on the guidance outlined in Protocol F of the Arkansas TRM 9.0. The sample frame for the survey consisted of customers who installed energy-saving upgrades for qualifying measures through the program between January 2021 and June 2022, ⁸¹ stratified into three six-month participation periods. To limit the potential for recall issues, only participants in the preceding 12 months (July 2021–June 2022) were asked free-ridership questions and included in the free-ridership assessment. Spillover was assessed for participants who installed energy-efficient upgrades in the two less recent six-month periods to allow more time for potential spillover effects to occur (January 2021–December 2021).

The EM&V team randomly sampled participating customers over this timeframe for participation in the survey, ensuring that participants were drawn equally across periods. If a sampled participant installed more than one type of energy-efficient upgrade through the program, we randomly selected two rebated measures per participant for inclusion in the survey.

In total, 47 participants were surveyed on free-ridership, and 48 participants were surveyed on spillover based on their date of participation. Table 163 summarizes the number of measures ultimately evaluated by measure and participation period.

Table 163. Summary of Measures Evaluated by Participation Period for the Public Institutions
Solutions Program

Participation		Measures ev	/aluated
period	Measure category	Free-ridership	Spillover
January 2021-	Custom	N/A	0
June 2021	Domestic hot water	N/A	0
	Envelope	N/A	0
	HVAC	N/A	0
	Lighting	N/A	8
	Thermostat	N/A	9
	Tune-up	N/A	7
	Total	N/A	24

⁸¹ Project dates were determined by using ArchEE data snapshots downloaded on July 1, 2021, and July 1, 2022 for partial year data, and the final ArchEE data for PY2022.



Participation		Measures ev	/aluated
period	Measure category	Free-ridership	Spillover
July 2021-	Custom	5	5
December 2021	Domestic hot water	1	1
	Envelope	1	1
	HVAC	0	0
	Lighting	9	9
	Thermostat	4	4
	Tune-up	4	4
	Total	24	24
January 2022-	Custom	1	N/A
June 2022	Domestic hot water	0	N/A
	Envelope	0	N/A
	HVAC	1	N/A
	Lighting	9	N/A
	Thermostat	7	N/A
	Tune-up	5	N/A
	Total	23	N/A

The survey included a series of structured questions about the participant's decision to pursue rebated energy-efficient upgrades to estimate free-ridership. As the Arkansas TRM does not allow for partial-free-riders, participants were either classified as full-free-riders (100 percent free-ridership) or non-free-riders (0 percent free-ridership) based on their responses to these decision-making questions. Table 164 below shows the survey questions that were used to classify free riders.

Table 164. Self-Report Free-Ridership Survey Questions

Survey question	Response options
FR2. Before learning about the <program> program, was your</program>	01 Yes
organization already planning to purchase and install the <measure> project in <year>?</year></measure>	02 No
If CoolSaver: Before learning about the discount available through	88 Don't know
the <program>, was your organization already planning to have a high level <measure> performed in the same year?</measure></program>	99 Refused
FR3. If the program incentive/discount had not been available, would	01 Yes
your <year> budget have accommodated the full cost of the <measure>?</measure></year>	02 No
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused

Survey question	Response options	
FR4. If the incentive/discount or other assistance from the program	01 Same [SKIP TO FR7]	
had not been available, would you still have purchased the exact same <measure> project, or would you have purchased something</measure>	02 Different	
different?	88 Don't know	
	99 Refused	
FR5. [ASK IF FR4 <> 1] Would you have purchased and installed any	01 Yes	
<pre><measure> at all? If CoolSaver: If the discount had not been available, would you still</measure></pre>	02 No	
have purchased any <measure>?</measure>	88 Don't know	
	99 Refused	
FR6. [ASK IF FR5 = 1] Would it have been the same level/efficiency,	01 Same level of efficiency	
higher level/efficiency, or lower level/efficiency?	02 Higher efficiency	
	03 Lower efficiency	
	88 Don't know	
	99 Refused	
FR7. [ASK IF FR4 = 1 OR FR5 = 1] If the incentive/discount or other	01 At the same time or sooner	
assistance from the program had not been available, when would you have installed/performed the <measure>? Would you have</measure>	02 Within one year	
installed/performed it	03 One to two years later	
	04 Three to five years later	
	05 More than five years later	
	88 Don't know	
	99 Refused	

We followed the same criteria for classifying free riders as used in prior evaluation research for consistency and comparability with prior evaluation results. To be classified as a full-free-rider, respondents must have indicated all the following conditions; any respondent that did not meet all three of these conditions was classified as a non-free-rider:

- were already planning to purchase and install the project in the same year before learning about the program (FR2 = 1),
- budget would have accommodated the full cost of project in the absence of the program rebate (FR3 = 1), and
- would have purchased the same or higher efficiency measure within one year in the absence of the program ((FR4 = 1 OR (FR6 = 1 OR 2)) AND (FR7 = 1 OR 2)).

The participant survey also included several consistency checks to verify a participant's freeridership status. These consistency checks are intended to provide additional information about the participant's decision to install the program provided measures and are used to substantiate their classification as a full-free-rider or non-free-rider. Consistency check questions include whether the participant received a recommendation to install a piece of equipment and how influential that recommendation was on their decision and how influential the program incentive and other assistance were on their decision to install the program measure.

To assess spillover, the survey asked about recent installations of any additional energy-efficient improvements since program participation that were made *without* financial assistance from EAL. Respondents were then asked how important their experience in EAL's PIS program was on their decision to install these additional improvements. Full savings resulting from the measure were attributed to the program as spillover if the respondent said, *very important*, and one-half-savings were attributed to the program if the respondent said, *somewhat important*. Respondents stating that their experience was *not at all important* or *not very important* received no spillover savings. We used a conservative approach and quantified spillover savings only for measures eligible for commercial EAL incentives and excluded *lighting* measures. *Lighting* was excluded from this analysis due to upstream lighting rebates provided through other EAL programs; in many cases, customers may not be aware that the lighting they purchase is already discounted by EAL. Per-unit savings for qualified measures were estimated based on average savings values for similar measures in EAL's PIS program participant tracking data.

Free-ridership and spillover rates were estimated for each respondent using the methodology described above. Individual free-ridership and spillover rates were then weighted to adjust for proportional sampling differences, non-response, and gross energy savings to calculate overall estimates representative of the program population. NTG ratios were then calculated using the following equation:

NTG Ratio = 1 - Free-Ridership + Spillover

11.6.2 Detailed Results

Inclusive of free-ridership and spillover, the participant survey resulted in an overall NTG ratio of 99 percent. One respondent had identifiable free-ridership and one respondent had spillover attributable to the program, resulting in an overall NTG ratio of 99 percent. Interviews with trade allies corroborate this finding with the majority of trade allies interviewed saying that their sales and installations of energy-efficient equipment would have been lower in the past 12 months in the absence of the program (7 of 11 respondents). Table 165 below summarizes NTG results.

Table 165. Summary of Net-to-Gross Results for Public Institutions Solutions

Measure category	Free-ridership	Spillover	NTG
CoolSaver measures	3.9%	1.4%	97.6%
Non-CoolSaver measures	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Program overall	1.6%	0.8%	99.2%

11.6.2.1 Free-Ridership

Table 166 below presents free-ridership results. Feedback from participants suggests that the program was highly influential in most participants' decision to install energy-efficient measures. Three respondents said they were planning to purchase but that the audit they received was useful and attributable to the program. Hence, these customers are considered non-free-riders. One respondent said they were planning on having a *tune-up* done within the year and had the funds already allocated to do so and would have done the exact same *tune-up*. This respondent was considered a full free-rider.

Table 166. Free-Ridership Results for Public Institutions Solutions Program

Surveyed (n)	Free-ridership
48	1.6%

11.6.2.2 Spillover

Seven respondents said they installed additional energy-efficient measures without an EAL incentive. Only one respondent had savings we could quantify. One respondent indicated they installed another *thermostat* without a program incentive and that the program was influential. This customer stated they did not use the EAL program because the program would not do the installation. For the other customers where we did not qualify spillover, one installed *LED lights* at his home, which we excluded since we did not know they were purchased through the upstream program. Five others could not recall what equipment they installed, so we could not quantify any spillover. Table 167 presents the spillover results from the participant survey.

Table 167. Participant Spillover Results for Public Institutions Solutions Program

Surveyed (n)	Spillover
47	0.8%

11.7 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The ArchEE tracking system was the primary tool for checking claimed savings and performing evaluation savings calculations across a participant census. The tracking system contained the key assumptions and parameters necessary for calculating measure savings. After performing evaluation savings calculations across all measures claimed by the PIS program, the EM&V team found discrepancies in some measure categories. Those discrepancies that had the most considerable impact on program savings were discrepancies found during the tracking system data review and project-level engineering reviews for *tune-up* and *lighting control* measures, as detailed above.

The EM&V team calculated savings across the program measures based on the tracking data review and desk review results. The overall PIS program evaluated savings resulted in slightly lower energy and demand savings than those calculated by the program implementer (95.5 percent kilowatt-hour and 96.5 percent kilowatt realization rates). The evaluated savings are based on the results of savings calculations and adjustments made across the tracking system and supplemented by the results of the 30 sampled accounts, as discussed above. *Tune-up* measure savings were based on a comprehensive tracking system review.

The overall realization rates were affected most by variances between the claimed and evaluated savings (kilowatt and kilowatt-hour) from one *envelope* measure where the direct-install lengths of *weatherstripping* were not tracked consistently through the project and *lighting* projects where different fixture types or quantities were found during site visits. Another major contributor to savings adjustments was from *Wi-Fi thermostat* measures due to incorrect energy and demand savings values used for *heat pumps* in reported savings.

Table 168 shows that *lighting* measures had the most considerable variances while the *tune-up* measures had the most significant portion of ex-ante and ex-post savings.

Table 168. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Final Evaluated Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Strata

	Ex-ante savings		Ex-post savings Realization rate		Ex-post savings		
Strata	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	Data source
Custom—CEI	210.6	2,920,350	210.6	2,921,962	100.0%	100.1%	Desk reviews
Custom—other	90.2	570,893	86.7	570,965	96.2%	100.0%	Desk reviews
Lighting— deemed	693.6	4,235,413	585.9	3,324,464	84.5%	78.5%	Desk reviews and site visits
Lighting—non- deemed	78.0	422,157	75.5	403,818	96.9%	95.7%	Desk reviews and site visits
Other	157.2	1,616,887	157.2	1,644,191	100.0%	101.7%	Desk reviews and site visits
Tune-ups	1,642.2	10,632,090	1,654.5	10,614,041	100.7%	99.8%	Tracking system and M&V review
Total	2,871.9	20,397,791	2,770.6	19,479,440	96.5%	95.5%	

11.8 QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCESSES

EAL worked with the implementer CLEAResult to develop a quality management process for all EAL commercial programs. This process can be used for projects with or without a trade ally.

For trade-ally projects, CLEAResult emphasizes trade ally training to remind trade allies of program processes, technical requirements for measures, application requirements, and awareness of the QC process. QC protocols include clear pass/fail thresholds for addressing trade ally performance. During the post-inspection any project (trade-ally-driven or not), the fail condition results if the work scope is significantly incomplete, the efficient measures are found to be ineligible, or there are safety or code issues with the installation. A failed project causes the trade ally to be removed from the reduced inspection rate list that the program maintains and is put under probationary status. Once a trade ally is removed, that contractor must complete five consecutive projects without "failures" to be returned to the reduced inspection rate list. For a trade ally to qualify for the reduced inspection rate, they must complete five consecutive projects without a failure as determined by the program implementer.

Customers must sign a customer agreement to be eligible for the program; as part of this agreement, the customer is willing to allow a field inspector to perform a QC inspection. These inspections could happen to any project regardless of scope. An inspection form was developed to perform standardized and consistent inspections to ensure the equipment is being used following the guidelines outlined in the customer agreement.

Below are the steps that are followed during the QA/QC process, as outlined in the Quality Control and Assurance Process Manual:

- enrollment and customer verification,
- project documentation and completeness review,
- pre-engineering QC and approval,
- pre-installation inspection,
- pre-installation inspection corrections—trade-ally-driven projects,
- post-installation QC,
- post-installation inspection,
- post-installation inspection corrections—trade-ally-driven projects,
- post-engineering approval, and
- post-project review and closeout.

For all projects, the QA/QC process begins with verification that customers are eligible for participation in the program. Next, project documentation (including contact information, signed proposal, W9 forms, and pre-installation photos) is verified to be complete. Following the documentation check, the engineering team at CLEAResult checks to ensure that the project is installing eligible equipment and that savings parameters and calculations are accurate. For QA, the program staff also conducts reviews of each incentive application. After the engineering QC check, proposals that do not pass all aspects of the review are rejected and sent back for completion.

The next stage in the QA/QC process occurs during the pre-installation inspection stage, where pre-installation inspections are conducted to confirm pre-installation conditions. These inspections are completed for 100 percent of custom projects and the largest (approximately ten percent) trade-ally projects identified by kilowatt-hour savings. For the PIS program, larger projects are defined as those with savings estimated at over 150,000 kWh. Inspections are also completed for all *prescriptive* projects submitted by a non-trade ally or submitted by a trade ally under probation. A minimum of ten percent of all other projects between 10,000 and 150,000 kWh are also inspected. Also, for trade allies who are not under probationary status, at least ten percent of their total project quantities submitted are pre- or post-inspected. Any findings during the pre-inspection stage are returned to the trade ally to make corrections before the project may proceed.

Following the installation of the project, a post-installation QC check is performed via a review of documentation to verify invoicing, any changes to the project, and a review of submitted photos. Any findings during this QC check are once again returned to the trade ally to make corrections before the project may proceed. An on-site inspection is then conducted following the same sampling methodology as detailed in the pre-installation inspection above.

At the final stage of the process, a final engineering review of the post-installation notes, completeness of documentation, and post-inspection photos is performed. Project savings calculations or incentives are adjusted as appropriate. When this is complete, the project and all required documentation are submitted to EAL for approval and closeout.

As part of the PIS program evaluation activities, the EM&V team assessed the program's documentation and the 30 sampled projects used to inform the impact evaluation. The documentation included:

- · program manual;
- program tracking system/database extracts;
- supplemental project-level documentation:
 - customer proposals and project agreements,
 - o invoices,
 - o pre-inspection form (where applicable),
 - post-inspection form (where applicable), and
 - o photographic documentation (where applicable).

As noted in the prior sections, the EM&V team confirmed that the information presented in the ArchEE tracking system was mostly accurate compared to that in the project documentation. In general, the documentation provided project information that aligned with the stated QC goals, though the EM&V team found three specific areas for improvement:

- 1. Ensure photographic documentation provided is clear and legible and include nameplate photos of *lighting* model numbers and HVAC units, when possible,
- 2. Provide lighting specification sheets, and
- 3. Provide work orders and/or post-inspection reports on all projects.

12.0 AGRICULTURAL ENERGY SOLUTIONS

The Agricultural Energy Solutions (AES) program offers farmers and agricultural customers the opportunity to make their property more efficient by offering farm audits, incentives for energy efficiency improvements, and education of agricultural equipment suppliers. The AES program aims to produce long-term, cost-effective electric savings for agribusinesses by installing energy efficiency measures and replacing aging, inefficient equipment. The program is available—on an agricultural commercial or industrial rate schedule—to all nonresidential Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) agribusiness customers, including various poultry, dairy, cattle, swine, delta/row crops, aquaculture, and horticulture facilities.

Incentives are available for agricultural customers to install energy efficiency equipment when building a new facility or replace aging, inefficient equipment. The program offers incentives for custom projects; custom is a comprehensive and customized approach for farmers who have energy efficiency needs. In some cases, *custom* measures use a combination of site-specific parameters as well as methodologies outlined in the TRM 9.0.

The program uses a streamlined process designed to overcome barriers to implementing energy efficiency projects. These barriers include:

- lack of customer awareness of energy efficiency technologies, benefits, and project payback;
- limited resources to identify energy efficiency opportunities;
- limited access to financial capital;
- absence of tools to quantify energy savings; and
- limited availability of energy efficiency technologies.

In support of the impact evaluation, the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team conducted desk reviews on a randomly selected sample of eight projects and on-site measurement and verification (M&V) of two projects. Participant surveys were conducted with 17 participating customers to support the process and net-to-gross (NTG) evaluations.

Table 169. Agricultural Energy Solutions—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

		Gross impact evaluation completes				
NTG approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V	Metered data analysis ⁸²	
Updated from	Program staff interviews (2)	Census	10	283 (ride	None	
current evaluation research	Materials review Participant surveys (17)			alongs)		

12.1 KEY FINDINGS

From a process and NTG perspective, the program is operating as intended. Participating customers are satisfied with the program and the program was influential in customers making energy efficient improvements. Based on the program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022) program tracking data, ⁸⁴ the AES program reported implementing 8,066 *lighting* measures and 15 *lighting control* measures to 15 unique participants. Table 170 provides the program's participation and reported savings by measure category. In PY2022, *new construction lighting* projects provided the most savings for the program, similar to PY2021.

Table 170. Agricultural Energy Solutions Program—Reported Participation,
Measures, and Savings

Measure category	Participants	Measures (quantity)	Reported program savings (kWh)	Percentage of program savings (kWh)
Custom—new construction	9	6,702	10,514,612	90.6%
Custom—retrofit	9	1,364	322,934	2.8%
Custom—non-lighting	1	15	767,913	6.6%
Grand total	15	8,081	11,605,460	100.0%

In PY2022, the AES program reported 11,605 MWh in gross energy savings and 3.0 MW in gross demand savings, as shown in the table below. The AES program's evaluated savings resulted in slightly lower than reported energy savings and demand savings, resulting in realization rates of 97.0 percent and 98.1 percent for energy and demand savings respectively. The program has far exceeded the energy and demand goals, achieving 186 percent and 321 percent of energy and demand goals, respectively.

⁸⁴ The tracking system data extract is from February 7, 2023.



⁸² This column refers to EAL customer meter data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site M&V.

⁸³ The EM&V team conducted ride-alongs for two unique accounts for three completed projects during three separate site visits.

Table 171. Agricultural Energy Solutions Program—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	11,605	11,255	97.0%	99.0%	11,143	3.8%
Demand savings (MW)	3.0	2.9	98.1%	99.0%	2.9	3.1%

Table 172. Agricultural Energy Solutions Program—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	5,998	11,143	186%
Demand savings (MW)	0.9	2.9	321%

12.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team has identified six key findings and recommendations for consideration by EAL through the evaluation process.

Table 173. Agricultural Energy Solutions —PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Continue to work collaboratively with the EM&V team and seek review of large or unique <i>custom</i> projects.	Engaging the EM&V team early in the project timeline provides the opportunity to agree on calculation approaches, assumptions, and data collection needs for projects. This process has worked particularly well in developing assumptions and calculation methodology for large horticulture projects, which can be complex and unique.
	Recommendation 2: Collect heating and cooling documentation when present on site.	Several projects had discrepancies in the documentation on whether the buildings had heating and cooling and what type it was. When there is heating and cooling present, ensure documentation is collected to verify HVAC equipment (e.g., nameplate photos).
	Recommendation 3: Clearly define program requirements to determine if retrofit or new construction methodology should be used. If unclear which method should be used, consult the EM&V team to discuss and reach agreement.	The EM&V team found uncertainty surrounding one project to be considered eligible to use the <i>new construction savings methodology</i> for an <i>existing building</i> .

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
	Recommendation 4: Define additional measure descriptions to ArchEE to clarify measure type as the program expands with new measure offerings beyond <i>lighting</i> .	The current AES measures are listed in the ArchEE field MeasureDesc as custom—new construction, custom—retrofit, and custom—non-lighting. In PY2022, the measure description custom—non-lighting was used for a lighting controls measure. This recommendation persists from PY2020 and PY2021.
PY2022 process recommendations	Recommendation 5: Monitor the time it takes for incentive checks to be sent.	Overall, customers were satisfied with the program. The only obstacle that was mentioned was around the time it took to get an incentive check. Two customers experienced delays, although they remained satisfied with their program experience.
	Recommendation 6: Increase internal QA/QC practices.	The EM&V team found several errors on the post inspection forms. Increasing internal QA/QC practices and collecting sufficient project documentation may help mitigate these types of errors.

Table 174. Agricultural Energy Solutions Program—Status of Prior Year Recommendations

J	
Status of prior year re	commendations
PY2020 impact recommendations	 Follow the guidance in Appendix F of the TRM (Table F4) to determine exterior lighting power density in the calculation methodology for new construction exterior lighting. Continuing.
	 To clarify the measure type, define additional measure descriptions to ArchEE as the program expands with new measure offerings beyond lighting. Continuing.
PY2020 process recommendations	 Consider increasing documentation for <i>custom</i> projects to verify new building types, annual operating hours (AOH), and lighting end-use. Continuing.
PY2021 impact recommendations	 Define additional measure descriptions to ArchEE to clarify measure type as the program expands with new measure offerings beyond <i>lighting</i>. Continuing.
PY2021 process recommendations	 Continue to work collaboratively with the EM&V team and seek review of large custom projects. Continuing.

12.3 METHODOLOGY

12.3.1 Impact Evaluation

The evaluated savings results presented in this report are based on the results of savings calculations and adjustments made during the program documentation review, ten engineering desk reviews, and on-site M&V.

Program staff provided background information on the approach to energy savings, including savings calculations and data presented in those calculators and project close-out documents. The EM&V team also referred to relevant sections in TRM 9.0 to understand the savings methodology calculations used for *custom* projects and the general formulations of project savings approaches.

The EM&V team evaluated ICF's savings calculations by reviewing the program tracking data and project documentation to confirm the savings methodology and results, repeating the calculation steps to verify accuracy.

12.3.1.1 Desk Reviews

The EM&V team generated a stratified sample by measure category and then randomly selected projects. The desk review sample consisted of five *retrofit lighting* and five *new construction lighting* projects. The eight⁸⁵ sampled desk reviews also included two on-site M&V projects for PY2022. Eight accounts were sampled for reviews, with most having multiple measures tracked in ArchEE. A total of 30 measures in ArchEE were in the sample, approximately 59 percent of the recorded measures. These sampled projects represented gross savings of 5,499,937 kWh; 47 percent of the total AES recorded gross savings. The sampling was conducted by stratifying the participants by measure category and randomly selecting projects.

The EM&V team found that the approaches used to calculate savings were generally reasonable. The *lighting* calculation workbooks were comprehensive, detailed, high quality, and followed good industry practices. As a result, the EM&V team utilized the underlying calculation approaches to verify savings.

12.3.1.2 Site Visit Ride-Alongs

The EM&V team also coordinated post-installation site visits with program implementation staff as part of the PY2022 impact evaluation. These site visits were conducted with ICF program staff to reduce the burden on program participants and manage biosecurity access issues while allowing both the EM&V team and implementation staff to gather necessary post-installation data points.

⁸⁵ Two accounts implemented both *retrofit* and *new construction* projects.



12.3.2 Process and Net-to-Gross Evaluation

The EM&V team utilized a participant survey to inform the process and NTG evaluation. The survey included a series of questions that investigated sources of awareness and preferred methods of communication, participation experiences, program satisfaction, and firmographics to address the process evaluation. The survey also included a series of structured questions about the participant's decision to pursue rebated energy-efficient upgrades to calculate the NTG rate. The EM&V team based the savings and calculations on those outlined in TRM 9.0 EM&V Protocols.

Where possible, to address recall concerns, TRM 9.0 recommends using a staggered data collection approach to collecting free-ridership and spillover information. Free-ridership is best assessed when asking about program participation as close as possible to the participation dates, while spillover is best assessed after a reasonable amount of time has passed to allow for additional energy savings activities to occur.

With these considerations in mind, the EM&V team stratified the sample frame for the participant survey into three six-month participation periods: January 2021 to June 2021, July 2021 to December 2021, and January 2022 to June 2022. Only participants in the two most recent periods (July 2021 to June 2022) were asked free-ridership questions and included in the free-ridership assessment, limiting recall issues. Only those who installed energy-efficient upgrades within the first two six-month periods received spillover questions to allow more time for potential spillover effects to occur (January 2021 to December 2021). Research from prior EAL program evaluations suggests that spillover rates in the most recent period are much lower when participants are asked about any energy-saving activities performed outside of the program compared to other participation periods. All respondents received process-related questions.

Due to the low number of program participants, the EM&V sampled a census of all participants in the sample frame. In total, the EM&V team surveyed 17 participants on free-ridership and 30 participants on spillover based on their date of participation. Table 175 illustrates the number of unique program participants per period and their kilowatt-hour savings.

Table 175. Agricultural Energy Solutions Program NTG/Process Participant Survey Sample Plan

		Count of	Donoutod	Survey questions			
Participation period			(ex-ante) kwh	Free- ridership	Spillover	Process	
January	New construction	11	3,502,701			Yes	
2021-June	Retrofit	16	792,471	No	Yes		
2021	Total	27	4,295,172				
July 2021-	New construction	1	9,080,510	Yes	Yes	Yes	
December	Retrofit	2	49,952				
2021	Total	3	9,130,462				
January	New construction	8	6,252,556	Yes	No	Yes	
2022-June	Retrofit	6	162,274				
2022	Total	14	6,414,830				
Total		44	19,840,464				

The EM&V team implemented the participant survey through our in-house Survey Research Center via computer-assisted telephone interviews. A total of 17 surveys were completed, averaging ten minutes in length. Telephone surveys occurred between August 2 and August 12, 2022.

Table 176. Agricultural Energy Solutions Program—Participant Survey Response Rate

Disposition	Total
Sample	39
Not a utility customer	0
Eligible sample	39
Does not recall participating	2
Refusal	6
Language barrier	0
Bad number	0
Not completed	14
Completed	17
Response rate	
Response rate (completed/eligible sample)	43.6%

12.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

12.4.1 Reported Savings Methodology

The AES program's savings algorithms and approaches followed standard industry practice and TRM requirements for *custom* projects. There were distinct differences in the savings algorithms for *new construction lighting* and *retrofit lighting*. Using standard TRM algorithms for *lighting* projects involving heated spaces, a therm heating penalty was calculated. The details of each approach are described below.

12.4.1.1 New Construction Lighting

New construction lighting projects calculated savings based on an assumed lighting power density (LPD) of 0.8 W per sq. ft. This LPD was developed in 2015 between EAL, ICF, and the EM&V team. The algorithms for savings are:

$$kWh_{savings} = AOH \times \frac{LPD * Sq.Ft. - Installed Watts}{1.000} \times IEF_e$$

where:

AOH = custom annual operating hours of the lit space

Sq. Ft. = square footage of the lit space

LPD = 0.8 W per square foot



Installed Watts = sum of efficient lighting watts installed in the lit space

*IEF*_e = interactive effects factor for energy based on heating and

cooling types

$$kW_{savings} = c.f. \times \frac{LPD * Sq.Ft. - Installed Watts}{1.000} \times IEF_d$$

where:

c.f. = coincidence factor (CF), typically 0.77

 IEF_d = interactive effects factor for energy based on heating and

cooling types

$$therm_{penalty} = IEF_g * kWh_{savings}$$

where:

 IEF_g = 0.008 therms/kWh

kWh savings = savings calculated by the kilowatt-hour savings formula above

for interior lighting projects

12.4.1.2 Retrofit Lighting

Retrofit lighting projects calculate savings by comparing the less efficient baseline wattage to the installed high efficiency wattage. The algorithms for savings are:

$$kWh_{savings} = AOH \times \frac{Baseline\ Watts\ - Efficient\ Watts}{1,000} \times IEF_e$$

where:

Baseline Watts = total watts of the replaced lighting prior to the project

$$kW_{savings} = c.f. \times \frac{Baseline\ Watts - Efficient\ Watts}{1,000} \times IEF_d$$

$$therm_{penalty} = IEF_g * kWh_{savings}$$

12.4.2 Desk Review Results

As noted earlier, the PY2022 AES program impact evaluation efforts included an engineering analysis for a sample of projects from 15 unique account holders. Table 177 provides measure-level realization rates for the eight AES projects reviewed by the evaluation. Desk review findings from projects that did not receive 100 percent realization rates are detailed below.

Table 177. Agricultural Energy Solutions Program—PY2022 Desk Review Results by Measure Category

	Reported savings		Evaluated	savings	Realization rate		
Measure category	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	
Custom—new construction	5,329,415	1,019.4	5,145,257	994.2	96.5%	97.5%	
Custom—retrofit	170,522	27.4	177,357	26.3	104.0%	96.1%	
Total	5,499,937	1,046.8	5,322,614	1,020.5	96.8%	97.5%	

EAACCR1549437730. The project included *new construction lighting* in a horticultural facility. The reported savings estimate indicates that key calculation parameters, IEF_e and IEF_d, are consistent with *gas* and *air conditioner* heating and cooling types, respectively. However, the post-installation form provided in the documentation package indicated the *heating type* was *electric*. The EM&V team updated savings accordingly resulting in realization rates of 79.8 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively. However, additional documentation was provided by the implementer after the evaluation interim results were published. The heating and cooling types were reviewed and adjusted to *air conditioner with no heat*, resulting in an overall project-level realization rate of 100.0 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

EAACCR1548266976. The project reported *new construction lighting* at a poultry farm. Based on the documentation, the EM&V team found the lamp model was not eligible for savings in the program as it was not certified under ENERGY STAR, DLC, Consortium for Energy Efficiency (CEE), or other third-party certification. TRM 9.0 allows for exceptions to third-party certification for agricultural uses for fixtures designed for animal use. However, the lamps installed were A19 lamps, and the manufacturer specification sheet lists *household use* and *office* as the primary application. The EM&V team concluded an eligible alternative could have reasonably been installed and adjusted savings accordingly. The EM&V team also found uncertainty surrounding whether this project should be considered eligible for new construction. The photos and invoice showed an existing building and a cost estimate for existing lighting removal. The documentation showed the building type did not change, but it did not verify the existing system, so it was insufficient to determine if the *new construction baseline* was appropriate.

EAACCR1549313591. The project included *new construction lighting* in a horticultural facility. The reported savings estimate indicates that key calculation parameters, IEF_e and IEF_d, are consistent with *gas* and *air conditioner* heating and cooling types, respectively. However, the post-installation form provided in the documentation package indicated the heating type was *electric*. The EM&V team also conducted a ride-along at this facility. Tracking data indicated *16 lamps* were installed in the propagation room; however, the ride-along found *20 lamps* were installed. The EM&V team updated savings accordingly, resulting in realization rates of 80.4 percent and 100.4 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively. However,

additional documentation was provided by the implementer after the evaluation interim results were published. The heating and cooling types were reviewed and adjusted to *air conditioner with no heat*, resulting in an overall project-level realization rate of 100.7 percent and 100.4 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

EAACCR1549171277. The project included *new construction lighting* in a horticultural facility. The reported savings estimate indicates that key calculation parameters, IEF_e and IEF_d, are consistent with *gas* and *air conditioner* heating and cooling types, respectively. However, the post-installation form provided in the documentation package indicated the heating type was *electric*. The EM&V team also conducted a ride-along at this facility. Tracking data indicated *623 lamps* were installed in the vegetation room; however, the ride-along found *588 lamps* were installed. The EM&V team updated savings accordingly, resulting in realization rates of 75.3 percent and 94.4 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively. However, additional documentation was provided by the implementer after the evaluation interim results were published. The lamp count and heating and cooling types were reviewed and adjusted accordingly, resulting in an overall project-level realization rate of 100.0 percent and 100.0 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

EAACCR1550001697. The project included a *lighting retrofit* at a poultry farm. The reported savings estimate for the grow-out area indicates that key calculation parameters, IEF_e and IEF_d, are consistent with *electric heating* and *air conditioner* heating and cooling types, respectively. However, the post-installation form in the documentation package indicated no cooling, *only electric heating* in the grow-out area. Since there are no *heating-only* IEF_e and IEF_d factors in the TRM, the EM&V team calculated savings using 0.8 IEF_e and 1.0 IEF_d, as agreed upon in a previous evaluation where only *electric heating* was found. The EM&V team updated savings accordingly, resulting in realization rates of 85.1 percent and 99.2 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively. However, additional documentation was provided by the implementer after the evaluation interim results were published. The documentation showed no heating or cooling in any of the areas, including the grow-out areas, and adjusted all areas accordingly, resulting in an overall project-level realization rate of 105.8 percent and 98.2 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

EAACCR1549785903. The project included a *lighting retrofit* at a poultry farm. The reported savings estimate for the egg rooms indicates that key calculation parameters, IEF_e and IEF_d, are consistent with *no heating and cooling* present. However, the post-installation form in the documentation package indicated *electric heating and cooling* in the egg rooms. The EM&V team also found that the baseline wattage for the outdoor lamp should be *65 W* based on the manufacturer specification sheet indicating the installed lamp is a *65 W equivalent*. The EM&V team updated savings accordingly, resulting in realization rates of 99.8 percent and 100.2 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively. However, additional documentation was provided by the implementer after the evaluation interim results were published. The documentation confirmed *no heating or cooling* in the egg rooms and the EM&V team adjusted accordingly, resulting in an overall project-level realization rate of 100.0 percent and 99.9 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

EAACCR1548871809. The project included a *lighting retrofit* at a farm shop. The reported savings estimate indicates that key calculation parameters, annual operating hours (AOH), and coincidence factor (CF) are consistent with the *service* (*excluding food*) building type. However, the EM&V team determined that the *warehouse—non-refrigerated* building type would be more appropriate based on the photos showing what appears to be an unconditioned garage space. The *service* (*excluding food*) building type is intended for a business that relies on patrons but is not food-related, such as salons. The EM&V team updated savings accordingly, resulting in

realization rates of 109.2 percent and 71.3 percent for energy and demand savings, respectively.

12.4.3 Site Visit Results

In PY2022, the EM&V team coordinated post-installation site visits with program implementation staff for two projects, reducing the burden on program participants and managing biosecurity access issues while allowing both the EM&V team and implementation staff to gather necessary post-installation data points. The two PY2022 projects received rebated light-emitting diode (LED) lighting through EAL's program; all projects installed *new construction LED lighting*.

At each project, the EM&V team confirmed the lamp type and location and that all lamps were successfully installed and operational. Additionally, the buildings' dimensions were confirmed—a key parameter for *new construction lighting* projects. Lighting schedules and programs were confirmed with farmers.

Overall, the EM&V team verified that most lamps on-site rebated through the AES program were installed, functional, and matched wattages claimed through program tracking data, resulting in adjustments to the reported savings for one project, as described above.

12.5 DETAILED PROCESS EVALUATION RESULTS

Next, we present the process results from the participant survey, organized by the following topic areas: respondent firmographics, program marketing, participant experience and satisfaction, and in-service rates.

12.5.1 Respondent Firmographics

Most survey participants had *poultry* as the main production at their facilities (8 of 17 respondents), with an additional three facilities having *poultry and cattle*. Three respondents indicated their main activity was *horticulture* (plants) and the remaining three were a mix of *corn, rice, and soybeans*. On average, facilities had 26.4 full-time employees and 5.0 part-time employees. The number of full-time employees ranged from 0 to 300, and part-time employees ranged from 0 to 40. Four facilities had only full-time staff, and one had only part-time staff. The horticulture facilities tend to have the most employees.

One respondent mentioned having any payback period or return-on-investment requirements to approve the implementation of energy efficiency projects. This respondent said their payback period was "soon as I can pay the debt off," which was ten years. For this specific project, they wanted to do it in two to three years with the rebate. When asked if their organization faces challenges when making energy-saving improvements, five respondents mentioned having challenges, sometimes multiple challenges. Four customers said the cost and the time needed was mentioned by two. Other challenges mentioned included the weather, the location of pumps, and general information about equipment improvements.

12.5.2 Program Marketing

Over one-half of respondents reported learning about the AES program through word of mouth from family or friends (nine respondents, 53 percent). Other commonly cited methods included a contractor or vendor other than the program implementer (seven respondents), a retail store (five respondents), Entergy call center representative (two respondents), and prior participation in an EAL program (one respondent). By contrast, when respondents were asked how they prefer to receive information about EAL's energy efficiency programs, the most frequently mentioned communication channel was by email (nine respondents). Text messages (six respondents) and an EAL brochure (six respondents) were the following most preferred methods. Figure 24 illustrates how participants learned about the AES program and their preferred method.

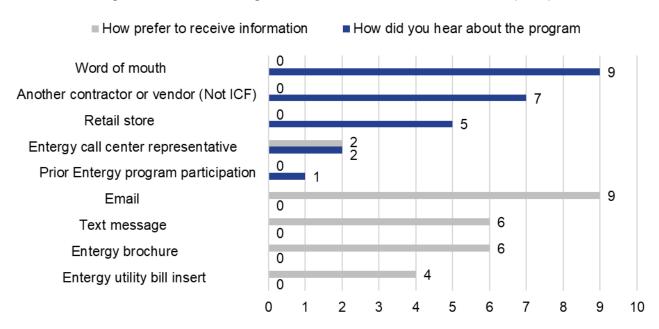


Figure 24. Source of Program Awareness and Preferred Methods (n=17)

Source: Participant Survey A1, A2.
*Multiple responses were allowed.
**Don't know and refused responses excluded.

12.5.3 Participant Experience and Satisfaction

Over 80 percent (14 of 17) respondents said they received an energy audit or assessment for the project they did through the program. One respondent said they did not receive an audit, and two did not recall if they did. Of those who received an audit, all but one (13 of the 14) said the audit was *very useful*, and one said the audit was *somewhat useful*.

All respondents reported being satisfied with the AES program overall; 13 being *very satisfied* and 4 *satisfied*. We asked those who were less than *very satisfied* with the program if there was anything EAL could have done to improve their experience in the program. Three of the four respondents said *no*, and the fourth said *did not know*.

Figure 25 shows satisfaction ratings relating to specific aspects of participants' experiences with the program, including the support provided by EAL or program implementation staff, the incentive application process, the incentive amount received, the length of time it took to receive the incentive, and the contractor who installed program measures. Similar to overall program satisfaction, ratings were high across all specific program aspects, with most respondents saying they were *very satisfied* with each aspect. Additionally, almost three-quarters of respondents said they were satisfied with EAL overall as an electric service provider (8 respondents were *very satisfied*, and three respondents were *satisfied*).

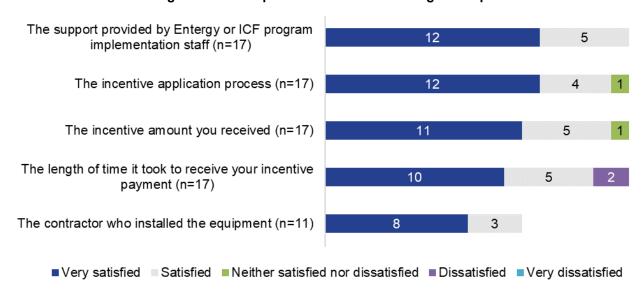


Figure 25. Participant Satisfaction with Program Aspects

Source: Participant Survey SAT1 *Don't know, not applicable, and refused responses excluded.

Almost all participants surveyed (15 of 17 respondents) reported experiencing no obstacles or barriers while participating in the program. The two participants who experienced challenges noted issues related to the incentive; both respondents said it took two months to receive the incentive. The delay impacted one respondent that incurred late charges. These challenges do not appear to impact their satisfaction with the program, as both indicated they were *satisfied* with the program overall.

12.5.4 In-Service Rates

The participant survey detected a program installation rate of 94 percent. All respondents reported the energy-saving measures installed through the program were still fully installed and operating at the facility at the time of the participant survey, with one respondent indicating that 98 percent of the *lighting* equipment was installed and operating. This respondent said that two percent of the bulbs have burnt out since they were installed.

12.6 NET-TO-GROSS RESULTS

12.6.1 Net-to-Gross Methodology

We assessed NTG via self-reports through the participant customer survey based on the guidance outlined in Protocol F of TRM 9.0.

As previously mentioned, to minimize recall concerns, and to allow for enough time for spillover to occur, free-ridership and spillover questions were not asked of everyone, and free-ridership and spillover were calculated separately. The EM&V completed 17 participant surveys accounting for 18 different measures. Among those, 8 received the free-ridership battery, and 11 received the spillover battery, with one of those respondents receiving both the free-ridership and spillover series (July 2021 to December 2021 participants). Table 178 below shows how the response counts broke out for both free-ridership and spillover based on their participation date.

Table 178. Summary of Self-Report Participant Survey Respondents by Participation Period

		Measures	evaluated
Participation period	Project type	Free- ridership	Spillover
January 2021-	New Construction	N/A	2
June 2021	Retrofit	N/A	8
	Total	N/A	10
July 2021-	New Construction	0	0
December 2021	Retrofit	1	1
	Total	1	1
January 2022-	New Construction	5	N/A
June 2022	Retrofit	2	N/A
	Total	7	N/A
Total		8	11

The survey included a series of structured questions about the participant's decision to pursue rebated energy-efficient upgrades to estimate free-ridership. As the TRM 9.0 does not allow for partial free riders, participants were either classified as full-free-riders (100 percent free-ridership) or non-free-riders (0 percent free-ridership) based on their responses to these decision-making questions. Table 179 below shows the survey questions we used to classify free riders.

Table 179. Self-Report Free-Ridership Survey Questions

Survey question	Response options	
FR2. Before learning about the <program> program, was your</program>	01 Yes	
organization already planning to purchase and install the <measure> project in <year>?</year></measure>	02 No	
	88 Don't know	
	99 Refused	



Survey question	Response options
FR3. If the program incentive had not been available, would your	01 Yes
<year> budget have accommodated the full cost of the <measure>?</measure></year>	02 No
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR4. If the incentive or other assistance from the program had not	01 Same [SKIP TO FR7]
been available, would you still have purchased the exact same <measure> project, or would you have purchased something</measure>	02 Different
different?	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR5. [ASK IF FR4 <> 1] Would you have purchased and installed	01 Yes
any <measure> at all?</measure>	02 No
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR6. [ASK IF FR5 = 1] Would it have been the same level of	01 Same level of efficiency
efficiency, higher efficiency, or lower efficiency?	02 Higher efficiency
	03 Lower efficiency
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused
FR7. [ASK IF FR4 = 1 OR FR5 = 1] If the incentive or other	01 At the same time or sooner
assistance from the program had not been available, when would you have installed the <measure>? Would you have installed it</measure>	02 Within one year
, ,	03 One to two years later
	04 Three to five years later
	05 More than five years later
	88 Don't know
	99 Refused

We followed the same criteria for classifying free riders used in previous evaluation research for consistency and comparability with prior evaluation results. To be classified as a full-free-rider, respondents must have indicated all the following conditions; any respondent that did not meet all three of these conditions we classified as a non-free-rider:

- were already planning to purchase and install the project in the same year before learning about the program (FR2 = 1),
- budget would have accommodated the full cost of project in the absence of the program rebate (FR3 = 1), and
- would have purchased the same or higher efficiency measure within one year in the absence of the program ((FR4 = 1 OR (FR6 = 1 OR 2)) AND (FR7 = 1 OR 2)).



The participant survey also included several consistency checks to verify a participant's free-ridership status. These consistency checks provide additional information about the participant's decision to install the program-provided measures and substantiate their classification as full or non-free-rider. Consistency check questions include whether the participant received a recommendation to install a piece of equipment, how influential that recommendation was on their decision, and how influential the program incentive and other assistance were on their decision to install the program measure.

To assess spillover, we asked about recent installations of any additional energy-efficient improvements made since program participation *without* financial assistance from EAL. Respondents were then asked how important their experience in EAL's AES program was to their decision to install these additional improvements. Full savings were attributed to the program as spillover if the respondent said *very important*, and half-savings were attributed to the program if the respondent said *somewhat important*. Respondents stating that their experience was *not at all important* or *not very important* received no spillover savings.

Free-ridership and spillover rates were estimated for each respondent using the methodology approach described above. Individual free-ridership and spillover rates were then weighted to adjust for proportional sampling differences, non-response, and gross energy savings to calculate overall estimates representative of the program population. NTG ratios were then calculated using the following equation:

12.6.2 Detailed Results

Inclusive of free-ridership and spillover, the evaluation resulted in an overall NTG ratio of 99 percent. Only one respondent said they would have completed their project without the program resulting in a free-ridership ratio of 1.7 percent. Because some spillover was observed, which offsets most free-ridership, the overall NTG ratio is 99 percent. Table 180 below summarizes NTG results.

Table 180. Summary of NTG Results

Free-ridership	Spillover	NTG	
1.7%	Approx. 1%	99.0%	

Feedback from participants suggests that the program was highly influential in the decision to install energy-efficient measures. Only one respondent said they were planning to purchase and install their rebated energy efficiency measures in the same year before learning about the program. This respondent said they had the budget available for the total cost of the energy-efficient measures but also said the contractor was important by talking about the lighting and savings on their energy bills. This respondent (who owned a poultry farm) installed *lighting* as both *retrofit and new construction*, and both projects were deemed to be a free-rider.

Two respondents said they planned to purchase and install their rebated energy-efficiency measures in the same year before learning about the program, but they did not have the budget allocated for the improvements. Therefore, these respondents were not deemed a free-rider. The remaining respondents were *not* planning to purchase and install their rebated energy efficiency measures in the same year before learning about the program or were unsure.

One respondent said they installed additional energy-efficiency measures, specifically *insulation*, since participating in the program. This respondent could not provide details on how much but said their experience with EAL's AES program was very important in deciding to do the insulation project.

12.7 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The EM&V team calculated savings results at the measure category level. The overall AES program evaluated savings resulted in 97.0 percent and 98.1 percent realization rates for energy and demand respectively. Table 181 shows the evaluated savings.

Table 181. Agricultural Energy Solutions Program—Final Evaluated Energy Savings and Realization Rates by Measure Category

			-				
Measure	Reported	d savings	Evaluated	Evaluated savings		tion rate	
category	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	kWh	kW	EM&V source
Custom—new construction	10,514,612	2,158.0	10,151,280	2,104.6	96.5%	97.5%	Desk review and on-site M&V
Custom— retrofit	322,934	47.4	335,878	45.6	104.0%	96.1%	Desk review and on-site M&V
Custom non- lighting	767,913	772.1	767,913	772.1	100.0%	100.0%	N/A
Total	11,605,460	2,977.5	11,255,071	2,922.2	97.0%	98.1%	

12.8 QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCESSES

The AES program implementer, ICF, has developed quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) processes. QA emphasizes trade ally training to keep trade allies updated on program processes, technical requirements for measures, application requirements, and awareness of the QC process. For QC, ICF reviews each incentive application, confirms pre-installation conditions, conducts on-site inspections to confirm post-installation conditions, and adjusts project savings calculations or incentives as appropriate.

As part of the AES evaluation activities, the EM&V team assessed the documentation provided for the ten sampled projects used to inform the impact evaluation. The documentation included the following:

- completed application,
- post-inspection form,
- invoices, and
- savings calculation workbook.



As noted in the prior section, the EM&V team confirmed that the tracking system's information was generally accurate in terms of that shown in the project documentation. Across the multiple projects and points for documentation, the AES documentation provided a mostly consistent description of the project aligned with the stated QC goals. However, the EM&V team found that the pre-inspection form was not included in the documentation package in retrofit cases. The EM&V team also found several errors on the implementor post-inspection form on most of the projects sampled for desk review.

13.0 RESIDENTIAL DIRECT LOAD CONTROL

The Residential Direct Load Control (DLC) program (Summer Advantage) is a demand response program focusing on residential air-conditioning loads. The program is implemented by Itron, who (1) provides marketing services, a call center, and load control receiver (LCR) equipment and services; (2) conducts program tracking; and (3) calculates event-level and program savings for Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL).

The program aims to reduce peak kilowatt loads during load control events in the summer months (June 1 through September 30). To reduce the amount of time an air-conditioner operates, participants in the program have an LCR installed on their air-conditioner. Participant incentives are based on the participant's choice of 50 percent cycling or 75 percent cycling. The participant receives an installation incentive based on their participation rate, and annually the participant will receive a loyalty incentive equal to the installation bonus.

In program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022), the Residential DLC program responded to two events on two separate days, both in June 2022. One of the events was a test event, used to verify equipment operability and measurement and verification (M&V) sample functionality, and the other was used to reduce load. An M&V sample is maintained by Itron, with 120 participants having interval data loggers that provide five-minute readings of equipment kilowatts. The M&V sample is structured to represent the program population (15,685 participants at the end of the event season) and provides the data to calculate savings. Calculating savings would not be possible with only the customers' standard utility revenue meters. The evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team estimated kilowatt savings via Midcontinent Independent System Operator (MISO) demand response curtailment algorithms and regression analysis to support the impact evaluation.

Table 182. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Data Collection and Program Inputs

		Gross impact evaluation completes				
Net-to-gross (NTG) approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V	Metered data analysis ⁸⁶	
Deemed at 1.0 as industry practice	Materials review	Census	None	None	Census	

13.1 KEY FINDINGS

In PY2022, the program achieved 15.4 MW in gross demand savings, as shown in Table 183. The EM&V team found that the approach to using the M&V sample deployed on direct control units in demand response curtailment calculations is appropriate. The evaluated savings using the MISO-based calculations differed slightly from Itron's calculations due to rounding differences in calculating per-device savings. These differences resulted in a realization rate of 97.0 percent and will be further detailed in Section 13.4 of this report.

⁸⁶ This column refers to EAL customer meter data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site M&V.



Table 183. Residential Direct Load Control Program Savings—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio*	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Demand savings (MW)	15.8	15.4	97.0%	100.0%	15.4	16.3%

^{*} The PY2022 NTG ratio was deemed 100 percent, keeping with industry practice for demand-response programs requiring participation in utility curtailment events.

The program met 53 percent of the demand savings goal, as detailed in Table 184.

Table 184. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	-	-	-
Demand savings (MW)	29.0	15.4	53.0%

^{*} The Residential DLC program does not claim energy savings. Therefore, these cells are represented with a dash.

13.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team has identified one recommendation for consideration by EAL through the evaluation process, presented in Table 185.

Table 185. Residential Direct Load Control Program — PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Explore the effects of limiting the baseline to periods with similar weather.	The current weather baseline uses data from the entire load control season (June 1 through September 30). Limiting the baseline to periods with weather that is more like event days could improve the model's accuracy. For example, limiting the weather baseline to days with an average temperature of at least 90 degrees would more accurately replicate the conditions experienced on event days.

^{**} The Residential DLC program does not claim energy savings. Therefore, these cells are represented with a dash.

Table 186. Residential DLC Program —Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Status of prior year re	Status of prior year recommendations					
PY2020 impact recommendations	 Calculate program savings using the highest current program year event instead of a previous year's event. Complete. 					
PY2020 process recommendations	 Consider an annual thank you that includes information about the customer's financial benefit for participating and the benefit to the overall system. Complete. 					
PY2021 impact recommendations	 Consider estimating kilowatt-hour savings for the Residential DLC program. In progress. 					
PY2021 process recommendations	 There are no process recommendations in PY2021. The program appears to be operating as intended. Complete. 					

13.3 METHODOLOGY

Itron provides three savings calculations to EAL, all evaluated by the EM&V team. Savings are calculated with three methods approved by MISO to support EAL's settlement with MISO. Each method used for EAL savings results is described below; Table 187 shows the events in PY2022.

Table 187. Residential Direct Load Control Program—PY2022 Load Control Events

Date	Start time (CDT)	End time (CDT)	Participants	Event type
06/01/2022	13:00	14:00	16,353	Test event
06/16/2022	14:00	16:00	16,353	Normal event

For each event, savings are based on the M&V sample meter data. The baseline is constructed using ten eligible days before the event and applying no adjustment (*MISO Calculation #1*), a symmetrical multiplicative adjustment (*MISO Calculation #2*), or weather-based adjustment (*MISO Calculation #3*). These are described in more detail below.

13.3.1 MISO Calculation Evaluated Savings

The EM&V team evaluated Itron's calculations of Residential DLC program savings registered with MISO. MISO's Business Practice Manual⁸⁷ specifies three calculation options.

⁸⁷ Business Practices Manual Demand Response. MISO, July 2019.



13.3.1.1 MISO Calculation #1—Unadjusted Baseline

MISO's unadjusted baseline calculation approach utilizes the ten most recent eligible days (non-holiday, non-event weekdays) before the event. The average load for each 15-minute interval is calculated by averaging the five-minute kilowatt load intervals recorded by the data loggers for each M&V sample member. An average (per active device) load is calculated for the M&V sample for that interval. For a given 15-minute period, the average device load is averaged across the ten days to represent the unadjusted baseline load for that period.

13.3.1.2 MISO Calculation #2—Symmetrical Multiplicative-Adjusted Baseline

MISO's symmetrical multiplicative-adjusted baseline corrects the unadjusted baseline load schedule to represent actual event-day loads. Adjustment is conducted to generate a more accurate counterfactual baseline load to represent what would have occurred on an event day without a DLC event. The adjustment factor uses pre-event loads during baseline and event days to inform the degree of adjustment required. If pre-event loads on event days exceed baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled upwards. If pre-event loads on event days are less than baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled downwards. The multiplicative adjustment procedure is as follows:

- 1. Extract three hours of pre-event loads beginning four hours prior to the event start from both the unadjusted baseline load and the event-day load. For example, for an event starting at 14:00, extract unadjusted baseline and event-day loads for three hours spanning 10:00 to 13:00.
- 2. Calculate the symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factor by taking the ratio of (1) the sum of the three hours of event-day loads and (2) the sum of three hours of unadjusted baseline loads. This adjustment factor may not adjust the baseline by more than 20 percent in either direction. If the multiplicative adjustment exceeds 1.2, then assume the multiplicative adjustment is 1.2. If the multiplicative adjustment is less than 0.8, assume the multiplicative adjustment is 0.8.
- 3. Calculate the *symmetrical multiplicative-adjusted baseline* by multiplying the unadjusted baseline load by the *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factor*.

13.3.1.3 MISO Calculation #3—Weather-Adjusted Baseline

MISO's weather-adjusted approach to baseline calculations incorporates an unadjusted baseline with a factor describing how temperature affects non-event loads. Adjustment is conducted to generate a more accurate counterfactual baseline load to represent what would have occurred on an event day without a direct load control event. Instead of using pre-event loads to determine the adjustment to baseline loads, the sensitivity of loads to temperature changes is used to predict what loads would have been in the absence of an event. The procedure is as follows:

1. Determine the change in loads relative to a change in temperature (the temperature adjustment, expressed in kilowatt per degree Fahrenheit) using data from eligible non-event, non-holiday weekdays.

- 2. Determine the average temperature during baseline days' hours corresponding to each hour of an event. These baseline days are the same ten prior non-event, non-holiday weekdays used to calculate the unadjusted baseline load.
- 3. Calculate the difference in temperature between (1) the average of the baseline days' hours corresponding to the event hours and (2) the actual temperatures recorded during the event's hours.
- 4. Calculate the weather adjustment factor by multiplying the temperature difference by the temperature adjustment.
- 5. Calculate the weather-adjusted baseline by adding the weather adjustment factor to the unadjusted baseline load.

13.3.1.4 Baseline Calculation

A baseline calculation uses the five eligible days prior to the event and the four days with the highest energy usage across the entire day. Eligible days include non-holiday weekdays without events. Next, the average load for each 15-minute interval is calculated by averaging the five-minute kilowatt load intervals recorded by the data loggers for each M&V sample member. An average (per active device) load is calculated for the M&V sample for each 15-minute period. For a given 15-minute period, the average device load is averaged across the four days to represent the unadjusted baseline load for those 15 minutes.

A baseline adjustment factor is calculated by comparing the loads on the hour before the event starting for baseline days and event days (the pre-event load). For example, in an event beginning at 14:00, kilowatt loads are drawn for the hour spanning 13:00 to 14:00 for baseline and event days. For this hour before the event, the sum of the 15-minute pre-event load on the event day is divided by the sum of the 15-minute pre-event unadjusted baseline load to arrive at the adjustment factor.

The final baseline kilowatt for a 15-minute period is the unadjusted baseline multiplied by the adjustment factor. For baseline days with loads lower than the event day loads for the hour before the event starts, the result is a multiplier greater than 1.0. If baseline days' pre-event loads are more significant than event day pre-event loads, the result is a multiplier less than 1.0.

13.3.1.5 Savings Calculation

Savings for a given 15-minute period are calculated by subtracting the event-day per-device load from the adjusted baseline per-device load. The resulting per-device savings are multiplied by the number of devices active in the program. For contract purposes, the number of devices used to calculate savings is the device count at the end of the PY2022 load control season (15,685 active devices in PY2022). Using the ending device count is a conservative approach since some participant attrition does occur during the control season.

13.3.1.6 Kilowatt-Hour Savings Method

The EM&V team developed estimates of kilowatt-hour impacts produced by the Residential DLC program; however, results had a high level of instability dependent primarily on baseline definitions. Due to this, the EM&V team recommends estimating energy savings at zero kilowatt-hours in PY2022. For the Summer Advantage program, kilowatt-hour savings occur when cycling HVAC compressors lower demand. However, after the event, kilowatt-hour consumption can be higher than expected as HVAC systems are released from control and work to address cooling loads unmet during the event hours. This post-event increase in consumption is termed *snapback*, with the snapback consumption subtracted from the in-event kilowatt-hour savings.

The team developed a baseline model to estimate kilowatt-hour savings of loads that would have occurred absent the event being called. Energy impacts are then calculated using the actual metered consumption of the M&V sample. Average hourly per-device kilowatt demand was estimated from 15-minute average per-device kilowatt demand schedules used in kilowatt demand savings calculations. This approach generated one hourly load schedule for the entire period spanning June 1, 2022, through September 30, 2022. Data used in the model included only kilowatt demand recorded during event days and eligible non-holiday, non-event weekdays.

The EM&V team developed two models to determine baseline load that would have occurred without an event. The sections below describe the methods used to generate these baseline loads.

Baseline Calculation #1

The EM&V team's first baseline calculation method developed a baseline estimate using a load forecast model; the model was derived from a regression analysis of the M&V sample loads. Each day's hours receive its own regression model, and its kilowatt-hour impacts are analyzed.

Calculated Baseline

For each hour, the following model is estimated using the following equation:

$$kW_t = \alpha_t + \beta Event_t + \gamma temp_t + \lambda temp_t^2 + \omega hum_t + e_t$$

Where:

 kW_t = average per-device kilowatt load for a given hour

 α_t = hour-specific intercept to capture baseload for hour t

 $Event_t$ = indicator for whether an hour period occurred on an event day

 $temp_t$ = hourly temperature in Fahrenheit for the hour period

 $temp_t^2$ = squared value of $temp_t$ to model nonlinear impact on kilowatt load

 hum_t = relative humidity for the hour period



Kilowatt-Hour Savings Calculation

Energy impacts are calculated by fitting each event day's consumption for the baseline condition. The baseline for a given event day is then constructed by generating a fitted estimate of kilowatt load using the above model's parameter estimates. The load predicted by the above model uses the exact temperature and humidity that were observed during a specific event day but absent the $\beta Event_t$ effect. For example, the June 1 event that occurred between 14:00 and 15:00 has a baseline kilowatt load for hour-ending 15:00 equal to:

$$\widehat{kW}_{14} = \widehat{\alpha}_{14} + \widehat{\gamma}temp_{14} + \widehat{\lambda}temp_{14}^2 + \widehat{\omega}hum_{14}$$

Once the baseline condition has been calculated, savings are computed by subtracting the average per-device load recorded by the M&V loggers during a specific one-hour event period. Energy savings are determined by the value of this difference, as kilowatt load was the average over one hour. Changes in kilowatt-hour consumption are computed during event and post-event hours for each event day. The results are summed within each event day to determine the total change in event-day consumption to capture in-event savings and any snapback that may have occurred.

Baseline Calculation #2

The EM&V team's second baseline calculation method developed a baseline estimate using another load forecast model; the model was derived from a regression analysis of the M&V sample loads. Instead of running individual regressions for each hour of the day, one all-in model is estimated to generate an estimate of the load. Each hour of the day receives a dummy variable to capture how kilowatt load moves throughout the day.

One concern associated with the model used under *Baseline Calculation #1* above is modeling event-day hour differences in kilowatt load. Modeled in the baseline calculation method, *Baseline Calculation #1* is the average impact of *any* event-day hour on kilowatt load. However, one specific event day's hours may impart larger or smaller impacts on kilowatt load than another event day's hours. Failure to control for this variation in event-day hour impacts can affect the precision of the modeled baseline; therefore, the EM&V team incorporates event-day specific-hour intercepts to better control the impact of a specific event-day on kilowatt load.

Another concern of the EM&V team is the potential for the demand of prior hours to impact current kilowatt demand. That is, during a particularly hot morning, the cooling-based load is expected to be higher than it would on an average morning. Further, cooling-based loads could remain higher than average during future hours of the same day as HVAC systems work to maintain a comfortable indoor temperature. With this concern in mind, the EM&V team conducted a *Breusch-Godfrey test* for autocorrelation (correlation of current load with past iterations of itself). The EM&V team identified the existence of autocorrelation, reaching as far back as six hours. To model baseline kilowatt demand more accurately, the EM&V team incorporated six additional controls for the pre-existing load before hour *t*.

Calculated Baseline

For the entire load control season, one all-in model is estimated using the following equation:

$$\begin{split} kW_t &= \gamma temp_t + \lambda temp_t^2 + \omega hum_t + \sum_{hour=0}^{23} \alpha_{hour} + \sum_{Event}^{6} \int_{j=1}^{23} \beta_{hour} * Event_{j,t} \\ &+ \sum_{k=1}^{6} \sigma_k kW_{t-k} + e_t \end{split}$$

Where:

 kW_t = average per-device kilowatt load for a given hour

 $temp_t$ = hourly temperature in Fahrenheit for the hour period

 $temp_t^2$ = squared value of $temp_t$ to model nonlinear impact on kilowatt load

 hum_t = relative humidity for the hour period

 α_{hour} = hour-of-day indicator

 $\beta_{hour} * Event_{j,t}$ = hour-of-day indicator for event day j during hour t

 kW_{t-k} = kilowatt load recorded k hours prior to the current time t.

Kilowatt-Hour Savings Calculation

The baseline for a given event-day is then constructed by generating a fitted estimate of kilowatt load using the parameter estimates of the above model. The load predicted by the above model uses the exact temperature and humidity that were observed during a specific event day, but absent the $\beta_{hour} * Event_t$ effect. However, loads observed for the six prior hours now enter the expected kilowatt load calculation for the current hour. For example, the June 1 event that occurred between 14:00 and 15:00 has a baseline kilowatt load for hour ending 15:00 equal to:

$$\widehat{kW}_{14} = \hat{\alpha}_{14} + \hat{\gamma} temp_{14} + \hat{\lambda} temp_{14}^2 + \hat{\omega} hum_{14} + \hat{\sigma}_{13} \widehat{kW}_{13} + \dots + \hat{\sigma}_{8} \widehat{kW}_{8}$$

Once the baseline condition has been calculated, savings are computed by subtracting the average per-device load recorded by the M&V loggers during each one-hour period. The change in kilowatt-hour consumption is determined by the value of this difference, as kilowatt load was the average over one hour. Changes in kilowatt-hour consumption are computed during event and post-event hours for each event day to capture in-event savings and any snapback that may have occurred.

13.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

13.4.1 MISO Calculation Evaluated Savings

The EM&V team evaluated Itron's MISO savings calculations by reviewing the M&V sample load data, confirming the methodology and results, repeating the calculation steps, and making adjustments. To conduct the evaluation, the EM&V team received the following from Itron:

- M&V sample five-minute load data, spanning June 1 through September 30, 2022;
- a savings report Itron provides to EAL describing Itron's methodology for sampling and savings calculations, along with a description of the sample, descriptions of each event, and other pertinent PY2022 program details; and
- discussions to clarify data definitions, calculation methodology steps, and information interpretations in their report.

The EM&V team and Itron's per-device savings calculations were nearly identical, as were the overall evaluated savings. Itron reported a savings of 15.84 MW was calculated using the weather-adjusted savings from the event on June 16 from 14:00 to 15:00 of 1.01 kW per device multiplied by the 15,685 active endpoint devices. The EM&V team calculated a savings value of 0.98 kW per meter during the same event. Using this per-device savings value multiplied by the same 15,685 active endpoint devices, the EM&V team calculated an evaluated savings of 15.37 MW.

MISO Calculation #1—Unadjusted Baseline

All MISO Calculation methods require the selection of baseline days. The *MISO Business Practices Manual (BPM) method* stipulates that the ten prior non-event event eligible days are selected to represent the baseline. The average load during those baseline days is calculated for a given event hour, representing an unadjusted baseline. Table 188 below highlights the unadjusted baseline calculations undertaken by Itron and the EM&V team.

Table 188. Residential Direct Load Control Program—MISO Calculation #1—MISO Unadjusted Baseline Calculations

Date	Start time (CDT)	End time (CDT)	Itron baseline	EM&V team baseline
06/01/2022	13:00	14:00	0.41	0.42
06/16/2022	14:00	15:00	0.78	0.79
06/16/2022	15:00	16:00	0.86	0.88

MISO Calculation #2—Symmetrical Multiplicative-Adjusted Baseline

MISO's symmetrical multiplicative-adjusted baseline corrects the unadjusted baseline load schedule calculated above to be more representative of actual event-day loads. Adjustment is conducted to generate a more accurate counterfactual baseline load to represent what would have occurred on an event day without a direct load control event. The adjustment factor uses pre-event loads during baseline and event days to inform the degree of adjustment required. If pre-event loads on event days exceed baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled upwards. If pre-event loads on event days are less than baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled downwards. The multiplicative adjustment procedure is as follows:

- 1. Extract three hours of pre-event loads beginning four hours prior to the event start from both the unadjusted baseline load and the event-day load.
- 2. Calculate the *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factor* by taking the ratio of (1) the sum of the three hours of event-day loads and (2) the sum of three hours of unadjusted baseline loads.
- 3. Calculate the *symmetrical multiplicative-adjusted baseline* by multiplying the unadjusted baseline load by the *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factor*.

The MISO BPM requires that the *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment* not lead to an adjustment greater than 20 percent of the unadjusted baseline load. Calculated *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factors* exceeded 1.20 for all event days; therefore, all event days are assigned a *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment* of 1.20. The EM&V team's assignment of these 20 percent adjustment caps matches Itron's.

Savings Calculation

The savings calculation for each event hour is as follows:

kW Savings = Symmetrical Multiplicative Adjusted Baseline kW - Metered Load

Across all the event hours during PY2022, the highest single hour is selected to represent the program savings. Under the *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment method*, both Itron and the EM&V team determined this hour to be on June 16 from 14:00 to 15:00. For this hour, the realization rate is 104.5 percent. Table 189 summarizes each hour's load reduction, with Table 190 summarizing the corresponding event-hour total kilowatt savings and realization rates.

Table 189. Residential Direct Load Control Program—MISO Calculation #2—MISO Adjusted Baseline and Per-Device Savings Comparisons

Date	Start time (CDT)	End time (CDT)	Itron adjusted baseline	EM&V team adjusted baseline	Itron SMA adjusted reduction (per device kW)	EM&V team SMA adjusted reduction (per device KW)
06/01/2022	13:00	14:00	0.49	0.50	0.04	0.04
06/16/2022	14:00	15:00	0.93	0.95	0.22	0.23
06/16/2022	15:00	16:00	1.03	1.05	0.11	0.13

Table 190. Residential Direct Load Control Program—MISO Calculation #2 Results

Date	Start time (CDT)	End time (CDT)	Number of participating devices	Itron per device kW savings	EM&V team per device kW savings	ltron event-hour savings	EM&V team event-hour savings	Realization rate (%)
06/01/2022	13:00	14:00	16,353	0.04	0.04	654	654	100.0
06/16/2022	14:00	15:00	16,353	0.22	0.23	3,598	3,761	104.5
06/16/2022	15:00	16:00	16,353	0.11	0.13	1,799	2,126	118.2

MISO Calculation #3—Weather-Adjusted Baseline

Itron calculated a temperature adjustment by developing a regression equation that explained air temperatures' influence⁸⁸ on the resulting M&V sample loads. As detailed in Itron's Evaluation Report, five-minute load data were aggregated to create a single per-device load covering the hours of 12:00 to 20:00 from June 1 through September 30, 2022. Event days were excluded from the temperature adjustment analysis, as were holidays and weekends. Itron's regression model used the entirety of the date range, absent the excluded days. The result is a dataset of the average load for each hour.

Itron then conducted a regression analysis using the following equation:

$$kW_t = \alpha + \beta Temperature_t + \gamma HE_t + \lambda HE_t^2 + e_t$$

This equation posits that load during a given hour (t) can be primarily explained by (1) the hour of the day (represented by HE_t) and (2) a given hour's dry-bulb air temperature. Itron's resulting regression output showed a temperature coefficient of 0.068 kW per degree Fahrenheit. The statistical results showed that the model explained 87.75 percent of the variability in load.

The EM&V team replicated the analysis utilizing the same equation structure as Itron and limited the date range to the control season (June 1 through September 30, 2022), excluding holidays, weekends, and event days. Consistent with Itron, the EM&V team also limited the hours of the selected days to fall between 12:00 and 20:00. The EM&V team's regression equation results for temperature ($\hat{\beta}$) of 0.068 kW per degree Fahrenheit is identical to Itron's coefficient. Additionally, the EM&V team found a comparable percentage of variability (80.8 percent) in load.

The EM&V team and Itron have nearly identical calculation results for the weather-adjusted baseline method. For the event hour with the highest performance—June 16, 2022, from 14:00 to 15:00—Itron calculated a savings of 1.01 kW per device, while the EM&V team calculated a savings of 0.98 kW per device.

Weather-Adjusted Baseline

All MISO Calculation methods require the selection of baseline days. The MISO BPM method stipulates that the ten-prior non-event, event-eligible days are selected to represent the baseline. The average load during those baseline days is calculated for a given event hour, representing an unadjusted baseline. Next, the average temperature for that same hour on the baseline days is calculated. The temperature of the event day's hour is then subtracted from the average baseline days' temperature for that hour to determine the temperature differential between the baseline days' and event day's temperature. The temperature coefficient is multiplied by the temperature difference to calculate an additive kilowatt adjustment to the unadjusted baseline kilowatt.

⁸⁸ Temperature data provided by NOAA for Little Rock, AR, weather station KLIT; 2-meter dry bulb temperature. See: www.ncdc.noaa.gov.



The baseline condition is based on the average hourly load per device for EAL's MISO calculation. This baseline is calculated using the M&V sample's metered results, averaging each sampled participant's five-minute metered data into hourly increments. The resulting equation for the weather-adjusted baseline for a given event hour is as follows:

Baseline kW = Unadjusted Baseline Load + Temperature Coefficient * (Baseline Temperature – Event Hour Temperature)

The EM&V team's calculation of the baseline loads and temperature records is identical to those presented in Itron's MISO Calculation, shown in Table 191. Minor differences of 0.03 kW per device or less are attributable to rounding temperature values and are not consequential.

Table 191. Residential Direct Load Control Program—MISO Calculation #3—MISO Temperature and Per-Device Savings Comparisons

Date	Start time (CDT)	End time (CDT)	Itron baseline temperature	EM&V team baseline temperature	Itron weather- adjusted reduction (per-device kW)	EM&V team weather- adjusted reduction (per-device kW)
06/01/2022	13:00	14:00	82.3	81.0	0.55	0.57
06/16/2022	14:00	15:00	81.0	82.6	1.01	0.98
					0.91	0.88

Savings Calculation

The savings calculation for each event hour is as follows:

kW Savings = Weather Adjusted Baseline kW – Metered Load

Across all the event hours during PY2022, the highest single hour is selected to represent the program savings. Itron and the EM&V team determined the highest performing hour to be June 16 from 14:00 to 15:00. The realization rate is 97.0 percent for this hour, with a kilowatt savings of 0.98 per device. Table 192 summarizes each hour's load reduction, with Table 193 summarizing the corresponding event-hour realization rates, ranging from 96.7 percent to 103.6 percent across events.

Table 192, MISO Calculation #3 Results

Date	Start time (CDT)	End time (CDT)	Number of participating devices	Itron per device kW savings	EM&V team per device kW savings	Itron event- hour savings	EM&V team event-hour savings
06/01/2022	13:00	14:00	16,353	0.55	0.57	8,994	9,321
06/16/2022	14:00	15:00	16,353	1.01	0.98	16,517	16,026
06/16/2022	15:00	16:00	16,353	0.91	0.88	14,881	14,391



14,881

14,391

96.7%

savings (kW) EM&V team event-hour event-hour Realization Start time **End time** (CDT) (CDT) **Date** 06/01/2022 13:00 14:00 8.994 9,321 103.6% 06/16/2022 14:00 15:00 16,517 16,026 97.0%

16:00

Table 193. MISO Calculation #3 Realization Rates

13.4.2 Evaluated Kilowatt-Hour Savings Results

15:00

06/16/2022

The following discussion highlights the kilowatt-hour impacts calculated across the events using two regression models to construct baseline kilowatt loads. Only event and post-event hours with statistically significant (p<0.05) coefficients are used for calculating kilowatt-hour impacts and savings. Otherwise, differences between the baseline and actual event-day load observed are assumed to be zero.

Baseline Calculation #1

Calculation of the baseline under the *Baseline Calculation #1* approach utilizes an average impact of the average event hour during the load control season spanning June 1 through September 30, 2022. It is important to note that the effect described for any event is not specific to that event's actual performance; instead, the regression model's effect is to identify average savings associated with all times that events were being called during the 2022 load-control season.

Under *Baseline Calculation #1*, loads during event hours were not significantly different (p<0.05) from the baseline. Post-event snapback was substantially different from the baseline only for the hour ending at 15:00. On average, hourly regressions explained 85.3 percent of the variation in load.⁸⁹ Table 194 illustrates that each participant had negative savings of 2.69 kWh across all event days after accounting for both in-event savings and post-event snapback. Table 195 illustrates that all PY2022 events' net effect shows a kilowatt-hour consumption increase of 43.99 MWh.

Table 194. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Baseline Calculation #1—PY2022
Per-Device Load-Control Savings

Date	Modeled in-event per-device kWh savings	Modeled post-event per-device snapback kWh	Net program per-device kWh savings
06/01/2022	0.58	-3.68	-3.1
06/16/2022	1.68	-1.27	0.41
Total	2.26	-4.95	-2.69

⁸⁹ R-squared should not be used to directly compare the fitness of *Baseline Calculation #1* to that of *Baseline Calculation #2*. R-squared values will always be higher for models with more covariates.

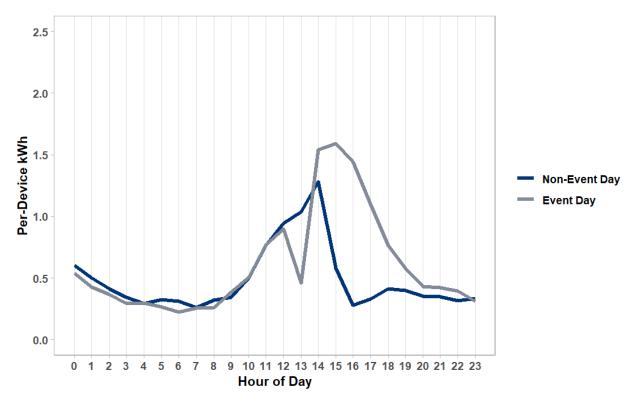


Table 195. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Baseline Calculation #1—PY2022
Total Load-Control Savings

Date	LCRs participating	Modeled in-event kWh savings	Modeled post-event snapback kWh	Net program kWh savings
06/01/2022	16,353	9,485	-60,179	-50,694
06/16/2022	16,353	27,473	-20,768	6,705
Total		36,958	-80,947	-43,990

Note negative event savings (or consumption increases) associated with all events. As illustrated in Figure 26, post-event snapback associated with these events was higher than inevent savings. The EM&V team attributes this to average event-hour effects modeled in the regression used to model the baseline load. Under this approach, the effect of individual event-day hours may not be sufficiently controlled, thus affecting the accuracy of the modeled baseline. Further, average event-day hour effects may indicate significant in-event or post-event hour differences in kilowatt load that does not hold within some specific event days, a finding highlighted in the discussion of *Baseline Calculation #2* below. Regression modeling within *Baseline Calculation #2* remedies this problem by modeling baseline load while controlling individual event-day hour effects on load. The EM&V team further illustrates improvements in baseline load calculations using this approach below.

Figure 26. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Calculated Baseline #1—June 1 Test Direct Load Control Event



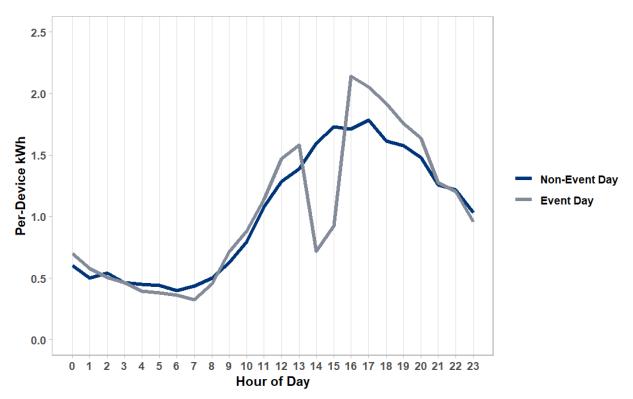


Figure 27. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Calculated Baseline #1—June 16 Direct Load Control Event

Baseline Calculation #2

Calculation of the *Baseline Calculation #2* utilizes event-day specific hour-of-day intercepts to better control each event-day hour during load control season spanning June 1 through September 30, 2022. Further, after the EM&V team identified the risk of autocorrelation (current kilowatt load being correlated with past iterations of itself), the *Baseline Calculation #2* approach incorporated six hours of prior kilowatt load to inform modeling of current baseline kilowatt load.

Under *Baseline Calculation* #2, on average, both in-event hours yielded kilowatt load significantly different (p<0.05) from the baseline. Post-event snapback was substantially different from the baseline for up to three hours following an event, depending on the event day. The model under the *Baseline Calculation* #2 approach explained 99.65 percent of the variation in load. 90 Table 196 illustrates that each participant saved a total of 0.8. kWh across all event days after accounting for in-event savings and post-event snapback. Table 197 illustrates that the net effect of all PY2022 events shows a kilowatt-hour consumption decrease (savings) of 13.57 MWh.

⁹⁰ R-squared should not be used to directly compare the fitness of *Baseline Calculation #1* to that of *Baseline Calculation #2*. R-squared values will always be higher for models with more covariates.



Table 196. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Baseline Calculation #2—PY2022
Per-Device Load-Control Savings

Date	Modeled in-event per-device kWh savings	Modeled post- event per-device snapback kWh	Net program per-device kWh savings
06/01/2022	0.60	-0.36	0.24
06/16/2022	0.87	-0.28	0.59
Total	1.47	-0.64	0.83

Table 197. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Baseline Calculation #2—PY2022 Load-Control Events

Date	LCRs participating	Modeled in-event kWh savings	Modeled post-event snapback kWh	Net program kWh savings
06/01/2022	16,353	9,812	-5,887	3,925
06/16/2022	16,353	14,227	-4,579	9,648
Total		24,039	-10,466	13,573

Note that negative event savings (or consumption increases) associated with the first calculation events have fallen away. As shown in Table 197, post-event snapback associated with these events has significantly diminished. The EM&V team attributes this to modeling specific event-day hour loads in the regression. Depending on the event, modeling specific event-day-hour effects revealed that snapback was statistically significant during hours-ending 14:00 through 16:00. This result contrasts with solely hour-ending 15:00 being significant under *Baseline Calculation #1*.

As highlighted in Figure 28, baseline loads modeled under *Baseline Calculation* #2 appear to follow actual pre-event and post-event consumption more closely than under *Baseline Calculation* #1. The EM&V team believes this can be attributed to a combination of controls for individual event-day hours and the incorporation of controls for autocorrelation. First, specific event-day hour controls can better identify non-event day hourly loads by excluding these event-day hours from representing the modeled baseline. One event day's hour may impart larger or smaller impacts on kilowatt load than another event day's hours. Failure to control for this variation in event-day hour impacts can affect the precision of the modeled baseline.

On the other hand, autocorrelation imparts a smoothing effect on the baseline. Smoothing is observed during post-event hours for the baseline on both events compared to the first calculation baseline.

Figure 28. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Calculated Baseline #2—June 1 Test Direct Load Control Event

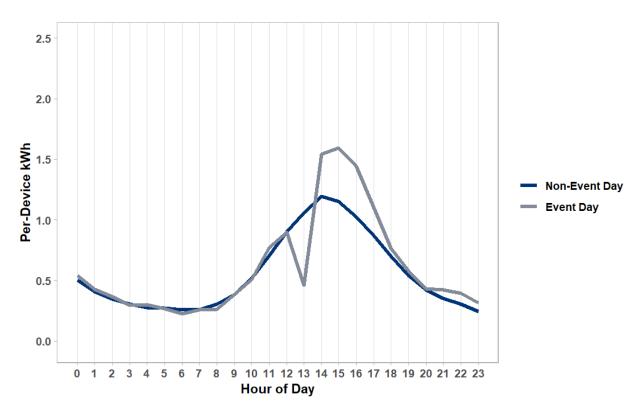
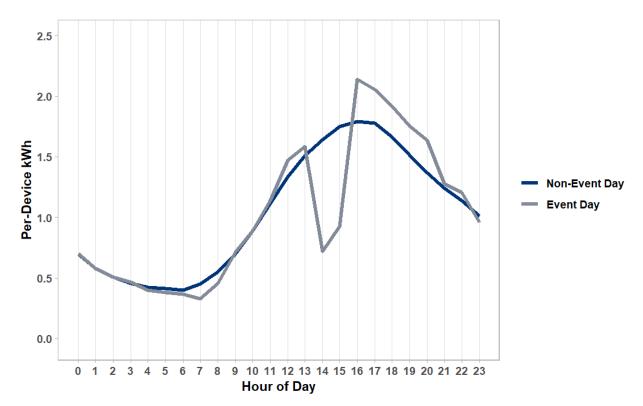


Figure 29. Residential Direct Load Control Program—Calculated Baseline #2—June 16 Direct Load Control Event



14.0 SMART DIRECT LOAD CONTROL PILOT

The Smart Direct Load Control (SDLC) pilot program is a demand response pilot focusing on controlling load through smart thermostats in residential and small nonresidential buildings. The pilot is in its second year of existence and is implemented by ICF Consulting (ICF), which (1) provides marketing services and a call center, and (2) conducts program tracking.

The SDLC pilot program aims to reduce peak kilowatt loads during load control events in the summer months (June 1 through September 30). Participants in the program have a smart thermostat and allow Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) to reduce the time an individual air conditioner operates remotely.

Incentives for participation are divided into two payment streams: one for annual enrollment and one based on participation in load-control events. Customers with an existing, qualifying thermostat receive an enrollment incentive of up to \$50 (residential) or \$100 (nonresidential). In comparison, customers without an existing smart thermostat receive a smart thermostat in addition to an annual enrollment incentive of up to \$40 (residential) or up to \$100 (nonresidential).

Upon completion of the load-control season, customers receive rebates based on their participation. If a customer participates in all load-control events (i.e., does not opt out of any events) or opts out of a single event, the customer receives \$40 (residential) or \$100 (nonresidential). Customers who opt out of two or three events receive \$25 (residential) or \$50 (nonresidential), and customers that opt out of more than three events receive no annual participation rebate.

In program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022), the SDLC pilot called four events on four days, spanning June through August of 2022. The first event, which occurred on June 1, 2022, was a test event used to verify equipment operability; the remaining events were used to reduce load across EAL's territory.

In support of the impact evaluation, the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team calculated energy savings achieved by installing new thermostats and demand savings from load-control events during the 2022 load-control season. The EM&V team deployed three different methods for estimating load reductions, all summarized in the Midcontinent Independent System Operator's (MISO) *Business Practice Manual for Demand Response*⁹¹ (MISO's Business Practice Manual, or MISO BPM). Process evaluation activities included biweekly meetings with implementation and EAL staff for the duration of PY2022. Table 198 details the evaluation activities conducted for the program in PY2022.

⁹¹ Midcontinent Independent System Operator Demand Response Business Practices Manual. BPM-026-r7. Effective December 7, 2021.



Table 198. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—Data Collection and Program Inputs

		Gross impact evaluation completes			
Net-to-gross (NTG) approach	Process evaluation activities	Tracking system review	Desk reviews	On-site M&V	Metered data analysis ⁹²
Deemed from prior research	Program staff interviews (2) Materials review	Census	None	None	Census

14.1 KEY FINDINGS

In PY2022, the SDLC pilot achieved 3,296 MWh in gross energy savings and 3.9 MW in gross demand savings, as shown in Table 199. The EM&V team found that energy savings using deemed values in the TRM 9.0 were applied correctly to residential applications. No energy savings were claimed for smart thermostats that received rebates during previous program years. Energy savings among small business participants were accurately calculated, resulting in a realization rate of 99.6 percent for energy savings. Duplicate thermostat records created a slight difference between reported and evaluated energy savings. The program met 58 percent of the energy savings goal, as detailed in Table 200.

Table 199. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Savings—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realizatio n rate	NTG ratio*	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	3,308	3,296	99.6%	87.5%	2,884	1.0%
Demand savings (MW)	3.9	3.9	100.0%	100.0%	3.9	4.1%

^{*}The PY2022 NTG ratio uses a weighted average of residential (Home Energy Solutions) and commercial (CoolSaver) *smart thermostats* for energy savings.

Table 200. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—Goals vs. Achieved

Savings	Goal	Actual	Percentage achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	4,973	2,884	58.0%
Demand savings (MW)	27.5	3.9	14.1%

⁹² This column refers to EAL customer runtime data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site M&V.



14.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team identified two recommendations for EAL's consideration through the evaluation process, presented in Table 201.

Table 201. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 impact recommendations	Recommendation 1: Model the effect of weather on demand using a lagged time variable.	Demand is highly dependent upon the external air temperature, but this dependence is delayed by several hours, as seen in Figures 1, 2, and 3.

Table 202 Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Status of prior year r	ecommendations			
PY2020 impact recommendations	 Install sufficient M&V devices to estimate demand savings in future years accurately. Review and rejected as potentially unneeded. If air conditioner runtime is collected from the program population, an M&V sample is unnecessary. 			
	 Update energy savings methodology for commercial thermostats. Continuing. Both the implementor and EM&V team monitor this as more commercial thermostats join the program to provide sufficient data. 			
PY2020 process recommendations	 Consider an annual thank you that includes information about the customer's financial benefit for participating and the benefit to the overall system, reported by program staff as already in progress. Complete. 			
PY2021 impact recommendations	 Estimate demand savings after each event during the season. Complete. 			
PY2021 process recommendations	 Consider tracking opt-outs by event. Complete. 			

14.3 METHODOLOGY

The evaluated savings results are based on savings calculations made during the tracking system review, using deemed savings values in TRM 9.0 and characteristics of each participant's heating system, square footage, and previous thermostat. *Commercial thermostats* applied a deemed savings value per ton of cooling capacity, an average value based on past evaluations of *commercial smart thermostats*.

Estimates of demand savings used air conditioner runtime data from participating thermostats during the control season and deployed three evaluation methods defined in MISO's BPM.

14.3.1 Tracking System Review

The EM&V team reviewed all program-reported tracking data to assess the extent to which it provided the algorithms and ex-ante values necessary for each measure. The tracking system data review referenced TRM 9.0 for savings assumptions; the EM&V team checked the tracking systems' linkage to TRM deemed savings and methods used to estimate savings.

Our review accomplished three primary objectives: (1) identify initial high-level tracking system concerns, (2) verify whether the savings estimates in the tracking system are consistent with the savings algorithms' results as outlined in TRM 9.0, and (3) assess the tracking system's ability to support quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) activities, including future evaluation needs.

Participants in the SDLC pilot program come from several distinct streams. The most direct participation route is through the SDLC pilot program web portal. Participants can choose between self-installation or direct installation of their thermostat by a trade ally. Customers with an existing smart thermostat that was *not* rebated or provided through an EAL energy efficiency program can enroll the thermostat to participate in demand response events through the SDLC pilot program portal as well. Additional participants come from other residential energy efficiency programs provided by EAL and participants in programs that no longer exist in EAL's portfolio. It is important to note that energy savings are only claimed for new participants that receive a rebated smart thermostat (i.e., only new SDLC pilot program participants that did not have a smart thermostat before enrollment). Regardless of installation or registration method, all thermostats can claim demand savings.

14.3.2 Impact Evaluation

The EM&V team used different methods to estimate energy savings for residential and commercial participants, ensuring that thermostats rebated during prior program years or through other EAL Solutions programs were not attributed to PY2022 SDLC pilot program energy savings.

14.3.2.1 Residential Participants

The EM&V team used Section 2.1.12 of TRM 9.0 to calculate savings for *smart thermostats* installed for residential customers. Table 203⁹³ provides the kilowatt-hour savings per square foot of conditioned space for *smart thermostats* installed residentially.

Table 203. Smart Thermostats—Deemed Savings Value per Square Foot of Conditioned Space

Baseline	Electric cooling (kWh/ft²)	Electric resistance heat (kWh/ft²)	Electric HP heating (kWh/ft²)
Manual thermostat	0.450	0.845	0.395
Programmable thermostat	0.113	0.212	0.099
Default	0.399	0.750	0.351

⁹³ Reproduced from Table 70, Page 80, Volume 2, TRM 9.0.



The EM&V team calculated savings for each new *residential smart thermostat* rebated through the SDLC pilot program using Equation 1, using the square footage of each site's conditioned space and the appropriate energy savings factor from Table 203 to estimate energy savings.

Equation 1. Smart Thermostat Energy Savings (Residential)

$$kWh_{i,b,h} = \left(\frac{kWh_{b,h}}{ft^2}\right) \times ft_i^2$$

Where:

 $kWh_{i,b,h}$ is the savings of household i with baseline thermostat b and heating type h

 $\frac{kWh_{b,h}}{ft^2}$ is the savings of baseline thermostat b and heating type h

 ft_i^2 is the square footage of household i

Most *residential smart thermostats* were in homes with *gas heat*, and 26 percent of participants had *heat pumps*. Table 204 provides full results, while Table 205 details the types of thermostats customers had before installing their new *smart thermostats*.

Table 204. Distribution of Heating Type (Residential)

Heating	Unique devices	Percentage
AC with resistance heat	356	17.9%
AC with gas heat	1,110	55.8%
Heat pump	524	26.3%
Total	1,990	100.00%

Table 205. Type of Thermostat Removed (Residential)

Type of thermostat removed	Unique devices	Percentage
Manual	1,934	97.2%
Programmable	48	2.4%
Unknown	8	0.4%
Total	1,990	100.0%

Using participants' square footage, previous thermostat type, heating type, and participation method, the EM&V team estimated energy savings for residential smart thermostat installation in PY2022. As noted above, participants who enrolled in the SDLC pilot's demand response portion after receiving a smart thermostat from another EAL program, or participants who enrolled a previously purchased (non-rebated) device, produced no energy savings for the SDLC pilot program.

Energy savings are only applicable for customers that enrolled through the SDLC pilot portal, received a rebated smart thermostat, and either self-installed the thermostat or had the thermostat installed by a trade ally.

The SDLC pilot program saved 2,164,174 kWh in PY2022 residential installations, resulting in a 99.5 percent realization rate. Net savings, which applied an NTG ratio of 86.2 percent, ⁹⁴ were 1,865,518 kWh.

14.3.2.2 Commercial Participants

In PY2022, the SDLC pilot program rebated 326 smart thermostats. Energy savings for smart thermostats installed in *commercial buildings* used an energy savings factor of 819 kWh/ton of cooling capacity, as shown in Equation 2.

Equation 2. Smart Thermostat Energy Savings (Commercial)

$$kWh_i = tonnage_i \times \left(819 \frac{kWh}{ton}\right)$$

Table 206 summarizes the air conditioner and heat pump cooling capacities distribution for PY2022 SDLC pilot program commercial participants. Over 53 percent of commercial smart thermostats connect to HVAC units under five tons; an additional 43 percent of commercially installed smart thermostats connect to HVACs with five to six tons of capacity. However, some larger units also participated in the pilot.

Table 206. Commercial Cooling Tonnage (SDLC)

Cooling capacity (tons)	Count	Percentage	Cumulative percentage
< 2 tons	10	3.1%	3.1%
≥ 2 tons and < 3 tons	33	10.1%	13.2%
≥ 3 tons and < 4 tons	89	27.3%	40.5%
≥ 4 tons and < 5 tons	41	12.6%	53.1%
≥ 5 tons and < 6 tons	140	42.9%	96.0%
≥ 6 tons and < 7 tons	1	0.3%	96.3%
≥ 7 tons and < 8 tons	4	1.2%	97.5%
≥ 8 tons and < 9 tons	0	0.0%	97.5%
≥ 9 tons and < 10 tons	0	0.0%	97.5%
≥ 10 tons and < 11 tons	2	0.6%	98.2%
≥ 11 tons and < 20 tons	6	1.8%	100.0%
Total	326	100.0%	100.0%

⁹⁴ Based on primary NTG research conducted in PY2019 for residential smart thermostats.



After applying the energy savings factor of 819 kWh/ton of capacity, the EM&V team estimated 1,131,858 kWh in energy savings achieved through the installation of smart thermostats in commercial buildings in PY2022. These findings were slightly less than the reported savings of 1,134,315 kWh, resulting in a realization rate of 99.8 percent among commercial installations. The NTG ratio for commercial thermostats was deemed 90.0 percent from previous evaluations, resulting in a net savings of 1,018,672 kWh.

14.3.3 Demand Response

Tetra Tech received five-minute HVAC runtime data for SDLC participants spanning the load control season. Opt-outs were removed from the data for each event, and unenrolled devices were removed from the analysis file. In PY2022, EAL called four events that spanned eight hours, including a test event on June 1. Table 207 provides a summary of called events during PY2022, including the number of participating thermostats during each event.

Date	Start time (CST)	End time (CST)	Participating thermostats	Event type
06/01/2022	12:55	14:00	4,146	Test event
06/16/2022	13:55	16:00	4,203	Normal event
07/13/2022	13:55	16:00	4,373	Normal event
08/16/2022	12:55	16:00	4,679	Normal event

Table 207. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—PY2022 Load Control Events

For each event, savings are based on runtime data. Depending on the calculation method, the baseline is constructed using ten eligible days before the event and applying no adjustment (MISO Calculation #1), a symmetrical multiplicative adjustment (MISO Calculation #2), or weather-based adjustment (MISO Calculation #3). These are described in more detail below.

14.3.3.1 MISO Calculation Evaluation Methodology

The EM&V team evaluated SDLC runtime data using three calculation options detailed in MISO's BPM.

14.3.3.2 MISO Calculation #1—Unadjusted Baseline

MISO's unadjusted baseline calculation approach utilizes the ten most recent eligible days (non-holiday, non-event weekdays) before the event. The average load for each hour is calculated by averaging the five-minute kilowatt load intervals recorded for each thermostat. A total load is calculated for participating thermostats for that interval. For a given hour, the total load is averaged across the ten days to represent the unadjusted baseline load for that period.

14.3.3.3 MISO Calculation #2—Symmetrical Multiplicative-Adjusted Baseline

MISO's symmetrical multiplicative-adjusted baseline modifies the unadjusted baseline load schedule to represent actual event-day loads. Adjustment is conducted to generate a more accurate counterfactual baseline load to represent what would have occurred on an event day without an SDLC event. The adjustment factor uses pre-event loads during baseline and event days to inform the degree of adjustment required. If pre-event loads on event days exceed baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled upwards. If pre-event loads on event days are less than baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled downwards. The multiplicative adjustment procedure is as follows:

- 1. Extract three hours of pre-event loads beginning four hours before the event start from both the unadjusted baseline load and the event-day load. For example, for an event starting at 14:00, extract unadjusted baseline and event-day loads for three hours spanning 10:00 to 13:00.
- 2. Calculate the symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factor by taking the ratio of (1) the sum of the three hours of event-day loads and (2) the sum of three hours of unadjusted baseline loads. This adjustment factor may not adjust the baseline by more than 20 percent in either direction. If the multiplicative adjustment exceeds 1.2, then assume the multiplicative adjustment is 1.2. If the multiplicative adjustment is less than 0.8, assume the multiplicative adjustment is 0.8.
- 3. Calculate the *symmetrical multiplicative-adjusted baseline* by multiplying the unadjusted baseline load by the *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factor*.

14.3.3.4 MISO Calculation #3—Weather-Adjusted Baseline

MISO's weather-adjusted approach to baseline calculations incorporates an unadjusted baseline with a factor describing how temperature affects non-event loads. Adjustment is conducted to generate a more accurate counterfactual baseline load to represent what would have occurred on an event day without an SDLC event. Instead of using pre-event loads to determine the adjustment to baseline loads, the sensitivity of loads to temperature changes is used to predict what loads would have been in the absence of an event. The procedure is as follows:

- 1. Determine the *change in loads* relative to a change in temperature (the temperature adjustment, expressed in kilowatt per degree Fahrenheit) using data from eligible non-event, non-holiday weekdays.
- 2. Determine the *average temperature* during baseline days' hours corresponding to each hour of an event. These baseline days are the same ten prior non-event, non-holiday weekdays used to calculate the *unadjusted baseline load*.
- 3. Calculate the *difference in temperature* between (1) the average of the baseline days' hours corresponding to the event hours and (2) the actual temperatures recorded during the event's hours.
- 4. Calculate the *weather adjustment factor* by multiplying the temperature difference by the temperature adjustment.
- 5. Calculate the *weather-adjusted baseline* by adding the *weather adjustment factor* to the *unadjusted baseline load.*



The EM&V team used two models to estimate weather-adjusted load reductions. The first used only average hourly temperature, while the second used both temperature and relative humidity as predictors. Ultimately, the model with only temperature outperformed the model incorporating temperature and humidity (humidity typically failed to produce a statistically significant effect on demand at p-value = 0.05).⁹⁵

14.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

14.4.1 Evaluated Kilowatt-Hour Savings Results

Applying deemed savings methodology to residential smart thermostats detailed in Table 70 of Section 2.1.12 of TRM 9.0 resulted in gross savings of 2,164,174 kWh in PY2022 and a 99.5 percent realization rate. Net savings, which applied an NTG ratio of 86.2 percent, 96 totaled 1,865,518 kWh.

Among commercial installations, the EM&V team estimated 1,131,858 kWh in gross energy savings after applying the energy savings factor of 819 kWh/ton of capacity. These findings were slightly lower than reported savings, resulting in a realization rate of 99.8 percent. The NTG ratio⁹⁷ for commercial thermostats resulted in net savings of 1,018,672 kWh.

The discrepancy between reported and evaluated savings among residential and commercial thermostats came from duplicate thermostats in the tracking system. The EM&V team identified seven thermostats in the tracking system with multiple entries, each claiming energy savings. Retaining a single record per thermostat ID decreased savings by 12,433 kWh; this is the entirety of the difference between reported and evaluated savings.

Combining the residential and commercial energy savings achieved through the SDLC pilot program in PY2022 resulted in gross energy savings of 3,296,032 kWh, with a corresponding realization rate of 99.6 percent. Based on NTG rates of 86.2 percent for residential smart thermostats and 90.0 percent for commercial smart thermostats, net savings were estimated at 2,884,190 kWh in PY2022. Table 208 provides full details on the savings the SDLC pilot program achieved during its third year of operation.

Table 208. Final Evaluated Energy Savings—Smart Direct Load Control Pilot

Sector	Participants	Device count	Reported savings (kWh)	Evaluated savings (kWh)	Realization rate	NTG ratio	Net savings
Residential	1,734	1,990	2,174,150	2,164,174	99.5%	86.2%	1,865,518
Commercial	152	326	1,134,315	1,131,858	99.8%	90.0%	1,018,672
Total	1,886	2,316	3,308,465	3,296,032	99.6%	87.5%	2,884,190

⁹⁷ Based on primary NTG research conducted in PY2019 for *commercial smart thermostats*.



⁹⁵ All weather data for the SDLC evaluation are from Bill and Hillary Clinton National Airport (KLIT).

⁹⁶ Based on primary NTG research conducted in PY2019 for *residential smart thermostats*.

14.4.2 Evaluated Kilowatt Savings Results (MISO Calculations)

In support of the SDLC evaluation, the EM&V team received the following five-minute HVAC runtime data from ICF for event days and the periods preceding each event day. After removing opt-outs from each respective event (and pre-event baseline period), the EM&V team aggregated data to hourly records by thermostat; this allowed for straightforward estimation of demand reductions using each of the three MISO calculation methods. The EM&V team's final estimated demand reduction total of 3.86 MW occurred during the August 16, 2022, event using MISO Calculation #3 (weather-adjusted baseline). The opinion of the EM&V team is that the weather-adjusted baseline methodology provides the best estimation of counterfactual events, as it incorporates historical loads from days immediately preceding an event and the important interaction between observed load and observed temperature. Figure 30 shows the relationship between demand and temperature using data from the ten baseline days before August 16, 2022. The August 16, 2022 event produced estimated demand reductions of 0.83 kW per participating thermostat.

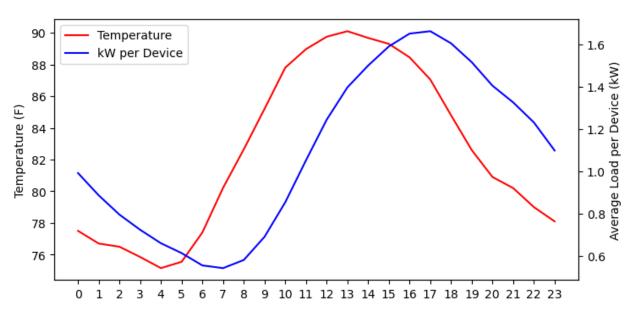


Figure 30. Kilowatt per Device and Temperature (Degrees Fahrenheit)

MISO Calculation #1—Unadjusted Baseline

All MISO Calculation methods require the selection of baseline days. The *MISO BPM* method stipulates that the ten prior non-event event eligible days are selected to represent the baseline. The average load during those baseline days is calculated for a given event hour, representing an unadjusted baseline. Table 209 below highlights the unadjusted baseline calculations undertaken by the EM&V team.



Table 209. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—MISO Calculation #1—MISO Unadjusted Baseline Calculations

Date	Start time (CST)	End time (CST)	Baseline (kW per device)
6/1/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	0.54
6/16/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	0.91
6/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	0.98
7/13/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	1.57
7/13/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	1.67
8/16/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	1.40
8/16/2022	2:00 PM	3:00 PM	1.50
8/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	1.59

MISO Calculation #2—Symmetrical Multiplicative-Adjusted Baseline

MISO's symmetrical multiplicative-adjusted baseline modifies the unadjusted baseline load schedule calculated above to be more representative of actual event-day loads. Adjustment is conducted to generate a more accurate counterfactual baseline load to represent what would have occurred on an event day without an event. The adjustment factor uses pre-event loads during baseline and event days to inform the degree of adjustment required. If pre-event loads on event days exceed baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled upwards. If pre-event loads on event days are less than baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled downwards. The multiplicative adjustment procedure is as follows:

- 1. Extract three hours of pre-event loads beginning four hours before the event start from both the unadjusted baseline load and the event-day load.
- 2. Calculate the *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factor* by taking the ratio of (1) the sum of the three hours of event-day loads and (2) the sum of three hours of unadjusted baseline loads.
- 3. Calculate the *symmetrical multiplicative-adjusted baseline* by multiplying the unadjusted baseline load by the *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factor*.

The MISO BPM requires that the *symmetrical multiplicative adjustment* not lead to an adjustment greater than ±20 percent of the unadjusted baseline load. The symmetrical multiplicative adjustments are outlined in Table 210.

Table 210. Symmetrical Multiplicative Adjustment Factor by Event Date

Date	Symmetrical multiplicative adjustment factor
6/1/2022	1.200
6/16/2022	1.200
7/13/2022	1.030
8/16/2022	1.016



Savings Calculation

The savings calculation for each event hour is as follows:

kW Savings = Symmetrical Multiplicative Adjusted Baseline kW - Observed Load

Table 211 summarizes each hour's load reduction, with Table 212 summarizing the corresponding event-hour total kilowatt savings and realization rates.

Table 211. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—MISO Calculation #2—MISO Adjusted Baseline and Per-Device Savings

Date	Start time (CST)	End time (CST)	Adjusted baseline	SMA adjusted reduction (per device kW)
6/1/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	0.65	0.29
6/16/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	1.09	0.12
6/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	1.18	0.22
7/13/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	1.62	0.67
7/13/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	1.72	0.85
8/16/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	1.42	0.69
8/16/2022	2:00 PM	3:00 PM	1.52	0.76
8/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	1.62	0.91

Table 212. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—MISO Calculation #2 Results

Date	Start time (CDT)	End time (CDT)	Number of participating devices	Per device kW savings	Event-hour savings (kW)
6/1/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	4,146	0.29	1,192.0
6/16/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	4,203	0.12	512.8
6/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	4,203	0.22	945.2
7/13/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	4,373	0.67	2,923.9
7/13/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	4,373	0.85	3,735.3
8/16/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	4,679	0.69	3,234.8
8/16/2022	2:00 PM	3:00 PM	4,679	0.76	3,575.5
8/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	4,679	0.91	4,238.9

MISO Calculation #3—Weather-Adjusted Baseline

All MISO Calculation methods require the selection of baseline days. The *MISO BPM* method stipulates that the ten-prior non-event, event-eligible days are selected to represent the baseline. The average load during those baseline days is calculated for a given event hour, representing an unadjusted baseline. Next, the average temperature for that same hour on the baseline days is calculated. The temperature of the event day's hour is then subtracted from the average baseline days' temperature for that hour to determine the temperature differential between the baseline days' and event days' temperature. The temperature coefficient is multiplied by the temperature difference to calculate an additive kilowatt adjustment to the unadjusted baseline kilowatt.

Tetra Tech created a model that incorporated the effect of weather on load, developing a regression equation that explained air temperatures' influence on the resulting load for each hour. Five-minute load data were aggregated to create a single hourly load covering the event hour and the corresponding hour during the prior ten eligible baseline days. Event days were excluded from the temperature adjustment analysis, as were holidays and weekends. The result is a dataset of the average load for each hour.

The resulting regression analysis explored the equation:

Equation 3. Modeling Demand as a Function of Temperature

$$kW_t = \alpha + \beta Temperature_t + e_t$$

Equation 3 estimates the effect to which load during a given hour (*t*) can be primarily explained by a given hour's dry-bulb air temperature. The resulting regression, run for each event hour, produced coefficients that were then applied to observed conditions during each event hour to estimate the counterfactual demand that would have occurred in lieu of the load control event.

Table 213. Weather-Adjusted Regression Output by Event Day-Hour

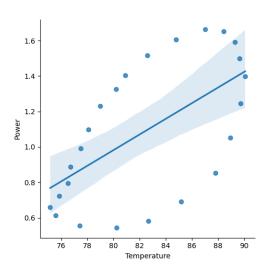
Date	Start time (CST)	End time (CST)	kW per degree Fahrenheit	t-value
6/1/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	0.044	90.8
6/16/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	0.055	110.3
6/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	0.058	116.7
7/13/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	0.064	61.8
7/13/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	0.063	59.1
8/16/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	0.011	12.2
8/16/2022	2:00 PM	3:00 PM	0.017	17.8
8/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	0.024	27.9

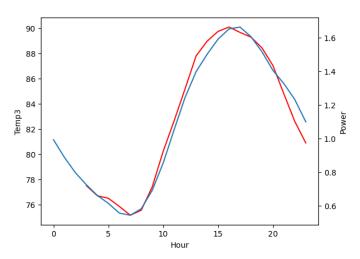
Results from Figure 31 show temperature coefficients ranging between 0.011 kW per degree Fahrenheit to 0.064 per degree Fahrenheit. With a *t*-value of at least 12, each model could use the dry-bulb air temperature to predict the resulting load in a statistically significant way.

The regression does not consider the apparent lag between the time the temperature increases and the increase in demand. This is illustrated in Figure 31 and Figure 32, both of which demonstrate the relationship between temperature and demand in the qualifying days leading up to the August 16, 2022, event. A shift in the temperature of three hours helps to counteract this lag, leading to a fit with 98 percent of the variation in demand being explained by variation in the shifted temperature. This shifted temperature and its suitability to predict the demand are illustrated in Figure 32.

Figure 31. Kilowatt per Device and Temperature (F)

Figure 32. Kilowatt per Device and Temperature (°F)
Shifted by Three Hours





Savings Calculation

The savings calculation for each event hour is as follows:

kW Savings = Weather Adjusted Baseline kW – Observed Load

Across all the event hours during PY2022, the highest single hour is selected to represent the program savings. Table 214 summarizes each hour's load reduction, with the final evaluated load reduction in **bold**.

Table 214. MISO Calculation #3 Results

Date	Start time (CST)	End time (CST)	Number of participating devices	Per device savings (kW)	Event- hour savings (kW)
6/1/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	4,146	0.57	2,376.6
6/16/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	4,203	0.68	2,841.4
6/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	4,203	0.83	3,492.0
7/13/2022	1:55 PM	3:00 PM	4,373	0.68	2,994.1



Date	Start time (CST)	End time (CST)	Number of participating devices	Per device savings (kW)	Event- hour savings (kW)
7/13/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	4,373	0.74	3,238.6
8/16/2022	12:55 PM	2:00 PM	4,679	0.70	3,278.4
8/16/2022	2:00 PM	3:00 PM	4,679	0.73	3,412.9
8/16/2022	3:00 PM	4:00 PM	4,679	0.83	3,868.3

Based on the results from the regression analysis, the SDLC event on August 16, 2022, produced the highest savings among participants. Overall, 4,679 participating smart thermostats reduced load by an average of 0.83 kW per device from 15:00 to 16:00, equating to 3,868.3 kW in total load reduction.

15.0 AGRICULTURAL IRRIGATION LOAD CONTROL

The Agricultural Irrigation Load Control (AILC) program is a demand response program focusing on irrigation systems employed in the agricultural sector. The program is implemented by Connected Energy, which (1) provides marketing, a call center, control devices, metering equipment and services, (2) conducts program tracking, and (3) calculates event-level savings for Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL).

The objective of the AILC program is to reduce kilowatt (kW) demand loads when load control events occur during the summer (June 1 through August 31). Participants in the program have a control device installed on their motor, allowing the program to turn the motor off or on remotely. Participants can remotely control their motors, subject to program limits associated with event participation, or protect the motor from rapid on/off cycles. Except in emergency events, curtailment events are scheduled on weekdays for up to four hours and are limited between 12:00 p.m. and 9:00 p.m. Participants receive an email or text notification of the upcoming event two hours before the event starts, including the duration of the curtailment. Incentives are paid to participants every month and vary according to the horsepower (HP) of the enrolled motors.

The EM&V team deployed three different methods for estimating load reductions, all summarized in the Midcontinent Independent System Operator's (MISO) Business Practice Manual for Demand Response⁹⁸ (MISO Business Practice Manual). In addition, the process evaluation research activities included 57 participant surveys. Table 215 details the evaluation activities completed for the program in PY2022.

Gross impact evaluation completes Process evaluation Tracking Desk On-site **Metered data** analysis 99 NTG approach activities system review reviews verification Deemed at 1.0 Program staff interviews (2) N/A N/A N/A Census as industry Material review practice Participant surveys (57)

Table 215. AILC Program—Data Collection and Evaluation Activities

15.1 KEY FINDINGS

In PY2022, the AILC program responded to five events called on five separate days. The first of the events was a test event (June 1), used to verify equipment operability and verify measurement and verification (M&V) data collection, while the other events were used to reduce load during the event hours. Of the five events, the three that took place on June 1, July 12, and July 27 were one hour each; the June 16 event was two hours; and the June 23 event was five hours. The data collected by the metering equipment allows each participant to have their load metered in a 15-minute interval for the entire load-control season, providing highly granular data to support program baseline and event savings calculations.

⁹⁹ This column refers to EAL customer meter data provided to the EM&V team as opposed to primary metered data collected as part of the on-site M&V.



⁹⁸ Midcontinent Independent System Operator Demand Response Business Practices Manual. BPM-026r7. Effective December 7, 2021.

The AILC program's evaluated savings match those calculated by the program implementer, Connected Energy. The approach taken by Connected Energy and the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team uses the MISO symmetric multiplicative adjustment (SMA) baseline calculation, which is appropriate for registering savings with MISO.

In PY2022, the AILC program achieved 21.8 MW in gross demand savings and a realization rate of 99.3 percent, highlighted in Table 216. These savings are based on the maximum event savings that occurred during the hour ending 16:00 on July 12. Overall, 1,857 customers participated in the AILC program during PY2022.

Table 216. Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program—Reported, Evaluated, and Net Savings

Energy/demand savings	Reported savings	Evaluated savings	Realization rate	NTG ratio ¹⁰⁰	Net savings	Program contribution to portfolio savings
Energy savings (MWh)	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Demand savings (MW)	22.0	21.8	99.3%	100.0%	21.8	23.1%

^{*} The AILC program does not claim energy savings. Therefore, these cells are represented with a dash.

The program fell short of savings goals, achieving 43.7 percent of the demand savings goal, as detailed in Table 217.

Table 217. Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program—Savings Goals and Achievements

Energy/demand savings	Savings goal	Net savings achieved	Percentage of goal achieved
Energy savings (MWh)	-	-	-
Demand savings (MW)	49.9	21.8	43.7%

^{*} The AILC program does not have an energy savings goal. Therefore, these cells are represented with a dash.

¹⁰⁰ NTG for demand response programs is inherently 100 percent.



15.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The EM&V team found a new area for program improvement. A specific recommendation to address this is described in Table 218.

Table 218. Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program—PY2022 Recommendations

Туре	Recommendation	Key finding
PY2022 process recommendations	Recommendation 1: Continue to educate customers on the functionality of the equipment and their ability to control their pumps remotely.	Few respondents use the load control device to adjust their wells remotely, and most were unaware of this capability. Those who have used the functionality reported being satisfied with accessing their wells remotely and using the remote feature during both event and non-event days.

Table 219. Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program—Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Status of prior year recommendations				
PY2020 process recommendations	 Streamline the evaluation process by providing MISO with a savings report earlier i the analysis process. In progress. 			
PY2021 process recommendations				

15.3 METHODOLOGY

The subsections below summarize the methodology used to evaluate demand savings achieved through the AILC program.

15.3.1 Impact Evaluation

Connected Energy's methodology follows the *SMA method* to calculate the baseline conditions. The *SMA method* is one of the three methods approved by MISO to register program savings with MISO and is used by the EM&V team to evaluate the program's event savings. The *SMA method* is described in greater detail in subsequent sections of this report.

The events called in PY2022 are described in Table 220 below.

Table 220. PY2022 Load Control Events

Date	Start time (CDT)	End time (CDT)	Active devices	Event type
06/01/2022	13:00	14:00	586	Test event
06/16/2022	14:00	16:00	784	Normal event

Date	Start time (CDT)	End time (CDT)	Active devices	Event type
06/23/2022	12:00	17:00	1,022	Normal event
07/12/2022	15:00	16:00	1,120	Normal event
07/27/2022	13:00	14:00	1,102	Normal event

For each event, savings are based on the participants' interval meter data. For each hour of the day, loads from event participants are summed together to create a single *irrigation load control* load. Observation of the loads on days before the event, on the same hour as an event hour, is adjusted by observing differences between pre-event hours on the baseline and event days. This process is described in more detail below.

15.3.2 Process Evaluation

15.3.2.1 Staff Interviews

The EM&V team conducted interviews with the EAL program manager during project kick-off. The interview confirmed the team's understanding of program operations and M&V strategies. The EM&V team maintained open communications with the implementation team throughout PY2022, ensuring that data transfers occurred, and necessary documentation and strategic program designs were communicated.

15.3.2.2 Participant Survey

The participant survey was used to inform the process evaluation of the program, based on the guidance outlined in the Arkansas TRM, Version 9.0 EM&V Protocols. The participant survey included a series of questions exploring how participants became aware of the program and their preferred methods of communication and investigated participation experiences, program satisfaction, and firmographics.

The sample frame for the participant survey consisted of customers that participated in at least one load-control event during the 2022 control season. ¹⁰¹ Based on previous experiences with EAL customers, Tetra Tech estimated a survey response rate of 30 percent and selected a random sample of 167 participants to support the survey effort, in an effort to target 50 completes.

Table 221. Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program—Participant Survey Sample Plan

Category	Unique BP count	Sampled records	Expected number of completes
Unique BP accounts	372	167	50

¹⁰¹ Tetra Tech accessed ArchEE on September 13, 2022 to obtain AILC program tracking data.



Tetra Tech's in-house Survey Research Center implemented the participant survey via computer-assisted telephone interviews. On average, surveys took approximately 11 minutes to complete. Surveys were conducted between November 9 and November 16, 2022.

Table 222. Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program—Participant Survey Response Rate

Disposition	Total
Eligible sample	158
Does not recall participating	2
Refusal	8
Incompletes (partial surveys)	1
Language barrier	0
Bad number	12
Called out	1
Not completed	76
Completed	57
Response rate	
Response rate (completed/eligible sample)	36.1%

15.4 DETAILED IMPACT EVALUATION RESULTS

Next, we present evaluation results by calculation method.

15.4.1 Baseline Calculation

MISO's *SMA baseline calculation* uses the ten most recent eligible days (non-holiday, non-event weekdays) before the event to construct a baseline load schedule. Since event- and non-event-day loads do not coincide during non-event hours, an adjustment factor corrects the baseline load schedule to be more representative of actual event-day loads. MISO's *SMA baseline calculation* is used to measure both the implementer's performance for EAL and MISO savings registration. The baseline and resulting savings calculations focus on individual event hours.

The baseline calculation has three components: the unadjusted baseline, the adjustment factor, and the application of the adjustment factor to the unadjusted baseline to create a final baseline calculation.

15.4.1.1 Unadjusted Baseline Calculation

The baseline calculation is conducted in the following steps applied to each hour of the event:

- 1. Before the event, the ten most recent eligible days (non-holiday, non-event weekdays) are selected.
- 2. An unadjusted hourly baseline is calculated for a given hour by summing the participating 15-minute metered loads for each hour corresponding to the event hours for each of the ten baseline days.

3. The event's baseline hourly load is calculated by averaging the summed 15-minute metered intervals; the result is an unadjusted hourly baseline.

15.4.1.2 Symmetrical Multiplicative-Adjusted Baseline Factor

MISO's *SMA baseline* corrects the unadjusted baseline load schedule to represent actual event-day loads. Adjustment is conducted to generate a more accurate counterfactual baseline load to represent what would have occurred on an event day without a load control event. The adjustment factor uses pre-event loads during baseline and event days to inform the degree of adjustment required. If pre-event loads on event days exceed baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled upwards. If pre-event loads on event days are less than baseline loads, baseline loads will be scaled downwards. The multiplicative-adjustment procedure is as follows:

- 1. Extract three hours of pre-event load data beginning four hours before the event starts from the unadjusted baseline load and the event-day load. For example, for an event beginning at 14:00, extract unadjusted baseline and event-day loads for three hours spanning 10:00 to 13:00.
- 2. Calculate the *SMA factor* by taking the ratio of (1) the mean of the three hours of event-day loads and (2) the mean of three hours of unadjusted-baseline loads. This adjustment factor may not adjust the baseline by more than 20 percent in either direction. If the multiplicative adjustment exceeds 1.2, then assume the multiplicative adjustment is 1.2. If the multiplicative adjustment is less than 0.8, assume the multiplicative adjustment is 0.8.
- 3. Calculate the SMA baseline by multiplying the unadjusted baseline load by the SMA factor.

15.4.1.3 Final Baseline Calculation

The final baseline calculation combines the unadjusted baseline with the adjustment factor. A cap of 0.20 is placed on this adjustment factor, limiting the positive or negative adjustment to the baseline to 20 percent. If the calculated adjustment factor is greater than 1.20 or less than 0.80, the adjustment factor is set at the cap. The following formula is used to calculate a given event hour's baseline:

Adjusted Baseline kW = Unadjusted Baseline kW * Adjustment Factor

15.4.1.4 Savings Calculation

Savings under the MISO *SMA calculation method* is presented for each hour of an event. The savings formula is:

Savings kW = Adjusted Baseline kW - Event Hour kW

15.4.2 Materials Review

Information found on the AILC program website includes a general description of the program, detailing eligibility requirements and payment schedules for participating customers. The payment schedule accurately describes the relationship between pump size (HP) and payment. A copy of the program manual, a frequently-asked-questions section, and program contact information was easily found on the website.

15.5 DETAILED PROCESS EVALUATION RESULTS

Next, we present the process results from the participant survey and program staff interviews. Program staff interviews focused on discussing the implementation of PY2022 evaluation recommendations presented in the Executive Summary (Section 1.0) and program design and delivery. We present detailed results from the participant survey below, organized by the following topic areas: respondent firmographics, program marketing, and participant experience, and program satisfaction.

15.5.1 Respondent Firmographics

Most survey participants had crop production at their facilities: *rice* (36 percent), *soybeans* (26 percent), *row crops* (9 percent), and *corn* (6 percent). Other facility production included *horticulture* (11 percent), *fish* (9 percent), and one respondent said *row crops and cattle*. On average, facilities had 5.5 full-time employees and 1.8 part-time employees. The number of full-time employees ranged from 1 to 28, and part-time employees varied from 0 to 12, with 21 of 52 facilities having only full-time staff.

Respondents mentioned the different challenges they face in making energy-saving improvements. Of the 19 customers who said they have challenges, almost one-half (nine respondents) mentioned cost and not having funds for improvements. Two respondents mentioned not knowing about making improvements, two respondents said Entergy does not support solar projects, and two mentioned trying to upgrade equipment. Other responses included:

Trying to get lines built, it's a challenge to get than done in a timely manner. It's hard to get anybody that knows what's going on locally.

The solar farm next to us is taking away our acres for farming.

Arkansas disallows a lot of things that other states allow when it comes to irrigation.

The rural location.

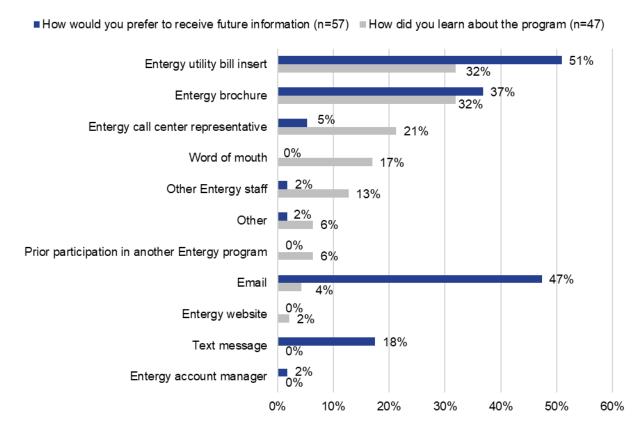
Trying not to run the well so long.



15.5.2 Program Marketing

Nearly one-third of respondents reported learning about the AILC program through an Entergy bill insert or an Entergy brochure (32 percent each). These methods were also mentioned as some of the respondents' most preferred ways to hear about the program. Over one-half of respondents said their preferred way of receiving information about Entergy's energy efficiency programs were from their utility bill, and 37 percent said an Entergy brochure. An email was also a preferred method mentioned by 47 percent of respondents. Figure 33 illustrates how participants learned about the AILC program and their preferred sources.

Figure 33. Actual and Preferred Sources of Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program—Program
Awareness



Source: Participant Survey A1, A2

*Multiple responses were allowed.

**Don't know and refused responses excluded.

Eighteen percent of respondents said they did not recall how they first heard about the program.

15.5.3 Participant Experience

On average, respondents have been participating in the program for almost eight years. Responses ranged from two to 44 years, and the main driver for continuing to participate in the AILC program was to save money, as mentioned by 88 percent of respondents (49 of 56). Respondents liked the money they received and the cost savings. Four respondents said the program had a "good cause" and was conserving energy. Two respondents mentioned the



ability to control the wells as a motivator to continue enrolling, and one talked about how easy it was to participate. Some specific comments included the following:

I like getting money back. I like that it is conserving energy.

The money. It's been a good place in the Entergy systems.

Cost savings; and to be able to control it and y'all give a discount.

The cost savings. They send out a check each month and it's been significant; so that's working fine for us.

Just over one-half (53 percent) had all their *irrigation pumps* enrolled in the program. The 25 respondents who only had some pumps enrolled were asked why. Nine respondents said the pumps were not eligible due to various reasons, including not being electric (two respondents), not being an Entergy provider (two respondents), the pumps being too weak (two respondents), or that Entergy did not deem them eligible (three respondents). Eight respondents said they needed to run their pumps continuously, and an additional two did not like the disruption (although they did not specifically say the pumps ran continuously). These respondents did not want the pumps enrolled in the program because they did not want their operations hurt. Three respondents mentioned pumps on a central pivot and the potential disruption that could occur.

The load control devices installed on the pumps allow customers to remotely turn their wells on and off. When asked if they use this feature, 20 percent of respondents said they have. Of those who have not (45 respondents), over one-half (53 percent) were unaware of this feature. Most of those who used the capability were satisfied with the ability to access their wells remotely and use the remote feature during both event and non-event days. One respondent said they were very dissatisfied because that capability was not working.

Respondents were also asked about the difficulty with different aspects of the program. Most respondents felt the program elements were *not at all difficult* or *not very difficult*, as shown in the Figure 34. Program aspects where respondents experienced more difficult was with getting questions answered, understanding program requirements, and getting an appointment scheduled to have the equipment installed.

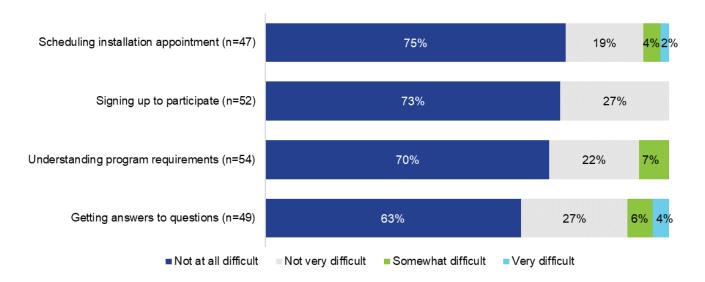


Figure 34. Difficulty Level with Different Program Aspects

Source: Participant Survey P7
**Don't know and refused responses excluded.

For those who experienced difficulty, more and better communication was requested. Respondents requested local staff who were knowledgeable that could talk to about program requirements, ability to opt out of events, and the installation of equipment.

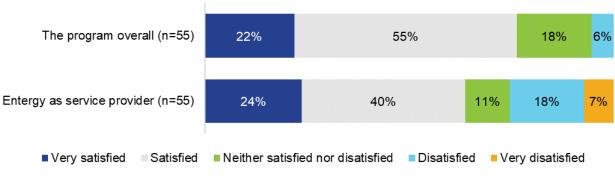
15.5.4 Program Satisfaction

Overall, participants were generally satisfied with the program. About 80 percent of participants said they were either *very satisfied* or *satisfied* with the AILC program overall. Only three participants said they were *dissatisfied* with the program. Two of those *dissatisfied* with the program indicated the equipment was not working, and the third said there was nothing Entergy could do to improve their experience.

Similar ratings can be seen with respondent satisfaction with Entergy as their electric service provider. Two-thirds of respondents reported being *satisfied* with the utility, and 14 said they were *dissatisfied*. Satisfaction with the program and Entergy is shown in the figure below.

Figure 35. Participant Satisfaction with the Program and Entergy

Source: Participant survey SAT3, SAT5



*Don't know, not applicable, and refused responses are excluded.

When those who were *satisfied* or *neither satisfied nor dissatisfied* with the program (40 respondents) were asked if there was anything EAL could have done to improve their experience in the program, almost half responded *no* (16 respondents). Of the 24 participants who said *yes*, 9 suggested increasing program incentives. Five respondents wanted better equipment or their equipment maintained, and three respondents were looking for better communication. Communication improvements around promptly responding to requests, duplicate messages when multiple pumps are enrolled, and enrolling additional pumps. Other improvements include streamlining the service for turning pumps on/off, more staff, and fixing billing issues.

As far as participant satisfaction with different program aspects, responses were like the program overall. Respondents were generally *satisfied* with the program, with a few participants *dissatisfied* with varying elements of the program. As shown in the figure below, the notification of an event and interactions with program staff had the most customers reporting being *very satisfied*. In contrast, the amount of the incentive had the most *dissatisfied* respondents.

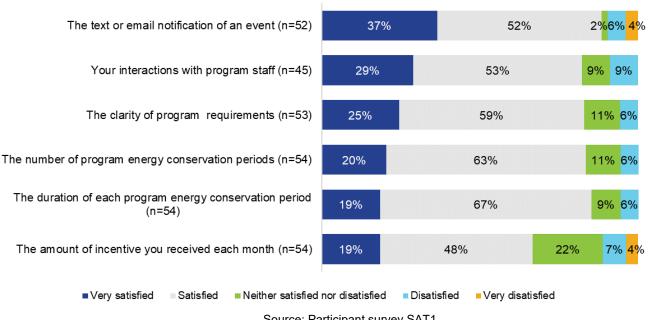


Figure 36. Participant Satisfaction with Program Aspects

Source: Participant survey SAT1 *Don't know, not applicable, and refused responses are excluded.

Almost all respondents (91 percent, or 50 of 55) plan to continue participating in the program again next summer. Three respondents said they did not know, and two said they would not. Two of these five respondents said their participation would depend on the weather. If the weather is dry or "not too hot," they would participate because they do not have to irrigate as much. Two respondents said it was "not worth the trouble," and one respondent retired and no longer owned the farm. Of the five who did not know or would not participate next summer, two said they would recommend the program to others. Two respondents said they did not know if they would recommend the program, and one said they would not.

15.6 OVERALL SAVINGS ESTIMATES

The EM&V team evaluated Connected Energy's savings calculation by reviewing the program's metered load data, confirming the methodology and results, repeating the calculation steps, and reviewing additional input assumptions. To conduct the evaluation, the EM&V team received the following information from Connected Energy:

- 15-minute load data spanning May 15, 2022 through August 31, 2022 and
- calculations of the savings for each event hour for 2022.

The EM&V team finds that the MISO SMA baseline calculation is the most appropriate for the AILC program; of the three MISO approaches, this method best captures the variability in irrigation loads. Irrigation presents a challenge for demand-response programs in that the key driver is precipitation. Precipitation is not a factor that MISO currently includes in its weather adjustment method, based solely on load responses to temperature. MISO's other option—a 10 of 10 unadjusted baseline method—is appropriate for more stable loads less influenced by weather or scheduling factors during event hours. Given MISO's three options, the EM&V team

finds this approach is the most appropriate, and no adjustments were made based on the calculation method.

Next, the EM&V team attempted to replicate the savings calculations provided by Connected Energy. The savings are based on average hourly baseline loads, the adjustment factor, and event-day hourly average loads. Table 223 describes the key calculation factors for each PY2022 event hour. Realization rates on savings range from 86.5 to 137.6 percent. Both Connected Energy and the EM&V team found agreement that the peak performing event hour was 15:00 to 16:00 on July 12 (in bold in Table 223).

Table 223. Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program Load Control Event Baseline and Savings Comparison¹⁰²

Date	Hour starting (CDT)	Event hour load (kW)	Connected energy unadjusted baseline load (KW)	EM&V team unadjusted baseline load (kW)	Baseline adjusted	Connected energy event hour savings (kW)	EM&V team event hour savings (kW)	Realization rate (%)
6/1/2022	13:00	264	707	755	1.2	533	641	120.2
6/16/2022	14:00	834	3,692	4,692	1.2	3,487	4,796	137.6
6/16/2022	15:00	986	3,663	4,691	1.2	3,413	4,643	136.0
6/23/2022	12:00	18,548	7,865	8,807	1.2	-9,034	-7,979	88.3
6/23/2022	13:00	18,612	7,973	8,937	1.2	-9,043	-7,887	87.2
6/23/2022	14:00	18,847	8,210	9,205	1.2	-8,994	-7,802	86.7
6/23/2022	15:00	18,853	8,327	9,326	1.2	-8,859	-7,662	86.5
6/23/2022	16:00	19,223	8,268	9,286	1.2	-9,301	-8,080	86.9
7/12/2022	15:00	1,924	19,766	19,766	1.2	21,958	21,795	99.3
7/27/2022	13:00	1,511	17,396	17,396	1.2	19,387	19,364	99.9

There are minor differences in both unadjusted baseline kilowatt and SMA factors between Connected Energy and the EM&V team; the baseline adjustment factors for the EM&V team and Connected Energy are the same for all four events. Unadjusted baseline loads are different for all event hours covered during PY2022; however, differences are minor in absolute terms and are similar in magnitude between Connected Energy and the EM&V team on all event days.

¹⁰² Savings results may not be exact per the data in the table due to rounding occurring at several steps of the calculation.



16.0 CONSISTENT WEATHERIZATION APPROACH AND ACT 1102

This section presents the evaluation, measurement, and verification (EM&V) team's consistent weatherization approach (CWA) estimates for Entergy Arkansas, LLC (EAL) residential programs in the PY2022. An overview of EAL's implementation of the CWA is outlined in the TRM 9.0, Volume 1: EM&V Protocol C. EAL implements the CWA through four residential programs: Home Energy Solutions, Low-Income Solutions, Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes, and Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes.

Order No.7 in Docket No.13-002-U (Order) of the Arkansas Public Service Commission (APSC) requires all investor-owned utilities (IOU) to implement a consistent approach to providing weatherization services to eligible Arkansas residents. The Order identified key programmatic features that this CWA must include; these features were further developed and refined into a recommended framework—referred to as the Core program—for implementation by the IOUs.

Critical components of the Core program are:

- direct installation of low-cost energy-saving measures;
- installation of a set of weatherization measures, including insulation and air sealing; and
- management of the contractors that deliver the home assessments and installations.

The EM&V team presents estimates of direct installation, *weatherization* measures, and information regarding the number of contractors that participated in these installations during PY2022.

16.1 CONSISTENT WEATHERIZATION APPROACH FINDINGS

Table 224 provides program-specific counts of participants and quantities of energy-saving measures provided under the Home Energy Solutions, Low-Income Solutions, Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes, and Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes programs. A total of 12,114 unique participants were enrolled in the four programs, providing a total of 90,209 energy-saving measure units across the installed measures. The number of installed measures slightly decreased by three percent compared to 93,682 measures installed in PY2021.

Within the EAL residential program offerings, *weatherization* improvements continue to be among the most popular measures in the residential programs. *Air sealing* and *duct sealing* comprised over 13,314 of the energy efficiency units installed in PY2022, representing about 77 percent of energy savings across the year. These results are equal to PY2021, where 77 percent of savings were also provided by *air sealing* and *duct sealing* measures across the Home Energy Solutions, Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes, and Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes and Low-Income Solutions programs.

Table 224. PY2022 Participation in CWA Programs

Program	Participants ¹⁰³	Measure quantity
Home Energy Solutions	7,375	57,311
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	2,349	12,561
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	627	4,497
Low-Income Solutions	1,763	15,840
Total	12,114	90,209

Table 225 highlights the number of participants and quantities of measures received under the Home Energy Solutions, Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes, and Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes programs. A total of 90,209 energy efficiency measures were installed, most of which were *direct-install LED* bulbs.

Table 225. PY2022 Consistent Weatherization Measures Received—All Programs

Measure type	Measure description	Participants	Measure quantity
Appliance	Advanced power strip	5,030	5,040
Domestic hot water	Faucet aerator	885	1,685
	Low-flow showerhead	944	1,349
Envelope	Air infiltration	4,721	4,732
	Ceiling insulation	2,942	3,059
HVAC	Central air conditioner tune-up	1,206	1,322
	Heat pump tune-up	525	542
	Duct sealing/replacement	8,600	9,367
	Smart thermostat	437	522
Lighting	LED	5,672	62,591
Total		12,114	90,209

^{*} A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories. Thus, the total count of participants may not equal the sum of the counts by measure category.

Below we highlight home energy audits and measures received by program participants within the Home Energy Solutions, Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes, Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes, and Low-Income Solutions programs.

Participant count includes all participants reported in each program, including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate smart thermostat measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, health and safety measures, contractor performance bonus measures, and audit measures.



16.1.1 Home Energy Solutions Program

The Home Energy Solutions program helps single-family residential customers identify opportunities to improve their home's energy efficiency. Local home energy consultants work with customers to develop long-term, cost-effective energy savings by analyzing their energy use. Program participants receive home energy assessments conducted by a trained trade ally and direct installation of no-cost measures, including *LEDs, low-flow faucet aerators, low-flow showerheads, and advanced power strips.* When the home assessment results indicate additional energy-saving work could be performed on-site, contractors encourage customers to install premium efficiency upgrades and cost-effective *weatherization* measures, including *ceiling insulation, air infiltration, duct sealing, duct replacement, air conditioner and heat pump tune-ups*, and *smart thermostats*. The program offers incentives for these premium energy efficiency upgrades.

Table 226 highlights the Core program's types, quantities, and cost of *direct-install* and *weatherization* measures implemented under the Home Energy Solutions program. A total of 7,375 eligible customers took part in the program, ultimately installing 57,311 energy-saving measures.

Table 226. PY2022 Consistent Weatherization Measures Installed—Home Energy Solutions Program

			<u> </u>	
Measure category	Measure type	Participants ¹⁰⁴ *	Measure quantity	Incentive (\$)
Domestic hot	Faucet aerator	164	279	372
water	Showerhead	206	280	1,780
Envelope	Air infiltration	2,451	2,453	474,224
	Ceiling insulation	2,254	2,369	3,137,179
Appliances	Advanced power strip	3,143	3,151	52,826
HVAC	Air conditioner tune-up	524	611	152,750
	Residential heat pump tune-up	260	275	68,750
	Duct sealing	5,199	5,909	4,340,198
	Smart thermostat	309	386	86,252
Lighting	LED	3,605	41,598	53,246
Total		7,375	57,311	\$8,367,577

^{*} A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories. Thus, the total count of participants may not equal the sum of the counts by measure category.

¹⁰⁴ Participant count includes all participants reported in each program, including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate *smart thermostat* measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, *contractor performance bonus* measures, and *audit* measures.



A total of 2,131 Home Energy Solutions participants received a home energy audit (1,641 *Tier 1 Audits* and 490 *Tier 2 Audits*). All participants that received a home *energy audit* also installed at least one energy efficiency measure through the program, bringing the conversion rate (the ratio of *audits* to projects) to 1:1. Approximately eight energy-saving units were installed per participating customer, on average. The program's cost 105 is estimated at \$8,783,194 (including the cost associated with *energy audits* and contractor *performance bonus*) across the 7,375 participating households throughout EAL's territory in PY2022, producing a total of 29,393 MWh and 9.7 MW in net savings. The average cost of the program was approximately \$1,191 per participant.

Ultimately, 35 contractors conducted home *energy audits* or *installations* through the program. All 35 contractors installed at least one energy-efficiency measure type. All 35 contractors implemented *weatherization* measures; 22 of these 35 implemented *direct-install* measures as well.

16.1.2 Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes Program

The Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes program provides cost-effective energy efficiency measures to manufactured home communities throughout EAL's service territory. After installing no-cost *direct-install* energy efficiency measures in participating customers' homes, program technicians provide an *audit* of the home to provide property owners and residents details about additional energy-saving opportunities. Suppose additional energy-saving work could be performed on the site. In that case, contractors encourage customers to install premium efficiency upgrades and cost-effective *weatherization* measures, including *air conditioner and heat pump tune-ups*, *air sealing*, *duct sealing*, *and smart thermostats*. The program offers incentives for these premium energy efficiency upgrades.

Table 227 highlights the types and quantities of Core program *direct-install* and *weatherization* measures implemented under the Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes program. A total of 627 eligible customers took part in the program, ultimately installing 4,497 energy-saving units.

Table 227. PY2022 Consistent Weatherization Measures Received—Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes Program

Measure category	Measure type	Participants 106*	Measure quantity	Incentive (\$)
Domestic hot water	Faucet aerator	297	297	209
	Showerhead	72	174	664
Envelope	Air infiltration	72	105	67,977
Appliances	Advanced power strip	261	261	5,018
HVAC	Air conditioner	114	114	28,500
	tune-up			
	Residential heat pump	10	10	2,500
	tune-up			
	Duct sealing	529	532	577,387
	Smart thermostat	26	31	6,927
Lighting	LED	296	2,973	3,691
Total		627	4,497	\$692,873

^{*} A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories. Thus, the total count of participants may not equal the sum of the counts by measure category.



A total of 138 Home Energy Solutions participants received a home *energy audit* (80 *Tier 1 Audits* and 58 *Tier 2 Audits*). All participants that received a home *energy audit* also installed at least one energy efficiency measure through the program, bringing the conversion rate (the ratio of *audits* to projects) to 1:1. Approximately seven energy-saving units were installed per participating customer, on average. The program's cost¹⁰⁷ is estimated at \$705,498 (including the cost associated with *energy audit* and *contractor performance bonus*) across the 627 participating households throughout EAL's territory in PY2022, producing a total of 6,227 MWh and 0.8 MW in net savings. The average cost of the program was approximately \$1,125 per participant.

Ultimately, 20 contractors conducted home *energy audits* and installations through the program. All contractors installed at least one energy-efficiency measure. All contractors implemented *weatherization* measures, and 15 also implemented *direct-install* measures.

16.1.3 Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program

The Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes program provides cost-effective energy efficiency measures to multifamily residences with at least five units. After installing no-cost energy efficiency measures in units of participating customers, program contractors provide energy audits to multifamily property owners with details about additional energy-saving opportunities. Suppose additional energy-saving work could be performed on the site. In that case, contractors encourage customers to install premium efficiency upgrades and cost-effective weatherization measures, including air conditioner tune-ups and heat pump tune-ups, air sealing, and duct sealing. The program offers incentives for these premium energy efficiency upgrades.

Table 228 highlights the types and quantities of the Core program *direct-install* and *weatherization* measures implemented under the Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes program. A total of 2,349 eligible participants took part in the program, ultimately installing 12,561 energy-saving units.

¹⁰⁷ The program's cost is estimated based on the *Total Incentive Amount* paid per installed measure as reported by the program's tracking database.



¹⁰⁵ The program's cost is estimated based on the *Total Incentive Amount* per installed measure as reported by the program's tracking database.

¹⁰⁶ Participant count includes all participants reported in each program, including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate *smart thermostat* measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, *contractor performance bonus* measures, and *audit* measures.

Table 228. PY2022 Consistent Weatherization Measures Received—Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program

Measure category	Measure type	Participants ¹⁰⁸ *	Measure quantity	Incentive (\$)
Domestic hot	Faucet aerator	577	579	663
water	Showerhead	336	651	1,998
	Air infiltration	353	481	225,504
Envelope	Ceiling insulation	1,363	1,371	230,123
Appliances	Advanced power strip	326	326	9,616
	Air conditioner tune-up	527	555	80,475
HVAC	Residential heat pump tune-Up	118	118	17,700
	Duct sealing	1,526	1,552	757,053
Lighting	LED	732	6,928	9,156
Total		2,349	12,561	\$1,332,288

^{*} A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories. Thus, the total count of participants may not equal the sum of the counts by measure category.

A total of 78 Home Energy Solutions participants received a home *energy audit* (64 *Tier 1Audits* and 14 *Tier 2 Audits*). All participants that received a home energy audit also installed at least one energy efficiency measure through the program, bringing the conversion rate (the ratio of *audits* to projects) to 1:1. Approximately five energy-saving units were installed per participating customer, on average. The program's cost¹⁰⁹ is estimated at \$1,350,103 (including the cost associated with *energy audits* and *contractor performance bonus*) across the 2,349 participating households throughout EAL's territory in PY2022, producing a total of 10,646 MWh and 1.8 MW in net savings. The average cost of the program was approximately \$575 per participant.

Ultimately, 20 contractors conducted home *energy audits* and installations through the program. All contractors installed at least one energy-efficiency measure. All 20 contractors implemented *weatherization* measures; of these 20, 13 also installed *direct-install* measures.

¹⁰⁹ The program's cost is estimated based on the *Total Incentive Amount* paid per installed measure as reported by the program's tracking database.



Participant count includes all participants reported in each program, including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate *smart thermostat* measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, *contractor performance bonus* measures, and *audit* measures.

16.1.4 Low-Income Solutions Program

The Low-Income Solutions program helps low-income households become more comfortable, safe, and energy-efficient through *home weatherization* and *health and safety upgrades* at no cost to customers. The Low-Income Solutions program also helps with home repairs to correct minor problems that may otherwise prevent the building from receiving *weatherization* upgrades or pose a *health or safety* risk. As part of the Low-Income Solutions program, EAL offers the following services at no cost to qualifying customers: *home energy assessments* by qualified field technicians, *LEDs*, *low-flow showerheads*, *faucet aerators* (for kitchens and bathrooms), and *advanced power strips*. EAL also offers the following measures at no cost to the customer: *air sealing*, *duct sealing*, *ceiling insulation*, *air conditioner and heat pump tune-ups*, *and smart thermostats*. Table 229 highlights the types and quantities of the Core program *direct-install* and *weatherization* measures implemented under the Low-Income Solutions program. A total of 1,763 eligible participants took part in the program, ultimately installing 15,840 energy-saving units.

Table 229. PY2022 Consistent Weatherization Measures Received Low-Income Solutions Program

Measure category	Measure type	Participants ¹¹⁰ *	Measure quantity	Incentive (\$)
Domestic hot	Faucet aerator	313	581	903
water	Showerhead	313	483	2,513
Envelope	Air infiltration	646	647	177,084
	Ceiling insulation	362	364	514,338
Appliances	Advanced power strip	1,013	1,013	17,016
HVAC	Air conditioner tune-up	41	42	10,185
	Residential heat pump tune-up	137	139	32,150
	Duct sealing	1,346	1,374	983,294
	Smart thermostat	102	105	23,462
Lighting	LED	1,039	11,092	14,157
Total		1,763	15,840	\$1,775,102

^{*} A participant may install measures across multiple measure categories. Thus, the total count of participants may not equal the sum of the counts by measure category.

Participant count includes all participants reported in each program, including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate smart thermostat measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, health and safety measures, contractor performance bonus measures, and audit measures.



Table 230 shows the types and quantities of the Core program health and safety measures implemented under the Low-Income Solutions program. A total of 1,536 participants, 87 percent, received *health and safety* measures out of 1,763 total program participants. On average, two *health and safety* measure units were installed per customer that received this measure.

Table 230. PY2022 Consistent Weatherization Health and Safety Measures Received Low-Income Solutions Program

Measure description	Health and safety incentives spent	Percentage of health and safety incentives spent	Quantity installed
Capping unvented gas wall heater	760	0.2%	3
CO/smoke detector	79,842	26.3%	2,042
Dryer	55,204	18.2%	413
Drywall repair	8,772	2.9%	25
Duct repair/replacement	5,162	1.7%	16
Electrical repairs	2,028	0.7%	10
Floor repair	465	0.2%	1
HVAC	15,613	5.1%	63
Other	3,748	1.2%	11
Plumbing repair	267	0.1%	1
Roof repair	275	0.1%	1
Subfloor repair	1,000	0.3%	2
Ventilation	128,576	42.3%	416
Window/door repair or replacement	2,395	0.8%	12
Total	\$304,108	100%	3,016

A total of 421 Home Energy Solutions participants received a home energy audit (389 *Tier 1 Audits* and 32 *Tier 2 Audits*). All participants that received a home energy audit also installed at least one energy efficiency measure through the program, bringing the conversion rate (the ratio of *audits* to projects) to 1:1. Approximately nine energy-saving units were installed per participating customer, on average. The program's cost¹¹¹ is estimated at \$2,125,964 (including the cost associated with *energy audits*, *contractor performance bonus*, and *health and safety* measures) across the 1,763 participating households throughout EAL's territory in PY2022, producing a total of 7,856 MWh and 1.9 MW in net savings. The average cost of the program was approximately \$1,206 per participant.

¹¹¹ The program's cost is estimated based on the *Total Incentive Amount* paid per installed measure as reported by the program's tracking database.



Ultimately, 13 contractors conducted home energy audits and installations through the program. All 13 contractors installed at least six energy-efficient measure types. Among them, all 13 implemented *audit* or *weatherization* measures; 12 of those 13 contractors also installed *directinstall* measures.

16.2 ACT 1102

To meet the objectives outlined in Act 1102, EAL launched the Low-Income Energy Solutions program in PY2020 and continued to implement the program in PY2022. The program is designed to serve low-income (defined as Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)-eligible) or seniors (defined as 65 and older).

16.2.1 Key Findings

As by design, the Low-Income Energy Solutions program fully meets Act 1102 objectives, with about three-quarters (71.1 percent) of participants being LIHEAP-eligible. Almost one-half (45.2 percent) of participants are 65 or older. Some fall into both categories; households have to be in one of the two categories to qualify to participate in the Low-Income Energy Solutions program.

At the same time, it is important to note that the other three existing programs—Home Energy Solutions, Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes, and Energy Solutions for Multifamily Home—also continue to serve residential households to meet Act 1102 objectives.

16.2.2 Methodology Overview

Act 1102 information in this section is based on the most recent process evaluations available, including PY2020 process evaluation results for Home Energy Solutions and Low-Income Solutions programs and PY2018 process evaluation results implemented for Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes and Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes programs (note that the PY2021 Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes and Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes process research focused on in-depth interviews with decision-makers and the majority were landlords or property managers. Therefore, the participant surveys from PY2018 are a more reliable estimate for Act 1102 purposes.)

Table 231 provides program-specific counts of participants and the number of completed process evaluation surveys for EAL's four residential programs that directly serve customers' homes. A total of 12,951 unique accounts participated, with a total of 346 surveys completed.¹¹²

¹¹² Survey respondents were those in the household that were most knowledgeable of the details of and the overall experience from participation in residential program offerings.



Table 231. PY2022 in Residential Programs (Excluding Upstream Programs)

Program	Participants	Completed process surveys
Home Energy Solutions	7,369	108
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	627	90
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	2,348	104
Low-Income Solutions	1,727	44
Total	12,071	346

Combining data collected on household size and household income, the EM&V team generated an estimate of the number and share of survey respondents eligible for assistance under LIHEAP. To do so, the EM&V team utilized a table of LIHEAP-eligibility cutoffs contained in Table 232, where LIHEAP eligibility is determined through a combination of household size and household income.

Table 232. PY2022 Income and Household Size Cutoffs to Determine LIHEAP Eligibility 113

Household size	Annual income
1	\$21,870
2	\$29,580
3	\$37,290
4	\$45,000
5	\$52,710
6	\$60,420
7	\$68,130
8	\$75,840

16.2.3 Program-Level Results

Below we summarize program participant information for the Low-Income Solutions, Home Energy Solutions, Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes, and Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes programs. Consistent with guidance from the independent evaluation monitor, the most recent process evaluation survey results have been applied to each program's total number of participants in PY2022. The survey results are used to estimate the number of program participants falling into (1) age, (2) income, and (3) LIHEAP eligibility bins to determine the approximate total number of participants falling within each respective bin.

¹¹³ LIHEAP eligibility is reported for the current program year and can be found at https://www.benefits.gov/benefit/1542. LIHEAP eligibility is updated annually, and the applicable program year is used in calculating process survey participants' eligibility. For households with more than eight people, \$7,710 per additional person is added.



16.2.4 Low-Income Solutions Program

This program targets low-income households eligible for LIHEAP or EAL customers aged 65 or older. In PY2022, the program incentivized *ceiling insulation*, *air infiltration*, *duct sealing*, *air conditioner and heat pump tune-ups*, and *smart thermostats* measures while providing direct installation of *faucet aerators*, *low-flow showerheads*, *advanced power strips*, and *lighting* measures at no cost to the customers.

Table 233 highlights key demographic information for participants. The EM&V team applied process survey responses and the resulting shares of respondents falling into age, income, and LIHEAP eligibility bins to determine the approximate total number of participants falling within each respective bin.

Based on the survey conducted in PY2020, approximately 45.2 percent of surveyed program participants were aged 65 or older, and approximately 71.1 percent were eligible for LIHEAP benefits. Applying these shares to PY2022 participation numbers, approximately 797 participants were 65 or older, and approximately 1,253 participants were eligible for LIHEAP benefits.

Respondent charac	cteristic	Percentage	Participants ¹¹⁴
Respondent age	18–24	2.40%	42
	25–34	4.80%	85
	35–44	7.10%	125
	45–54	7.10%	125
	55–64	33.30%	587
	65 or older	45.20%	797
	Participants (n)		1,763
LIHEAP status	LIHEAP-eligible	71.10%	1,253
	Not LIHEAP-eligible	28.90%	510
	Participants (n)		1,763

^{*}Percentages are estimated from PY2020 process surveys.

16.2.5 Home Energy Solutions Program

Home Energy Solutions helps single-family residential customers analyze their energy use and identify opportunities to improve their homes' energy efficiency. Program participants receive home energy assessments conducted by a trained trade ally and direct installation of low-cost measures, including *LEDs*, *low-flow faucet aerators*, *low-flow showerheads*, and *advanced power strips*. When the home assessment results indicate additional energy-saving work could be performed at the site, contractors encourage customers to install premium efficiency

¹¹⁴ Participant count includes all participants reported in each program including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate smart thermostat measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, health and safety measures, contractor performance bonus measures, and audit measures.



upgrades and cost-effective weatherization measures, including ceiling insulation, air infiltration, duct sealing or duct replacement, air conditioner and heat pump tune-ups and smart thermostat measures.

Table 234 highlights key demographic information for the Home Energy Solutions program participants. The EM&V team applied PY2020 process survey responses and the resulting shares of respondents falling into age, income, and LIHEAP-eligibility bins to determine the approximate total number of participants falling within each respective bin. In PY2020, approximately 24 percent of surveyed Home Energy Solutions participants were aged 65 or older. Applying these shares to PY2022 participation numbers, 1,741 participants were 65 or older. Approximately 14 percent of surveyed participants were LIHEAP-eligible, resulting in an estimated 1,033 participants for PY2022.

Table 234. PY2022 Demographic Information—Home Energy Solutions

Respondent chara	acteristic	Percentage	Participants ¹¹⁵
Respondent age	18–24	0.9%	66
	25–34	15.1%	1,114
	35–44	19.8%	1,460
	45–54	21.7%	1,600
	55–64	18.9%	1,394
	65 or older	23.6%	1,741
	Participants (n)		7,375
Income	Less than \$25,000	11.1%	819
	\$25,000 to less than \$50,000	20.4%	1,505
	\$50,000 to less than \$75,000	18.5%	1,364
	\$75,000 to less than \$100,000	22.2%	1,637
	\$100,000 or greater	27.8%	2,050
	Participants (n)		7,375
LIHEAP status	LIHEAP-eligible	14.0%	1,033
	Not LIHEAP-eligible	86.0%	6,343
	Participants (n)		7,375

^{*}Percentages are estimated from PY2020 process surveys.

¹¹⁵ Participant count includes all participants reported in each program, including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate *smart thermostat* measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, *contractor performance bonus* measures, and *audit* measures.



16.2.6 Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes Program

The Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes program provides cost-effective energy efficiency measures to manufactured home communities throughout EAL's service territory. After installing no-cost *direct-install* energy efficiency measures in participating customers' homes, program technicians provide an audit of the home to provide property owners and residents details about additional energy-saving opportunities. Suppose additional energy-saving work could be performed on-site. In that case, contractors encourage customers to install premium efficiency upgrades and cost-effective *weatherization* measures, including *air* conditioner and heat pump tune-ups, air sealing, duct sealing and smart thermostats. The program offers incentives for these premium energy efficiency upgrades.

Table 235 highlights key demographic information for participants in the Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes program. The EM&V team applied process survey responses and the resulting shares of respondents falling into age, income, and LIHEAP-eligibility bins to determine the approximate total number of participants falling within each respective bin. In PY2018, approximately 24 percent of surveyed Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes participants were aged 65 or older, and approximately 22 percent were eligible for LIHEAP benefits. Applying these shares to PY2022 participation numbers, approximately 150 were 65 or older and approximately 135 participants were eligible for LIHEAP benefits in PY2022.

Table 235. PY2022 Demographic Information—Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes Program

Respondent characteristic		Percentage*	Participants* ¹¹⁶
Respondent age	18–24	2.8%	18
	25–34	11.3%	71
	35–44	18.3%	115
	45–54	23.9%	150
	55–64	19.7%	124
	65 or older	23.9%	150
	Participants (n)		627
Income	Less than \$25,000	44.6%	280
	\$25,000 to less than \$50,000	38.5%	241
	\$50,000 to less than \$75,000	10.8%	68
	\$75,000 to less than \$100,000	4.6%	29
	\$100,000 of greater	1.5%	9
	Participants (n)		627
LIHEAP status	LIHEAP eligible	21.5%	135
	Not LIHEAP eligible	78.5%	492
	Participants (n)		627

^{*}Percentages are estimated from PY2018 process surveys.

Participant count includes all participants reported in each program, including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate *smart thermostat* measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, *contractor performance bonus* measures, and *audit* measures.



16.2.7 Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes Program

The Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes program provides cost-effective energy efficiency measures to multifamily residences with at least five units. After installing no-cost energy efficiency measures in units of participating customers, program technicians provide energy audits to multifamily property owners with details about additional energy-saving opportunities. When additional energy-saving work could be performed on-site, contractors encourage customers to install premium efficiency upgrades and cost-effective weatherization measures, including ceiling insulation, air conditioner and heat pump tune-ups, air sealing, and duct sealing. The program offers incentives for these premium energy efficiency upgrades.

Table 236 highlights key demographic information for participants in the Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes program. The EM&V team applied process survey responses and the resulting shares of respondents falling into age, income, and LIHEAP-eligibility bins to determine the approximate total number of participants falling within each respective bin. In PY2018, approximately nine percent of surveyed Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes participants were aged 65 or older, and approximately 26 percent were eligible for LIHEAP benefits. Applying these shares to PY2022 participation numbers, approximately 204 participants were 65 or older in PY2022. Approximately 618 participants were eligible for LIHEAP benefits in PY2022.

Table 236. PY2022 Demographic Information—Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes

Respondent characteristic		Percentage*	Participants ¹¹⁷
Respondent age	18–24	4.3%	101
	25–34	21.7%	510
	35–44	30.4%	714
	45–54	17.4%	409
	55–64	17.4%	409
	65 or older	8.7%	204
	Participants (n)		2,349
Income	Less than \$25,000	57.9%	1,360
	\$25,000 to less than \$50,000	26.3%	618
	\$50,000 to less than \$75,000	5.3%	124
	\$75,000 to less than \$100,000	5.3%	124
	\$100,000 of greater	5.3%	124
	Participants (n)		2,349
LIHEAP status	LIHEAP-eligible	26.3%	618
	Not LIHEAP-eligible	73.7%	1,731
	Participants (n)		2,349

^{*}Percentages are estimated from PY2018 process surveys.

Participant count includes all participants reported in each program, including those that did not claim energy or demand savings such as duplicate *smart thermostat* measures claimed in the Smart DLC program, *contractor performance bonus* measures, and *audit* measures.



17.0 NON-ENERGY BENEFITS

The key measure of success for electric energy efficiency programs is the direct savings achieved in energy (kilowatt-hours, kWh) and demand (kilowatts, kW). However, the energy efficiency industry recognizes that other benefits related to the implementation of these measures exist. These additional benefits can include reductions in maintenance, water usage, wastewater needs, fossil fuel consumption, arrearages, terminations and reconnections, cooling loads due to the reduced heat inputs, and potentially even insurance premiums. These benefits can account for increases in health, safety, comfort, property values, and even productivity.

In 2015, the Arkansas Public Service Commission issued a directive to the independent evaluation monitor (IEM) to establish an approach for quantifying non-energy benefits (NEB) in cases where they are material and quantifiable. The Arkansas Technical Reference Manual (TRM) Evaluation, Measurement, and Verification (EM&V) Protocol L (Protocol L) provides a framework and orientation for quantifying benefits not included under standard forms of EM&V savings calculations. Sections of Protocol L identify three types of NEBs calculations:

- Protocol L1: NEBs for electricity, natural gas, and liquid propane (other fuels);
- Protocol L2: NEBs for water savings; and
- Protocol L3:NEBs of avoided and deferred equipment replacement costs (ADRC).

Protocol L1: NEBs for Electricity, Natural Gas, and Liquid Propane

Measures installed through Entergy Arkansas, LLC's (EAL) energy efficiency programs occasionally generate savings for multiple fuel types. NEBs are calculated for *other fuels* (i.e., not electricity) not supplied by EAL when the EM&V team can identify them, and gas utilities cannot claim the savings. Projects delivered jointly through EAL and gas utilities cannot provide other fuel NEBs to EAL, as the respective gas utility already claims the gas savings. These other fuels typically include natural gas and propane. ¹¹⁸ Such calculations multiply the additional benefits of other fuels by the present value of the avoided cost-per-unit energy savings. The analysis of *other fuel NEBs* uses the following equation:

 $Benefit = Energy Savings \times Avoided Other Fuel Costs$

Where:

Benefit = avoided economic costs per unit of energy savings of the other fuel

savings over the lifetime of the measure, expressed in current dollars

Energy savings = annual number of other fuel kilowatt-hours, therms, or gallons of

propane saved per measure installed

Avoided costs = present value of the avoided cost-per-unit energy saving

¹¹⁸ Propane savings = therm savings * 1.1.



Protocol L2: NEBs for Water Savings

Some energy efficiency measures reduce water and wastewater consumption. NEBs calculations for *water savings* use an algorithm to estimate the value of avoided water and wastewater consumption due to measures installed in energy efficiency programs. Program year (PY) 2022 (PY2022) marginal water rates were \$0.00859 (residential) and \$0.00741 (commercial) per gallon. The EM&V team multiplied projects' total gallons by these rates to obtain total avoided costs.

The calculation of avoided costs resulting from *water savings* uses the following equation:

 $Benefit = Water Savings \times Avoided Water Costs$

Where:

Benefit = avoided cost of water and water savings (per gallon) over the

lifetime of the measure, expressed in current dollars

Water savings = annual number of gallons saved per measure installed

Avoided water costs = present value of the avoided costs-per-unit energy saving

Protocol L3: NEBs of Avoided and Deferred Equipment Replacement Costs

The EM&V team quantified ADRCs by estimating the future value of the current price of not replacing a less-energy efficient piece of equipment with a more energy-efficient piece of equipment. This calculation accounts for the disparity between the estimated useful life (EUL) of baseline measures and their more efficient replacements. There are two main types of ADRCs: replace-on-burnout (ROB) and early replacement (ER); many of the NEBs identified for each measure in EAL's portfolio fall under the ER category.

17.1 CALCULATION INPUTS

The NEBs calculations for EAL's 2022 energy efficiency portfolio use the static inputs presented in Table 237. Where appropriate, prices have been updated to 2022 dollars using a compounding annual inflation rate of 2.09 percent.

Table 237. PY2022 Static Non-Energy Benefit Parameters

Parameter	Value	Source
Nominal discount rate	6.33%	EAL
Inflation rate	2.09%	EAL
Real discount rate	4.15%	Equation 4
Propane	\$2.43 per gallon	Arkansas TRM 9.0 (2022 dollars)
Natural gas	\$0.59 per therm	EAL 2017; updated to 2022 dollars

¹¹⁹ Arkansas TRM 9.0, Volume 1: Section L2, Table 9.



Parameter	Value	Source
Water (residential)	\$0.00859 per gallon	TRM 9.0 (2022 dollars)
Water (commercial)	\$0.00741 per gallon	TRM 9.0 (2022 dollars)
Water (unknown)	\$0.00803 per gallon	TRM 9.0 (2022 dollars)
Net-to-gross (NTG) ratio	Variable by program and measure	EM&V team research

Equation 4. Real Discount Rate

$$RDR = \frac{(0.0633 - 0.0209)}{(1 + 0.0209)} = 0.0415$$

Equation 5. Compound Interest

$$Price_{2020} = Price_y \left(1 + \frac{i}{(2022 - y)} \right)^{2022 - y}$$

Where:

 $Price_y = original price in year y$

i = *inflation rate*

y = year corresponding to original price

The EM&V team employed algorithms defined in TRM 9.0 for each measure and NEB category. The EM&V team adapted the Excel-based calculator created by the Parties Working Collaboratively (PWC). Using this calculator, the EM&V team estimated the avoided and deferred replacement costs of installed measures, using a dual baseline when warranted under TRM 9.0.

17.2 IDENTIFICATION OF NON-ENERGY BENEFITS IN THE PY2022 PORTFOLIO

Using data extracts from the tracking system, ¹²⁰ the EM&V team identified energy-efficient measures offered to customers through EAL's portfolio of energy efficiency programs and determined which type(s) of NEBs are attributable to each measure. Table 238 and Table 239 summarize EAL's PY2022 portfolio measures and NEBs the EM&V team calculated for each measure. The table also provides the relevant TRM subsection for each measure used to calculate primary energy impacts and NEBs.

¹²⁰ Files for analysis were downloaded in February and March 2023 and contain finalized PY2022 data.



Table 238. Non-Energy Benefits by Measure (Residential Sector)

		_	<u> </u>	
Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs	TRM 9.0, Vol. 2 subsection
Advanced strips				2.6.1
Air conditioner tune-up				2.1.5
Air infiltration		✓		2.2.9
Ceiling insulation		✓		2.2.2
Duct sealing—air conditioner (AC) with resistance heat				2.1.11
Duct sealing—electric cooling		✓		2.1.11
Duct sealing—heat pump				2.1.11
Duct sealing electric resistance no cooling				2.1.11
Efficient hot water heaters				2.3.1
ENERGY STAR® dehumidifiers				2.4.4
ENERGY STAR freezers				N/A
ENERGY STAR directional light-emitting diode (LED)		✓	✓	2.5.1.3
ENERGY STAR omnidirectional LEDs		✓	✓	2.5.1.4
ENERGY STAR pool pumps				2.6.2
ENERGY STAR room air- cleaners				2.4.5
ENERGY STAR window AC replacement				2.1.10
Faucet aerators	✓	✓		2.3.4
Hard-wired LED fixtures		✓	✓	2.5.1.3
Heat pump tune-up				2.1.5
Low-flow showerheads	✓	✓		2.3.5
Smart thermostats		✓		2.1.12
Variable frequency drive				N/A

Table 239. Non-Energy Benefits by Measure (Commercial Sector)

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Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs	TRM 9.0, Vol. 2 subsection
Commercial AC/HP tune-up				3.1.6
Commercial door air infiltration		✓		3.2.10
Commercial showerheads	✓	✓		3.3.5
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostats		✓		N/A



Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs	TRM 9.0, Vol. 2 subsection
Continuous energy improvement		✓		N/A
Custom—heating and cooling		✓		N/A
Custom—non-heating and cooling		✓		N/A
Custom controls		✓		N/A
Custom—non-lighting		✓		N/A
Electronically commutated motors for refrigeration				3.4.1
Evaporator fan controls				3.7.10
Faucet aerators	✓	✓		3.3.2
Halogens				3.6.3
High-efficiency battery chargers				3.6.3
High-intensity discharge (HID) lamps		✓	✓	3.6.3
Integrated-ballast compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)		✓	✓	3.6.3
Integrated-ballast LED lamps		✓	✓	3.6.3
LEDs		✓	✓	3.6.3
Lighting controls		✓		3.6.2
Low-flow pre-rinse spray valves	✓			3.7.12
Low-flow showerheads	✓			3.3.5
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12		✓	✓	3.6.3
Midstream: exterior fixtures			✓	3.6.3
Midstream: interior fixtures		✓	✓	3.6.3
Midstream: interior lamps		✓	✓	3.6.3
Modular CFLs and cold cathode fluorescent lamp (CCFL)		✓	✓	3.6.3
Occupancy-based PTHP/PTAC controls (packaged terminal heat pump/packaged terminal air conditioner)		✓		3.1.14
Other linear fluorescents		✓	✓	3.6.3
Refrigeration door gaskets				3.5.7
Refrigeration strip curtains				3.5.6
Unitary and split system AC/HP equipment				3.1.16



Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs	TRM 9.0, Vol. 2 subsection
Variable frequency drives				N/A
Water-chilling equipment—air-cooled				3.1.17
Water-chilling equipment—water-cooled centrifugal				3.1.17
Zero energy doors				3.5.8

17.3 NON-ENERGY BENEFITS METHODOLOGIES

Below we describe the methodologies used by the EM&V team to calculate savings associated with three primary categories of NEBs: ADRCs (associated with *lighting* measures), NEBs for *water savings*, and NEBs for *other fuels*. Note that all NEBs calculations are at the program-by-measure level for which the EM&V team conducted NTG research. To ensure that we present net NEBs in the final results, we multiply the calculations detailed below by NTG ratios at the program-by-measure level.

17.3.1 Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs: Lighting Measures

Installed energy-efficient *lighting* may have a longer EUL than the inefficient/baseline equipment it replaced. Customers avoid replacing the technology that would have been present absent the efficient equipment over the efficient equipment's lifetime (*avoided replacement costs*). When customers replace energy-using equipment before the end of its functional life, this ER accelerates the replacement cycle, deferring the replacement of baseline equipment (*deferred replacement costs*).

Participants in energy efficiency programs can receive energy-efficient *lighting* technologies. Typically, these technologies have longer-rated lives than the baseline technologies they replace. For example, consider a customer with *incandescent lamps* throughout their home that they replace with *LED lamps*. *Incandescent lamps* have a rated measure life that is one-eighth the life of an *LED lamp*. Had the customer not participated in an energy-efficient lighting program, they would have replaced the *incandescent lamp* with one-eighth the life of an *LED lamp* eight times over the *LED lamp's* life. This longevity affords the customer savings in replacement costs they would have incurred in the program's absence. Therefore, efficient *lighting* technology comes with savings from avoided replacement. The extent of these savings depends on the baseline *lighting* technology replaced and the efficient technology's lifetime replacing it.

Baseline technology assumptions for efficient lighting technologies depend on whether efficient lighting is installed at a residential or commercial site. In PY2022, the residential lighting baseline is *halogen* or *incandescent lighting*. Commercial customers currently have deferred replacement costs based on baseline lighting technologies before replacement with efficient lighting.

17.3.1.1 Deferred Replacement Cost Equations

Equations below detail the deferred replacement costs for ER and ROB projects. Equation 6 and Equation 7 below relate to deferred replacement costs associated with efficient *lighting* technologies with static baseline technologies.

Equation 6. Deferred Replacement Cost—Replace-on-Burnout—Static Baseline

$$ROB_{Static} = \left\{ \frac{1 - \left[(1 + RDR)^{EUL_{base} - EUL_{eff}} \right]}{\left[(1 + RDR)^{EUL_{base}} \right] - 1} \right\} * Cost_{base}$$

Equation 7. Deferred Replacement Cost—Early Retirement—Static Baseline

$$ER_{Static} = \left\{ \frac{\left[(1 + RDR)^{EUL_{base} - RUL_{base}} - (1 + RDR)^{EUL_{base} - EUL_{eff}} \right]}{\left[(1 + RDR)^{EUL_{base}} \right] - 1} \right\} * Cost_{base}$$

Inputs contained in the above equations correspond with the following:

 $RDR = real \ discount \ rate$, corresponding with Equation 4.

$$EUL_{base} = \frac{BaselineLifeHours}{AOH * PAF}$$

$$EUL_{eff} = \frac{EfficientLifeHours}{AOH*PAF}$$

Where:

BaselineLifeHours corresponds with the rated life in hours associated with the baseline lighting technology.

EfficientLifeHours corresponds with the rated life in hours associated with efficient lighting technology.

 $AOH = Annual\ Operating\ Hours$, the annual operating hours of the site receiving efficient lighting technology.

 $PAF = Power\ Adjustment\ Factor$, adjustments to lighting power corresponding with the existence of lighting controls—equal to one for all lighting projects in the tracking system

$$RUL_{base} = \frac{EUL_{base}}{3}$$

 $Cost_{Base}$ corresponds to the total replacement costs for the baseline lighting technology.

17.3.1.2 Residential Lighting

EAL's residential programs offer *LED lighting* to residential customers. When computing deferred replacement costs, the EM&V team utilized assumptions about efficient lighting measures' lives contained within TRM 9.0. For residential *lighting* projects, deferred replacement cost calculations followed the following logic:

Early Retirement Versus Replace-on-Burnout

Deferred replacement cost calculations will differ based on whether the *lighting* project was an ER or ROB. For the Home Energy Solutions, Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes, Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes, and Low-Income Solutions programs, all *lighting* projects in the tracking system file extracts were ER. All ER projects have baseline technology with a remaining useful life. The EM&V team assumed a remaining useful life equal to one-third of the baseline technology's EUL. The EM&V team used Equation 7 determine deferred replacement costs associated with efficient *lighting*.

For the Point of Purchase Solutions program, all *lighting* projects in the tracking system file extracts were ROB. In this case, no remaining useful life exists for the baseline technology. The EM&V team used Equation 6 to determine deferred replacement costs associated with efficient lighting.

17.3.1.3 Commercial Lighting

The EM&V team's methodologies used to determine deferred replacement costs for commercial projects are detailed below. The EM&V team worked with CLEAResult to understand the tracking system inputs and how they relate to deferred replacement cost calculations for each commercial project. Table 240 highlights lighting and *lighting* assumptions used by CLEAResult and the EM&V team for commercial *lighting* projects. For commercial *lighting* projects, replacement costs are broken into *indoor* or *outdoor* replacement costs within the table. We highlight how these parameters, alongside other parameters and assumptions, enter into the deferred replacement cost calculations below.

Table 240. PY2022 CLEAResult Measure Life and Fixture Cost by Fixture Type

Fixture type	Life (hours)	Material cost	Labor rate	Indoor hours	Outdoor hours	Indoor replacement costs	Outdoor replacement costs
CFL exit sign (self-ballasted pin)	10,000	\$2.53	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$7.51	\$7.51
CFL pin lamp	11,111	\$7.42	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$12.41	\$12.41
Integrated-ballast CFL lamp	10,000	\$8.07	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$13.06	\$13.06
Halogen	1,930	\$4.21	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$9.19	\$9.19
High-pressure sodium	33,429	\$66.16	\$70.71	0.25	0.50	\$83.84	\$101.52
Incandescent (use A-lamp)	2,722	\$1.19	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$6.17	\$6.17



Fixture type	Life (hours)	Material cost	Labor rate	Indoor hours	Outdoor hours	Indoor replacement costs	Outdoor replacement costs
Induction	100,000	\$278.28	\$70.71	0.25	0.50	\$295.95	\$313.63
LED exit sign	50,000	\$15.63	\$59.83	0.25	0.25	\$30.59	\$30.59
LED fixture	50,000	\$280.86	\$70.71	0.25	0.50	\$298.54	\$316.21
Integrated-ballast LED lamp	20,000	\$12.88	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$17.87	\$17.87
LED tube lamp	50,000	\$16.09	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$21.08	\$21.08
Metal halide	14,000	\$71.16	\$70.71	0.25	0.50	\$88.84	\$106.52
Mercury vapor	14,000	\$108.33	\$70.71	0.25	0.50	\$126.00	\$143.68
Non-high-output T5 lamp	19,500	\$20.04	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$25.02	\$25.02
High-output T5 lamp	28,500	\$20.42	\$70.71	0.25	0.50	\$38.09	\$55.77
T12 (assume the same as T8)	27,000	\$26.92	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$31.90	\$31.90
CEE T8	28,500	\$14.93	\$59.83	0.08	0.08	\$19.92	\$19.92

Annual Operating Hours

Annual operating hours (AOH) for commercial projects vary depending on whether they had stipulated or deemed savings. Projects with stipulated savings have AOH directly entered into the tracking system. Therefore, these values were used in the equations highlighted above when determining deferred replacement costs associated with efficient lighting. Projects with deemed savings required the use of AOH based on building type. AOH was extracted directly from TRM 9.0 Volume 2, Table 418, and matched the building type identifiers in the tracking system. Table 241 provides a mapping of AOH to building type. The EM&V team merged this information onto *lighting* projects with deemed savings. The resulting building-type-specific AOH were used in the equations highlighted above to determine deferred replacement costs associated with efficient lighting.

Table 241. PY2022 Annual Operating Hours by Building Type

Building description	АОН	Coincidence factor
All building types: exit signs*	8,760	1.00
All building types: outdoor*	3,996	0.00
Education: K–12, without summer session	2,777	0.47
Education: college, university, vocational, daycare, and K–12 with summer session	3,577	0.69
Food sales: non-24-hour supermarket/retail	4,706	0.95
Food sales: 24-hour supermarket/retail	6,900	0.95
Food service: fast food	6,188	0.81



Building description	АОН	Coincidence factor
Food service: sit-down restaurant	4,368	0.81
Health care: out-patient	3,386	0.77
Health care: in-patient	5,730	0.78
Lodging (hotel/motel/dorm): common areas	6,630	0.82
Lodging (hotel/motel/dorm): rooms	3,055	0.25
Manufacturing—1 and 2 shifts	4,547	0.64
Manufacturing—3 shifts	6,631	0.89
Multifamily housing: common areas	4,772	0.87
Nursing and resident care	4,271	0.78
Office	3,227	0.54
Outdoor athletic fields	503	0.00
Parking structure	7,884	1.00
Public assembly	2,638	0.56
Public order and safety	3,472	0.75
Religious	1,824	0.53
Retail: excluding malls and strip centers	3,668	0.69
Retail: enclosed mall	4,813	0.93
Retail: strip shopping and non-enclosed mall	3,965	0.90
Service (excluding food)	3,406	0.90
Warehouse: non-refrigerated	3,501	0.77
Warehouse: refrigerated	3,798	0.84

Baseline

Deferred replacement costs were computed using a static baseline. Depending on whether the project was ROB or ER, the EM&V team used Equation 6 (ROB) or Equation 7 (ER).

Early Retirement Versus Replace-on-Burnout

Deferred replacement cost calculations will differ based on whether the *lighting* project was ER or ROB. All *lighting* projects that are not *new construction* projects are *retrofits*. *Retrofit* projects in the tracking system explicitly assume that the ER of the baseline lighting technology took place when EAL conducted each project. The EM&V team presumed a remaining useful life equal to one-third of the baseline technology's EUL. The EM&V team used Equation 7 to determine deferred replacement costs associated with efficient lighting.

For new construction efficient lighting projects, these projects had the same assumptions as ROB. The EM&V team adopted CLEAResult's approach to determining the baseline technology that customers would have adopted in the absence of efficient lighting. Table 242 highlights the EM&V team's methodology for deciding the baseline lighting depending on the new construction efficient lighting technology. Equation 6 was used to determine the deferred replacement costs.

Table 242. PY2022 Baseline Lighting for New Construction Projects

Efficient lighting technology	Efficient wattage	Baseline lighting technology	
LED fixture	Less than 26 W	One-lamp T8 fixture	
LED fixture	Between 26 W and 59 W	Two-lamp T8 fixture	
LED fixture	Greater than 60 W	HID—metal halide fixture	
Integrated-ballast LED lamp	Any wattage	Integrated-ballast CFL lamp	
LED tube lamp	Less than 26 W	One T8 lamp	
LED tube lamp	Greater than 26 W	One T5 high-output lamp	
Generic fixture/lamp, exterior, not screw-in	Any wattage	Metal halide fixture/lamp	
Generic fixture/lamp, interior or exterior, not LED or induction	Any wattage	No baseline—no deferred replacement savings	

17.3.2 Non-Energy Benefits for Water Savings

Some energy efficiency measures reduce water and wastewater consumption. Using TRM 9.0 Volume 2, the EM&V team followed TRM guidance to deem water savings associated with efficient measures for residential and commercial customers. The EM&V team measured water savings in gallons for the first year (PY2022) and the lifetime over which the efficient measure may remain installed. To quantify the monetary value of water NEBs, the EM&V team put first-year water savings in cost savings by multiplying changes in water consumption by their respective prices (contained in Table 237). PY2022 marginal water rates were calculated and set at \$0.00859 (residential) and \$0.00741 (commercial) per gallon. First-year savings are assumed to be repeated as an annual cash flow over the efficient measure's life. To determine lifetime savings in dollars, the EM&V team discounted this cash flow using a real discount rate of 4.15 percent (contained in Table 237).

17.3.3 Non-Energy Benefits for Other Fuels

Efficient measures occasionally generate savings for multiple fuel types. Conversely, efficient measures such as *lighting* can create a penalty for various fuel types, as heat output from efficient lighting is lower than that of baseline lighting technologies typically in place. This lower heat output requires more fuel consumption to maintain the same temperature at gas-heated sites.

NEBs for other fuels—including natural gas and propane—were computed for residential and commercial projects with fuel savings or penalties. The EM&V team followed TRM guidance to deem other fuel savings or penalties associated with efficiency measures. Other fuel savings or penalties were quantified only for the projects with fuel savings or penalties that gas utilities had not claimed.

The EM&V team measured other fuel savings (or penalties) in therms or gallons for the first year (PY2022) and the lifetime over which the efficient measure may remain installed. To quantify the monetary value of other fuel NEBs, first-year savings (or penalties) were calculated in terms of cost savings (or penalties) by multiplying changes in consumption of other fuels by their respective prices (contained in Table 237). First-year savings are assumed to be repeated as an

annual cash flow over the efficient measure's life. To determine lifetime savings in dollars, the EM&V team discounted this cash flow using a real discount rate of 4.15 percent (contained in Table 237).

17.4 ESTIMATES OF NON-ENERGY BENEFITS IN THE PY2022 PORTFOLIO

Below we highlight the EM&V team's NEBs findings for PY2022 using the methodologies described above.

17.4.1 Home Energy Solutions

The Home Energy Solutions program offered 13 unique types of measures for PY2022. The EM&V team calculated water NEBs for *faucet aerators* and *low-flow showerheads*. Gas NEBs were calculated for all *lighting* measures, *air infiltration*, *ceiling insulation*, *duct sealing (with electric cooling)*, and *smart thermostat* measures. Finally, ADRCs were calculated for *lighting* measures, and NEBs were categorized for all measures in this program as ER. Potential gas savings resulting from projects jointly delivered with a gas utility were excluded from EAL's NEBs estimates (see Table 243 through Table 247).

Table 243. Home Energy Solutions Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Advanced power strips			
Air conditioner tune-up			
Air infiltration		✓	
Ceiling insulation		✓	
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat			
Duct sealing—electric cooling		✓	
Duct sealing—heat pump			
ENERGY STAR directional LEDs		✓	✓
ENERGY STAR omnidirectional LEDs		✓	✓
Faucet aerators	✓		
Heat pump tune-up			
Low-flow showerheads	✓		
Smart thermostats		✓	

Table 244. Gas Savings—Home Energy Solutions

First-year savings (therms)	Lifetime savings (therms)	_	Lifetime savings (net present value (NPV))
1,094,758	19,346,396	\$645,907	\$8,275,450

Table 245. Propane Savings—Home Energy Solutions

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
2,997	48,294	\$7,283	

Table 246. Water Savings—Home Energy Solutions

First-year savings (gallons)	_	First-year savings	Lifetime savings (NPV)
966,461	9,664,610	\$8,302	\$69,610

Table 247. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Home Energy Solutions

Avoided and deferred replacement costs (NPV) \$577,994

17.4.2 Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes

The Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes program offered 12 unique types of measures for PY2022. The EM&V team calculated water NEBs for *faucet aerators* and *low-flow showerheads*. We calculated gas NEBs for all *lighting* measures, *air infiltration*, *ceiling insulation*, and *duct sealing with electric cooling* measures. Finally, we calculated ADRCs for *lighting* measures. NEBs for all measures in this program are categorized as ER (see Table 248 to Table 252).

Table 248. Multifamily Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Advanced power strips			
Air conditioner tune-up			
Air infiltration		✓	
Ceiling insulation		✓	
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat			
Duct sealing—electric cooling		✓	
Duct sealing—heat pump			
ENERGY STAR directional LEDs		✓	✓

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
ENERGY STAR omnidirectional LEDs		✓	✓
Faucet aerators	✓		
Heat pump tune-up			
Low-flow showerheads	✓		

Table 249. Gas Savings—Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes

First-year savings (therms)	Lifetime savings (therms)	First-year savings	Lifetime savings (NPV)
37,543	638,955	\$22,151	\$275,464

Table 250. Propane Savings—Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
0	0	\$0	

Table 251. Water Savings—Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
1,702,202	17,022,020	\$14,622	

Table 252. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes

Avoided and deferred replacement co	osts (NPV)
	\$95,121

17.4.3 Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes

The Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes program offered 13 unique types of measures for PY2022. The EM&V team calculated water NEBs for *faucet aerators* and *low-flow showerheads*. We calculated gas NEBs for all *lighting* measures, *air infiltration*, *duct sealing with electric cooling*, and *smart thermostat* measures. Finally, we calculated ADRCs for *lighting* measures and categorized NEBs for all measures in this program as ER (see Table 253 to Table 257).

Table 253. Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Advanced strips			
Air conditioner tune-up			
Air infiltration		✓	
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat			
Duct sealing—electric cooling		✓	
Duct sealing—heat pump			
Duct sealing electric resistance no cooling			
ENERGY STAR directional LEDs		✓	✓
ENERGY STAR omnidirectional LEDs		✓	✓
Faucet aerators	✓		
Heat pump tune-up			
Low-flow showerheads	✓		
Smart thermostats		✓	

Table 254. Gas Savings—Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (therms)	(therms)	savings	(NPV)
34,313	594,910	\$20,245	

Table 255. Propane Savings—Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
1,317	22,298	\$3,201	

Table 256. Water Savings—Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
383,031	3,830,310	\$3,290	

Table 257. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes

Avoided and deferred replacement costs (NPV)	
\$40,819	



17.4.4 Low-Income Solutions

The Low-Income Solutions program offered 14 unique types of measures for PY2022. The EM&V team calculated water NEBs for *faucet aerators* and *low-flow showerheads*; and calculated gas NEBs for all *lighting* measures, *air infiltration*, *duct sealing with electric cooling*, and *smart thermostat* measures. Finally, we calculated ADRCs for *lighting* measures, and we defined all measures in this program as ER (see Table 258 to Table 262).

Table 258. Low-Income Solutions Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Advanced power strips			
Air conditioner tune-up			
Air infiltration		✓	
Ceiling insulation		✓	
Duct sealing—AC with resistance heat			
Duct sealing—electric cooling		✓	
Duct sealing—heat pump			
Duct sealing—electric resistance no cooling			
ENERGY STAR directional LEDs		✓	✓
ENERGY STAR omnidirectional LEDs		✓	✓
Faucet aerators	✓		
Heat pump tune-up			
Low-flow showerheads	✓		
Smart thermostats		✓	

Table 259. Gas Savings—Low-Income Solutions

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (therms)	(therms)	savings	(NPV)
267,551	4,670,028	\$157,855	

Table 260. Propane Savings—Low-Income Solutions

First-year savings (gallons)	_	First-year savings	Lifetime savings (NPV)
0	0	\$0	\$0

Table 261. Water Savings—Low-Income Solutions

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
1,683,178	16,831,780	\$14,458	

Table 262. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Low-Income Solutions

Avoided and deferred replacement cos	sts (NPV)
	\$152,293

17.4.5 Point of Purchase Solutions

The Point of Purchase Solutions program offered 14 unique types of measures (nine residential, three commercial) for PY2022. The EM&V team calculated gas NEBs for all *indoor lighting* measures, *air infiltration*, *duct sealing with electric cooling*, and *smart thermostat* measures. We also calculated ADRCs for all *lighting* purchases, and we defined all purchases as ROB (see Table 263 to Table 267).

Table 263. Point of Purchase Solutions Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

		<u> </u>
Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
	✓	✓
	✓	✓
	✓	✓
		✓
	✓	✓
	✓	✓
	✓	
		reduction Other fuel

Table 264. Gas Savings—Point of Purchase Solutions

First-year savings (therms)	_	First-year savings	Lifetime savings (NPV)
-402,701	-5,155,154	-\$237,594	-\$2,415,429

Table 265. Propane Savings—Point of Purchase Solutions

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
373	4,107	\$907	

Table 266. Water Savings—Point of Purchase Solutions

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
0	0	\$0	\$0

Table 267. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Point of Purchase Solutions

Avoided and deferred replacement costs (NPV)
\$30,961,400

17.4.6 Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions

The Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions program offered 32 types of measures for PY2022. The EM&V team calculated water NEBs for *commercial showerheads*, *faucet aerators*, and *low-flow pre-rinse spray valves*. We also calculated gas NEBs for all *interior lighting* projects and *commercial door air infiltration* for gas heating sites. Finally, we calculated ADRCs for all *lighting* measures, and we defined all *lighting* measures as ER (see Table 268 to Table 272).

Table 268. Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions Program—Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Commercial AC/HP tune-up			
Commercial door air infiltration		✓	
Commercial showerheads	✓		
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostats		✓	
Continuous energy improvement		✓	

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Custom—heating and cooling		✓	
Custom—non-heating and cooling		✓	
Custom controls		✓	
Electronically commutated motors for refrigeration			
Engineering nozzles (compressed air)			
Evaporator fan controls			
Faucet aerators	✓		
Halogens		✓	✓
High-efficiency battery chargers			
High-intensity discharge (HID) lamps		✓	✓
Integrated-ballast CFL lamps		✓	✓
Integrated-ballast LED lamps		✓	✓
LEDs		✓	✓
Lighting controls		✓	
Low-flow pre-rinse spray valves	✓		
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12		✓	✓
Modular CFLs And CCFLs		✓	✓
Occupancy-based PTHP/PTAC controls			
Other linear fluorescents		✓	✓
Refrigeration door gaskets			
Refrigeration strip curtains			
Unitary and split system AC/HP equipment			
Variable frequency drives			
Water-chilling equipment—air-cooled			
Water chilling equipment—water- cooled centrifugal			
Water-chilling equipment—water-cooled			
Zero energy doors			

Table 269. Gas Savings—Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions Program

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (therms)	(therms)	savings	(NPV)
-130,270	-1,932,993	-\$158,934	

Table 270. Propane Savings—Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions Program

First-year savings (gallons)	_	First-year savings	Lifetime savings (NPV)
0	0	\$0	\$0

Table 271. Water Savings—Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions Program

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
1,134,415	10,287,355	\$8,406	

Table 272. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions
Program

Avoided and deferred replacement costs (NPV) \$5,611,581

17.4.7 Small Business Solutions

The Small Business Solutions program offered 18 unique types of measures for PY2022. The EM&V team calculated water NEBs for *commercial showerheads*, *faucet aerators*, and *low-flow pre-rinse spray valves*. We calculated gas NEBs for all *interior lighting* projects, and *commercial door air infiltration* sites with *gas* heating. Finally, we calculated ADRCs for *lighting* measures, and we defined all *lighting* measures as ER (see Table 273 to Table 277).

Table 273. Small Business Solutions Program—Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Commercial AC/HP tune-up			
Commercial door air infiltration		✓	
Commercial showerheads	✓		
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostats		✓	
Faucet aerators	✓		
Halogens		✓	✓
High-intensity discharge lamps		✓	✓
Integrated-ballast CFL lamps		✓	✓

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Integrated-ballast LED lamps		✓	✓
LEDs		✓	✓
Lighting controls		✓	
Low-flow pre-rinse spray valves	✓		
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12		✓	✓
Modular CFLs and CCFLs		✓	✓
Other linear fluorescents		✓	✓
Refrigeration door gaskets			
Refrigeration strip curtains			
Unitary and split system AC/HP equipment			

Table 274. Gas Savings—Small Business Solutions Program

First-year savings	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
(therms)	(therms)	savings	(NPV)
-73,241	-1,092,381	-\$43,212	

Table 275. Propane Savings—Small Business Solutions Program

First-year savings (gallons)	Lifetime savings (gallons)	First-year savings	Lifetime savings (NPV)
0	0	\$0	\$0

Table 276. Water Savings—Small Business Solutions Program

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
163,993	1,393,552	\$1,215	

Table 277. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Small Business Solutions Program

Avoided and deferred replacement costs (NPV)
\$3,495,364

17.4.8 Public Institutions Solutions

The Public Institutions Solutions program offered 19 unique types of measures for PY2022. The EM&V team calculated gas NEBs for all *lighting* projects and *commercial door air infiltration* sites with *gas* heating. We also calculated ADRCs for *lighting* measures and defined these projects as ER (see Table 278 to Table 282).

Table 278. Public Institutions Solutions Program—Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Commercial AC/HP tune-up			·
Commercial door air infiltration		✓	
Commercial showerheads	✓		
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostats		✓	
Custom—non-heating and cooling		✓	
Custom controls		✓	
Faucet aerators	✓		
Halogens		✓	✓
HID lamps		✓	✓
Integrated-ballast CFL lamps		✓	✓
Integrated-ballast LED lamps		✓	✓
LEDs		✓	✓
Lighting controls		✓	
Magnetic ballast T5 or premium T8 retrofit of T12		✓	✓
Modular CFLs and CCFLs		✓	✓
Other linear fluorescents		✓	✓
Unitary and split system AC/HP equipment			
Water-chilling equipment—air-cooled			
Water-chilling equipment—water-cooled			

Table 279. Gas Savings—Public Institutions Solutions Program

First-year savings (therms)	Lifetime savings (therms)	First-year savings	Lifetime savings (NPV)
-30,654	-447,888	-\$18,086	-\$202,753

Table 280. Propane Savings—Public Institutions Solutions Program

First-year	_	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)		savings	(NPV)
0	0	\$0	\$0



Table 281. Water Savings—Public Institutions Solutions Program

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
1,198,104	11,397,724	\$8,878	

Table 282. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Public Institutions Solutions Program

Avoided and deferred replacement costs (NPV) \$1,426,996

17.4.9 Agricultural Energy Solutions

The Agricultural Energy Solutions program offered two measures in PY2022. The EM&V team calculated ADRCs for *lighting* measures (see Table 283 to Table 287).

Table 283. Agricultural Energy Solutions Program—Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Custom lighting			✓
Custom non-lighting			

Table 284. Gas Savings—Agricultural Energy Solutions Program

First-year savings (therms)		First-year savings	Lifetime savings (NPV)
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 285. Propane Savings—Agricultural Energy Solutions Program

	First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
	savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
ſ	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 286. Water Savings—Agricultural Energy Solutions Program

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
N/A	N/A	N/A	

Table 287. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Agricultural Energy Solutions

Avoided and deferred replacement costs (NPV)
\$1,917



17.4.10 Residential Direct Load Control

No NEBs applied to the Residential Direct Load Control program.

17.4.11 Smart Direct Load Control Pilot

The Smart Direct Load Control pilot offered two types of measures for PY2022. The EM&V team calculated gas NEBs for all residential *smart thermostat* projects at sites with *gas* heating (see Table 288 to Table 292).

Table 288. Smart Direct Load Control Pilot—Measures and Potential Non-Energy Benefits

Measure	Water reduction	Other fuel	Avoided/deferred replacement costs
Commercial Wi-Fi thermostats		✓	
Smart thermostats		✓	

Table 289. Gas Savings—Smart Direct Load Control Pilot

First-year savings (therms)	_	First-year savings	Lifetime savings (NPV)
49,158	540,738	\$29,003	\$262,498

Table 290. Propane Savings—Smart Direct Load Control Pilot

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
N/A	N/A	N/A	

Table 291. Water Savings—Smart Direct Load Control Pilot

First-year	Lifetime savings	First-year	Lifetime savings
savings (gallons)	(gallons)	savings	(NPV)
N/A	N/A	N/A	

Table 292. Avoided and Deferred Replacement Costs—Smart Direct Load Control Pilot



17.4.12 Agricultural Irrigation Load Control

No NEBs applied to the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control program.

17.5 TOTAL NON-ENERGY BENEFITS IN PY2022 PORTFOLIO

Table 293 summarizes first-year *gas* and *water* NEBs, and Table 294 provides lifetime NEBs for each of EAL's programs, including totals for the EAL portfolio.

Table 293. PY2022 First Year Non-Energy Benefits by Program

	Gas savings			Water s		
Program	First-year savings (therms)	First-year propane savings (gallons)	First-year savings (\$)	First-year savings (gallons)	First year savings (\$)	First-year total savings (\$)
Home Energy Solutions	1,094,758	2,997	\$653,190	966,461	\$8,302	\$661,492
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	37,543	-	\$22,151	1,702,202	\$14,622	\$36,772
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	34,313	1,317	\$23,446	383,031	\$3,290	\$26,736
Low-Income Solutions	267,551	-	\$157,855	1,683,178	\$14,458	\$172,313
Point of Purchase Solutions	-402,701	373	-\$236,686	-	-	-\$236,686
Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions	-130,270	-	-\$158,934	1,134,415	\$8,406	-\$150,528
Small Business Solutions	-73,241	-	-\$43,212	163,993	\$1,215	-\$41,997
Public Institutions Solutions	-30,654	-	-\$18,086	1,198,104	\$8,878	-\$9,208
Agricultural Energy Solutions	-	-	-	-	-	\$-
Residential Direct Load Control	-	-		-	-	\$-
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot	49,158	-	\$29,003	-	-	\$29,003
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	-	-	-	-	-	\$-
Total	846,457	4,688	\$428,727	7,231,384	\$59,172	\$487,899

Dashes in tables ("-") denote values of zero.

Table 294. PY2022 Lifetime Non-Energy Benefits by Program

	Gas savings			Water savings				
Program	Lifetime savings (therms)	Lifetime propane savings (gallons)	Lifetime savings (NPV)	Lifetime savings (gallons)	Lifetime savings (NPV)	Avoided & deferred replacement cost (NPV)	Total savings (NPV)	
Home Energy Solutions	19,346,396	48,294	\$8,362,511	9,664,610	\$69,610	\$577,994	\$9,010,115	
Energy Solutions for Multifamily Homes	638,955	-	\$275,464	17,022,020	\$122,601	\$95,121	\$493,187	
Energy Solutions for Manufactured Homes	594,910	22,298	\$295,818	3,830,310	\$27,588	\$40,819	\$364,225	
Low-Income Solutions	4,670,028	-	\$2,003,002	16,831,780	\$121,231	\$152,293	\$2,276,526	
Point of Purchase Solutions	-5,155,154	4,107	-\$2,407,216	-	-	\$30,961,400	\$28,554,184	
Large Commercial and Industrial Solutions	-1,932,993	-	-\$1,777,152	10,287,355	\$64,582	\$5,611,581	\$3,899,011	
Small Business Solutions	-1,092,381	-	-\$492,551	1,393,552	\$8,813	\$3,495,364	\$3,011,626	
Public Institutions Solutions	-447,888	-	-\$202,753	11,397,724	\$71,183	\$1,426,996	\$1,295,426	
Agricultural Energy Solutions	-	-	-	-	-	\$1,936	\$1,936	
Residential Direct Load Control	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$-	
Smart Direct Load Control Pilot	540,738	-	\$262,498	-	-	-	\$262,498	
Agricultural Irrigation Load Control	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$-	
Total	17,162,612	74,699	\$6,319,621	70,427,350	\$485,608	\$42,363,506	\$49,168,734	

Dashes in tables ("-") denote values of zero.



ENTERGY ARKANSAS, LLC

Arkansas Energy Efficiency
Program Portfolio Annual Report

Docket No. 07-085-TF

2022 PROGRAM YEAR **May 1, 2023**

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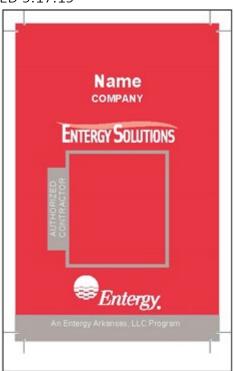
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Entergy released a new Entergy logo in February 2022, and a new Entergy Solutions logo in December 2022. This appendix covers program year 2022 so it includes a mix of old logo items from beginning of 2022 (and items still in the market from previous years), items with new logo and an interim Entergy Solutions logo (black typeface), and a few items from end of the year updated with both the new Entergy logo and new Entergy Solutions logo.

1. CROSS PROGRAMS FILED Time: 5/1/2023 8:36:58 AM: Recvd 5/1/2023 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793

1.1 EAL_Badge TEMPLATE APPROVED 9.17.19



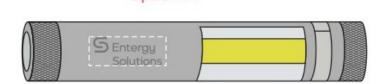
1.2 2022 EAL Branded Give Aways

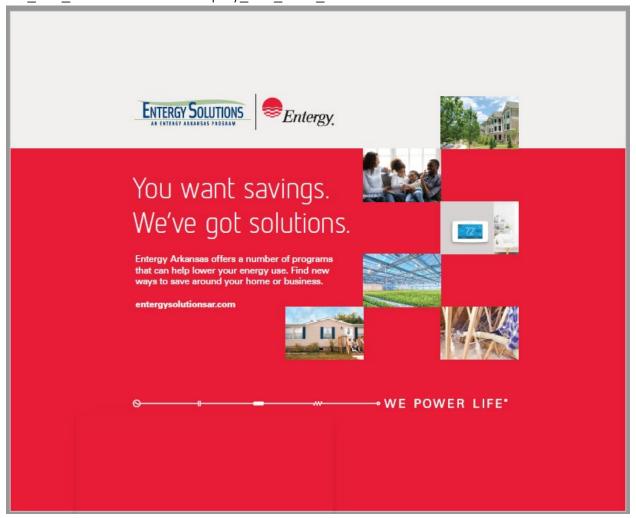






5 Entergy Solutions





1.4 5 22403_EAL_2020JeepCompass_Wrap_v06



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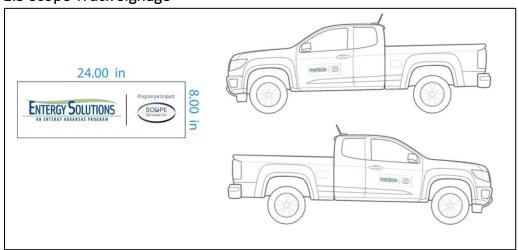








1.5 Scope Truck Signage APSC FILED Time: 5/1/2023 8:36:58 AM: Recvd 5/1/2023 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793



1.6 2022 EAL Branded Apparel



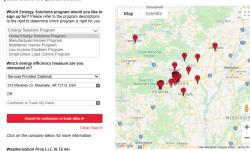
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2.1 Find A Trade Ally Tool



Welcome to the Find a Trade Ally Tool

To find an authorized trade ally for air conditioner tune-ups, insulation installation, air sealing or duct sealing, please answer the questions below.



Weatherization Pros LLC (0.72 mi) 11133 Paul Eells Drive #202, North Little Rock, AR 72113

MXTper Energy (£78 ml)
154 History Creek CIII BR Rock, AR 72212
Afkansas Energy Conservation (£78 ml)
154 History Creek Creek Little Rock, AR 72212
First Star Energy (£78 ml)
154 History Creek CIII BR Rock, AR 72212
First Star Energy (£78 ml)
154 History Creek CIII BR Rock, AR 72212
Cowling Electric PLLC (£58 ml)
159 Box 724 H72E, Histor, AR 72223
Lighting Energy Distribution LLC. (£6.5 ml)
157 Waley Fractor View, Little Rock, AR 72221
Koel Nome Energy LLC (£78 ml)
125 Gamble Rose, AL III BR Rock, AR 72211
ZE Energy Conservation LLC (£1.5 ml)
17200 Chemial Plavy, Suite 300 #338, Lille Rock, AR 72211
Home Energy Efficiency (£4 ml)
1710 History Rose, Lille Rock, AR 72211
Afkansas Energy Innovation (£5.5 ml)

Alkanasa Ereleyy importation (s.J. min PD 60x 250974, Little Rock, AR 72225 Home Energy Xperts (8,53 mi) 17000 Chenal Pkiv, Ste 300 #344, Little Rock, AR 72223 Better Community Development, Inc. (10.06 mi) 305 W. 12m St. Sulfe 208, Little Rock, Arkansas 72204

Tature Green Services (*14.3 m)
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460 hr. Capidó Suite 1700, Libe Rock, Afrantas 72201
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INTEK Heating & Air (37.34 mi) 9442 Hay 38, Ward, AR 72176 Custom Insulation and Supply Inc. (51.3 mi) 112 Cloud Rest CI, Hot Springs, AR 71901 Bryans Conservation Services Inc. (54.11 mi) 6902 Cambridge Dr. Pine Bluff, AR 71602 M3 Services (54.56 mi) 109 Blueridge Place, Hot Springs, AR 71901

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Fig. 20.2 min (5.7.2 min)

Check (5.7.2 min)

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ACI Insulation (139.33 mi) 2816 Sunnybrook Dr, Jonesboro, AR 72404

Free Lighting Corporation (471.86 mi) 15255 Gulf Freeway, 180B, Houston, TX 77034 UtiliSav, Inc. (668.28 mi) 710 Buffalo St STE 311, Corpus Christi, TX 78401

→ WE POWER LIFE®

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APSC FILED Time: 5,1/2023 8:36:58 AM: Recvd 5/1/2023 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793 Enterpy Southers Return to Search Results This participating trade ally provides the following services: - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - Insignification Institution - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - Insignification Institution - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - Insignification Institution - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - Insignification Institution - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - And Enterpy Southers - As Searing or Duct Searing - As Sear

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Environ. LLC The Energy Alexansa. LLC 0 2000-2001 Energy Services. LLC All Signs Research of the Energy Alexansa of the Energy Ale

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Got it!

2.2 EAL_Weatherization_Newsletter Article_Nov_2022.docx

Weatherize your home to stay nice and cozy.

Keep your home comfortable while saving energy by weatherizing your home. Did you know that your home's attic is where you can often find the greatest opportunities to increase energy efficiency? Most homes in the U.S. are under-insulated and have significant air leaks. Sealing air leaks around your home and adding insulation can help you be more comfortable and can save up to 11%* on your energy costs.

─ WE POWER LIFE*

Through our <u>Entergy Solutions Programs</u>, you may be eligible to take advantage of air sealing, duct sealing and attic insulation installation measures, all **at no additional cost to you**. By making these upgrades, you can help keep your home comfortable and save energy no matter the season.

Weatherization upgrades can help your home's:

- Energy efficiency: Sealing leaks and adding insulation increases the efficiency of your home, which can help save energy and money.
- Comfort level: Sealing and insulating can help with common comfort problems, such as rooms that are too cold in the winter or too hot in the summer.
- 3. Air quality: A well-sealed, well-insulated home keeps out more humidity, dust, pollen and pests.
- Safety: Leaky ducts can allow gases from furnaces, stoves and water heaters to enter rooms throughout your home. Sealing leaks reduces this risk.

Save energy while improving your home's comfort for years to come. Visit <u>entergysolutionsar.com</u> or call 866-627-9177 to find a <u>participating trade ally</u> or to learn more.

*Source: energystar.gov



Keep your home cool and clean with Room ACs, Air Purifiers and Dehumidifiers.

Room ACs, air purifiers and dehumidifiers are all great tools for controlling your home's comfort and freshness level. These ENERGY STAR® certified products are also more energy-efficient than the standard models and could save you money overtime.

Did you know:

- ENERGY STAR certified room air conditioners use 10 percent less energy and, on average, cost less than \$70 per year to run.
- ENERGY STAR certified room air purifiers are over 25% more energy-efficient than standard models, saving consumers about 120 kWh/year and \$15 annually on utility bills. These savings could add up to \$120 over its lifetime.
- ENERGY STAR certified dehumidifiers use more efficient refrigeration coils, compressors, and fans to remove the same amount of moisture as a similarly sized conventional unit but uses nearly 15% less energy.

Don't wait, start saving

Visit entergyarkansas.com/ or call 833-807-7682 to learn how you can start living your life comfortably.



2.4 EAL_ACTU_Newsletter Article_June 2022.docx



Stay Cool This Summer with an A/C Tune-up at No Additional Cost.

The hot days of summer will be here soon but you don't have to sacrifice your home's comfort. Be ready for rising temperatures with a high-performance air conditioning tune-up through our Entergy Solutions programs to help keep you cool and comfortable all summer long.

Making smart decisions about your heating and cooling system can have a big impact on improving your home's efficiency and comfort level. As much as half of the energy used in your home goes to heating and cooling, according to EnergyStar.gov. You may qualify for an air conditioning tune-up at no additional cost through one of our energy efficiency programs. Beyond a typical seasonal service check, your equipment will be evaluated, and necessary adjustments will be made to ensure your system is operating as efficiently as possible, saving you energy and money.

A/C Tune-up Benefits:

- Get more from your tune-up. A participating trade ally will evaluate your equipment's energy
 performance and make necessary adjustments to ensure that your system is operating as
 efficiently as possible. Typical adjustments include a comprehensive diagnostic check and
 cleaning the outdoor condenser.
- Save money and energy. Get incentives toward your air conditioning tune-up. Plus, your system will run more efficiently, so you will save on energy costs all summer long.
- Worry less. A properly maintained air conditioner lasts longer, is more reliable and is safer for your family.
- Stay cool. An energy-efficient air conditioner keeps you and your family cool and comfortable during even the hottest summer days.

Ready to schedule your air conditioning tune-up? Contact one of our <u>participating trade allies</u>. For more information or to explore other ways Entergy Solutions can help you save energy, visit <u>entergy solutions ar.com</u>.

2.5 Enrollment Form_ARSC FILED Time: 5/1/2023 8:36:58 AM: Recvd 5/1/2023 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793



2.6 19131_EAL_NoCostLowCost_TipCard_v04_RELEASE





2.7 21216_EAL_ACTuneUp_Trifold_V07_RELEASE_print 5/1/2023 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793





2.8 21216_EAL_ACTuneUp_Cobranded_Trifold_OnDemand_v07_RELEASE_print

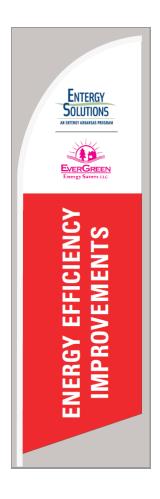




2.9 21216_EAL_Weatherization_Cobranded_Trifold_OnDemand_v09_RELEASE_print







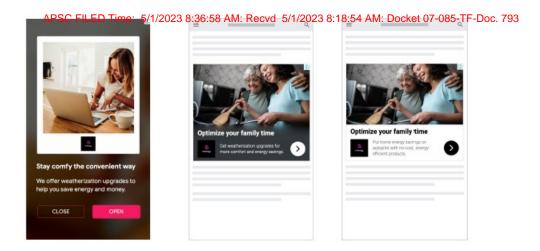


2.11 RES Online Display Ads 2022

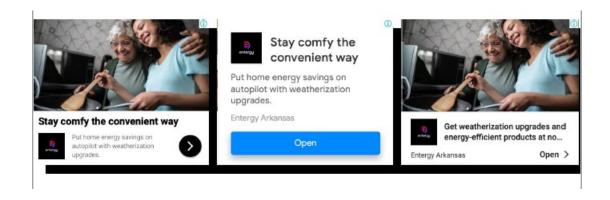








2.12 RES Display Banner Ads 2022





Turn up your savings.

Get ready for summer with a free thermostat.

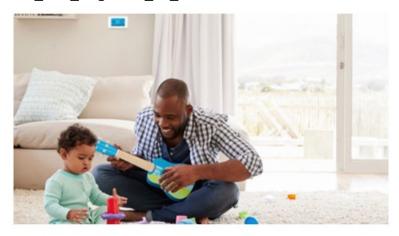
Get a smart thermostat at no additional cost when you join our Smart Direct Load Control Program.

ENROLL NOW

Link

https://www.entergy-arkansas.com/your_home/save_money/ee/thermostat/

2.14 EAL Homepage Banner_DLC_Aug 2022_v2_RELEASE.docx



Zero cost smart thermostat

Save energy and money

Get an award-winning smart thermostat, with professional installation, for no cost when you enroll in our Smart Direct Load Control Program.

ENROLL NOW

Link

https://www.entergy-arkansas.com/your_home/save_money/ee/thermostat/



Keep your home cool and comfortable

Making smart decisions about your heating and cooling system can have a big impact on your home's efficiency.

Get a high-performance air conditioning tune-up through our Entergy Solutions programs at no additional cost.

SCHEDULE NOW

Link:

https://www.entergy-arkansas.com/your_home/save_money/ee/home-energy-solutions/

2.16 EAL Homepage Banner Ad_Weatherization_Jan 2022.docx



Resolve to save energy in 2022.

Kick off the new year with weatherization measures offered through our residential Entergy Solutions programs to help increase your homes' comfort and improve energy efficiency.

FIND A TRADE ALLY

Link button to the Find a Trade Ally Tool at https://entergyartradeally.com/

2.17 2022 Cross Program EAL Social Media Posts- Facebook and 1 witter Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793

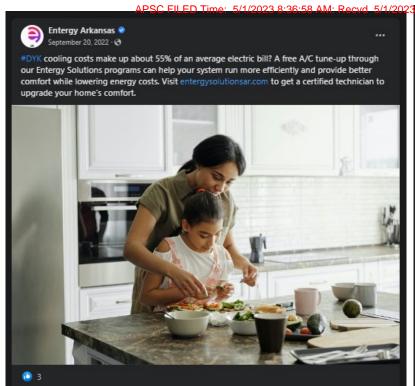






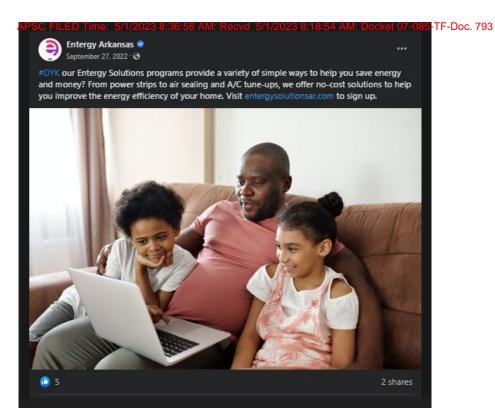


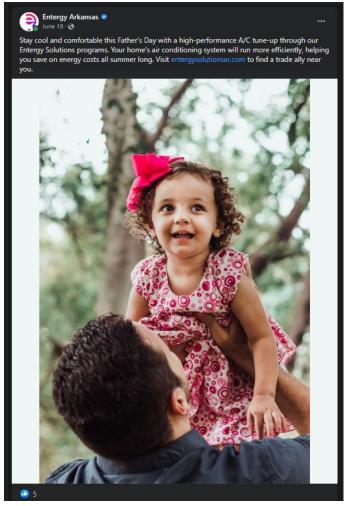








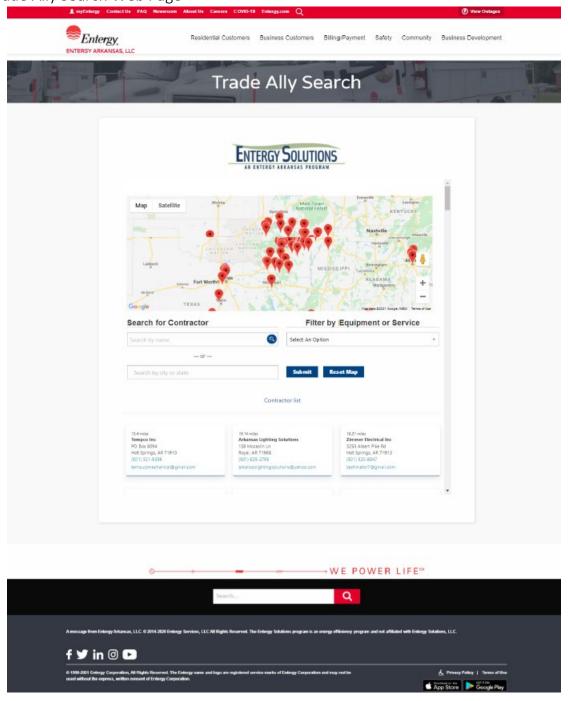








2.18 EAL Trade Ally Search Web Page 2.18 EAL Trade 2.18 EAL Trade Ally Search Web Page 2.18 EAL Trade 2.18 EAL Trade



3.1 Home Energy Solutions

3.1.1 EAL HES Circuit Newsletter Article Jan 2022.docx



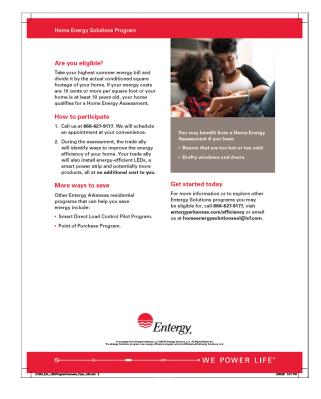
Header: Resolve to save energy in 2022.

New Year's resolutions can be hard to keep – but they don't have to be. Let us help you set achievable goals to use less energy. By following these easy tips, you can use less energy all year long.

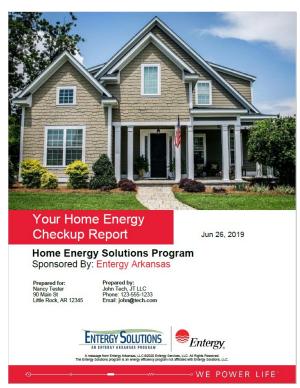
- Weatherize. Stand up to winter's chill and improve the energy efficiency of your home, now and
 for years to come. Air that leaks from your home can waste a lot of energy. Weatherization
 upgrades, as part of our <u>Home Energy Solutions Program</u>, can help ease your worry and
 ultimately improve your home's energy efficiency. A well-sealed home, with the proper insulation,
 can help you save energy and money and improve comfort and durability.
- Use less energy. There are many ways you can use less energy. You can start by turning off the lights when you leave a room or turning off the tap when you brush your teeth. Every change you make will add up.
- 3. Make one energy-efficient upgrade per month. Switch to a smart thermostat to take advantage of convenient features and energy savings. A smart thermostat learns your personal preferences to automatically adjust temperatures when you come and go. You can also control the temperature from anywhere, using your tablet or smartphone. Enroll in our Smart Direct Load Control Program to receive an ENERGY STAR® certified, award-winning thermostat, plus professional installation at absolutely NO COST.
- 4. Get your family on board. It's important to get the whole family involved, but it will be more effective if you make it fun. Track your progress together and keep a chart of small changes every family member can make whether it's unplugging chargers when not in use, turning off your computer or putting on a sweater instead of turning up the heat.
- Make it a habit. Stick with your new energy-saving routine and your other New Year's resolutions – and see how much energy you can save by Spring.

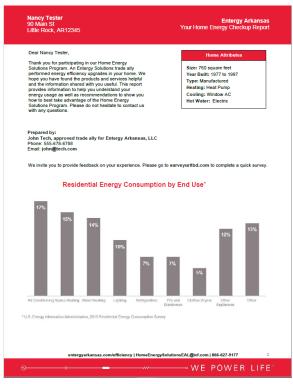
Resolve to improve the energy efficiency and comfort of your home now and for years to come. Visit entergyarkansas.com/efficiency to find a participating trade ally or to learn more about this and other energy efficiency programs we offer.

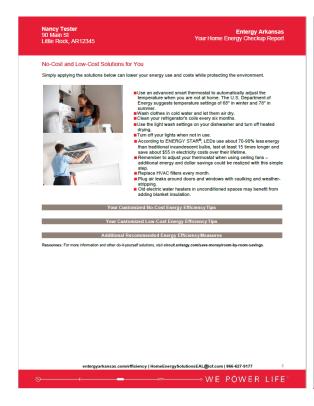


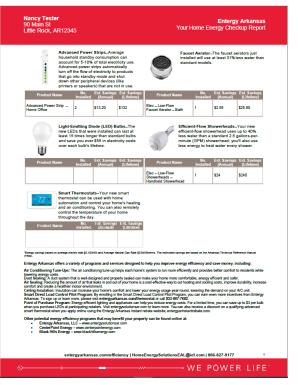


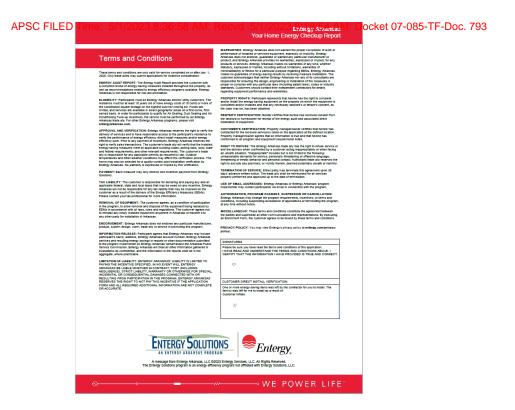






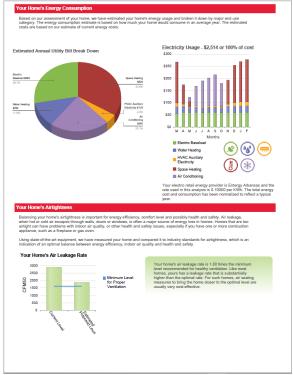


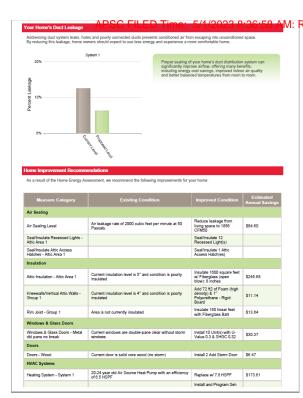




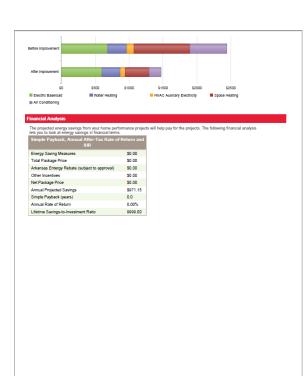
3.1.5 Beacon Report_EAL_2_25_2020









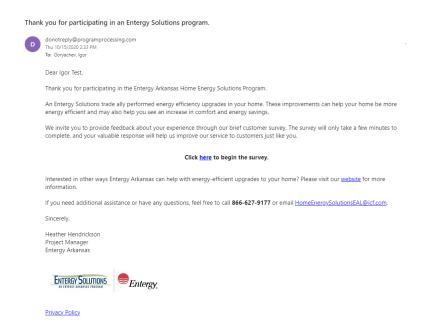


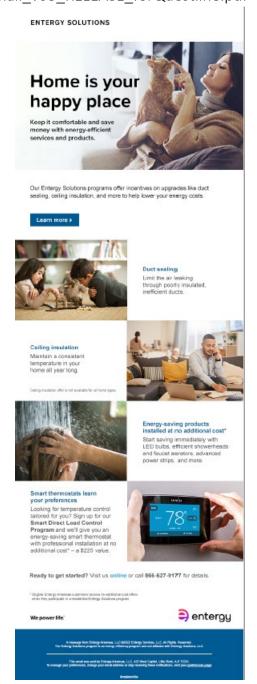


3.1.6 Entergy Solutions Home Energy Solutions Program Customer Satisfaction Survey 2.0 2022.pdf



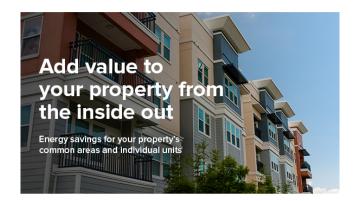








ENTERGY SOLUTIONS



Entergy Arkansas is committed to helping multifamily property owners and their residents save energy and money. We offer incentives to help offset the upfront costs of energy efficiency upgrades, and the remainder is often quickly recouped in energy savings.

Learn more ▶

Benefits of upgrading

An energy-efficient property increases property value and marketability through lower energy use and operating costs. Entergy Arkansas offers a variety of discounted and low-/no-cost solutions to help you save.

Ways	to Save Energy	In-Unit	Common Areas and Amenities
72)	Heating and Cooling Systems	Air Conditioner Tune-up,* HVAC Equipment Replacement, Duct Sealing	Air Conditioner Tune-up,* HVAC Equipment Replacement, Duct Sealing
\bigcirc	LED Lighting	Interior	Interior and Exterior, Exit Signs
	Efficient-Flow Water Products	Energy-Efficient Showerheads, Kitchen and Bathroom Faucet Aerators	Energy-Efficient Showerheads, Kitchen and Bathroom Faucet Aerators
1 3	Power Savers	Advanced Power Strips	Motion Detectors, Pool Pumps
☆	Weatherization	Air Sealing, Ceiling Insulation	Ceiling Insulation
\Diamond	Miscellaneous	Property Energy Assessment	Property Energy Assessment

*eligible every 5 years

Ready to get started? Visit us online or call 866-627-9177 for details.

Eligible Entergy Arkansas customers receive offers when they participate in the Multifamily Homes Program

We power life.



A message from Entergy Arkansas, LLC 02022 Entergy Services, LLC. All Rights Reserved.

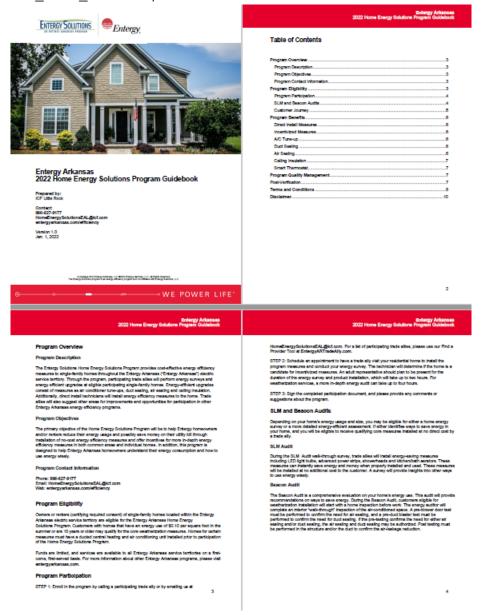
The Entergy Solutions program is an energy efficiency program and not affiliated with Entergy Solutions, LLC.

This email was sent by Enlergy Arkansas, LLC, 425 West Capitol, Little Rock, AR 72201.

To manage your preferences, change your email address or stop receiving these notifications, visit your <u>preferences page</u>.

Jnaubacrib

3.1.12 HES Guidebook APSC FILED Time: 5/1/2023-8:36:58 AM: Recvd 5/1/2023 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793



Customer Journey

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Program Benefits

Direct Install Measures

In this program, energy-efficient products are furnished and installed at no additional cost to Entergy Advantase Home Energy Solutions Program outcomers. The measures available for direct installation in eliable properties and locations includes:

- ENERGY STAR® I File in Britises that replace invandances imme.
- 1.5 gallons-per-minute shower heads and faucet senators (when existing fixtures have flow
- Advanced power strips for qualifying home entertainment system







Incentivized Measures

For all weatherbation measures, electricity must be the primary source of heating or cooling. Ther must be a working central least pump, working central electric air conditioning system or working

Air Conditioner Tune-up

Any Entergy Home Energy Solutions Program qualiforers that have central air conditioning or has pump systems on-site may qualify for an air conditioning tune-up. Customers who have participat in the condition the users all not be added.

The Enlargy Arkansas air conditioner tune-up involves a special diagnostic and service procedure that not only ansures the system is operating at peak efficiency (and lowest operational cost) but also distribes shortcoming that are isosping the system than orday as After the tune-up is complete, it may be subject to a posit-installation quality-searance verification.

Duct Sealing

Customers of Drisery who use a certail duct system for heating and cooling their home may qualify for duct easing based on the total system leakings and opportunity for improvement. Duct easing said consist of it is taken in the disclosest being reduced with the application of imprissing materials. After the duct seating is complete, but home may be subject to a pod-featilisation quality-seasons.

Entergy Arkanses 2022 Home Energy Solutions Program Guidebook

Enlergy Arkansas 2022 Home Energy Solutions Program Guidebook

Air Sealin

Customers of Entergy who have substantial air lealeage qualify for air sealing. Sealing may include weatherstripping or cauliding around doors or windows. Air sealing may also include using spray

team in plumbing penetrations and large holes in sheetrook and anywhere air can escape to the exterior. Industry standard materials and methods are used to reduce air infiltration and exhibitation. After the sir essing is complete, it may be subject to a post-installation quality-essurance continued.

Celling Insulation

Customers with existing haulation of R-14.9 or less may qualify for insulation to bring their home up to the DOC recommendation of R-35 improvement measure incertive eligibility is based upon misting R-value and equans test of ceiling insulated. Density and gaps in the soliding insulation will be considered as well.

Smart Thermostat

Entargy customers with qualified air conditioning systems and WA-FI may sign up for the Smart Direct Load Control offsets, Participating inside siles will assist customers to complete the application during the Horne Energy Solutions visit. Smart thermosts eligibility is based upon presence of continuous WA-FI internat. Customers can also choose to participate in summer

Program Quality Management

Post-Verification

Completed projects are subject to a post-installation verification, selected on a random basis. Typically, 10% of all homes that participated in the program will be selected for the verification.

If it is determined that an on-eite post-verification is going to be performed, a program representative will contact the customer to schedule the property sits verification.

By receiving a program service, the customer agrees to allow an on-site post-verification after work is correlated.

Terms and Conditions

ENERGY AUDIT REPORT: The energy audit report provides the customer with a compiled review of energy-waving measures installed throughout the reposity, as well as recommendations related to energy efficiency programs evalidate. Entergy Antonias in not responsible for foot

ELIGIBITY: Perkisperia must be Driespy Aferense shocks cally qualiforms with a verying central all conditions or heat pure. The femal section allowing general at conditioning, the horse must have central electric heating. The residence must be at least 10 years of or here energy costs of 10 cents or most of the conditioned equals belong on the highest summer cooling SILIcians of 10 cents or most of the conditioned equals belong on the highest summer cooling SILIcians in order to participants to qualify for measures such as 40 feating. Duct fleating and Arconditioning Turney (numbries, the annive must be performed by an Energy Advances Inde 49).

APPROVAL AND VERIFICATIONS Enterpy Assesses there give the right to wrife the delivery of annives and to here inexpressed some to the participative insiderance to wrife the perhatmens of enterpy efficiency direct install measures endoir energy efficiency work. Per to any payment of incorrience, Enterpy Advisorance meanes the right to work paster instanctions. The continuous tables why will very final two middled energy-serving measures meal all applicable building coloids; posting why in exponential to enter a period of the period of the period of the period of which is responsible for any applicable permits an explant by the Coldors interpretation and other weather contitions may affect this verification process. The participant actions do for periodicals if their born is asked for the audits-control post-hadden verification of the first periodicals in the form is asked for it and paths-control post-hadden verification of the first or the periodical first before its asked for the audits-control post-hadden verification of the first or the periodical first before the period of the

PAYMENT: Each measure may only receive one full incentive payment from Entergy Solutions within the life of the measure.

TAX LIABILITY: The customer is responsible for declaring and paying any and all applicable federal, date and local issues that may be owed on any incentive. Entargy Ariannass will not be responsible for any tax liability that may be imposed on the customer as a result of the delivery of the energy efficiency measures. Please contact your tax professional for more information.

REMOVAL OF DOUPMENT: The customer agrees, as a condition of participation in the program, to allow removal and disposal of the equipment being replaced by energy efficiency measures in secondarson with allows, rules and registrion. The customer agrees not to invitated any newly installed equipment anywhere in Arkansas or transfer it to any other party for installation in Arkansas.

ENDORSEMENT: Entergy Arkanese does not endorse any particular manufacturer, product, system design, claim, trade ally or service in promoting this program.

Enlergy Arkansas 2022 Home Energy Solutions Program Guidebook

TION RELEASE: The participant agrees that Enlargy Adamses may include participant's reas, Enlargy Arlaneae account number, Enlargy Arlaneae services and resulting rings in aports or other documentation submitted to the program implementer on Enlargy behalf and/or the Arlaneae Public Gervino Commission. Enlargy Arlaneae will treat all the programment of the Arlaneae Public Gervino Commission. Enlargy Arlaneae will treat all the programment of the Arlaneae Public Gervino Commission.

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LIMITATION OF LINBLUTY: ENTERGY ARKANSAS AND PROGRAM IMPLEMENTER ICPS
LINBLUTY IS LIMITED TO PAYING THE INCONTING SPECIFICIO. IN NO EVENT WILL ENTERGY
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STRICT LINBLUTY, WARRANTY OR CONTENINGE FOR SPECULI, INCIDENTAL OR
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LIABILITY WAVER: By executing an Errollment Form, the outcomer voluntarity agrees not to held Energy Admans, ICF, to these allies or any other affiliate, direction, others, employees, agents, or contraction liable for any lineas or highy. Customer further agrees not to engage in any inappropriate a distinuor or themsels endanger the safety or health of same.

WARRANTES: Entergy Advances and ICE do not warrant the proper complision of series or performance of healthcut or serviced equipment, expressly or implicitly. Entergy Advances and ICE do not endoorse, quarantees or warrant services produce manufacture or products, or Entergy Advances and ICE provide no warrantees in generate or implied, for any products or endoses. Entergy Advances and ICE provide no warrantees of verification for the products or endoses. Entergy Advances and ICE relate or warrantees of menobacturity or fitness for a perticular purpose service provides of the provide

PROPERTY RIGHTS: The participant represents that height be due to complets ancior install the energy-awing explorems on the property or which the equipment is completed and/o installed and that any necessary landsords or tensor's consent, as the case may be, has been obtained.

RENTER'S CERTIFICATION: Renter certifies that he/she has received consent from the landlord or homeowner for receipt of the energy audit and associated direct installation of energy efficient measures.

CUSTOMERY'S CERTIFICATION: Properly manager/owner certifies that he/she has continued for the received sentect(s) listed on the application at the defined location. Properly manager/owner agrees that all information is true and that he/she has continued to all program and equipment

RIGHT TO REFUSE: The Enterpy Adamses thide ally has the right to reture service or and the delivery when confincted by a customer eating inapproprietally or when facing an unsale station. Imageoprated includes the line in limited to the licitizing unsacrable identifies the service, personally invastring or officials inguippe, threatening or emits behavior or failure to comply which Adamses Department of livistal heading or any applicate heads and selfey commendations. Authoritized tools shy reserves the right to exclude any previous, or vicinity framely, deemed potentially unable to the half.

TERMINATION OF SERVICE: Either party may terminate this agreement upon 30 days' advance written notice. The trade ally shall be reimbursed for all services properly performed and approved up to the date of termination.

CUSTOMER COMMUNICATION: Participant agrees that Entergy Arkaneas or Entergy Arkaneas' program implementar may contact participant (as mall, phone, text message or small in connection with the program, including quality assumance communication.

AUTHORIZATION, PROGRAM CHANGES, SUSPENSION OR CANCELLATION: Entargy Advances may change the program requirements, incertives, or learns and conditions, including suspending acceptance of applications or terminating the program, at any time without notice.

MISCELLANEOUS: These terms and conditions constitute the agreement between the parties and supersade all other communications and representations. By executing an Enrollment Form, the customer agrees to be bound by these terms and conditions.

PRIVACY POLICY: You may view Enlargy's privacy policy at enlargy.com/privacy-policy/.

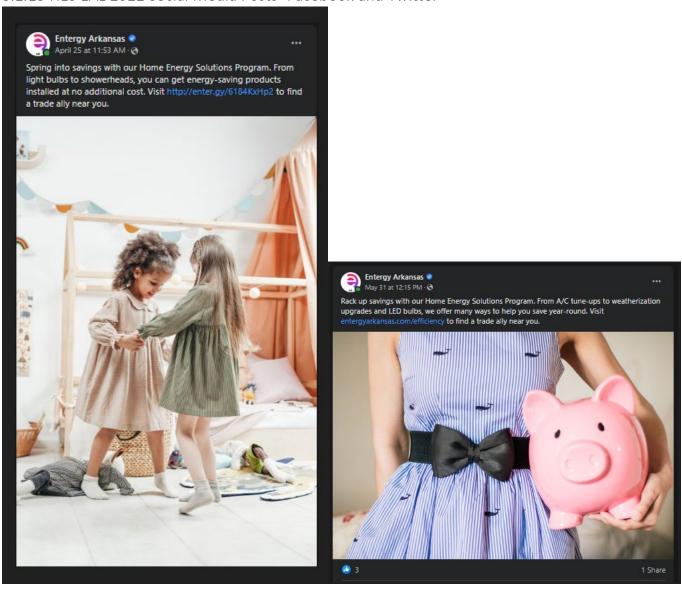
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Neither Enlargy Arkaneas nor ICF makes any guarantee or any other representation or warranty expressed or impush the program.

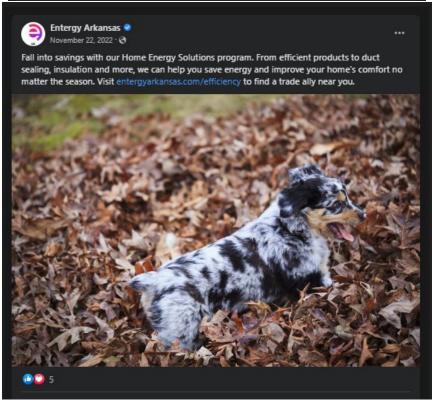
Energy efficiency gains are subject to a number of variable conditions and circumstances. While it is the intent of the program to achieve energy efficiencies, neither Entergy Arkanasa nor ICF guarantees or variants that any specific energy efficiency gains will be achieved for a particular customer particularing in the program.

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3.1.13 HES EAL 2022 Social Media Posts-Facebook and Twitter







Entergy Solutions for Multi-family 3.2

3.2.1 28316 EAL MF Commercial Flyer v05 Release Web.pdf



Incentives for common area and exterior upgrades

Entergy Arkansas is committed to helping Entergy Arkansas is committed to neiping multifamily property owners and their residents save energy and money. We offer incentives to help offset the upfront costs of energy efficiency upgrades, and the remainder is often quickly recouped in energy savings.

Benefits of upgrading

An energy-efficient property has:

- an energy-efficient property has:
 Lower energy use.
 Lower operating costs.
 Increased property asset values.
 Increased marketability. Sets your
 property apart as an environmentally
 responsible community.
- Improved employee and resident safety.
 Enhanced security.*

Energy-efficient lighting provides the same brightness as traditional bulbs but uses 90% less energy and lasts 15 times longer, which means financial savings on operations and maintenance." incentive of \$0.17 per kilowatt hour saved:

LED Exit Signs LED Screw-in PAR/R/BR/B and MR Replacement Lamps "Corn Cob" Replacement Lamps LED Screw-in A19, A21, and Candelabra TLED Lamp Replacement New Interior LED Fixtures LED High-Bay Fixtures LED Parking Garage (New or Retrofit) Exterior LED Lighting Controls

* Source: energystar.gov
* Incontives are capped at 75% of the total project cost.
* Includes LED parking lot, gas cancov, area, flood, wall back or retrofit kit.





Commercial air conditioner tune-ups

Keep your property's commercial air conditioning systems running efficiently with high-performance tune-ups. Air conditioning tune-ups can increase comfort while decreasing energy use and

Upgrade	Incentive	Detail
Commercial Air Conditioner Tune-up	No additional cost to Entergy Arkansas customer	A qualified technician will measure and collect all required test data. Pending customer approval, typical improvement measures include: Alfilow correction. Cleaning of indoor blower, evaporator coils and condenser coils. Correction of refrigerant charge using required tools and procedures.

Pool pump upgrade

 $ENERGY\,STAR^{s}\,certified\,in-ground\,pool\,pumps\,use\,up\,to\,65\%\,less\,energy\,than\,standard\,pool\,pumps\,and\,can\,save\,up\,to\,\$450\,a\,year\,in\,energy\,costs."$

Upgrade	Incentive	Detail
ENERGY STAR Certified Variable Frequency Drive or Multispeed Pool Pump 0.5–3 Horsepower	\$350 per pump	ENERGY STAR certified pool pumps run at different speeds. You can program them to match the pool operation with an appropriate speed. Reducing pump speed by one-half allows the pump to use just one-eighth as much energy. An ENERGY STAR certified pool pump: Runs quietly. Prolongs the life of your pool's filtering system. Can help you save money and energy.

Get started today

For more information, call 866-627-9177, visit entergyarkansas.com/multifamily or email us at MultifamilyEAL@icf.com.



── WE POWER LIFE*

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Customers of Entergy who have substantial air leakage qualify for air sealing. Sealing may inclu-weatherstripping or caulking around doors or windows. Air sealing may also include using spray

foam in plumbing penetrations and large holes in sheetrock and anywhere air can escape to the exterior. Industry standard materials and methods are used to reduce air infiltration and exfiltration. After the air sealing is complete, it may be subject to a post-installation quality-assurance verification.

Customers with existing insulation of R-14.9 or less may qualify for insulation to bring their home up to the DOE recommendation of R-38. Improvement measure incentive eligibility is based upon existing R-value and square feet of celling insulated. Density and gaps in the existing insulation will be considered as well.

Smart Thermostat

Entergy customers with qualified air conditioning systems and Wi-Fi may sign up for the Smart Direct Load Control offering. Participating trade allies will assist customers to complete the application during the Home Energy Solutions visit. Smart thermostat eligibility is based upon presence of continuous Wi-Fi internet. Customers can also choose to participate in summer

Program Quality Management

Post-Vertfleation

Completed projects are subject to a post-installation verification, selected on a random basis Typically, 10% of all homes that participated in the program will be selected for the verification

If it is determined that an on-site post-verification is going to be performed, a prepresentative will contact the customer to schedule the property site verification.

By receiving a program service, the customer agrees to allow an on-site post-verification after work

Terms and Conditions

ENERGY AUDIT REPORT: The energy audit report provides the customer with a compiled revior of energy-awing measures installed throughout the property, as well as recommendations related to energy efficiency programs available. Entergy Ankansas is not responsible for lost documentation.

ELIGIBILITY: Participants must be Entergy Arkansas electric utility customers with a working central air conditioner or heat pump. For homes without working central air conditioning, the home must have central electric healting. The residence must be at least 10 years old or have energy costs of 10 cents or more of the conditioned square footage on the highest summer cooling bill. Funds are limited, and services are available in select geographic areas on a first-borne, first-served basis. In order for participants to qualify for measures such as Air Sealing, Duct Sealing and Air Conditioning Tune-up incentives, the service must be performed by an Entergy Arkansas trade ally. For other Entergy Arkansas programs, please visit entergyarkaneas.oom.

APPROVAL AND VERIFICATION: Enterny Arkansas reserves the right to verify the delivery of services and to have reasonable access to the participant's residence to verify the between or services and to have reasonable access to the participant's residence to verify the performance of energy efficiency direct install measures and/or energy efficiency work. Prior to any payment of incentives, Entergy /visionass reserves the right to verify sales transactions. The customer's trade ally will verify that the installed energy-saving measures meet all applicable building codes; zoning laws; local, state and federal requirements; and other relevant requirements. The customer's trade ally is responsible for any applicable permits as required by law. Outdoor temperatures and other weather conditions may affect this verification process. The participions acknowledges and agrees to participate if their home is selected for a quality-control post-installation verification by Enterov Arkansas or it's program implementer ICF. No warranty is expressed or implied by this verification.

PAYMENT: Each measure may only receive one full incentive payment from Entergy Solutions within the life of the measure.

TAX LIABILITY: The customer is responsible for declaring and paying any and all applicable federal, state and local taxes that may be owed on any incentive. Entergy Arkansas will not be responsible for any tax liability that may be imposed on the customer as a result of the delivery of the energy efficiency measures. Please contact your tax professional for more information.

REMOVAL OF EQUIPMENT: The customer agrees, as a condition of participation in the program to allow removal and disposal of the equipment being replaced by energy efficiency measures in accordance with all laws, rules and regulations. The customer agrees not to reinstall any newly installed equipment anywhere in Arhansas or transfer it to any other party for installation in

ENDORSEMENT: Entergy Arkansas does not endorse any particular manufacturer, product, system design, claim, trade ally or service in promoting this program.

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Entergy Arkansas 2021 Home Energy Solutions Program Guidebook

Entergy Arkansas 2021 Home Energy Solutions Program Guidebook

INFORMATION RELEASE: The participant agrees that Entergy Arkansas may include participant's name, address, Entergy Arkansas account number, Entergy Arkansas services and resulting energy savings in reports or other documentation submitted to the program implementer on Entergy Arkansas's behalf and/or the Arkansas Public Service Commission. Entergy Arkansas will treat all other information gathered in evaluations as confidential, and the information in the reports shall be in the aggregate, where practicable.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: ENTERGY ARKANSAS' AND PROGRAM IMPLEMENTER ICP'S LIABILITY IS LIMITED TO PAYING THE INCENTIVE SPECIFIED. IN NO EVENT WILL ENTERGY ARKANSAS OR ICP BE LIABILE WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TOTA (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE), STRICT LIABILITY, WARRANTY OR OTHERWISE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES CONNECTED WITH OR RESULTING FROM PARTICIPATION IN THE PROGRAM. ENTERGY ARKANSAS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO NOT PAY THIS INCENTIVE IF THE APPLICATION FORM AND ALL REQUIRED ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ARE NOT COMPLETE OR ACCURATE.

LIABILITY WAIVER: By executing an Enrollment Form, the customer voluntarily agrees not to hold Entergy Arkansas, ICF, its trade alles or any of their affiliates, directors, officers, employees, agents, or contractors liable for my lineas or injury. Customer further agrees not to engage in any inappropriate actions or otherwise endanger the safety or health of same.

WARRANTIES: Entergy Arkansas and ICF do not warrant the proper completion of work or performance of installed or serviced equipment, expressly or implicitly. Entergy Arkansas and ICF do not entering, quarantee or warrant any particular manufacture or product, and Entergy Arkansas and ICF provide no warranties, expressed or implied, for any products or services. Entergy Arkansas and ICF provide no warranties, expressed or implied, strain provides or services. Entergy Arkansas and ICF make no warranties of any introduced in the provided i

PROPERTY RIGHTS: The participant represents that he/she has the right to complete and/or install the energy-saving equipment on the property on which the equipment is completed and/or installed and that any necessary landlord's or tenant's consent, as the case may be, has been obtained.

RENTER'S CERTIFICATION: Renter certifies that he/she has received consent from the landlord or homeowner for receipt of the energy audit and associated direct installation of energy efficient measures.

CUSTOMER'S CERTIFICATION: Property manageriowner certifies that he she has contracted for the received service(s) listed on the application at the defined location. Property manageriowner agrees that all information is true and that he/she has conformed to all propriam and equipment ----

RIGHT TO REFUSE: The Entergy Arkansas trade ally has the right to refuse service or end the delivery when confronted by a customer acting inappropriately or when facing an unsafe situation inappropriate includes but in to fill intelled to the following: unreasonable demands for service, personally threatening or offensive language, threatening or eratic behavior or failure to comply with Arkansas Department of Health and/or any applicable health and safety recommendations. Authorized trade sity reserves the right to exclude any premises, or vicinity therein, deemed potentially unsafe or hammful.

TERMINATION OF SERVICE: Ether party may terminate this agreement upon 30 days' advance written notice. The trade ally shall be reimbursed for all services properly performed and approved up to the date of termination.

CUSTOMER COMMUNICATION: Participant agrees that Entergy Arkansas or Entergy Arkansas' program implementer may consist participant via mail, phone, text message or email in connection with the program, including outly assurance communication.

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PRIVACY POLICY: You may view Entergy's privacy policy at entergy.com/privacy-policy/.

Disclaimer

Neither Entergy Arkansas nor ICF makes any guarantee or any other representation or warranty, expressed or implied, as to the quality or effectiveness of any product(s) provided or work(s) provided or work(s).

Energy efficiency gains are subject to a number of variable conditions and circumstances. While it is the intent of the program to achieve energy efficiencies, neither Entergy Arkansas nor ICF guaranties or warrants that any specific energy efficiency gains will be achieved for a particular customer participating in the program.

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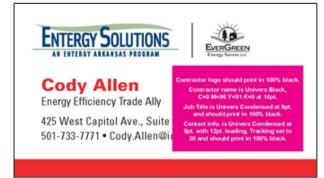
3.2.2 21217_EAL_MF_ProgramOverview_Flyer_v08_RELEASE_print



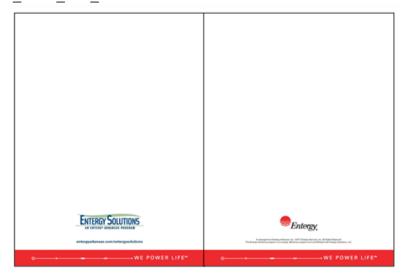


3.2.4 EAI_CoBrand_Business_Card_Template_v03_FPO



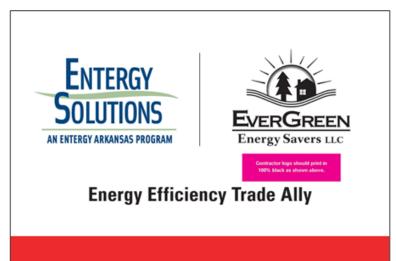


3.2.5 EAI_Pocket_Folder_2017_v03_RELEASE

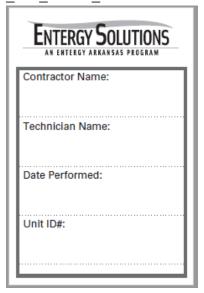








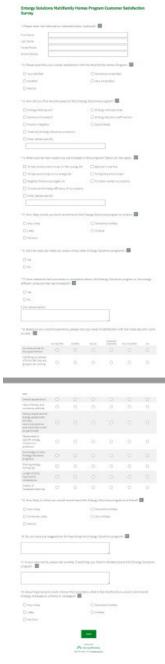
3.2.7 Entergy_MF-MA_Tune-Up_label_2x3_14180_RELEASE



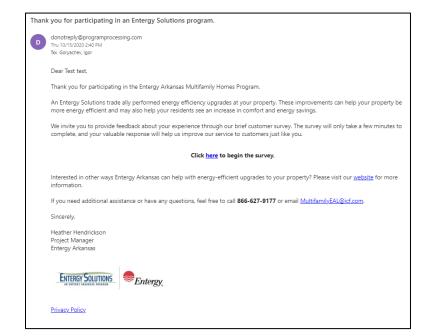
3.2.8 MF Survey Letter

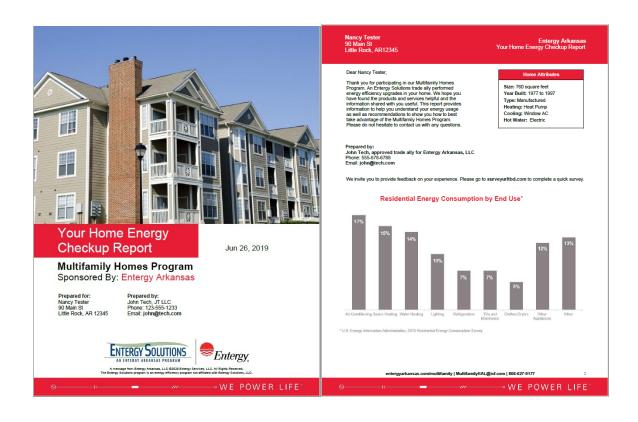


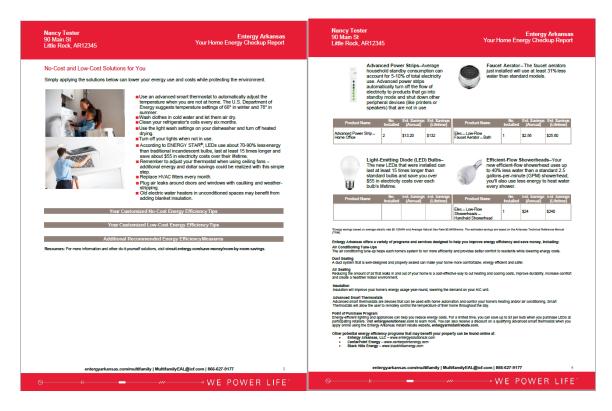
3.2.9 2022 Entergy Solutions Multifamily Homes Program Customer Satisfaction Survey 2.0.pdf



3.2.10 Survey Email APSC FILED Time: 5/1/2023 8:36:58 AM: Recvd 5/1/2023 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793

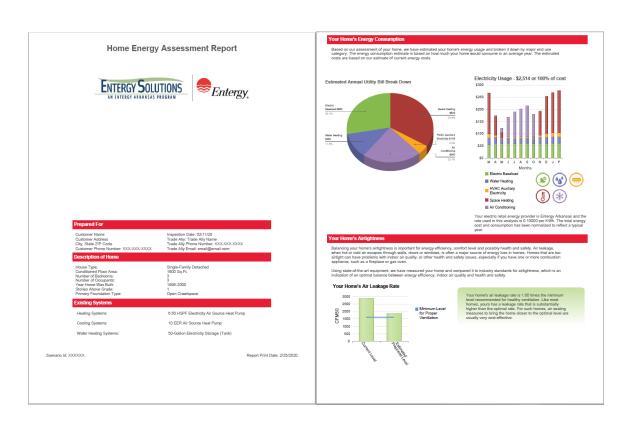


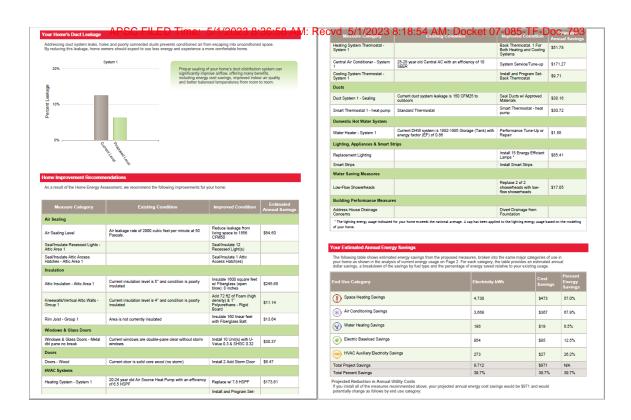


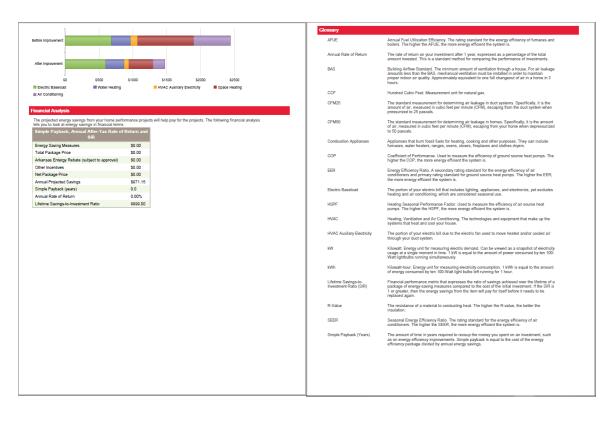




3.2.12 Beacon Report_EAL_2_25_2020









Air Conditioning and Heat Pump Tune-up Measures

Any Entargy multifamily customers who have central air conditioning or heat pump systems on-alia may quality for an air conditioning tune-up. The tune-up involves a special diagnostic and service procedure that not only ansures the system is operating at peak efficiency (and lowest operational cost) but identifies any shortcomings that are isseging the system from doing ac.

After the tune-up is complete, it will be subject to a post-installation quality-essurance verification. Lastly, the trade ally may then eard in the incentive forms for payment, which takes approximately six to sight weeks.

Duct Sealing

Any Entargy multifamily properly that uses a central duct system for heating and cooling may qualify for duct easiing based on the system leakage. Duct sealing addresses air leaks in the duct work being neduced through the application of indepeating materials. After the duct sealing is completed, a sample of projects will be subject to a post installation qualify assumance verification. After this is finished, the index also may be made in the robest forms to payment.

Any Enlargy mutitiamity property that has substantial air leakage qualifies for air sealing. The air sealing consists of using inclustry-standard materials and methods to reduce air inflitation and substantian. After the air sealing is complied, a sample of projects will be subject to a post-installation quality-searcence verification. After this is finished, the trade aily may then send in the relate forms for payment.

Any Enlargy multifamily properly that meets the orfising leided below qualifies for ceiling insulation. The insulation installation consists of using industy-standard materials and methods to add or replace satisfing only insulation. After the insulation installation is complete, a sample of projects will be subject to a post-insulation quality-assumment well carried to the inflicit in the trade of may then sand in the redate terms for payment.

Eligibility Criteria

Residential: Any residence classified as a multifamily dwelling taking electric service from Enterpy Arkstrass.

Commercial: Common areas lated below in multibridy properties are eligible:

- dista.

- Lobby.

- Laundry more.

- distances more.

Commercial Measures

Any Enlargy multilamily properly that serves commercial or common areas quality for the commercia measures listed below. After the commercial measure installation is complete, a sample of projects will be subject to post-installation or augity-seasurence verification. After this is finished, the trade sily may then eard in the rebate forms for payment.

Qualifying Lighting Measures

Delamping: T12 or T6 system with HPT6, T5 or T5HO lamp and ballast. Removing two lamps

Interior LED Lighting:
Ancesed, Surface, Track and Pendert Downlight Februse.
- House, Panel Hourse and Retroft Kits.
- LED Linear Tube Replacement and Retrofts (One for One).
- LED Screen-In Lamps, MR Lamps and Retroft Trim No.

Program Quality Management

Post-Verification

ELIGIBLETY: Participants must be Enterly Arkaneae electric utility customen with a working central at conditioner of heal pump. For homes without working carties are conditioning, the home must have feed to be a supplementation of the condition of the conditi

PAYMENT: Each measure may only receive one full incentive payment from Enterpy Solutions within the its of the measure.

ENDORSEMENT: Enlargy Arkansas does not endone any particular manufacturer, product, system design, disim, trade ally or sanks in promoting this program.

INFORMATION RELEASE: The periodical agrees that Enterry Arkansas may include participants news, addisses, Orlingy Arkansas account number. Enterry Arkansas services and resulting energy Arkansas bashs and on the Arkansas Polis Control Commission. Enterry Arkansas of these and offers all other Information gehaved in exelusions as confidential, and the Information in the reports shall be in the aggregate, where practicable.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: ENTERGY ARKANSAS' AND PROGRAM IMPLEMENTER ICPS LIABILITY IS LIMITED TO PAYING THE INCENTIVE SPECIFIED. IN NO EVENT WILL DITTERGY ARKANSAS OF DE LIABLE WIRETER IN CONTRACT, TOST (INCLIDED) REGLI

THE PROGRAM ENTERGY ARIANGAS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO NOT PAY THIS INCENTIVE IF THE APPLICATION FORM AND ALL REQUIRED ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ARE NOT COMPLETE OR ACCURATE.

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ROSAT TO REFUSE. The Crisery Arismans trade ally has the right to rise as sentor or and the sentor of the result of the result

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Nither Charge Advances nor ICF makes any guarantee or any other representation or warranty, expressed or implied, as to the quality or effectiveness of any product(s) provided or work(s) performed through this program.

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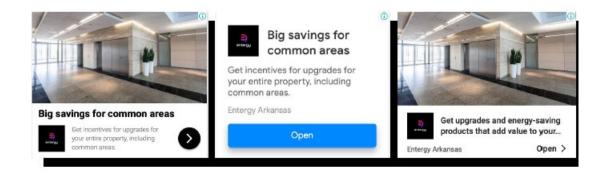


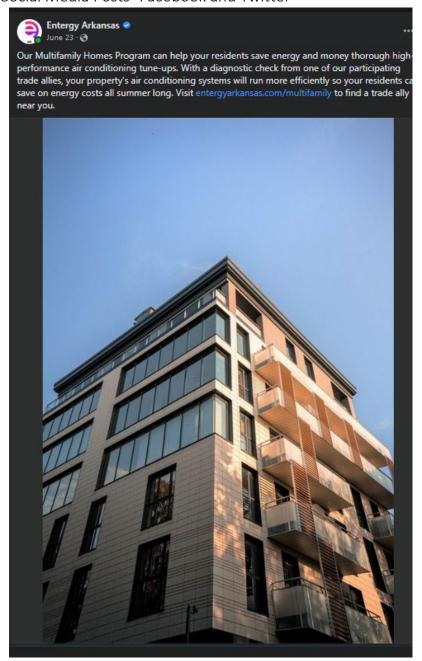


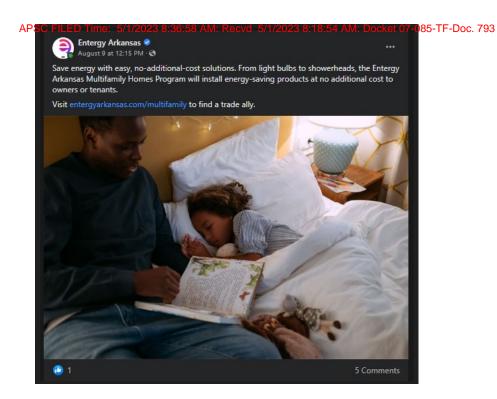




3.2.15 MF Display Banners 2022









3.3 Entergy Solutions for Manufactured Homes

3.3.1 EAL_MA_Newsletter Article_Sept_2022.docx

Save energy with easy, no-additional-cost solutions.

From light bulbs to advanced power strips, the Entergy Arkansas Manufactured Homes Program will install energy-saving products at no additional cost to owners or residents.

This program provides cost-effective energy efficiency solutions through direct installation of no additional cost products in manufactured homes. When you enroll in the Manufactured Homes Program, you may be eligible to take advantage of energy-saving measures such as air sealing, duct sealing and more. These upgrades can help keep you comfortable and save energy in the long run. Plus, energy-saving products like LED bulbs, high-efficiency showerheads and high-efficiency kitchen and bath aerators may be installed in your home at no additional cost as a part of this program.

Weatherization upgrades to your home help with:

- Energy efficiency. Sealing air that is leaking from your home increases the efficiency of your home, which may help save energy.
- Home comfort. Sealing air leaks can help with common comfort problems, such as rooms that are too cold in the winter or too hot in the summer.
- · Air quality. A well-sealed home keeps out more humidity, dust, pollen and pests.
- Safety. Leaky ducts can allow gases from furnaces, stoves and water heaters to enter rooms throughout your home. Sealing leaks reduces this risk.

Don't wait to start saving. Improve the energy efficiency of your home now and for years to come. Visit entergyarkansas.com/manufactured to find a participating trade ally or to learn more.



3.3.2 1217_EAL_MA_ProgramOverview_flyer_v07_RELEASE_print Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793



3.3.3 25291_EAL_MA_Spanish_ProgramOverview_Flyer_OnDemand_v04_Print_Release

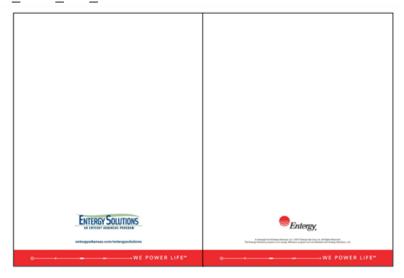




3.3.5 EAI_CoBrand_Business_Card_Template_v03_FPO

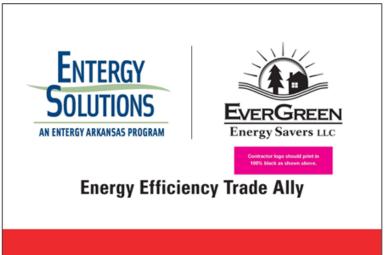




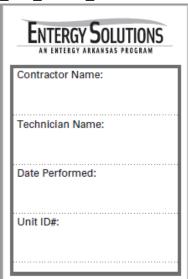






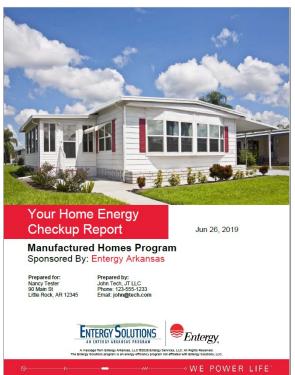


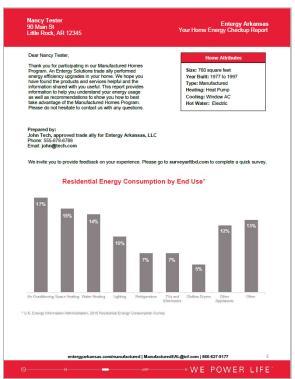
3.3.8 Entergy_MF-MA_Tune-Up_label_2x3_14180_RELEASE

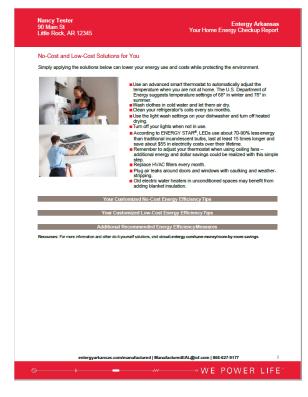


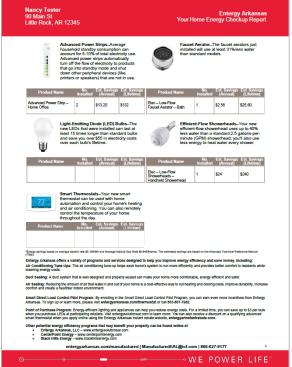






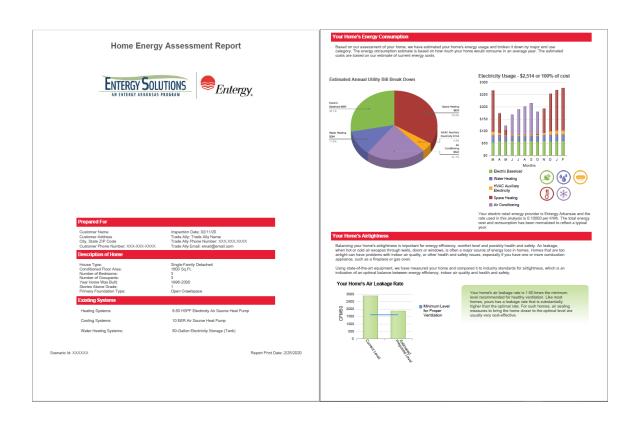


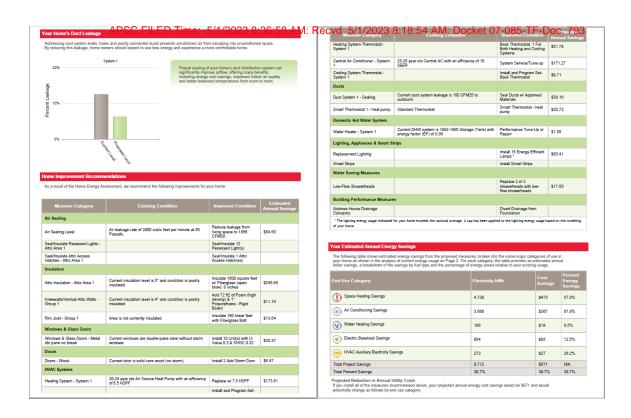


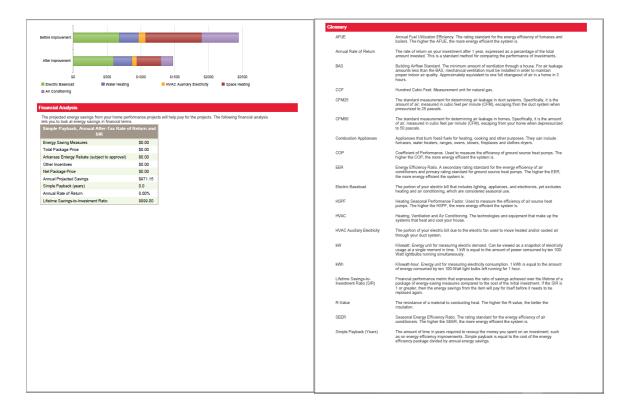




3.3.11 Beacon Report_EAL_2_25_2020





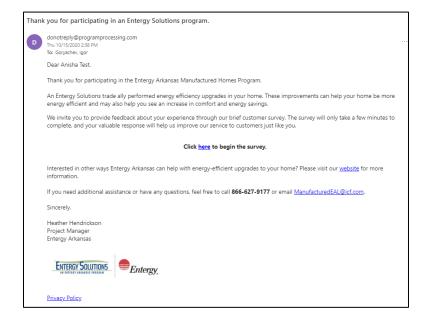




3.3.13 Entergy Solutions Manufactured Homes Program Customer Satisfaction Survey 2022.pdf



3.3.14 Survey Email











A/C Tune-up

Any Entergy Manufactured Homes Program qualithers who have central air condition pump systems on-site may qualify for an air conditioning tune-up.

The Enlargy Afranasa AC Tune-up Program involves a special diagnostic and service procedure that not only ensures the system is operating at peak efficiency (and lowest operational cost) but size identifies any shortenings that are leasing the system from doing so. Affar the tune-up is complete, it may be subject to a post-installation quality-seaurance verification.

Any Erisery Manufactured Homes Program customer who uses a central dust system for heating and cooling the home may qualify for duct easting based on the total system leatings. Duct easting will consist of air leaks in the ducthorth being reduced with the application of lang-leating materials. After the duct easting is compiled, it may be subject to a post-inclusion qualify-assummore.

Any Enlargy Manufactured Homes Program customer who has substantial air leakage qualifies for air sealing. The air sealing consists of using industry-standard materials and methods to reduce air refittetion and sufficience. After the air sealing is complete, it may be subject to a post-installation quality-seasurems evertication.

Program Quality Management

Completed projects are subject to a post-installation verification, selected on a random basis. At least, 10% of homes that participated in the program will be selected for the verification.

If a home has been selected for on-site post-verification, a program representative will contact the customer to ask about the installation and schedule a time to visit the property site.

Terms and Conditions

ENERGY AUDIT REPORT: The energy audit report provides the customer with a compiled review of energy-saving measures installed throughout the property, as well as recommendations related to energy efficiency programs available. Entropy Arkansas is not responsible for lost

ELIGIBILITY: Pericipents must be Enterpy Advantage electric utility customers with a working certain air conditions or heat yours. For homes which denting sorbed air conditioning, the home geographic season on feet come, find-enced back in order to pericipents to qualify to measure such as A Feating. Dutil Sealing and Air Conditioning Tunk-up invarients, the service must perhambed by an Enterpy Advantage table 4% For other Enterpy Advantage programs, please with

ENDORSEMENT: Entergy Arkansas does not endorse any particular manufacturer, product, system design, claim, trade ally or service in promoting this program.

INFORMATION RELEASE. The participant system that Entirety Advances may include participants may advance. Though Advances according to make the Entire Advances senders and resulting entire swings in reports or other documentation submitted to the program incidementer on Distany Advances better later for the Advances Paulic Derivac Commission. Entirety Advances of little all other information getween the advances are confidential, and the information in the reports shall be the aggregate, where procladels.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: ENTERGY ARKANSAS' AND PROGRAM IMPLEMENTER KCPS LIABILITY IS LIMITED TO PAYING THE INCENTIVE SPECIFIED. IN NO EVENT WILL ENTERGY

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ARMANDA OR ET ELLINE VINETHER IN CONTRECT FORT (INLLINEN MODIFICE). INNERT MARIE IN, WARRENT VOR THE ROBRET ORS REVINEZIONEZ. CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES CONNECTES WITH OR REPULTING PROPO PARTICIPATION IN THE PROGRAM. FURTHER OF ADMAGES REGERVED THE REQUIRED ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ARE NOT CONNECTE OR ACCURATE.

Linabil I Y Wevruinc by seasons an innerment in horn, the causement voluntarily agrees not to not Energy Advantas, ICF, fat finds allies or any of their affiliates, directors, officers, employees, agents, or contradors liable for any lineas or injury. Clustomer further agrees not to engage in any inappropriate a disons or otherwise endangers the safety or health of same.

mappropriate actions or otherwise entainings the safety or health of service. WARRANTES: Unlessly Ademics and ICF do not wereart the proper compilation of work or performance of installate or serviced equipment, expressly or installaty. Enterty Ademics and ICF provides no serviced equipment, expressed by installating. Ademics and ICF provides no seminates, expressed or implied, for any products or services. Enterty Ademics and ICF provides no seminates, expressed or implied, for ademic particular purposes. Ademics and ICF provides no seminates or any individual provides and installating enterties and installating enterties. Enterty ademics and installating enterties are personal provides and installating enterties. Ademics are ICF or any of its consultant are responsible for ensuring the design, engineering installation. The customers admics allowed the installation of the measures is proper or complex with any expressible for ensuring the design, engineering provides and admirate less including practice less, including practice less, concluding practice less, or consideration and installation of the measures is proper or complex with any expressible practice less or forced practice less of the consideration of the contraction to delate regarding equipment performance and elementation.

PROPERTY RIGHTS: The participant represents that he/she has the right to complete and/or install the energy-easy equipment on the property on which the equipment is completed and/or installed and that any necessary jaid offer so thereaff a consent, as the case may be, has been

RENTER'S CERTIFICATION: Renter certifies that he/she has received consent from the landlord or homeowner for receipt of the energy audit and associated direct hebitation of energy efficient measures.

RIGHT TO REFUSE. The follogy Advances to do all his to be gift to ridea who have a rest to the story when unknown by a summarized reproprietal control or to do any account "Imaging refused includes but in an oll initiate to the following unwascerable demands for wenture in "Imaging refused in the control of the contr

TERMINATION OF SERVICE: Either party may terminate this agreement upon 30 days" advance erition notice. The thick silly shall be relimburated for all services properly performed and approved up to the date of termination.

DUSTOMER COMMUNICATION: Participant agrees that Entergy Arlamass or Entergy A

Enterpy Arkanses 2022 Manufactured Homes Program Guidebook

program implementer may contact participant via mail, phone, text message or email in connection with the program, including quality assurance communication.

AUTHORIZATION, PROGRAM CHANGES, SUSPENSION OR CANCELLATION: Entirgy Advantas may change the program requirements, losseflows, or laters and conditions, including suspending ecceptance of applications or terminating the program, at any time without notice.

MESCELLANDOUS: These terms and conditions constitute the agreement between the parties and superside all other communications and representations. By esculing an Enrollment Form, the customer agrees to be bound by these terms and conditions.

PRIVACY POLICY: You may view Enlargy's privacy policy at enlargy.com/privacy-policy/

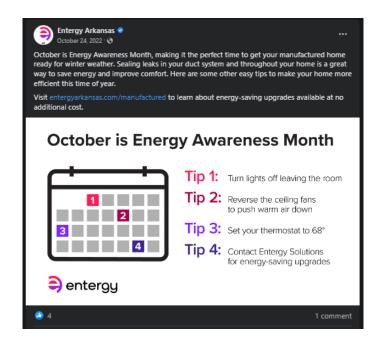
Neither Entergy Afoansas nor ICF makes any guarantee or any other representation or warranty, expressed or implied, as to the quality or effectiveness of any product(s) provided or work(s) performed through this program.

Energy efficiency gains are subject to a number of vertible conditions and citrumstances. While it is the intent of the program to achieve energy efficiencies, neither Entergy Aricanses nor ICF quantities or remarks that any specific energy efficiency gains will be achieved for a particular customer participating in the program.









ENTERGY SOLUTIONS

Make sure comfort is always in season

At no additional cost, you can save energy and improve home comfort all year long with the Low-Income Solutions Program.

Start with scheduling a home energy assessment by emailing lowincomesolutionseal@icf.com or calling 866-627-9177.



Save every season with energy upgrades at no additional cost

The Low-Income Solutions Program offers qualifying customers a suite of home upgrades, services and products, including:

- Home energy assessment
- Duct sealing
- Air sealing
- Ceiling insulation
- · A/C tune-up
- Energy-saving products:
 - · LED bulbs (up to 15)
 - · Advanced power strip
 - Low-flow showerhead and aerators

Start with scheduling a home energy assessment by emailing **lowincomesolutionseal@icf.com** or calling **866-627-9177**. Visit **entergyarkansas.com/lowincome** or scan the QR Code to learn more.









Program overview

A more comfortable home and energy savings

The Low-Income Solutions Program is designed to help make your home more energy efficient and comfortable year round, while saving energy.

Program incentives and savings

As part of the Low-Income Solutions Program, Entergy Arkansas offers a suite of efficiency-improving measures at no additional cost to qualifying customers, including but not limited to:

- Performing a home energy assessment.
- · Sealing leaks in your ductwork.
- · Sealing leaks in your home.
- Adding ceiling insulation.

• Providing a high-performance air conditioning tune-up.

- Installing energy-saving items at the time of the assessment:
- o LED bulbs (up to 15).
- Advanced power strip.
- Low-flow showerhead and aerators (for customers with electric water heaters).

How does it work?

The Low-Income Solutions Program begins with an assessment to determine your home's energy efficiency. If the assessment identifies ways to save energy in your home, you will be eligible to receive qualifying energy-improving measures installed at no additional cost by a trade ally.

Entergy Arkansas Low-Income Solutions Program

Who is eligible?

To be eligible for the energy assessment, you must be a current Entergy Arkansas residential customer (renter or owner) who:

- · Is eliaible for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program, regardless of age.
- Is 65 years of age or older.
 Lives in a single-family, multifamily or manufactured home.

Save more with a smart thermostat

Entergy Arkansas is helping our eligible residential customers save energy by offering a smart thermostat and professional installation - a \$225 value. If you also enroll in the Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Program, you will receive an annual incentive of up to \$40 for your participation during conservation periods.

A smart thermostat uses your personal preferences to automatically adjust temperatures when you come and go. And, by connecting it to your home's Wi-Fi, you can control the temperature from anywhere, using your computer, tablet or smartphone.

This offer is available to Entergy Arkansas

- · Live in a single-family or manufactured home with central heating and air.
- Have in-home Wi-Fi service.

Get started today

Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center by calling 866-627-9177 or emailing lowincomesolutionseal@icf.com. A representative can help you decide whether an assessment is best for you



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3.4.3 25292_EAL_LIS_Spanish_Program_Overview_Fiyer_V04_Print_Release.pdf



Resumen del programa

Un hogar más cómodo ahorrando energía

El Programa de Soluciones para Hogares de Bajos Recursos está diseñado para que su hogar sea más energéticamente eficiente y cómodo durante todo el año, mientras ahorra energía.

Incentivos y ahorros del programa

Como parte del Programa de Soluciones para Hogares de Bajos Recursos, Entergy Arkansas ofrece un conjunto de medidas para mejorar la eficiencia sin un costo adicional para clientes que califican, incluyendo:

- Realizar una evaluación de energía del hogar.
- Sellar fugas en los conductos de aire.
 Sellar fugas de aire en su hogar.
- Añadir aislamiento de techo.

- Proveer un mantenimiento para el alto rendimiento del aire acondicionado.
- Instalar productos que ahorran energía durante la evaluación:
 - o Focos de luz LED (hasta 15).
 - Enchufes múltiples avanzados.
 - Cabezales de ducha y aireadores de bajo flujo (para clientes con calentadores de agua eléctricos).

Cómo funciona?

El Programa de Soluciones para Hogares de Bajos Recursos realiza una evaluación para determinar la eficiencia energética de su hogar. Si durante la evaluación se identifican formas de reducir el consumo de energía, será elegible para recibir medidas calificadas de eficiencia energética y serán instaladas sin costo adicional por un representante comercial aprobado.



Programa de Soluciones para Hogares de Bajos Recursos de Entergy Arkansas

¿Quién es elegible?

Para ser elegible para una evaluación de energía, tiene que ser cliente residencial actual (inquilino o propietario) de Entergy Arkansas que:

- Sea elegible para el Programa de Asistencia de Energía para Hogares de Bajos Recursos, independientemente de su edad.
- · Tenga 65 años de edad o más.
- Viva en un hogar unifamiliar, multifamiliar o prefabricada.

Ahorre más con un termostato inteligente

Entergy Arkansas ayuda a nuestros clientes residenciales a ahorrar energia ofreciendo un termostato inteligente e instalación profesional sin costo adicional (un ahorro de \$225). Si también se inscribe en el Programa Pitoto de Control de Carga Directa Inteligente, recibirá un incentivo anual de hasta \$40 por su participación durante los períodos de conservación.

Un termostato inteligente utiliza sus preferencias personales para ajustar la temperatura de su hogar automáticamente. Al conectarlo a la señal de Wi-Fi de su hogar, usted puede controlar la temperatura desde cualquier lugar usando una computadora, tableta o teléfono inteligente.

Esta oferta está disponible para clientes de Entergy Arkansas que:

- Vivan en un hogar unifamiliar o prefabricada con calefacción y aire acondicionado central.
- · Tengan servicio de Wi-Fi en el hogar.

Empiece hoy

Póngase en contacto con el Centro de Soluciones de Eficiencia de Energía llamando al 86-627-9177 o enviando un correo electrónico a lowincomesolutionseal@icf.com. Un representante puede ayudarle a decidir si una evaluación es lo mejor para usted. Para más información, visite entergyarkansas.com/lowincome.

Un menzaje de Enterpy Arkanzar, LLC 62020 Enterpy Servicas, LLC. Todos for Derechos Razervados. Il programa de Enterpy Solutions es un programa de uso eficiente de la energia y no está afiliado a Enterpy Solutions, LLC LI10-2

→ WE POWER LIFE'

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Program overview

A more comfortable home and energy savings

The Low-Income Solutions Program is designed to help make your home more energy efficient and comfortable year-round, while saving energy.

Program incentives and savings

As part of the Low-Income Solutions Program, Entergy Arkansas offers a suite of efficiency-improving measures at no additional cost to qualifying customers, including but not limited to:

- Performing a home energy assessment.
- · Sealing leaks in your ductwork.
- · Sealing leaks in your home.
- · Adding ceiling insulation.

Who is eligible?

To be eligible for the energy assessment, you must be a current Entergy Arkansas residential customer (renter or owner) who:

Entergy Arkansas Low-Income Solutions Program

- Is eligible for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program, regardless of age.
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- Lives in a single-family, multifamily or manufactured home.

Save more with a smart thermostat

Entergy Arkansas is helping our eligible residential customers save energy by offering a smart thermostat and professional installation — a \$225 value. If you also enroll in the Smart Direct Load Control Pilot Program, you will receive an annual incentive of up to \$40 for your participation during conservation periods.

A smart thermostat uses your personal preferences to automatically adjust temperatures when you come and go. And, by connecting it to your home's Wi-Fi, you can control the temperature from anywhere, using your computer, tablet or smartphone.

This offer is available to Entergy Arkansas customers who:

- Live in a single-family or manufactured home with central heating and air.
- Have in-home Wi-Fi service.

Get started today

Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions
Center by calling 866-627-9177 or emailing
lowincomesolutionseal@icf.com.
A representative can help you decide
whether an assessment is best for you.
Visit entergyarkansas.com/lowincome
to learn more.



123-456-7890 fakeemailaddress@fakehost.con 1234 Fake Street Fake City, USA



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The Entergy Solutions program is an energy efficiency program and not affiliated with Entergy Solutions, Li

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ENTERGY SOLUTIONS

3.4.6 EAI_CoBrand_Business_Card_Template_v03_FPO

· Providing a high-performance air

Installing energy-saving items at the time

Low-flow showerhead and aerators (for

The Low-Income Solutions Program begins

with an assessment to determine your home's energy efficiency. If the assessment identifies ways to save energy in your home, you will be eligible to receive qualifying

energy-improving measures installed at no additional cost by a trade ally.

customers with electric water heaters).

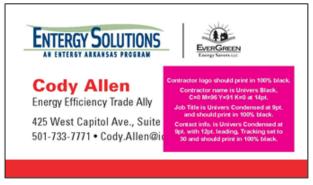
conditioning tune-up.

LED bulbs (up to 15).Advanced power strip.

How does it work?

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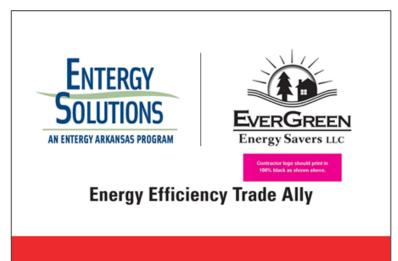






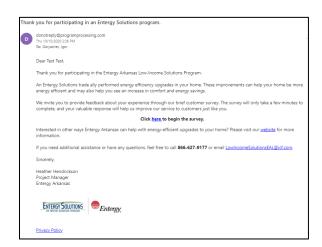






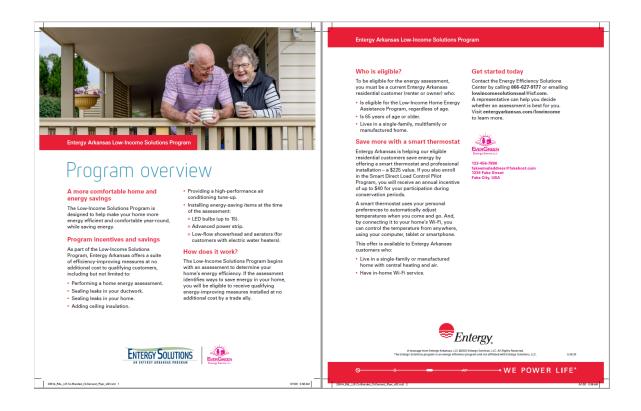


3.4.9 Survey Email



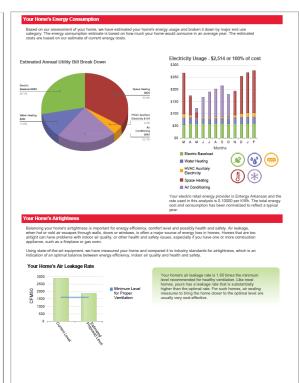
3.4.10 Entergy Solutions Low-Income Solutions Program Customer Survey 2022.pdf

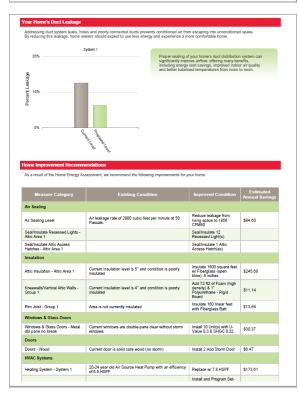


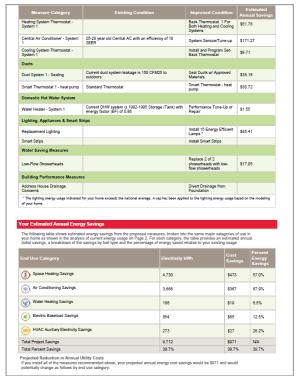


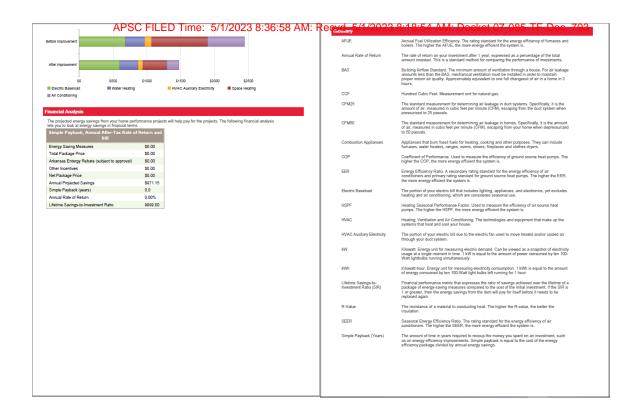
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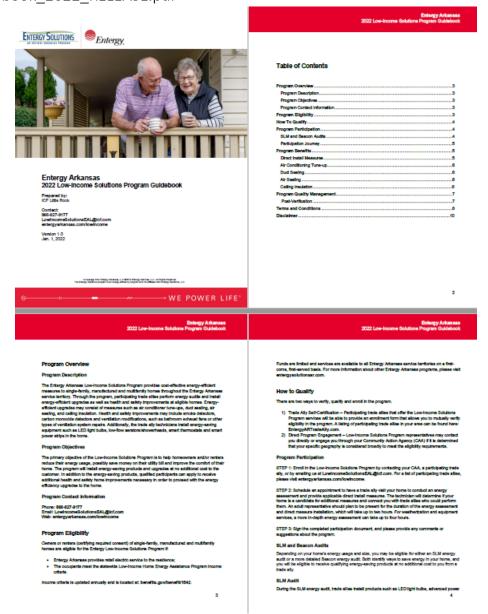








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energy asvings in reports or other documentation submitted to the program implementer on Entergy Arizansa's behalf and/or the Arizansas Public Service Commission. Entergy Arizansas will treat all other information gathered in evaluations as confidential, and the information in the reports shall be in the aggregate, where practicable.

LIMITATION OF LIMBLITY: ENTEROY ARKANSAY AND PROGRAM IMPLEMENTER IOFS LIMBLITY IS LIMITED TO PAYING THE INCENTIVE SPECIFICE. IN NO INSENT WILL ENTEROY ARKANSAGO OR OF DE LIMBLE WENTER IN CONTRACT FOR INCLUDIOS MEDICIENCE, OCNICIOUS MEDICIENCE, OCNICIOUS MEDICIENCE, DAMAGES CONNECTED WITH OR REPLIZATION FROM PARTICIPATION IN THE PROGRAM LETTEROY ARKANSAGO RESERVED THE RESULT TO MOTE PAY IN INCENTIVE IF THE APPLICATION FORM AND ALL REQUIRED ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ARK NOT COMPLETE OR ACCURATE OR ACCURATE.

LIABILITY WAVER: by executing an Enrollment Form, the outstoner voluntarity agrees not to hole Enterpy Afranca, ICF, for these alies or any of their affaliate, directors, officers, employees, agents, or contraction liable for any lineas or highly. Customer further agrees not to engage in any inappropriate actions or otherwise endanger the safety or health of same.

Independent actions or orbitalises orderings the satisfy or health of same.

WARRANTED: Entiry Advances and CVF for not invented the proper completion of sends or performance of phelaticid or sends of superiors. expressly or impossly, foreign Assams and CVF or orderings and particular manufacture or orpical, and Entirely Assams and CVF provide no semantices, supersissed or highlick for any products or sentince. Enterpy Assams and CVF provide no semantices, supersissed or highlick for any products or sentince. Enterpy Assams and CVF provide no semantices, and print of which we destroy, expressed or implication, and any analysis of the semantic or impossible control or impossible or semantic or impossible or semantic or impossible or semantic or impossible or impo

PROPERTY RIGHTS: The participant represents that he lake has the right to complete and/or install the energy-saving equipment on the property on which the equipment is completed and/or installed and that any necessary landlord's or tenant's consent, as the case may be, has been

RENTER'S CERTIFICATION: Rarter cetifies that he/she has received consent from the landlord or homeowner for receipt of the energy audit and associated direct installation of energy efficient management.

CUSTOMER'S CERTIFICATION: Properly manageriowner certifies that haliefs has continued in the mostlyed service(s) literal on the application at the defined location. Properly manageriouner agrees that all information is true and that healthe has conformed to all program and equipment neutriments later.

2022 Low-Income Solutions Program Guidebook

BOSHT TO ISSTUDIC. The Enterpy Advances hade soly has the right to relate service or and the delivery when controlled by a sudmer stelling teaching the or when thing an areas is statistic. "Inappropriate" includes but in oil limited to the biburing unreasonable demands for service, processing treatment or of theses lengthing, thereting no extensible demands for service, processing the service of the serv

TERMENATION OF SERVICE: Either party may terminate this agreement upon 30 days" advance written notice. The trade sily shall be mimbursed for all services properly performed and approved up to the date of termination.

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PRIVACY POLICY: You may view Enterpy's privacy policy at enterpy com/privacy-policy/.

Disolalmer

Neither Enlargy Afkansas nor ICF makes any guarantee or any other representation or warranty, expressed or implied, as to the quality or effectiveness of any product(s) provided or work(s) performed through this program.

Energy efficiency gains are subject to a number of variable conditions and circumstances. While it is the intent of the program to achieve energy efficiencies, neither Entergy Arkaneas nor ICF guarantees or variants that any specific energy efficiency gains will be achieved for a particular

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Entergy Arkanses 2022 Low-Income Solutions Program Guidebook

Entergy Arkansas 2022 Low-Income Solutions Program Guidebook

atips, shows heads and idichen beth sensions. These measures will instantly save energy and money when properly installed and used. These measures will be installed at no additional cost to the customer. The suct also will provide insights into other verys to use energy wisely and opportunities to make your energy spend.

Beacon Au

The Beacon Audit is a comprehensive evaluation of your home's energy use. This sucit provides monomination or very to save energy and will enable eligible authories to beth the process towned vestimate the process town and a fast evaluate the harbor and extent or the home (a. the holding energing) and most reports intermation should be estimate conditions and proposed the holding energing and process to the process to the process of the process of

Participation Journey

All Participant



Select Participant



Program Benefits

To make catain measures, homes must have a duted carchel heating and air conditioning units), installed prior to participation in the Low-hourse Solution Program. The benefits enabled through participation in the program are described below, and any additional energy-consumption missed heath and safely opportunities for the home will be evaluated and communicated to you by the those sky during the sould process.

Direct Install Measur

In the Low-Income Solutions Program, energy-efficient products are familihed and installed at no additional cost to Entargy Arkansas oustomers. The measures available for direct installation in eligible properties and locations include:

- ENERGY STAR* LEDs in futures and lamps that replace incandescent bulbs.
- 1.5 gallons-per-minute shower hasds and faucet sensions (when existing figures have flow rates of 2.0 gallons-per-minute or greater and where the water heater is powered by electricity)
- Entergy customers with qualified air conditioning systems and W-IT may sign up for the firmat Direct Load Control Pillot Program. Small Thermostati eighthig is based upon the presence of continuous W-IT internet and agreement to participate in summer demand response events. Additionally, the residence cannot be a current participate in the Summer Advantage Program.









Air Conditioner Tune-up

Any Enterpy Low-Income Solutions Program outdomers who have central sir conditioning or heat pump systems on sits may qualify for an air conditioning tune-up. Customers who have participated in the previous five years will not be slights.

The Enlargy Advanse Air Conditioner Tune-up Program Involves a diagnostic and sentor procedure that not only smarries the system is operating at pask efficiency and lowest operational could be also leaffless any shortcoming that has beging the constructive system than didge as. After the tune-up is complete, time to easily and operational countries system than didge as. After the tune-up is complete, time to easily and the contribution of the

Duct Seeling

Any Enlargy Low-Income Solutions Program customer that uses a certail duct system for heating and cooling the home may qualify for duct sealing based on the total system leakage and opportunity for improvement. Duct sealing involves addressing air leaks in the home's duction's:

Entergy Arkansas 2022 Low-Income Solutions Program Guidebook Enlergy Arkanses 2022 Low-Income Solutions Program Guidebook

being reduced through the application of long-leating materials. Only homes with a functioning central heat and air system are eligible for this service.

Air Sealing

Any Entergy Low-Income Solidane Program authories who has substantial air leakage qualifies for air sealing. Sealing may include weatherstoping or calabing around doors or indices. At sealing may also holds sing georg bean in planting posteristions and drap holes in sharehood and materials and mathroids for indices in inflaments. Also the program of the program of the materials and mathroids for indices in inflaments and inflaments. Also the air sealing is complete, it may be subject to post-inclusation quality-in-authories verification. Only homes with a functioning certain heat and air system are slightle for this service.

Celling Insulation

Customers with existing insulation of R-14.3 or lease will quality for insulation to bring their home up to code of R-30. Upgrade eligibility is based upon existing R-value and equare field of ceiling insulated. Cereilly and gape in the activiting insulation that considered as well. Only homes with a functioning certain least and at system are eligible for this service.

Program Quality Management

Post-Verification

Completed projects are subject to a post-installation verification, selected on a random basis. Typically, 10% of all homes that participated in the program will be selected for the verification.

If it is determined that an on-site post-verification is going to be performed, a program representative will contact the customer to schedule the property site verification.

Terms and Condition

ENERGY AUDIT REPORT: The energy audit report provides the customer with a complete review of energy-wering measures installed throughout the property, as well as recommendations related to energy efficiency programs available. Entergy Ariansas is not responsible for lost decommendation.

ELIZIBETY F. Preference make the Enterpy Advances selected utility conforms with a working content of conditions or head parts. For homes defined working extent of conditioning, the some must have control short heading. The perforped represents that having meet the LIPIEAP critical postatiopies. Purel are limited, and entered are evaluated in select peopretic season on Endcores, fine-level basis. In critical to perform the could for measures such as AP Enaling, Dust Advances to the Section of the Control of the Control

APPROVAL AND VERPICATION: Entary Arismass meanines the right to welly the delivery of services and to have received account to the participant's residence to welly the performance of energy efficiency received. First is any apprect of incentives, Orling's and entart measures are not of the control of the

PAYMENT: Each measure may only receive one full incentive payment from Enlargy Solutions

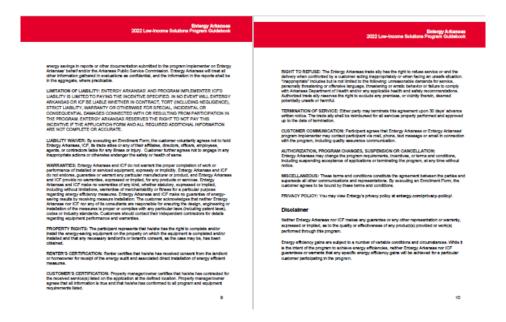
TAX LIABILITY: The customer is responsible for declaring and paying any and all applicable federal, state and local brase that may be oved on any incertive. Enlargy Arlamass will not be mapproable for any local liability that may be imposed on the customer as a result of the deletery of

REMOVAL OF EQUIPMENT: The customer agrees, as a condition of participation in the program to allow removal and disposal of the equipment help replaced by weapy efficiency researces in accordance with of lines, raise and regulations. The suchmore agrees not to install any needy initiatied equipment enywhere in Arksmass or transfer it to any other party for installation in Arksmass.

ENDORSEMENT: Entergy Arionese does not endone any particular manufacturer, product, system design, claim, trade ally or service in promoting this program.

INFORMATION RELEASE: The participant agrees that Entergy Advances may include participant's name, address, Entergy Advances and resulting

8

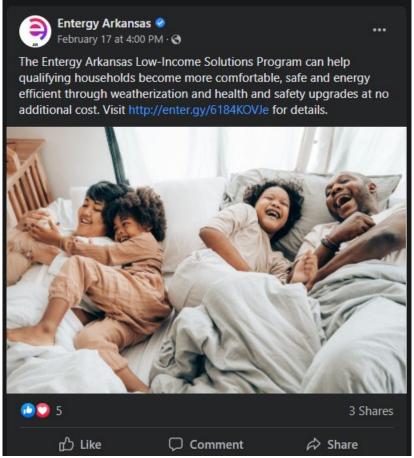


3.4.14 LIS_Case Study_Better Community Development_RELEASE.pdf







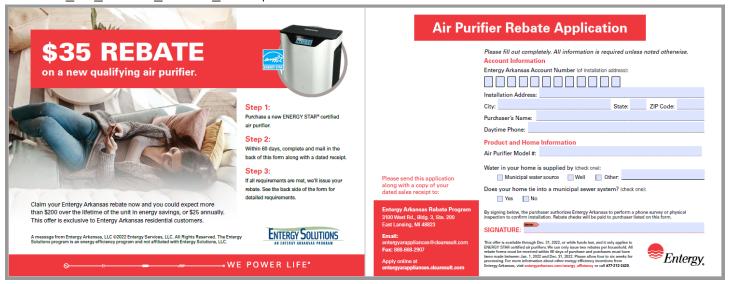




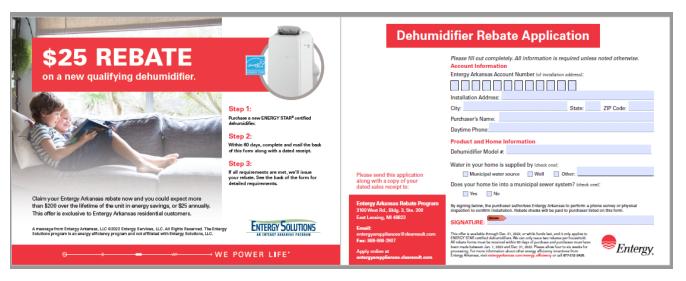


3.5 Point of Purchase Solutions Point of Purchase Solutions

3.5.1 EAI_Air_Purifier_Rebate_Form.pdf

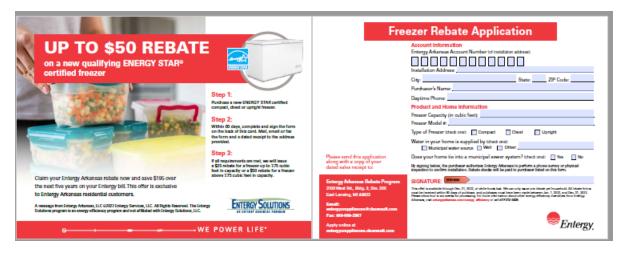


3.5.2 EAI_Dehumidifier_Rebate_Form.pdf





3.35.4 POP-Freezer-Rebate-Application.pdf





3.5.6 1219-EAI-MID-1769935 POPS Participation Agreement_CLEAN.pdf



COMMERCIAL POINT OF PURCHASE SOLUTIONS ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAM PARTICIPATION AGREEMENT





Save real money with high efficiency equipment.

The Entergy Arkansas Commercial Point of Purchase Solutions Energy Efficiency Program offers incentives at the time of purchase for specific high efficiency equipment. Entergy Arkansas commercial customers can obtain the products through their standard purchasing methods, and incentives are processed through the equipment supplier.

How will I benefit?

- Savings, now and later. Equipment upgrades typically pay for themselves in energy savings alone within a few years, and you can also save immediately through incentives for purchasing select high efficiency products.
- Simplified process. The incentives are processed through your equipment supplier so you get immediate benefits and the supplier handles the paperwork.
- Entergy Arkansas commercial customers can obtain discounted high efficiency products through standard

Frequently Asked Questions

- Are there any commercial customers that aren't eligible for participation in the program?
- Any nonresidential Entergy Arkansas customer is eligible to receive discounts through the program, even if you've completed a commercial project for which you received Entergy Arkansa incentives, though incentives cannot be claimed for the same socket or fixture twice.
- 2. Do all efficient products qualify for discounts through the program?

No, only certain categories of lighting, hand dryers, small air compressors and variable-frequency drives of a certain size are eligible for discounts through the

- Sign the back of this form and submit it to your product supplier. This enrolls you in the program and authorizes us to process the incentives for your purchase.
- Purchase qualified products from your supplier. The incentive amount will be automatically deducted from the purchase price.
- Install your product within 30 days of the purchase date.One of our program representatives may contact you toOne of our program representatives may contact you to

→ WE POWER LIFE

COMMERCIAL POINT OF PURCHASE SOLUTIONS ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAM CUSTOMER PARTICIPATION AGREEMENT

Entergy Akanasa has contracted with CLSAResult to implement, promote and administer the Commercial Point of Purchase Solutions Energy Efficiency Program flueries referred to as "porticipant" Incognisms is a swilling participant of this program and is an Entergy Akanasa commercial customer. This programs and is an Entergy Akanasa commercial customer. This programs are defects the voluntary collaboration between your organization and the Entergy Akanasa-sponsored Commercial Point of Purchase Solutions Energy Efficiency Program. The terms below last the general commitments of the participant in order to improve the energy efficiency of your organization.

To participate in this program, you will need to understand and agree to these terms:

- The program will provide incentive funds (in the form of a direct discount from the participating supplied for eligible energy-saving products to be installed by the participant within facilities served by Entergy Arkansas. Installation address must be provided.
 Participant will promptly install all energy-saving products purchased for their facilities within 90 days of the purchase date of the energy-saving products. Repayment of incentives received may be requested for any products found not installed upon inspection 30 days following purchase.
- Participant will allow necessary post-inspections to be administered by the program for verification of installation of the energy-saving products and arrange for any necessary inspection/participant surveys to be administered by the program evaluator of record.
- Participant acknowledges that, as part of its participation in this program, it will maintain eligibility to receive program services and incentives period of two years from the date the participant receives the discount for the purchase of energy-saving products installed at its organization.
- If the individual signing this form is NOT the account holder, the signer acknowledges that he/she is authorized to make purchasing decisions on the account holder's behalf. All terms and conditions in this agreement apply regardless of who signs the agreement.

Listical Telephrane of eligible energy-saving products from a participating supplier is the sole decision of the participant. The inclusion of a participating supplier for the program does not constitute an endorsement by firstergy Arkansas or CLEAReaut of any product, individual or company. Bligible energy-saving products purchased by the participant from a participating supplier are not guaranteed or subject to any representation or varantine, either expressed or implied or otherwise, by either firstergy Arkansas or CLEAReautt. Neither Entergy Arkansas nor CLEAReautt makes any guarantee or any other representation or varantine, expressed or implied or otherwise, as to the quality, cost or effectiveness of any engrey-saving productify provided by any participating supplier, by any such participating supplier's employees or subcontractors. Energy efficiency gains are subject to a number of variable conditions and circumstances. While is it the intent of the program to achieve energy efficiencing gains at the participant's organization, neither Entergy Arkansas nor CLEAReautt guarantees or warrants that any specific energy efficiency gains will be achieved for a particular customer under the program.

Indimoving that NECKION ILLEGISTENT I administration of the products purchased if I decide not to proceed with the institution participating supplier some for all of the discounted amount received for the products purchased if I decide not to proceed with the installation of all purchased products. Incomitives will not be part for products that have also been incomitived through a different program, or if the solder or finance being replaced was incentivated prior to proposed replacement. I agree to allow my account information and data to be used by program staff for the purposes of verifying program eligibility and reporting program data to Emergy Arkansas. I admoveded that I have read and understant the above discinence.

Account Holder Point of Contact (First and Last Name): Check if you are NOT the account holder, and see #5 above.	
Account Holder Company Name:	
Installation Location Address, City, State, ZIP:	
Telephone:	Email:
	DATE:
Please fill in completely, sign and hand this form to yo	r product supplier.
Questions? Contact the Energy Efficiency Sol	tions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit

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3.5.7 2022_Commercial_POPS_Program Manual_CLEAN.pdf



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Measures & Incentive Levels Right system measure include DLC and RMROY of DM qualited LKD systemic and their systemic seed as LKD systemic. These treasures will regions translatement and hargest bubble and Subres with every swelpt LKD bubb.

Measure Type	Incentive Level (as of \$1022)
LED Downlight / Trim Kt (200 – 4500 tumens)	Stiper bub
LED 18 Replacement Lamp, two-fact (900 – 2000 lumens)	10 per bulb
LED 18 Replacement Lamp, floor (1500 – 3199 lumens)	\$2 per bulb
LED 18 Replacement Lamp, eight-floot (1100 – 5869 turnens)	Stiper bub
LBD 15 Replacement Lamp (0000 – 8000 lumens)	\$3 per builo
6-pin LEO (High-wettage OFL replacement) (950 – 2500 tumens)	\$3 per bulb
LED Traffert, Inser Antient Rato Kt or Sufface Mounted Fature (1500 – 3699 lumens)	\$10 perficure
LED TroffertUneer Ansient Reto Kit or Surface Mounted Foture (0500 – 5999 tumens)	\$30 per floure
LED TrafferLineer Ansient Retro Kit or Surface Mounted Poture (6000 – 10,000 turnens)	\$35 per ficture
Londay LED Fature (1000 – 7499 turners)	\$35 per fluire
Lowbey LED Flature (7500 – 11,899 lumens)	\$45 perficure
Hightey LRD Flidure (12,000 – 24,899 timens)	\$55 per fluture
Hightey LRD Fluture (25,000 – 60,000 tumens)	\$75 per fluture
LRD Eiderfor Flidure* (1000 – 4989 furners)	\$30 per fluture
LRD Eiderfor Flidure* (5000 – 8989 furners)	\$55 per fluture
LED Eiderfor Flidure* (9000 – 19999 (umena)	965 per fluture
LED Exterior Flature* (20000 – 54899 turnering	\$115 per fidure

LED Sarage Flature (2000 - 5499 lumana)	\$20 per future
LED Garage Flature (5000 - 7469 turners)	\$15 per future
LED Garage Flature (7500 - 12,000 turrens)	SIG per future

incentives may change at any time due to market or program conditions.

Rigida valida frequency drives (r/FDq are between 0 and 50 horsepower and are not replacing a VFO correctly in one VFDs being used on a supply of the one conditions HVMC options, or as a sufficient only do not qualify for this offer. Qualifying VFOs will receive \$16 per horse.

- Verteite Displacement with Controls

Briang Allaman

MEASUREMENT & VERIFICATION

NECTION PROCESSOR IN QUARTER AND AND THE AND T

NON-CASH BENEFITS

Communications & Public Relations Support

Communications of public refusion recitations supports of program the and processes, as well as any every efficient product information they are used market for program. CEARMest self-also market the program destination of the provide press releases and other communications support to inform the basiness community stock the program. CEARMest may burget conference and down in order to make more taskiness.

PROGRAM PARTICIPATION PROCESS

Lighting Products, Small Air Compressors, Hand Dryers and Drives these is opposite in this proces. The heart decord a wested of the time of purchase from a published delibstar and a holded in the quoted seleption. Decords we subject to funding exhibiting the Figure 1 for a degree of the process.

- Name 6 address of business where installation will take place.
- Erad address (optional) and phone number.
- Signature and date of signature.

The invention execution is a placed using the counter of the program year exceeding to change in the estimated search, and publication execut. Deliveral will explain take all this counter of the program year execution to the counter of execution search. Existing Annual Annua

INCENTIVE PAYMENT PROCESS

Note: INVERTINE PROPERTY PROCESSOR

Any said invertine nearest though the program are paid directly to the commercial contineer are discounts on purchases are described above. Restrictivement thank for invertineer applied to eligible purchases are delivered in the form of a check to the thalk ally concerns purchases have been writted.

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LIMITS ON PARTICIPATION

PARTICIPATING TRADE ALLIES



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DISCLAIMERS

Entergy Arkansas and/or CLEAResult

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

QUADLE PRODUCTION OF SELECTION OF SELECTION

CUSTOMER COMPLAINTS

To the course of activitienting any program, there may be indexises where a perforgant is not satisfied with the program and has a complete or departs. The better cape coding the process for CLEARMent said endow bearing partners to resolve customer completes in a timely manual.

Calls that come into the program consect center will be documented in CL 66/Meet its tracking describes by overlap is used and associating it with the specific account, contact or project record pelicitiveer is most specific to the companies, An exact is sent to the program seen for following with the customer:

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All completes should be takening on this feel incomes day of the weight of the complete.

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CLEARWARD and provide monthly updates to finding on the datas of any cubdatedry participant companies.

CLEARWARD and contact the citity immediately upon reveils of any companie or lease that may pose a labelity or patter readors also.

DISTRIBUTOR PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

Causes for Non-Payment or Termination of Agreement
If a petiapolity distinct one sort reliable bet able as speed upor, they all heave a within sensing if they
are an owner to which and administ to first opinion that distinct with a light or general arrange, CLMMeant may
easily without present or reconsenses or identification and personal or this the distinct.

A message from Britangy Adamses, LLC #2000 Britangy Sentros, LLC All Rights Reserved. Britangy Seletions is an energy efficiency program and is not affiliated with Britangy Solutions, LLC.

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Things follows:

27 Providing consumers with information about the quality of efficient products.

280 Researche FOFE Regions blessel.

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT & CONTACTS

Rifle Wester

Small enlargerappilence@cleanesiLoon Swarp Stitutes Subtree Center \$77-010-000

PROGRAM ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

- Purchase the following ENERGY STARM qualified from from publipating workers, discitutors, or contract ISO table and fidures, small terrinosities, poor purses, corn air publiss, deterministives, test pump-valve features, test pump-valve features, and air conditioners, OR more than 666/RDY STAR qualified LED table from program representations of scholarsity events.
- Purchase achievand power strips from participating regulars.
- According to the control power power processor presents of the control power power power power power to the control power powe

Participating Regulers, Chatthologs and Manufacturers

PROGRAM CHANGES

The Ristagy Attanues Reddental Point of Porchase Solidione Program has been implemented in its current form-since 2011, in 2021, the following changes were made:

- Added BHSRGY STAR qualified frequent, to the program, These products were not previously incentivised through the program.
- Added BildRiff STAR qualified norn air conditiones to the program. These products were not previously incertifiated through the program.

PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY

Customer Eligibility

The 2015 Residents Post of Pushee Program is being offend on an electric continued to 70 May be in the Continues may be regard to widey eligidity with the library Advance account make for prolety and make Continues may be regard to widey eligidity with the library Advance account make for proletype in normal The makes on the "Region Pushington Proced" which of this account for formation about their to pushing the processing of the processing of the account for formation about their to pushing the pushing the processing of the pushing t

Retailer, Distributor and Manufacturer Eligibility

Sights measure include INSPRT STAR qualified light-eniting diode light-totals is future, finant themscale, now all purifies, detunishes, pool pumps, heat pump-reter heaters and freques. Carbon for 1 Smart power oflips are also eligible for locatives under this program.

Messure Type	Incentive Level	Measure Description
LED Bulles	 Full cod of the bull; LRDs are given to qualifying customers at events 	This measure will replace incandescent and halogen bulbs with energy-saving USO turbs.
LED States - 40-60 v replacements - 75 vv - 100 v repl - Specially Styles	- \$1 pertails - \$1.50-00 pertails - \$0-00 pertails, varies by type	This measure will replace incardescent bulbs with energy-saving and long-leading LSD bulbs.
Advanced Power Stilps Ad-qualifying recies	- Up to \$14 per unit	This measure will replace traditional power stips with surperpretection with advanced power stips with current sensing technology that makes it possible to start off the flow of electricity to computers or perspensive automatically when not in use.
Pool Pursos Verlació speed	- \$100	This measure off replace single-speed pool pumps with energy-saving pool pumps which have varied speed settings for fittetion and desning.
Room Air Purffler	- 815	This measure will replace traditional room air purffers with energy-seving room air purffers.
Dehamilitiers	- 815	This measure will replace traditional defundations with energy-saving defundations.
Freces	- \$25 < 7.75 cubic feet - \$50 >7.75 cubic feet	This measure will replace traditional compact, check, and upright freezers with energy-saving freezers.

		3002 Residential POPS Program Manual
Heet Pump Water Heaters All qualifying models	- \$100 per unit	This measure will replace traditional electric bank storage water heaters with energy-saving hybrid heat pump valuer heaters.
Room Air Conditions	\$50 per unit	This measure will replace traditional room air conditioners with energy-saving room air conditioners.

MEASUREMENT & VERIFICATION

For all bolds. Storage, all purifies a shareous power titles, and restribute, heat pump water hasters, nore all conditions, and point pump, the program will establish earling beend upon shared earling power of the conditions, and point pump, the program will establish earling the earling of the conditions design gives on explain fractions in explain entering the respective hashing being the condition of the conditions of the program of the conditions of the

For smart termodate and freezes, the program will usualists earlings based upon stipulated savings presented in a work paper distinct by CLSAResult and accepted by the evaluation.

NON-CASH BENEFITS

Communications & Public Relations Support

PROGRAM PARTICIPATION PROCESS

EMERGY STAR LEDs, Smart Thermodats, Heat Pump Water Heaters, Room Air Conditioners, and Advanced Power Strips

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ENERGY STAR Air Purifiers, Dehumidifiers, Smart Thermostats, Pool Pumps,

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The boards amount may be allyafed using the improvement executively interpret to the extracting infligation because, problem that the improvement is a considerable to a position of considerable and market be a facilities of confidenable will update understand part to produce a favry agrifted interpret on mark to the founding amount and other for producing parties and other produces allowed and other produces are considerable for the producing parties and other produces are considerable and the producing and the produces great produces and and required to agree the outbook or the content for any produces one the entire manufaction and engine produces. In the producing produces are the systematic produces and the content of the produces and engine produces for the application and the produces and the produces are the produces and the produces and the produces are the produces and the produces and the produces and the produces and the produces are the produces and the produces and the produces are the produc

LIMITS ON PARTICIPATION

But the set and non-set insente tudges available through the program are limbed and made available to sustomes on a flatnome, the servectures. If shoring a deplete during the program year, older will be given to sustaines on the Sintery flooliture welpage at entergretizaness common populariess. Please see below the additional debt.

ENERGY STAR LEDs, Heat Pump Water Heaters, Room Air Conditioners, and Advanced Power Strips

Such of these measures is being beauthout through a soul pick methods. Sideing Albaness sections will be about purchase their probabilities on ording politication to the society are peed in this sections of the first purchase the form of decearior that purchase. The classified as single peed included the section of the purchase the form of decearior pick methods are decearable to probabilities are painted of the test, or a distinct decearing pick and the register information place (place) propriets pick (deceated with described and probability paint because the week of their loads a place in a distinct document described and probability will be social probabilities of their decease and control and only described and probabilities of their probabilities.

Extension 1 of I/M contract Intermitodias for intermitinal expension for the work intermitination of the product of a first products, quoting and a special of the product of the product

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ENERGY STAR Air Purifiers, Dehumidifiers, Freezers and Pool Pumps

ENERGY STAR AF Putform, Dehumidifiers, Prezzers and Pool Pumps provides to the Select 19 May aprile demonstrate fewer any party promotine, requiremental proteine applies (INSECT 50 May aprile and administration fewers, or pool pages of the register of their designations, assistance of their public fewers and or other architegeographic mechanisms. For putro mode application, software set offer mode as made in state application with the publicate professor publication states using visit and insection as equal to the time their pumps are stated as provides the complete application and states using visit and publications. In all cases, the southern off send to provide their publication and supply of their publications and publications are publicated as a publication of the administration of the seasons of the seasons

PARTICIPATING RETAILERS

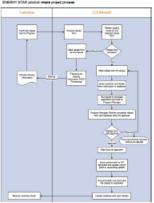
ENERGY STAR LEDs, Heat Pump Water Heaters, Room Air Conditioners, and Advanced Power Strips

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ENERGY STAR Air Purifiers, Dehumidifiers, Smart Thermostats, Freezers and Pool Pumps



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Entergy Arkansas and/or CLEAResult

Swerg efficiency gains are subject to a number of vertable conditions and discursionness. While it is the intent of the program to address energy efficiencies, netter Entergy Affansas nor CLEAFAesait guarantees or ventrats that any specific energy efficiency gains will be addressed for a particular outcomer under the program.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

QA/QC Protocol

- Conduct periods with seasonine trainings to enhance shift on programs.

 With will brighers to ensure the tarter promotional seeds.

 Conduct periods charber in by priors and in private to seems program effectiveness, welly point of purchase agrange and develop restrictings with inclinities interests.

-		
	Program Process Trainings (QA)	Peid representatives will organize sales and program trainings for retail staff departments. Trainings will cover each measure tunning in their store and the latest in energy efficiency.
	Application Review (GA)	Rebate applications will be submitted to the incentive processing center for verification.
	Data Review (QA)	At least once per month, the program team will review spies, reports from manufacturers/retailers and signage/pricing vertication reports from field representatives.

Retailer & Distributor Inspections (OC)	Quality control inspections will be performed by field inspection. They will visit ables and verify compliance with guidelines agreed to in the program agreement. Guidelines include propersignage, pricing and reporting.
Customer Surlefaction Surveys (CIC)	Customers will be able to use a still-free phone number to speak with a customer sention representative. The phone line will be maintained by CustomerLink. Auditionally, CULLAR-seut may conduct periodic surveys to gauge outdomer satisfaction levels with the program.

CUSTOMER COMPLAINTS

In the course of administrating any program, there may be instances where a participant is not addited with the program and the a complete or depute. The steps below outline the process for CLEAPAeuth staff and/or tearing pathiess to resolve customer completes in a timely manner.

Calls that come into the context center will be documented in CLSAPeach's tracking deplace by creating a window respect and associating it with the openity associat, contact or project second (whichever is most specific to the companity. An exact is sent to the Program Manager for follow up with the continues.

All complaints should be followed up on within two business days of the receipt of the complaint.

An any quarter devoted in the development of the state of

Outing all interactions, the person handling the complaint will record the classocious, the actions taken to resolve the complaint and the date the actions were taken. We will update the perforped regarding the dates of their base resolution to less than rewelly.

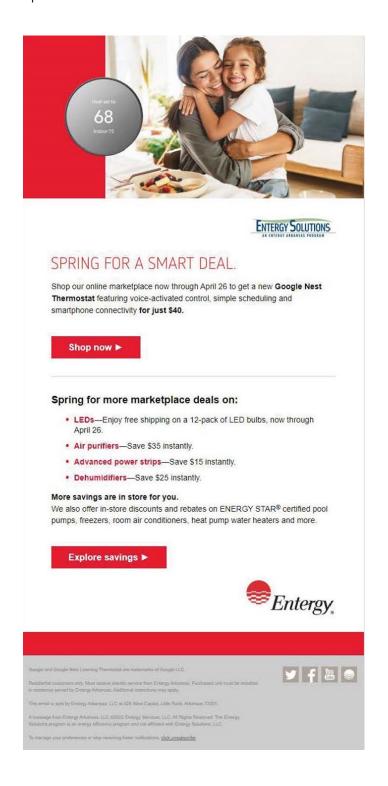
CLSASecut will provide monthly connect updates to Sintergy Alternation the status of any containing perforpert companies. CLSASecut will contact the utility immediately upon except of any complaint or lease that may prove a stability or public relations risk.

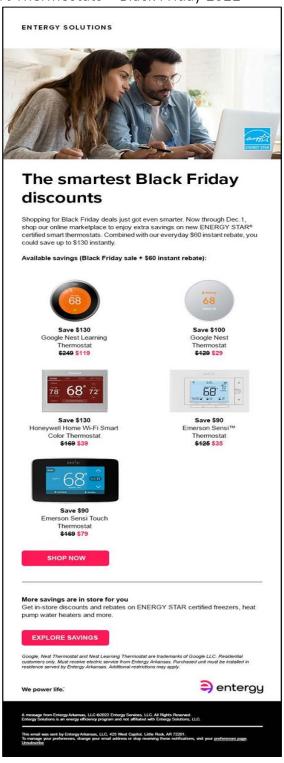
TRADE ALLY PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

If a periodicity distriction, resolution or retain does not nested in the date as agreed upon, buy will need a seating if they are included as and continue to fell to update for indicate above an extension of the total periodic and the seating as and continue to fell to update for indicate the moving assemblements. CLANNess they went to without periodic the instrument of to be indicate the agreement with the relater, districts or instruments.

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Take control of your comfort and savings

Get an ENERGY STAR® certified smart thermostat for as little as \$40 when you couple Entergy Arkansas' everyday \$60 instant discount with limited-time manufacturer discounts, now through June 2.

SHOP NOW

Shop these deals before they're gone:

- Air purifiers For as little as \$35, now through June 2.
- Dehumidifiers Save \$25 instantly.
- . LEDs Save up to \$3 per bulb instantly.

More savings are in store for you.

Get in-store discounts and rebates on ENERGY STAR certified pool pumps, freezers, room air conditioners, heat pump water heaters and more.

EXPLORE SAVINGS

Residential customers only, Must receive electric service from Entergy Arkansas. Purchased unit must be installed in residence served by Entergy Arkansas. Additional restrictions may apply.

We power life."



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Jnsubscribe



Stay comfortable and cool all summer long

As temperatures soar, ENERGY STAR® certified smart thermostats can help keep your home healthy and comfortable while using far less energy than non-certified models. Visit our online marketplace to get a smart thermostat for as little as \$35*—offer ends July 6.

LEARN MORE

Let Entergy Arkansas help you beat the heat this Fourth of July with instant discounts on these cool products, too.

Room air conditioners help keep you cool and comfortable while preventing mold and other problems. Find one of our participating retail locations to save \$50 instantly at checkout.

Air purifiers help remove airborne allergens, dust and other fine particles inside your home. Opt for an ENERGY STAR certified model to save \$35 with an Entergy Arkansas rebate or an instant discount from our online marketplace.

Dehumidifiers help your home feel less muggy while fending off dust mites, mold and mildew. Purchase an ENERGY STAR certified model to save \$25 with an **Entergy Arkansas rebate** or an instant discount from our **online marketplace**.

More savings are in store for you

Get in-store discounts and rebates on ENERGY STAR certified pool pumps, freezers, heat pump water heaters, smart thermostats and more.

EXPLORE SAVINGS

*Prices reflect savings after instant incentive applied at checkout. Sales offer valid through July 6, 2022. Residential customers only. Must receive electric service from Entergy Arkansas. Purchased unit must be installed in residence served by Entergy Arkansas. Additional restrictions may apply.

We power life.

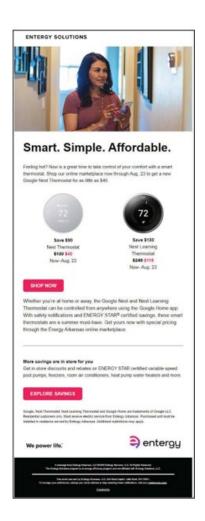


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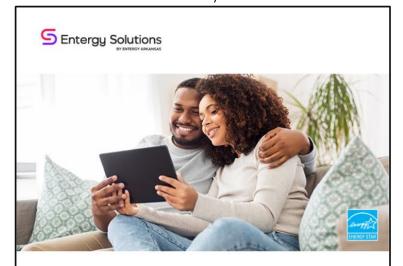
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Smart thermostats, happy holidays

Loaded with convenient features to keep you cozy and save energy every day, a new smart thermostat is the gift that keeps on giving. Shop our online marketplace now to save up to \$80 instantly.

Shop our online marketplace now through December 27 to get a new Google Nest Thermostat for as little as \$30.



SAVE NOW

Prefer to buy in-person? Go straight to the retailer, but before you do, get a <u>discount code</u> to use at checkout. Or you can <u>apply online</u> or <u>offline</u> after purchase.

More savings are in store for you

Get in-store discounts and rebates on ENERGY STAR® certified air purifiers, dehumidifiers, heat pump water heaters and more.

EXPLORE SAVINGS

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Stay comfortable and cool all summer long

As temperatures soar, ENERGY STAR® certified room air conditioners, dehumidifiers and air purifiers can help keep your home healthy and comfortable while using far less energy than non-certified models.

Let Entergy Arkansas help you beat the heat this Fourth of July with instant discounts on these cool products.

LEARN MORE

Room air conditioners help keep you cool and comfortable while preventing mold and other problems. Find one of our participating retail locations to save \$50 instantly at checkout.

Air purifiers help remove airborne allergens, dust and other fine particles inside your home. Opt for an ENERGY STAR certified model to save \$35 with an Entergy Arkansas rebate or an instant discount from our online marketplace.

Dehumidifiers help your home feel less muggy while fending off dust mites, mold and mildew. Purchase an ENERGY STAR certified model to save \$25 with an **Entergy Arkansas rebate** or an instant discount from our **online** marketplace.

More savings are in store for you

Get in-store discounts and rebates on ENERGY STAR certified pool pumps, freezers, heat pump water heaters, smart thermostats and more.

EXPLORE SAVINGS

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Protect life's relax-andunwind moments

According to the Consumer Electronics Association, there are 25 consumer electronics in the average household. Advanced power strips with surge protection are a simple way to safeguard those electronics while reducing energy and prolonging equipment life.

Save up to \$15 instantly on advanced power strips when you purchase through the Entergy Arkansas online marketplace.

SHOP NOW

Devices like TVs, monitors, computers, gaming consoles, phone chargers and coffee machines can all draw significant power when left plugged in—even when not in use. All this wasted energy adds up.

More savings are in store for you

Get in-store discounts and rebates on ENERGY STAR certified variablespeed pool pumps, freezers, room air conditioners, heat pump water heaters and more.

EXPLORE SAVINGS

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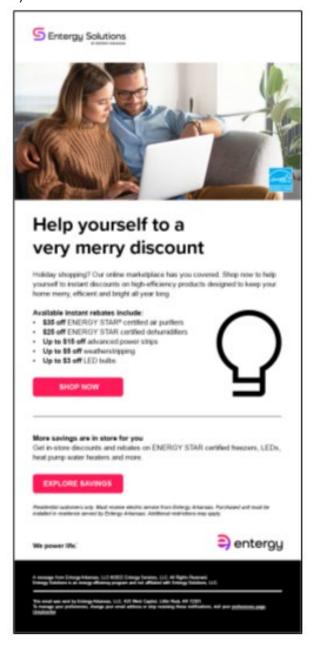
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3.5.19 EAL Marketplace Email Black Friday, Höllday Promos







Breathe in the savings

A new ENERGY STAR® certified air purifier can help reduce allergens and boost your home's year-round indoor air quality. Shop our online marketplace now through June 2 to get one for under \$35.

SHOP NOW

Shop these deals before they're gone:

- Smart thermostats Get a new ENERGY STAR certified smart thermostat for just \$40, now through June 2.
- · Dehumidifiers Save \$25 instantly.
- . LEDs Save up to \$3 per bulb instantly.

More savings are in store for you.

Get in-store discounts and rebates on ENERGY STAR certified pool pumps, freezers, room air conditioners, heat pump water heaters and more.

EXPLORE SAVINGS

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Unsubscrib



Some of life's best moments happen in the pool

Don't let an old, noisy, inefficient pool pump get in the way of your fun in the sun. If your current pool pump is over seven years old, loud or not as powerful as it used to be, it could be time to upgrade.

Entergy Arkansas offers \$300 rebates on new ENERGY STAR $^{\oplus}$ certified variable-speed pool pumps.

SAVE UP TO \$300

ENERGY STAR certified pool pumps:

- · Can save up to \$2,800 in lifetime energy costs
- Run more quietly than traditional single-speed pumps
- Help reduce wear and tear on your filtering system
- Qualify for a \$300 rebate from Entergy Arkansas

More savings are in store for you

Get in-store discounts and rebates on ENERGY STAR freezers, room air conditioners, heat pump water heaters and more. Shop our online marketplace for instant discounts on smart thermostats, LEDs, air purifiers and more.

EXPLORE SAVINGS

Residential customers only. Must receive electric service from Enlergy Arkansas. Purchased unit must be installed in residence served by Enlergy Arkansas. Additional restrictions may apply.

We power life.



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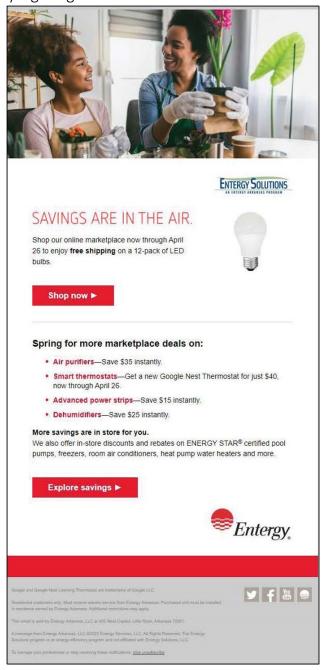
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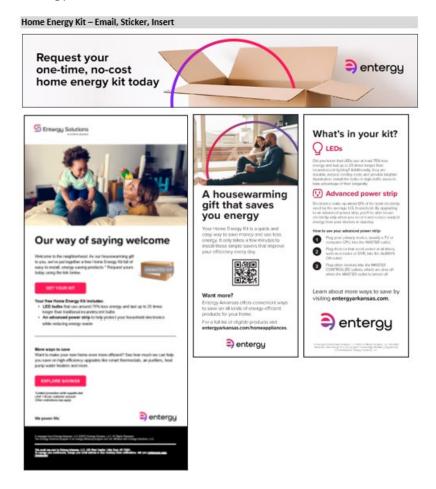
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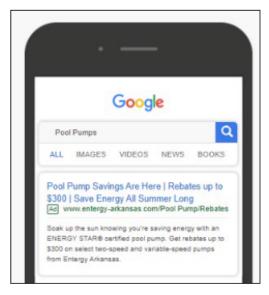
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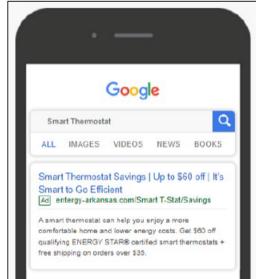
3.5.22 EAL POPS Email January Lighting 13.5.22 EAL POPS Email January Lighting 13.5.22





3.5.24 POPS Pool Pump and Smart Tstat Digital Advertising





July Home Page Banner Ad ENERGY STAR Air Conditioners



October Home Page Banner Ad Vampire Power - Advanced Power Strips



November Home Page Banner Ad ENERGY STAR Smart Thermostats - Black Friday



Marketplace Banner Ad - Q4 2022



June Home Page Banner Ad Various Marketplace ENERGY STAR Products



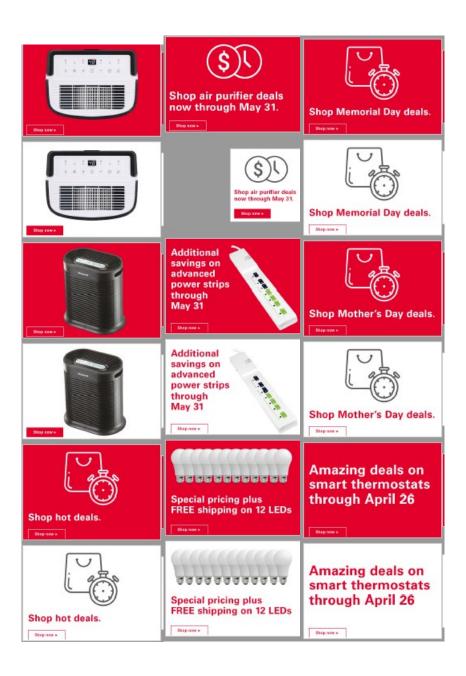


Celebrate Earth Day all month.

Get the best for less from our online marketplace.

Get instant discounts on the latest ENERGY STAR® certified products.











power strips.

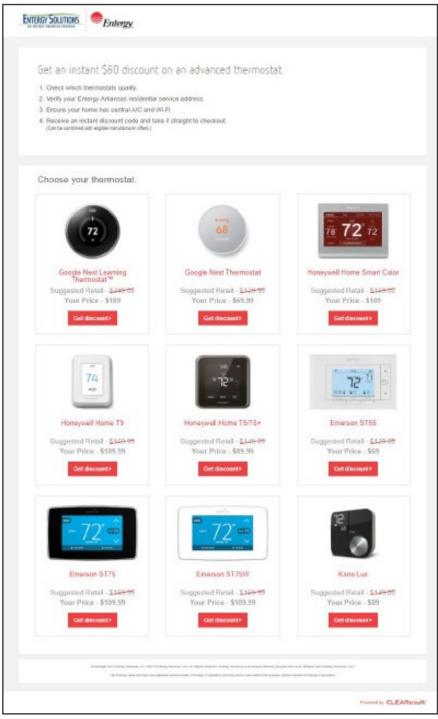
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Instant Discount Portal



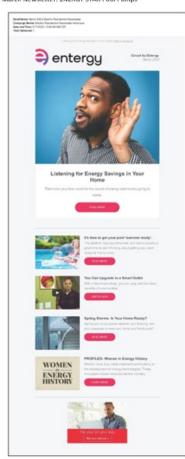
3.5.29 EA Pops Newsletter Articles 2022.pdf

February Newsletter - ENERGY STAR Air Purifiers





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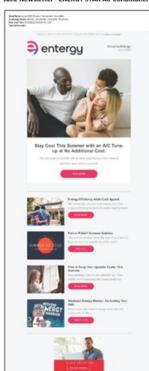


April Newsletter: ENERGY STAR Water Heaters





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August Newsletter – ENERGY STAR Room Air Conditioners, Air Purifiers and Dehumidifiers











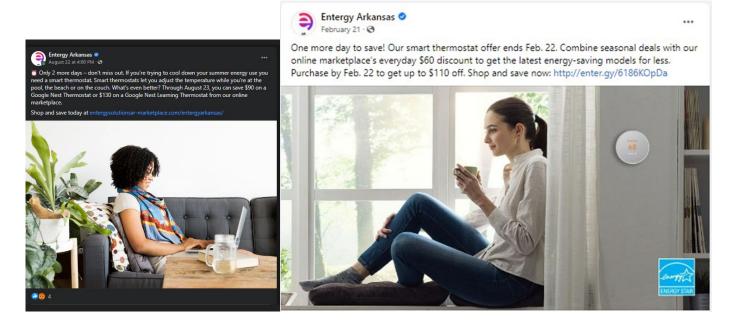
Energy-saving tips for the holidays

Published: 12/8/2022 8:08:29 PM



If you're making a list and checking it twice, you might want to include energy-efficient products and appliances. Not only do they help save energy, but they can also make your home brighter, safer and more comfortable.

3.5.30 POPS 2022 EAL Social Media Posts — Facebook and Twitter

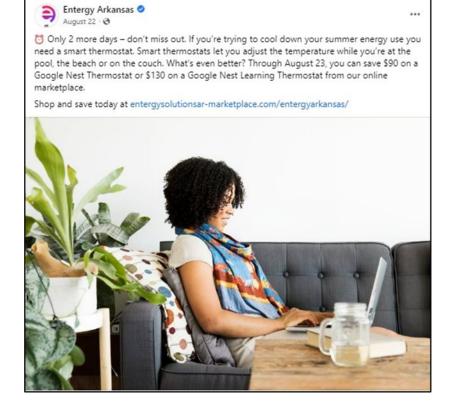






Celebrate #EarthDay with a new, @ENERGYSTAR®, planet-friendly upgrade. Shop our online marketplace today to find instant discounts on LEDs, smart thermostats, air purifiers, dehumidifiers and more. Some offers end April 26. Don't miss out. http://enter.gy/6185KxHtt





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Trying to cool down your summer energy use? Smart thermostats let you adjust the temperature while you're at the pool, the beach or on the couch. What's even better? Now – August 23, you can save \$90 on a Google Nest Thermostat or \$130 on a Google Nest Learning Thermostat from our online marketplace.

Shop and save today at http://enter.gy/6183zNSfz





Don't let anyone tell you vamplies aren't real. Vamplire power, also known as standby power or phanton lead, is the energy wasted by electronics that have been shut off or put in standby mode. Plugging is your most-used electronics that and ankanced power styr pan helps. Pick up one from our online marketplace today and save up to \$15 http://enter.gg/%183MSVSh-Hatamot/allabuses.





Get ready for the coolest summer ever. ENERGY STAR® certified Most Efficient room air conditioners use at least 10 percent less energy than standard models, deliver quiet and consistent cooling—and now qualify for a \$50 instant discount from Entergy Arkansas. Visit http://enter.gy/6182zkMCu and find a participating store near you.





Take a deep breath and combat cabin fever with a germ-fighting, allergen-capturing, odorreducing, ENERGY STAR® certified air purifier. Get an instant \$35 rebate plus an extra 10% manufacturer discount through Mar. 1 when you purchase from the Entergy Arkansas Marketplace.

http://enter.gy/6181KOpdU





Is it time for Spring cleaning? Add an ENERGY STAR® room air purifier to your shopping list. It helps keep your home healthy by removing dust, pollen and other allergens from indoor air—all while using up to 40% less energy than standard models. Shop now to save \$35. #SpringCleaning http://enter.gy/6182KxHfA



Important summer bulletin: A new ENERGY STAR® certified freezer keeps your popsicles just as cold as a normal freezer—while using at least 10% less energy. Treat yourself to a \$50 rebate: http://enter.gy/6185M6db3





Entergy Arkansas











Residential Point of Purchase Solutions Program



Entergy Arkansas offers four convenient ways to save on energy-efficient upgrades for your home.



For a full list of eligible products and more ways to save, visit entergyarkansas.com/homeappliances.

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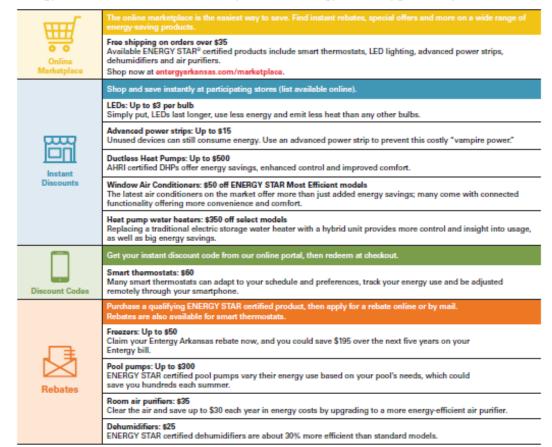
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Residential Point of Purchase Solutions Program



Entergy Arkansas offers four convenient ways to save on energy-efficient upgrades for your home.



For a full list of eligible products and more ways to save, visit entergyarkansas.com/homeappliances.

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◆WE POWER LIFE*



Residential Point of Purchase Solutions Program



Entergy Arkansas offers three convenient ways to save on energy-efficient upgrades for your home.

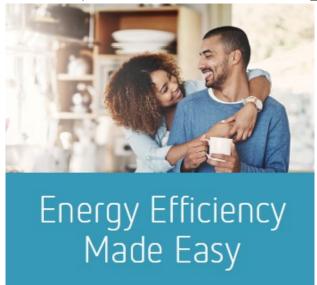
Instant Discounts	Shop and save instantly at participating stores (list available online).
	LEDs: Up to \$3 per bulb Simply put, LEDs last longer, use less energy and emit less heat than any other bulbs.
	Advanced power strips: Up to \$15 Unused devices can still consume energy. Use an advanced power strip to prevent this costly "vampire power."
	Ductless Heat Pumps: Up to \$500 AHRI certified DHPs offer energy savings, enhanced control and improved comfort.
	Window Air Conditioners: \$50 off ENERGY STAR Most Efficient models The latest air conditioners on the market offer more than just added energy savings; many come with connected functionality offering more convenience and comfort.
	Heat pump water heaters: \$350 off select models Replacing a traditional electric storage water heater with a hybrid unit provides more control and insight into usage, as well as big energy savings.
Discount Codes	Get your instant discount code from our online portal, then redeem at checkout.
	Smart thermostats: \$60 Many smart thermostats can adapt to your schedule and preferences, track your energy use and be adjusted remotely through your smartphone.
Rebates	Purchase a qualifying ENERGY STAR certified product, then apply for a rebate online or by mail. Rebates are also available for smart thermostats.
	Freezers: Up to \$50 Claim your Entergy Arkansas rebate now, and you could save \$195 over the next five years on your Entergy bill.
	Pool pumps: Up to \$300 ENERGY STAR certified pool pumps vary their energy use based on your pool's needs, which could save you hundreds each summer.
	Room air purifiers: \$35 Clear the air and save up to \$30 each year in energy costs by upgrading to a more energy-efficient air purifier.
	Dehumidifiers: \$25 ENERGY STAR certified dehumidifiers are about 30% more efficient than standard models.

For a full list of eligible products and more ways to save, visit entergyarkansas.com/homeappliances.



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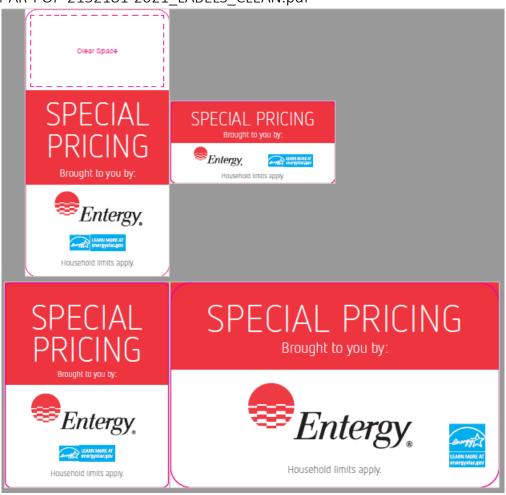


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The discount can be combined with eligible manufacture offers. Limit one per service address. The home must have central air conditioning and WH-P, Earnd are limited and available on a finit-come, finit-served basis. Additional terms and conditions apply.

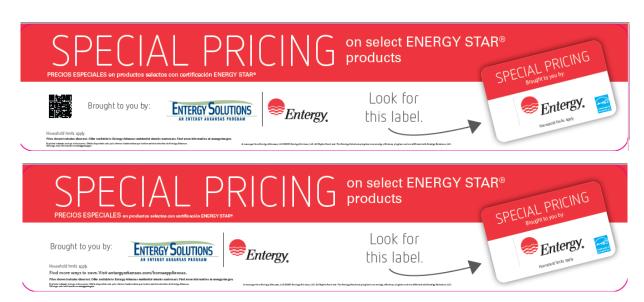
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REBATES ARE AVAILABLE

on select ENERGY STAR® certified products.

Brought to you by:



Apply online at eaihomeappliances.clearesult.com.

SPECIAL PRICING

on select ENERGY STAR® certified products.

Brought to you by:



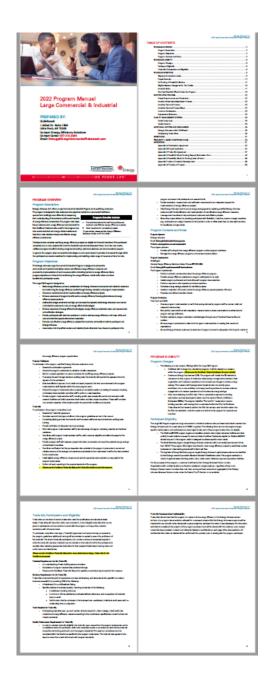
Visit entergyarkansas.com/homeappliances for more information.

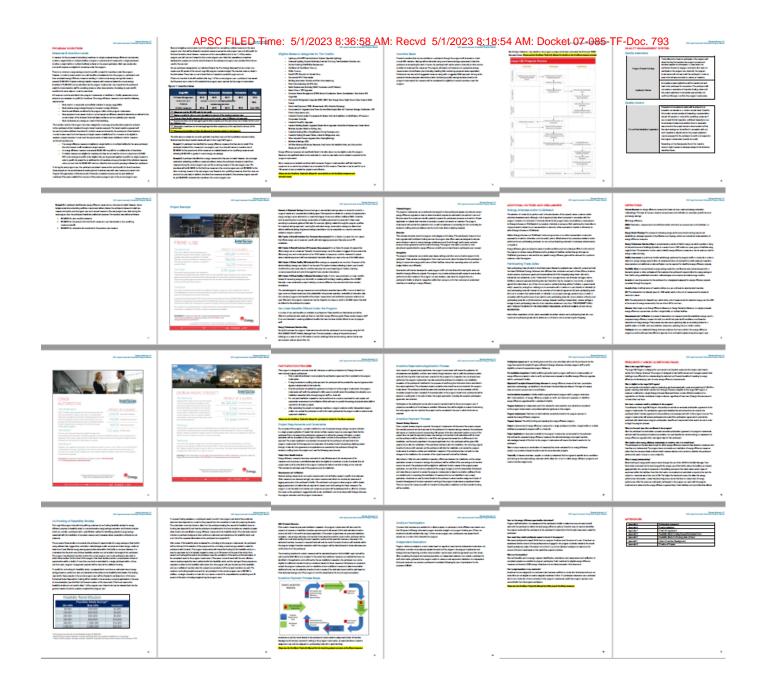


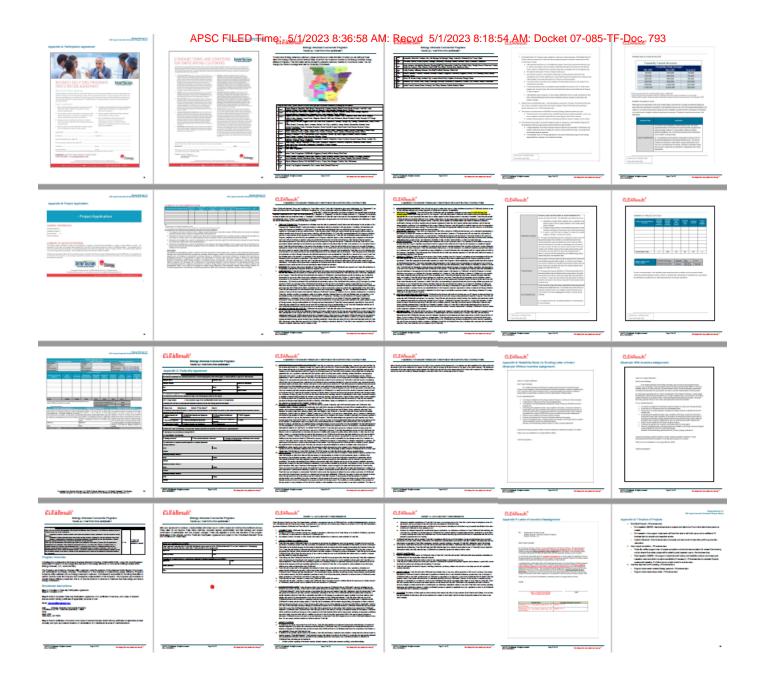
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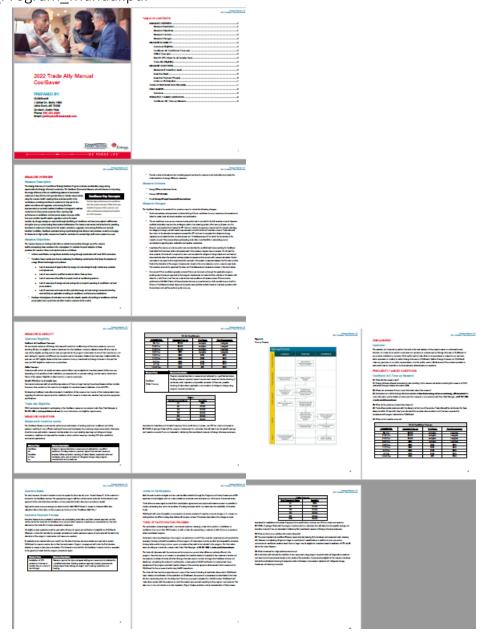


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SAVING ENERGY IS SMART BUSINESS.



Let us help you make a well-informed decision to participate in the Entergy Solutions Program.

The Entergy Solutions Program is designed to help customers improve the energy efficiency of their buildings or facilities. To help guide customers through the Entergy Solutions Program participation decision-making process, the program team will provide the following services.

When you participate in the Entergy Solutions Program, our program team will:

- Schedule a meeting with company stakeholders to discuss possible energy efficiency upgrades that could be completed for the current year and subsequent four years. The team will discuss company priorities, savings potential, possible projects, estimated costs and incentives for five years in advance of any potential expansion, site growth or new construction.
- Conduct site walk-throughs to discover opportunities for energy reduction. This will help you and the program team gain a better understanding of your energy usage and how to best assess your direct needs.
- Use site walk-through information along with any applicable operations data available to create an energy usage baseline. This information will be used to help calculate a savings profile for the identified energy efficiency opportunities, as well as a financial analysis of potential energy efficiency projects.
- Present the financial analysis findings to company stakeholders, outlining what energy efficiency projects make good financial sense and help you make an informed Entergy Solutions Program participation decision.

Benefits:

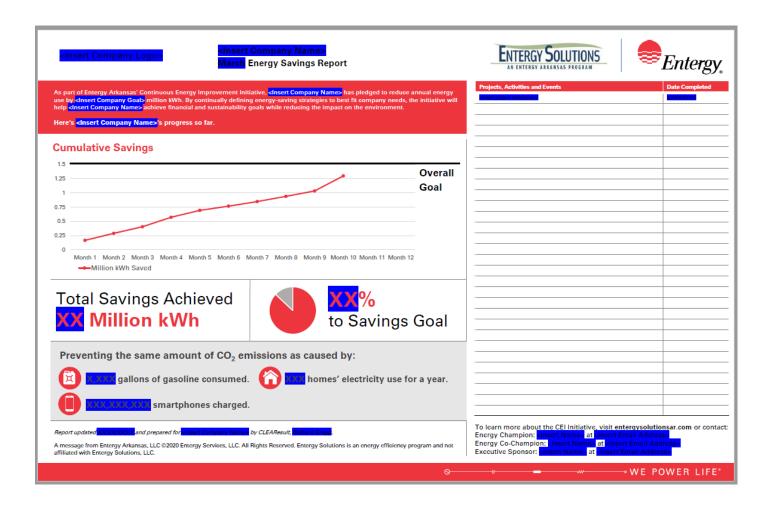
- Understand the Entergy Solutions Program offerings.
- Obtain a no-cost energy assessment.
- Receive a financial analysis of potential energy efficiency projects.
- Make a well-informed participation decision.

It's easier than ever to save energy and money. Ready to begin? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.

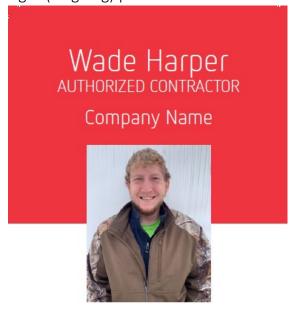


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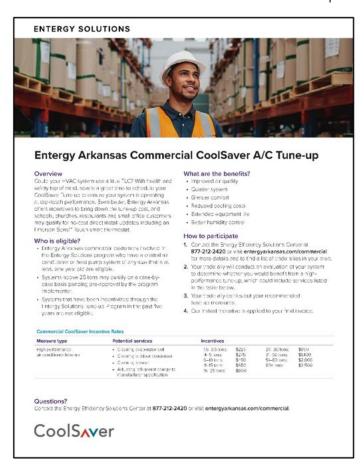
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ENTERGY SOLUTIONS
AN ENTERGY ARKANSAS PROGRAM



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A higher grade of energy savings

The opportunity

When you use a lot of energy, small changes can have a big impact. Our Continuous Energy Improvement initiative helps facilities like yours achieve lasting energy cost savings through simple, low- and no-cost behavioral and operational improvements. By providing personalized, step-by-step guidance, resources and yearly incentives, we can help embed energy efficiency into your organization's culture.

Recently, our CEI team helped the Bryant School District in Bryant, Arkansas, lower its overall electricity use by over 9.06%.

The initiative

During an initial engineering walk-through, the CEI team recommended several no-cost ways to improve energy efficiency during school breaks. These recommendations led to a daily shutdown checklist that included HVAC setbacks, turning off lights and unplugging unused equipment.

The team later recommended that the district perform some of the summer maintenance jobs, such as waxing the floors, earlier in the school year. By shifting the task to the cooler months, the district reduced the energy load on their air conditioning systems by around 20%.

The results

To date, Bryant School District has saved around \$38,200 in energy costs, qualifying the district for an estimated \$11,420 annual incentive from Entergy Arkansas. The positive results also opened the door to additional energysaving projects, including lighting retrofits, CoolSaver Tune-ups and smart thermostat installations.

How can we help your organization?

Reach out to the CEI team at 501-265-0249 or cei.central@clearesult.com to find out.

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For more ways to save, visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart or call our Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420.

We power life.

Progress to date

Reduction 9.06% electricity use

\$38,200

Estimated annual cost savings

571,006 Estimated

annual kWh energy savings

\$11,420

Estimated armual incentive





The opportunity

Entergy Arkansas' Large Commercial & Industrial (C&I) program provides ongoing guidance and financial incentives to help participating organizations save energy and reduce overhead costs.

For Polyethylene Containers, Inc., an El Dorado, Arkansas-based manufacturer of highquality pall, drum and rigid container products, a long-term partnership with the program has resulted in a dozen successful projects that have collectively saved around 10 million KWh and counting.

The initiative

Over the last few years, our C&I team helped Polyethylene Containers complete several significant upgrades, including:

- Lighting: Upgrading to long lasting, energy efficient LEDs lowered energy and maintenance costs while improving safety, productivity and employee comfort.
- Compressed air: The C&I team helped find and fix air leaks and provided incentives for a new, energy-efficient compressor.
- Injection molding: Replacing injection molding machines brought more savings and improved production capacity to an essential component to the manufacturing process.
- Chiller: Optimized to work with the new injection molding machines, a new chiller system
 provided additional energy savings as well as a productivity boost.

The results

Thanks to the upgrades, Polyethylene Containers has reduced their annual electricity costs by an estimated \$937,259, qualifying the facility for over \$969,505 in incentives from Entergy Arkansas. The upgrades have also helped streamline the production process with increased reliability and efficiency.

With multiple future projects already in the pipeline, Polyethylene Containers is excited to leave the savinos poino.

How can we help your organization?

Reach out to the CEI team at 501-265-0249 or cel.central@clearesult.com to find out.

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For more ways to save, visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial or call our Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420.

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Progress to date



12 Projects completed



\$937,259
Fallmated ennual energy costsovings



10 million kWh



\$969,505 Total Incentive from Entirety Arketesis



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THE CITY OF BERRYVILLE



THE OPPORTUNITY

The City of Berryville—a historic Arkansas city with a population of just under 5,500—is a small but thriving community committed to preserving its history while adopting progressive solutions. To help identify cost-effective upgrades that would reduce its annual energy consumption, Berryville leaders partnered with the staff of Entergy Arkansas CitySmartSM - SCORESM Program.

PROJECT AT	A GLANCE
41,536	Annual kWh savings
\$4,153	Incentives paid
^{\$} 3,322	Estimated annual savings
4.7 years	Payback period

THE PROJECT

The program team worked with Berryville officials to

identify opportunities to finance energy-saving projects using cash incentives from the CitySmart - SCORE Program.

After an initial assessment, the program team recommended that Berryville upgrade the interior lighting in its municipal building, city shop, city museum, fire department and police department. Specifically, Berryville was recommended to replace its T12 fluorescent lamps with high-efficiency T8s and all incandescent bulbs with energy-saving CFLs.

THE RESULTS

Berryville officials implemented this lighting upgrade in full and, as a result, the city received a cash incentive of more than \$4,000, reduced its annual energy consumption by 41,536 kWh and cut its annual energy costs by \$3,322.

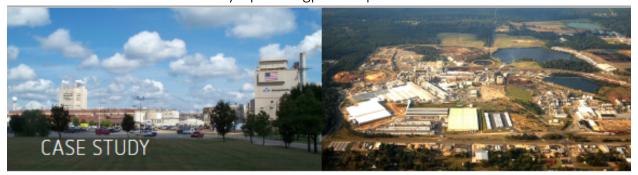
Questions? To learn more about the CitySmart - SCORE Program, contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart.

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GEORGIA-PACIFIC CROSSETT



The Opportunity

Georgia-Pacific Crossett is one of the world's leading makers of tissue, pulp, paper, packaging, building products and related chemicals and has been a vital part of the Arkansas community for over 100 years. In 2012, Entergy Arkansas began working with the Crossett facility to determine how energy efficiency could be improved on-site, with a focus on lighting, compressed air, pumps and other large motors used in the manufacturing process.

PROJECT AT A GLANCE

46,765,037 Annual kWh savings
5,343 Annual kW reduction
\$1,870,601 Estimated annual savings

1.2 Years Payback period

The Project

Working with the Large Commercial & Industrial Program team, Georgia-Pacific was able to secure funding for improvements, engineering support for recommended upgrades and technical guidance to improve its overall energy efficiency. Measures undertaken included a retrofit of its exterior lighting system, various pump upgrades and improving different processes throughout the facility to reduce energy usage.

The Results

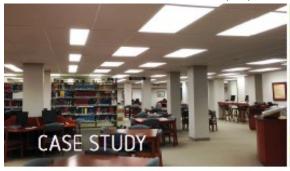
As a result of the upgrades, Georgia-Pacific improved the appearance, comfort and energy efficiency of its facility, resulting in annual savings of 46,765,037 kWh and \$1,870,601. Thanks to these energy cost savings and an incentive from Entergy Arkansas, the retrofit will pay for itself in just over one year. The energy savings are equivalent to the carbon sequestered by 13,824 acres of U.S. forests in one year.

Questions? To learn more about how the Large Commercial & Industrial Program could help your business, contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.

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3.6.12 0220-eai-c-i-1834569-case-study-updates-harding-university-clean.pdf





HARDING UNIVERSITY



The Opportunity

In an effort to enhance energy efficiency, lower operating costs and improve indoor lighting quality, Harding University joined the Entergy Arkansas CitySmartSM - SCORESM Program. With the help of the program team and a local lighting contractor, university officials decided campus-wide upgrades to the existing lighting system were necessary to achieve the anticipated energy savings.

The Project

Spanning 15 buildings, the massive lighting retrofit consisted of more than 4,200 fixture replacements. Existing interior fixtures were primarily substituted with high-efficiency Sylvania Octron T8 2-lamp 800 series

PROJECT AT	A GLANCE
827,867	Annual kWh savings
\$99,345	Total incentives paid
^{\$} 66,229	Estimated annual savings
220.85 kW	Annual kW savings
4,232	Total fixtures replaced
1.5 years	Payback period

lighting systems with reduced ballast factors. (In some cases, 3- and 4-lamp fixtures were still necessary.) In addition, outdated incandescent bulbs were replaced with CFLs where applicable, and both the exterior security lighting system and exit signs were replaced with LEDs.

The Results

While yielding a short ROI, the lighting retrofit saved more than 827,867 kWh of electricity a year, equivalent to eliminating the annual greenhouse gas emissions from 122 passenger vehicles, according to Environmental Protection Agency calculations.

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PRIME-LINE



The Opportunity

Prime-Line, a Malvern-based manufacturer of construction products, was looking to reduce heat, humidity and machinery emissions in its facility. With this in mind, the manufacturer decided to work with Entergy Arkansas to complete a ventilation upgrade project.

PROJECT AT A GLANCE

495,267 Annual kWh savings
\$88,590 Incentives paid
\$34,770 Estimated annual savings

0.85 years Payback period

The Project

Thermavent natural ventilation was installed to

reduce internal building temperature without the use of a large HVAC system. Situated on the roof, the system allows excess heat from the product lines to flow naturally out of the facility through the open bay doors. That not only reduces interior heat and humidity, but also provides a manageable and comfortable working environment through all four seasons.

The Results

The project is estimated to save Prime-Line \$34,770 annually in energy costs. The manufacturer received a total of \$88,590 in incentives from Entergy Arkansas, greatly offsetting the project cost and putting the payback period at only 0.85 years (or just over 10 months).

It wasn't just financial savings that Prime-Line received. The manufacturer has saved 495,267 kWh annually, which is equivalent to the greenhouse gas emissions from 834,185 miles driven by an average passenger vehicle or the CO₂ emissions from 36.8 homes' energy use for one year, according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency calculations.

The company is so pleased with these results it already has further projects planned, including new construction, a CoolSaversM A/C Tune-up and a compressed air installation.

Questions? To learn more about the Large Commercial & Industrial Program, contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.



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3.6.14 0220-eai-c-i-1834864-case-study-updates-schulze-burch-biscuit-clean.pdf



SCHULZE & BURCH BISCUIT CO.



The Opportunity

While Schulze & Burch Biscuit Company has always been recognized as being a pioneer and innovator in baking technology, now it also will be known for its highly efficient facility and commitment to energy efficiency. When Director of Technical Services Alan Freeland was introduced to the Large Commercial & Industrial Program, he took a comprehensive approach to ensure every benefit of the program was realized.

The Project

Schulze & Burch began working with program staff in 2012 to identify energy efficiency opportunities and available incentives, and decided to take a comprehensive approach. Freeland moved forward with upgrades to the facility's lighting, air compressor, high pressure low volume fans and building envelope. The initial project proved so successful, Schulze & Burch was able to reinvest the savings into additional improvements to the facility's lighting controls, interior and exterior lighting, and HVAC equipment.

The Results

Thanks to the massive reduction in energy costs and generous incentives from Entergy Arkansas, the projects more than paid off — and will keep doing so for years to come. Not only are the upgrades saving the company an extra \$252,122 every year, they also helped the Schulze & Burch facility become a brighter, safer, more comfortable and more productive place to work.

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254.1	Total peak kW reduction
3,601,740	Total kWh reduction
^{\$} 252,122	Estimated annual savings
^{\$} 652,082	Total project incentive
1.29 years	Payback period

Questions? To learn more about the Large Commercial & Industrial Program, contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.



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CRAIN AUTOMOTIVE



THE OPPORTUNITY

With 17 locations across Arkansas, the Crain Automotive Team has enormous potential for energy savings. Like in most dealerships, bright and inviting lighting is essential to attracting business from the road and maintaining a safe and welcoming atmosphere. So Crain partnered with the Entergy Arkansas Large Commercial & Industrial Program to identify and secure generous incentives for energy-efficient lighting upgrades.

PROJECT AT A GLANCE

3,108,781 Annual kWh reduction

\$310.908 Estimated annual savings

\$459,774 Total project incentive

3.25 years Payback period

THE PROJECT

Over four years, Entergy Arkansas has helped Crain plan, fund and complete interior and exterior LED lighting upgrades in seven of its dealership locations. They also teamed up to replace the HVAC system in their Little Rock office building. To help cover the cost of the projects, Entergy Arkansas provided Crain with nearly half a million dollars in incentives.

THE RESULTS

Altogether, the upgrades are expected to drive significant savings for years to come. Thanks to more than \$310,000 in estimated annual energy cost savings, Crain will see a return on their investment in just over three years. On top of the cost savings, the LED upgrades also have made the dealerships brighter, safer and more welcoming for customers and employees.

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AMERICAN TAEKWONDO ASSOCIATION



The Opportunity

When Martial Arts, Inc. wanted to construct a new energy-efficient headquarters building in Little Rock, the organization reached out to Entergy Arkansas. After construction designs were reviewed, several energy-saving opportunities were identified. Martial Arts, Inc. partnered with the Large Commercial & Industrial Program to take advantage of the new construction incentives available to commercial customers.

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366,199 Annual kWh savings \$58,578 Incentives paid \$31,529 Estimated annual savings

11.9 years Payback period

The Project

The project began with state-of-the-art energy modeling, which identified efficiency opportunities not typically captured in most projects. The use of energy modeling qualifies for feasibility co-funding in the Large Commercial & Industrial Program. The energy modeling data and the Entergy Arkansas team guided Martial Arts, Inc. to install high-efficiency interior and exterior LED lighting and HVAC equipment as well as building automation controls. Martial Arts, Inc. also made recommended improvements to the building envelope design, resulting in an additional 182,444 kWh of annual energy savings.

The Results

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Martial Arts, Inc. received a total of \$58,578 in incentive funds from Entergy Arkansas for making the energyefficient upgrades, greatly offsetting the cost of the initial project. Additionally, Martial Arts, Inc. is saving an estimated \$31,529 each year in energy costs.

Not only is Martial Arts, Inc. enjoying financial savings, the organization also boosted comfort in its facility and saves an impressive 366,199 kWh in energy use annually. That's equivalent to the greenhouse gas emissions from 616,793 miles driven by an average passenger vehicle or the CO₂ emissions from 27.2 homes' energy use for one year, according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency calculations.

Questions? To learn more about the Large Commercial & Industrial Program, contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.



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3M LITTLE ROCK

THE OPPORTUNITY

Entergy Arkansas' Continuous Energy Improvement initiative helps select facilities achieve lasting energy cost savings through simple low- and no-cost improvements. Focusing on behavioral and operational changes, our CEI team offers personalized, step-by-step guidance, resources and yearly incentives to embed energy efficiency into your organization's culture.

For large commercial and industrial facilities like 3M Company's plant in Little Rock, those energy-saving enhancements can also lead to significant improvements in productivity, employee comfort and, ultimately, your bottom line.

THE INITIATIVE

The 3M Little Rock plant manufactures colored and specialty roofing granules for the asphalt shingle industry. After an initial walk-through with maintenance staff, the Entergy Arkansas CEI team helped identify, prioritize and implement a series of no-cost, energy-saving improvements.

Completed improvements included:

- Production schedule changes reduced the need for frequent cleanings, leading to dramatic improvements in energy efficiency and productivity.
- Bag house timing adjustments increased the intervals between bag cleanings, saving energy from the air compressor system while reducing wear and tear on equipment and filters.
- Consolidating partially loaded equipment, like refrigerators and air conditioners, reduced unnecessary energy waste.
- Optimizing exterior lighting timing saved energy during the day and extends the life of the lights.
- Shutting down idling conveyors during lunch and other periods of inactivity saved energy, extended the life of the conveyor motors and increased safety.
- Sealing compressed air leaks reduced energy waste and improved the efficiency of the air compressor system.

As items were completed throughout the year, new opportunities were identified and added to the list for an ongoing energy-saving strategy.

Questions?

Reach out to the CEI team at 501-265-0249 or cei.central@clearesult.com.

For all the ways we can help your business save, visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial or call our Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420.

PROGRESS TO DATE

8.27% Reduction in overall electricity use

\$119,334 Estimated annual cost savings

1,783,767 Estimated annual kWh energy savings

\$35,675 Estimated annual

incentive

"At 3M Little Rook, we are identifying the baseline of our process, putting behind old cultural ways and dranging with today's standards."

-Richard Holmes Elec. System Engineer, 3M

THE RESULTS

All told, the improvements have reduced the facility's overall electricity use by an incredible 8.27%—saving an estimated \$119,334 a year in energy costs. In addition to the cost savings, the facility is set to earn an estimated \$35,675 a year in Entergy Arkansas incentives.





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GEORG FISCHER HARVEL

THE OPPORTUNITY

Entergy Arkansas' Continuous Energy Improvement initiative helps select facilities achieve lasting energy cost savings through simple low- and no-cost improvements. Focusing on behavioral and operational changes, our CEI team offers personalized, step-by-step guidance, resources and processing of incentives paid by Entergy Arkansas to embed energy efficiency into your organization's culture.

For Georg Fischer Harvel, a global piping manufacturer with a large facility in Little Rock, the goals of CEI aligned perfectly with the company's long-term commitment to sustainability.

THE INITIATIVE

During an initial walk-through assessment of Georg Fischer Harvel's Little Rock facility, the Entergy Arkansas CEI team recommended several low- and no-cost energy efficiency improvements.

Completed improvements included:

- · Using leaf blowers instead of compressed air to blow away dust and debris.
- Sealing compressed air leaks to reduce energy waste and improve efficiency.
- Optimizing new products for long-term reliability, limited waste and maximum throughput.
- Installing motion sensors for office lighting.
- · Upgrading to LED fixtures to improve efficiency, light quality and safety.
- Turning off extrusion grinders at night to save energy and extend equipment life.
- Scheduling machines to run according to production needs and not idle excessively.

PROGRESS TO DATE

7.76%	Reduction in overall electricity use
^{\$} 62,686	Estimated annual cost savings
937,012 kWh	Estimated annual energy savings
\$18,740	Estimated annual incentive

"This has been an important catalyst to help Georg Fischer Harvel exceed our corporate sustainability targets. We look forward to our continued partnership with Entergy Arkansas."

-Marcus Waters, Energy Champion Georg Fischer Harvel

THE RESULTS

Thanks to their improvements, the facility has reduced its overall electricity use by 7.76%, resulting in around \$62,686 savings on annual utility costs and \$18,740 worth of incentives from Entergy Arkansas.



Questions?

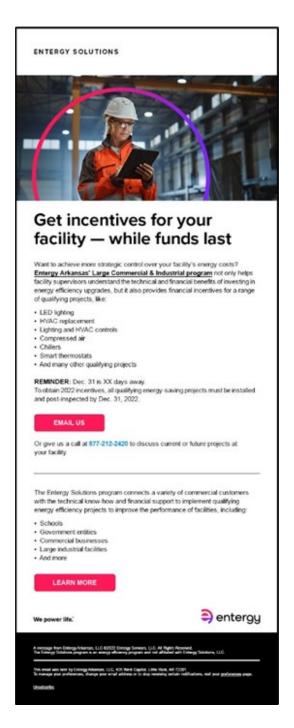
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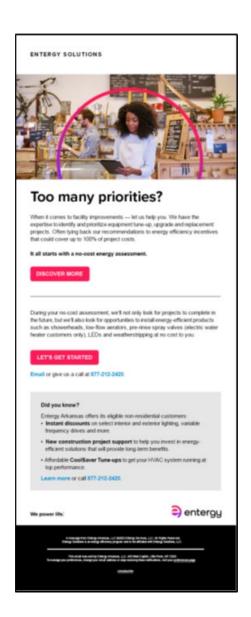
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3.6.22 EAL Large CI Email



3.6.23 EAL Large CI Email



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ENTERGY ARKANSAS CHILLER REPLACEMENTS



Replace Your Chiller for Cool Savings

Did you know that the annual energy cost of operating a chiller can be as much as one-third of its purchase price?* Your business could use less. By joining one of the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs, you can learn how much energy your chiller is wasting and how to improve its efficiency. We'll even provide cash incentives to help fund the project.

How Will I Benefit?

- · Lower monthly energy costs and use
- Reduced upfront costs, thanks to Entergy Arkansas incentives that shorten the payback period on your investment
- · Improved efficiency of your chiller plant
- Less chance of needing repairs in the future, which reduces interruptions and boosts productivity

How to Participate:

- Visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial or contact us at 877-212-2420 to enroll in one of the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- We'll perform an on-site inspection of your existing chillers — at no cost to you.
- You'll receive customized project recommendations, tailored to your company's needs.
- We will provide a list of qualified participating trade allies who are trained in the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- The system upgrades will be installed.
- You'll receive cash incentives for all qualifying completed projects.

Chiller Replacement Facts

- For every degree the temperature of chilled water is raised, energy usage is decreased by 1-1.5 percent.**
- Water-cooled water plants are approximately twice as efficient as air-cooled equipment.***
- Air-cooled chillers larger than 100 tons should be replaced with water-cooled chillers and cooling towers.***



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Ready to save? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.



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^{*}Source: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
**Source: Energy Management Handbook: 8th Edition
***Source: U.S. Department of Energy

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ENTERGY ARKANSAS COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEMS



Get Big Savings From Your System

Did you know that electric compressed air systems account for as much as 30 percent of an industrial facility's Entergy bill? We can help your business use less. By joining one of the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs, you can find out how much energy your system is wasting and receive suggestions for effective repair and replacement options, such as repairing air leaks and installing variable speed drives or no-loss drain valves.

How Will I Benefit?

Newer variable speed drive compressors are highly efficient, quieter and more stable. This boosts reliability and reduces maintenance costs. Plus, the cash incentives you'll receive from Entergy Arkansas will reduce your up-front costs, shortening the payback period on your investment.

How to Participate:

- Contact us at 877-212-2420 or visit
 entergyarkansas.com/commercial to enroll in one
 of the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- We'll perform an on-site inspection of your existing systems — at no cost to you.
- You'll receive a customized project recommendation, tailored to your company's needs.
- We will provide a list of qualified participating trade allies who are trained in the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- 5. The system upgrades will be installed.
- You'll receive cash incentives for all qualifying completed projects.

Air Leak Facts

- Leaks typically account for 20 to 30 percent of all air use in a compressor system.*
- Leaks are best detected by an ultrasonic acoustic detector that recognizes the high-frequency hissing sound that often accompanies an air leak."
- · You need 7-8 HP of electrical power to operate a 1 HP air motor."



*Source: U.S. Department of Energy **Source: ENERGY STAR*

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ENTERGY ARKANSAS SMALL AIR COMPRESSORS



Upgrade Your Small System to Save Big.

Compressed air, though very useful, is one of the most expensive sources of energy. We can help you use less. By joining one of the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs, you can find out how much energy your compressed air system is wasting and how to improve its overall efficiency. We'll even provide cash incentives to help make it all possible.

How Will I Benefit?

- · A quieter system that's more efficient, stable and reliable.
- · Reduced upfront costs, thanks to Entergy Arkansas incentives.
- · Shortened payback period on your investment.

Who Is Eligible?

Small single-compressor systems up to 75 HP qualify.

How to Participate:

- Contact us at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial to enroll in one of the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- 2. We'll perform an on-site inspection of your existing systems - at no cost to you.
- 3. You'll receive customized project recommendations, tailored to your company's needs.
- 4. We will provide a list of qualified participating trade allies who are trained in the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- 5. The system upgrades will be installed.
- 6. You'll receive cash incentives for all qualifying completed projects.

Compressor Facts

- Only 25 percent of all compressors sold are 50–100 HP (and 65 percent are less than 50 HP).
- A variable speed drive compressor saves approximately 26 percent more than a modulating compressor."

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^{*}Source: Consortium for Energy Efficiency, Inc **Source: Compressed Air & Gas Institute



ENERGY MASTER PLANNING WORKSHOP



Learn How a Master Plan Can Bring Long-Term Energy Savings.

Planning and Your Organization

An energy master planning workshop with the Entergy Arkansas CitySmartSM - SCORESM Program is a facilitated session that will help you identify long-term strategies for controlling energy use and costs. These workshops bring together members of your organization from executive management to facility operations, serving as a starting point for gaining cross-functional consensus on energy-saving strategies. They then help you work as a team to evolve those strategies as needs change within your organization.

How Will You Benefit?

- After the workshop, you'll receive an energy master plan that will include short- and long-term goals as well as strategies that will help your organization take advantage of every opportunity to reduce energy use and save money.
- Due to the collaborative, cross-functional nature of the session, your team will be equipped to adjust your energy master plan to account for budget fluctuations, changing facility operations, new construction projects and other variables that may occur after the workshop.

*Source: energystar.gov

How to Participate:

- Our no-cost energy master planning workshop is available to anyone who has received an energy benchmarking report from the CitySmart - SCORE Program. To request a customized benchmarking report, call us at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart.
- To schedule a workshop, speak to the program representative who delivered your report.
- During the workshop, we'll work with you and your team to identify your organization's energy management strengths, weaknesses and opportunities for improvement.
- Using insights gained during the workshop, we'll develop a customized energy master plan that you can use as a road map for managing your energy use.

Energy Efficiency and Management Facts

- By adopting better energy management practices, most organizations can reduce their annual energy costs by 2–10 percent.*
- New technologies and renewable energy sources have advanced and grown in popularity in recent years, but energy efficiency remains the easiest and most cost-effective way to reduce energy consumption.*
- Thirty percent of the energy consumed in commercial and industrial facilities is used inefficiently or unnecessarily.*

Questions? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart.



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A LESSON IN ENERGY EFFICIENCY



The CoolSaverSM A/C Tune-up empowers you to reduce energy use, increase cost savings and improve the comfort of your classrooms, offices and facilities. Not to mention, Entergy Arkansas offers you incentive dollars to help offset the initial cost of the service. The benefits speak for themselves, as demonstrated by the examples below of schools across the state. Will you take advantage of CoolSaver A/C Tune-ups for your school?

- · 60+ schools and colleges have participated.
- 5,750,000+ kWh saved.
- \$500,000+ in first-year savings.
- \$2,000,000+ in five-year savings.
- \$900,000 in Entergy Arkansas incentives paid.

Check out some of the schools that saved big with CoolSaver A/C Tune-ups:

Schools	Number of Tune-ups Performed	Estimated Annual kWh Savings	Estimated First-year Energy Savings	Estimated Five-year Lifetime Savings
Pottsville	80	98,643	\$9,864	\$39,457
Beebe	84	58,141	\$5,814	\$23,256
Poyen	138	105,232	\$10,523	\$42,093
Emerson-Taylor-Bradley	107	146,789	\$14,679	\$58,716
Gurdon	93	193,734	\$19,373	\$77,494
Greenbrier	75	133,690	\$3,368	\$53,472
Williams Baptist College	68	107,105	\$10,711	\$42,842
UACCM	80	41,709	\$4,170	\$16,680
SEARK	29	27,166	\$2,716	\$10,864

Questions? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420.



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3.6.29 0220-eai-c-i-1835513-Vertical-measure-sheet-notels-clean.pdf Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793



3.6.30 0220-eai-c-i-1835631-vertical-measure-sheet-restaurant-clean.pdf





ENTERGY ARKANSAS NEW CONSTRUCTION INCENTIVES



Helping You Make the Most of Your New Building

Building efficiently gives you the best return on your investment, financially and socially. It improves air quality and lessens your impact on the environment. It's also affordable and enhances the work environment.

One way to ensure your new building is constructed efficiently is by following ENERGY STAR® certification. Though it's not required for Entergy Arkansas program incentives, ENERGY STAR certified buildings use an average of 35 percent less energy than similar buildings and cost \$50.50 less per sq. ft. to operate. In 2014, that came out to savings of nearly \$200,000 per building.

How We Can Help

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Our program offers incentives and technical services that will help you optimize the most energy-intensive processes in your new construction, using measures such as:

- Installing high efficiency HVAC equipment.
- Installing energy-efficient lighting.
- Use of high efficiency production equipment.
- · Use of building automation systems.

Contact us below if you want more detailed information about the energy-saving measures we can help you implement.

Who Can Benefit?

Architects and Building Design Engineers

- Utility incentives and savings estimates can clearly illustrate the benefits of high efficiency design, allowing these systems to survive "value engineering."
- Feasibility study co-funding for Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design™ and other high efficiency designs.
- "Incentive Re-Assignment" payment option authorized by a customer, which reduces initial capital expenditure and may serve as a form of alternative financing to conventional loans.
- Adding incentives to a construction project increases customer confidence and satisfaction.

General Contractors and Project Managers

- Incentives help lower construction costs so more bids can be won.
- Leveraging incentives provides more control over profit margin.
- Adding incentives to a construction project increases customer confidence and satisfaction.

Commercial Building Owners

- · Increased asset value.
- Higher rental rates.
- · Reduced operating costs.

Industrial or Manufacturing Facilities

- Lean manufacturing is possible with top-of-the-line equipment that is made cost-effective with incentives.
- Increased capacity at a lower cost.
- Reduced downtime.
- Boosted safety and improved productivity.

Questions? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.



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ENTERGY ARKANSAS COMMERCIAL COOLSAVER™ A/C TUNE-UP



Overview

The CoolSaver A/CTune-up is designed to overcome market barriers that prevent commercial customers from receiving high-performance air conditioner and heat pump tune-ups. By identifying and correcting system inefficiencies, you save energy and money. CoolSaver provides incentives, training on best practices and discounts on high-quality tools for contractors to conduct high-performance system tune-ups.

What are the benefits?

- Instant discount.
- Use of precision digital instruments to increase system efficiency.
- Reduced cooling costs.
- Extended equipment life.
- Better humidity control.

Who is eligible?

All Entergy Arkansas commercial customers with a central air conditioner or heat pump system of any size that is at least one year old. Systems above 25 tons may qualify on a case-by-case basis pending pre-approval by the program implementer. Systems that have been incentivized through the CoolSaver A/CTune-up Program in the past five years are not eligible to receive these incentives.

How to participate

- Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial for more details and to find a list of trade allies in your area.
- Your trade ally will conduct an evaluation of your system to determine whether you would benefit from a highperformance tune-up, which could include services listed in the table below.
- Your trade ally carries out your recommended tune-up measures.
- 4. Your instant incentive is applied to your final invoice.

Commercial CoolSav	Commercial CoolSaver Incentive Rates									
Measure Type	Potential Services			Incentives						
High-performance air conditioner tune-up	 Cleaning evaporator coil. Cleaning outdoor condenser. Cleaning blower. Adjusting refrigerant charge to manufacturer specification. 	1.5 – 3.5 Tons: 4 – 5 Tons: 6 – 10 Tons: 11 – 15 Tons: 16 – 25 Tons:	\$225 \$275 \$450 \$650 \$900	26 – 30 Tons: 31 – 50 Tons: 51 – 80 Tons: 80+ Tons:	\$850 \$1,400 \$2,000 \$2,500					

Questions? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.





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3.6.33 0320-eai-large-C-i-1871893-continuous-energy-improvement-overview_CLEAN.pdf



ENERGY IMPROVEMENT INITIATIVE

ENTERGY SOLUTIONS

Energy use is a management expense. Take control.

Energy is typically one of an organization's largest operating expenses and impacts everything from the bottom line to occupant confort. For many, limited time, swareness and expertise prevent optimal management of this resource. We can help.

Continuous Energy Improvement provides energy efficiency strategies, technology, consulting advice and technical experies at no additional cost to customers. This changes the way people use energy within your facility, which leads to quantifiable savings and fosters a culture of

What CEI Offers

- Strategic planning and guidance.
- On-site technical analysis and facility assessments.
- Identification of lowino-cost energy-saving and quick-payback project opportunities.
- Facilitated and targeted training and education for staff and occupants.
- Cutting-edge modeling to track energy performance at no additional cost to your organization.
- Incentive bonus for CEI energy savings (\$0.02 per annual kWh saved).

Benefits of CEI

- Potentially lower energy use and reduced utility costs.
- Access to tailored CEI energy models, tools, consultants and resources.
- . Best practices for facility operations.
- Process efficiencies, reduced maintenance and increased comfort for occupants.
- Increased awareness of energy use.
- Networking with other CEI participants and learning best practices for energy management.

How It Works

CEI is built on principles of continuous improvement and organizational drange, integrating cost-saving and operational excellence initiatives such as Lara and Siz Sigma. CEI sate your organization up to save energy by providing your facility and operational managers with on-call energy consultants. Think of it as empowering your organization to control your energy uses. Perficipants attend CEI workshops, complete behavioral or operational energy-saving actions and engage their leadership and organization in savings efforts and progresss.

"The Continuous Energy Improvement Initiative has neally benefited Johnson Controls by halping us achieve our corporate continuous improvement energy goals that year. Involvement in the CEI Initiative, aspecially in the group workshops, have helped as build a storay JCI Energy Nems, as well as enabled us to build tearmwork by inclusion of others across our pinnt in seving energy." Met Truit, UPG EHS Menager, Building Efficiency



First Year - Workshops and Activities

Туре	Activity	Activity In		Init	Timing tative Month								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Workshops	Cohort Kickoff												
	Engaging Your Organization in Saving Energy			Г		Г	Г	Г	Г	Г			Г
	Measuring and Modeling Energy Performance												Γ
	Technical Forum			Г		Г			Г	Г			Г
	Sustaining Energy Savings/Report Out	Г	Г	Г		Г	Г						
Individual Events	Site Review/Opportunity Assessment												
	Review and Prioritize Opportunities—CEI Plan												
	Mid-Year Executive Sponsor Update	П	П	Г		Г		Г		Г			Г
	Energy-Saving Engagement Event			Г									Г
	Energy Management Assessment	П	П	Г		Г	Г	Г	Г	Г			Г
													Т
Other Activities	Monthly Check-In Calls												
- Control of the Cont	Milestones												Г

Questions?

Contact Richard Gregg at 501-221-4011 or richard.gregg@clearesult.com.

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ENTERGY SOLUTIONS

Entergy,



RESERVE YOUR CONTINUOUS ENERGY IMPROVEMENT COHORT SEAT.

Entergy Arkansas is pleased to offer your organization the opportunity to participate in our upcoming Continuous Energy Improvement Initiative. Please review the following information, participation guidelines and criteria.

- Choosing a member of your executive management team to be the executive sponsor to oversee CEI implementation and conducting regular progress reviews with the energy champion and team.

 Designating an energy champion to lead CEI efforts and provide the energy champion with resources and oversight reasonably necessary to accomplish the goals described in this document.

 Establishing an energy learn consisting of representatives from various sites and functional areas.

 Establishing an energy policy or charter that includes an energy reduction goal and assigns responsibilities to appropriate persons for meeting that goal.
- Implementing cost-effective energy efficiency activities and projects (as defined by your organization).
 Providing information to establish an energy-use baseline and maintain an energy performance model.

What are the benefits and services?

- Potentially reduce utility costs for electricity and other energy sources

- Potentially reduce utility costs for electricity and other energy sources. Gain access to energy management training resources for your standard. Receive books and templates to help implement strategic energy management. Receive knowledgeable coscining and enatoring. Get technical assistance to help starf identify and quantity energy-saving opportunities. Get documentation of energy consumption levels and savings. Benefit from incentives for energy savings.



What are the commitments and requirements?

The CEI initiative begins with a one-year initial engagement with the option to continue as part of the CEI alumni cohort. The initiative well engage the participants' designated representatives in on-site meetings and peer-to-peer group training assistants that will hypically occur monthly during the first CEI year. Participants are asked to send to each session at least two staff members who must actively participate, including presenting on relevant topics or

Participants are asked to make a good faith effort to fulfill the requirements of participation. Lack of responsiveness on communications, repeated missed attendance at meetings or trainings, tast-minute cancellations or other similar actions indicating a lack of organizational commitment may result in CEI services being withdrawn.

The number of participants is limited and designed to meet CEI savings targets. Enlargy Arkansas and CLEAResult reserve the right to manage participation according to CEI initiative design and available space, and to address potential competitive concerns between prospective participants.

Participants are asked to sign a customer participation agreement, which sets forth the legally binding terms for the Entergy Solutions Programs including confidentiality, incentives and liability. Participation in CEI is voluntary, and there are no additional costs beyond your staff engagement.

		Date	
City		State	ZIP
	Executive Sponsor Title		
	Energy Champion Email Address		
	City	Exactive Spensor Title	City State State State State

all this document to richard.gregg@clearesult.o

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The Large C&I Program Offers

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Large Commercial & Industrial Program

The Large Commercial & Industrial Program is offered to commercial and industrial customers of Entergy Arkansas. The program helps facility supervisors understand the technical and finance benefits of investing in energy efficiency upgrades and provides financial incentives for qualifying projects.

Eligibility

To participate, you must be a commercial or industrial customer with a valid Entergy Arkansas account and at least 100kW in cumulative peak demand for any given billing period over the past 12 months.

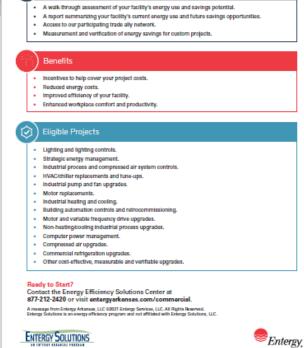
Incentive Rates

Qualifying upgrades	Incentive per kWh saved	Corp
1	\$0.14	up to 100%
2	\$0.15	up to 100%
3	\$0.16	up to 100%
4.	60.18	um to 100%

- Measures must be 30,000 kWh each for tier credit.
- Measure credits for tiers are only retroactive to January of the previous program year.
- Program direct install measures will count as only one tier, even if different end uses exist.
- Excess incentives can be leveraged against other projects (up to the cap) and can carry forward to the end of the following program year.
- Retroactive incentives can be leveraged against other projects (up to the cap) back to January of the previous program year.

ENTERGY SOLUTIONS





Entergy,

3.6.36 0520-EAI-LCI-1894428-Single Measure-Sheet-Compressed Air leaks CLEAN.pdf





SAVINGS ARE IN THE AIR.

According to the Department of Energy, up to 30% of an industrial compressed air system's output can be lost through air leaks. In poorly maintained systems, all this wasted energy can add up to thousands of dollars a year in unnecessary operating expenses.

Entergy Arkenses is here to help. Contact us today to learn how the program can help find and fix your system's air leaks, recommend replacement if needed and potentially cover up to 100% of your repair costs.

ENTERGY SOLUTIONS

Why fix compressed air leaks?

- Why fix compressed air leaks?

 Increased predection. Fluctuating system pressure can cause air tools and other air-operated equipment to function less efficiently, which can impact production.

 Cost savings. Excess compressor capacity can lead to higher than necessary energy and equipment costs.

 Lass maintenance. Unrecessary cycling and longer nations cause greater were and tear on your supply equipment, leading to higher maintenance costs and shorter equipment file.

Common Problem Areas:

- Couplings.
 Hoses.
- Tubes.

 Fittings.

- Pipe joints.
 Quick disconnects.
- Condensete traps.
 Valves.
- Flangez.
 Fackings.





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Ready to save?

Visit ontergyarkansas.com/commercial to find a list of participating trade allies near you, or give us a call at 877-212-2420.



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STOP LEAKING MONEY.

How It Works

- Discover. You or a participating trade ally identifies, tags and labels all compressed sir leaks in your system Compressed air leaks are easy to find with ultrasonic accusatic detectors, which can recognize the highfrequency hissing associated with air leaks.
- troquency hearing associated with air leaks.

 2. Varity, An Enterpy, Achanisis representative measures and verifies each leak.

 2. Repair. You or your trade ally repairs all leaks following internal suntry protocols. Most leaks are simple and inexpensive to fix. Document the cost and labor of all lask repairs, or save a copy of the invoice if using an outside contractor.

 4. Confirm. An Entergy Arkansas representative confirm
- all repairs and removes the tage. We can also provide preventative maintenance training upon request.



Typical Cost: Savings
The following swarrples show the estimated savings for repairing air lasks totaling up to 20% of the system capacity of a typical compressed air system operating 5,000 hours parywar at a specific power of 0.18 kWichm with an electricity rate of 50.00 per kWichm.

Compressor (HP)	Est. Capadity (ACFM)	Available Incentives	Est. Annual Savings
200	1,000	Up to 100%	\$10,800
150	750	Up to 100%	\$8,100
100	500	Up to 100%	\$5,400
50	250	Up to 100%	\$2,700

Let's get started.

Find a list of trade alies at entergyarkenses.com/commercial, or contact our Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420.

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3.6.37 0619-EAI-CI-1585640-Variable-Frequency-Drive-flyer CLEAN.pdf



ENTERGY ARKANSAS VARIABLE SPEED DRIVES



Drive Home Savings for Your Business

Did you know that reducing a machine's fan speed by even 20 percent can reduce its electricity use by about 50 percent?* Don't miss out on these savings.

By joining one of the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs, you can receive incentives toward the installation of variable speed drives on HVAC systems, cooling tower fans, water pumps, air compressors, process equipment and more.

How Will I Benefit?

- Receive cash incentives that offset your up-front costs.
- See monthly energy and cost that can be re-invested into your business.
- Reduce your impact on the environment.

How it Works

Installing VSDs on motors saves energy by utilizing the affinity laws. These laws show that a small decrease in the rotating speed of the motor can greatly reduce the power input needed and yield big savings.**

How to Participate:

- Contact us at 877-212-2420 or visit
 entergyarkansas.com/commercial to enroll in one
 of the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- We'll perform an on-site inspection of your existing systems — at no cost to you.
- You'll receive customized project recommendations, tailored to your facility's needs.
- We will provide a list of qualified participating trade allies who are trained in the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- The system upgrades will be installed.
- You'll receive cash incentives for all qualifying completed projects.

Variable Speed Drives Facts

VSDs save energy by utilizing the affinity laws. These show that a small decrease in the rotating speed of the motor can yield significant energy savings. For example, reducing the rotating speed of the motor by 20 percent can reduce the power input needed by about 50 percent.***



Ready to save? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.



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^{*}Source: ENERGY STAR®

^{**}Source: U.S. Department of Energy ***Source: www.eere.energy.gov

3.6.38 1020-EAI-C-I-2060436-QSync-Single-Measure Sheet_CLEAN.pdf



THE BEST JUST GOT BETTER.

One of the most energy-efficient and cost-effective motors on the market just got even more effordable. Entergy Arkansas now offers custom relates for new 0-Sync motors, a higher efficiency alternative to shaded-pole, permanent split-capacitor and even electronically commutated motors.

Compatible with most commercial refrigerated equipment, Q-Sync motors ofter an easy apprade to the stock motors in your refrigerated display cases, well-in coolers and freezers, HMC systems and more. Get in booch today to see how much we can help you save.

Q-Sync Motors:

- Consume less energy than any other motor type.
 Typically pay for themselves in one to three years.
 Are competible with most refrigeration systems.
 Can be installed in 15 to 30 minutes.

- Lean be installed in 15 to 36 minutes.
 Reduce healt shaut, improving efficiency and customer comfort.
 Help cut maintenance costs, increase equipment life and neduce spoilage—ultimately moving more products off the shalves.



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Get started.

Find a list of trade alies near you at entergyarkanses.com/commo or contact our Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420.



How It Works

- How It Works

 1. Discover. You or a participating trade ally ideatifies your facility's sociating we porator far motors.

 2. Verify, An Entergy Arkanese representative verifies the swinting awayenter far motors.

 3. Repair. You or your trade ally replace as siting motors with 0-5 year motors. We are your trade ally documents the material cost and labor or awayes a copy of the invice if using an outside costrator.

 4. Confirm. As Entergy Arkanese representative confirms all replacements.



Motor Comparison

	Q-Sync	ECM	Permanent split-capacitor	Shaded-pole
Operational efficiency	70-80%	50-60%	40-50%	20%
Refrigerated space—estimated annual energy costs per motor*				
9–12Watt	\$14.96	\$20.35	\$40.62	\$48.97
38-50 Watt	\$39.91	\$53.96	\$69.32	\$126.96
Freezer space —estimated annual energy costs per motor*				
9-12Watt	\$17.77	\$24.18	\$48.25	\$58.17
38-50 Watt	\$47.41	\$84,10	\$81,16	\$149,61

Let's sync up.

rkansas.com/commercial to find a trade ally near you, or call 877-212-2420.

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3.6.39 1020-EAI-CI-2067435-Direct Install Flyer EDIT and REPRINT CLEAN.pdf





Cut down your energy use and your bill.

Entergy Arkansas offers solutions to help you cut energy use and save money. Participating technicians will install electricity and water-saving devices at your business for no additional charge. Simple adjustments like these can aid your business in saving on energy and water costs every year:

- Low-flow aerators.
- Low-flow showerheads.
- Pre-rinse spray valves.
- Weather stripping.

- Overhead door weather stripping.
- A19 LED bulbs.
- Compressed air leak repair.

If you're an Entergy Arkansas commercial customer, contact us to see if you qualify to start saving immediately with these energy-saving devices at no additional cost.

Questions? Contact Bryan Vericker at 501-221-4041 or bryan.vericker@clearesult.com. You can also visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial to learn more about commercial energy efficiency programs.



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3.6.40 0619-EAI-LA-1585460-midstream-counter-display-clean.pdf



Are you an Entergy customer?

Save more on high-efficiency lighting when you purchase through the Entergy Arkansas Commercial Midstream Program. Get HUGE discounts on select lighting equipment. Benefits include:

- Instant savings through upgrade incentives.
- Reduced energy use month after month.
- Years of energy savings.

For more information, call the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420, or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.

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3.7 Small Business Solutions

3.7.1 Small_Business_Program_Manual.pdf



- Submit a project application to reserve incentives for qualifying energy efficiency projects

- Execute the trade ally agreement
- Provide verification of adequate insurance coverage

- Share with program staff adequate project information on proposed projects to allow the calculation of energy serings and incentives for the program perticipant.
- Provide program staff with sufficient project information to calculate and record the potential participant energy servings and participant incentives.

PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY

Customer Eligibility To perfedence in the program, the continuer

- Must have total electric demand less than 100 billions to 0.00.

Trade Ally Eligibility

Table after of vertice trades that need all program qualifications and standards (these below) are stigli-porticipate in the program. Tests after may continue an a part of the program as long as they vestibilities on compliance with all program regularizations, authors satisfactory customer satisfaction scores, and pass quality scotted impositions and relations.

- The profitions and interesting and the profition of the profition of the distinct of the profition of the profit o
- Technical Regularments

 - Completion of program-required best practices trainingful.
- Business Regularments

 - Specific evidence of business capacity including at least two of the following:
 - A satisfactory banking reference.
 - A minimum of three satisfactory professional-trade references, such as suppliers of materials, tools, credit.

Briangy Arteman, U.C. 2021 Small Business Program Manual

- - to restrict the make ally adjusting, the trade ally, upon respect from CLANNessa, and after additional cost to the maximum, yell of relat resounding register or constitution to work that the linked ally presented is being and work up the Program extension. The register constitution are to be completed within the forefering specified by CLANNessa. This ally also agrees to talk stage to ensure that future most will comply with the Program sensions.
- Trade Ally Documentation Confidentiality
- The side who who can be considered to the second of the side of th

PROGRAM INCENTIVES

Measures & Incentive Levels

- All measures must meet the following requirements:
- Must produce energy savings through an increase in energy efficiency.

 New equipment must essent minimum equipment efficiency standards.

- Energy assessment performed by either a trade ally or CLEAReaut.

Britishy Arlamas, U.C. 2021 Small Business Program Manual

- - Interior Lighting Controls
 - High-efficiency Exterior Lighting
- Refrigeration measures such as:

 - Anti-Revert Heater Controls
 - Novelly Cooler Stud-Off Controls
 - Gastets and Strip Curtains

Small Engineer Inventive Matrix (per LMN)					
Massure Type	Rates (per LWI)				
All Lighting (including refrigeration lighting)	30.17				
Interior Lighting Controls	80.17				
HVAC Replacement	80.17				
Direct Install*	Full Coal				
Window Film	\$0.36				
All Feffigeration**	80.30				
Dual Beating***	30.30				
Calling Insulation***	90.36				

Note Project invarience other than the desiral conserver or religionship guides and also contains will be appeal at 15% of the size invarienced project some, they additioned conserve approach by the progress and largeristic as size of the Type 15%.

When the expert actives, for the fine data densities, for the other bands, weather excipting, LSDs and consider passes.

When the project actives the fine fine data densities is the Project acids, and also appeal of 200,000 000.

When the project acids are considered and also contain in the Project acid the appeal of 200,000 000.

The project acids are considered as the acid of the protein in the project acids and the project acids.

Lighting Result	Equiting record propions replace to reflect in global properties with more efficient typing a district. A carrier of the efficiency of forces which are of large produces graded typic leads an produce to be compared to executing team energy. For indicate, It forces and the proof of districts for the register of the more efficient typing operate is any order of the compared to the register of the more place address of the systems and an operation LDD surpose or forces. More for indices may be registed with systems and a set 15 forces and it was not believed to be forces and a set of the compared to the property of the set of the set of the forces and a set of the compared to the compared to the compared to the compared to force set of the compared to the compared t
	There are a veriety of temp and ballest combinations that are eligible for this Program depending on the current technology installed at a facility.
Lighting Controls	Advantals lighting archive were energy by tenting off or dimension lights when they are not measure. Many offerent varieties of enemes are archived including passions below (EV), due the horizont prison consequent varieties, produced, which are the acquired with warring of world stranging including day lighting sentrals; concepting varieties there worked and the existing and acquired gas lighting sentrals; concepting varieties there worked and the existing and acquired acquired and acquired to controls are manufactory for new construction and effected variety projects.
Exterior Lighting	Integry sentings apportunities sold for all notion solders lighting applications invaliding publicing labs, sitted and makesey, which including monotonic lighting. Swappy sentings apportunities apply to both improved lighting performance and exhaused swindor developed. For exempting, shouldn'ting less settlement HED behaviorighes with LED lighting and inconservey feated behaviorigh are proof send-dates for indirects applications.
Refrigeration	Takes are a number of intelligenties research tot are eligible for opposition or independent for finite photosome. - Gestal registerance. - Stay outside. - Enqueries for instellig. - Newby waters. - Enqueries for instellig. - Enqueries for instellig. - And control on the date controls. - And control on the date controls.

Cetting Insulation (Converted Residences Only)	Soliding backmann with insufficient levels of insulation have the opportunity to increase the insulation Revalue to RSC. Insulation surings and insentive amounts are based on a per expert tool of treated untiling area.
Dust Sealing (Converted Residences Only)	Dust weeting will seed teste that exist in supply and return dusts of existing horner. Dust present as form or a blower short backs required before and other the measure installation. Only pre-approved seeding materials will be allowed by the Program.
HVAC Replacement	For existing buildings, inefficient (non-MISHOT STAM) has pumps and air conditioning units are eligible to be replaced with SHISHOT STAM qualified units. Slights with for replacement include anall split system and single peologic air socilitions and has pumps.
Retro- Commissioning Lite (RCx Lite)	Note in prescription approach to building nationation services developed to better ment for make of the small and conflicts buildness. The program bestfort "find and fit." measures to improve abouting question with two-logs for the resident action field. Lie Workhook, "Table aftire will be relief to perform the RCs Life surveys, when the submodulation for RCs Life Workhook, make the regards and admit to the program for approved and headed.

During an energy seasonment, the hade ally entitle the Program implementer will startify opportunits the Program to direct head energy saving devices with nationer permission. These devices provided automates with instant energy savings and are installed a NIO COST. Please note that more of these measures are unity variable for installation of the whole season bearing variables for installation of the whole season bearing variables for installation of the whole season bearing under here devicts not

Direct Install Measures(Low Flow Faucet Aerators, Pre-rinse Spray Valves, Vending Misers, LEDs, and Low



Limits on Participation

- The on Participation

 One file issuelve budget for the correct year is expended, a waiting file left the exhabited for groups or participation in the following program year.

 Flowerholdsylvintor to the program course, substress on the nating that may be disk to reserve to the control trading the same program year of the projects are recommissed for the towner another control course for the program year of the projects are recommissed for the towner another course for the projects are recommissed for the towner another course for the projects are recommissed for the towner another course for the projects are recommissed for the towner another course for the projects are recommissed for the projects are recommissed for the projects are recommended for

PARTICIPATION PROCESS

Overall Program Process

Oversize Programs Process

Minelly, well builds undersize steen the program as a seculi of sales softs or promotions from field

allies. As a security assume of sales or insochrenic, the program of It make and promotions the program

distribution and building the sales of the sales and the sales of the sales and the Program (both by setting the

filters of the sales of the sales

After the continues in qualified, the halfs ofly completes an energy assumement of eligible facilities. As port of the assument, took offer will be sufficiently regular program examines the facilities facility. The latest depreciation of the continues facilities for the continues of the facilities facilities for provide and programment, building facilities for the continues of the continues facilities for the continues facilities facilities for the continues facilities facilities for the continues facilities for the continues facilities facilities for the continues facilities facilit

for measurement or an extensive price presents were suggested upon the following the The weed business program requires trained afters to provide construence with an instant relate for the work being performed. The instant relate is breaked to individue out banders for wreat business assistment and generate additional scale for their office. This relate must be quantifiedly identified as a first term on the train affect froncine, within a selected or this training project application.

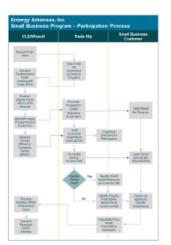
Capon reactly of a signed proposal, the program implementer still review the proposal for complements as eligibility, and two process the relate for distribution to the trade sky. If consudent platon in the program should after, continues will be placed on a waiting list in the order in which the signed proposals were sentent.

he trade ally is responsible for meeting all of the submission requirements for an eligible rebate to be

One the such is complished at the customer site, the task oils maxtenize all the appropriate information and oil probable from the customer, and then advant required incommendation to the propose for review. The regimes will prose the control reduction of their first beside the little and the little 100 to the oils of an observable of the consump information, adapts to customer and researce significant property. The program range shell to complete approach the property may shell to complete approach the property of the property of the complete approach the property or agree shell to complete a property of the property or agree shell to complete a property of the property or agree shell to complete a property of the property or agree shell to complete a property of the property of the

The diagram below describes the participation process and the steps required of the program implementar, trade affect, and small business customers in order to take advertage of the incentives and services available.

Enterpy Arternes, U.C. 2021 Small Business Program Menual



Briangy Artamas, U.C.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Quality Assurance

(GA) Program Process Trainings	-	Trade effect that shower to perfolips in the program will attend theiring that explains the program process and behinded aspects of pertiliplation. Where the installing sontraint has shown not to perfolipsia as a trade of pi the program. Personal religious and so that will you be ensure that all slape are taken to receive an insentive.
(CA) Application Review	-	Incomplete proposate will be rejected and sent best to you for completion. You may not receive a reservation of incentive funding notice until the proposal is completed appropriately and confirmed by the program implementar.

Quality Control

We will inspect SDM of the largest SDM of projects statistical by SDM are shown when the SDM installment, that should make any eight projections for SDM of the should make any eight projections of an electrical over a statistic over the statistic statistics of the statistic statistics of SDM of the statistic statistics of SDM of the statistics are statistics and SDM of the statistic project and specific statistics be been entered or disregardate or SDM of the statistic project and set the statistic statistics. Once a Statistical SDM of the secondary for an extraction of supplies and offered statistics. Once a Statistical SDM offered statistics of SDM of the secondary projects and SDM offered so consider the supplies statistics. Once a Statistical SDM offered statistics in the secondary projects and SDM offered so consider a statistic state in the restaurable projects and the secondary statistics are the secondary projects and statistics in the secondary statistics are the secondary projects and statistics in the secondary statistics and statistics and statistics and section of the secondary statistics and statistics and section statistics.

Trade Ally Performance Standards

- de Ally Performance Standards

 Projection and acquirement
 Program replacement will handle have that may explore a basis after protection, acquired and
 Program replacement and the activities and the representation of protection, acquired and
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- An Fair Distances Practices

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Briangy Artemas, U.C. 2021 Small Business Program Manual

DISCLAIMERS

Entergy Arkansas and/or CLEAResult

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Customer Service

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- Customer Service Policies

Enlargy Artemas, U.C. 2021 Small Business Program Manual

DEFINITIONS

EE Snergy Efficiency

<u>liseum Menter Mannion</u>. The process of reviewing Snergy Performance Standarsetting reports and satisfiabling a strategic approach to the effective use of energy, which may include the implementation of

Facility Learnment A pretireinary facility well-through performed by Program Staff or a Trade Aby to determine energy warings opportunities. An excessment does not recessarily provide adequate inspection documentation and additional or with well-facility may be required for identified energy efficiency projects.

<u>Namedys</u> Assertine payment to the Participant (or a designated assigned) for energy efficiency projects completed through the program.

100 The abbreviation for kilowett (equal to 1,000 weets), which is the unit of measurement for electrical

Managery A single proposed energy efficiency improvement, at either a single facility or multiple facilities.

Measurement and Verification: A process of observation and measurements that establish energy case of a proposed energy efficiency measure for both pre-sected and post-record annotation that allows the administration of energy servings. This process may also require gathering data on correlating factors for a specific against or facility, such as production, concepting operating hours, or entire metrics.

Par intelligible insention: A facility withhough performed by Program Staff prior to implementation of energy efficiency projects to verify and discussed proposed or identified energy efficiency upgrades within period

Presidente Managor: An emergy efficiency measure that has a prescriptive estudation methodology, given in the Arlaman TRM (Technical Resource Manual). This type of measure does not require measurement and

Program Implementary Technical and administrative consultants hired by the Program Sponsor to operate the

Project A planned set of energy efficiency measures for a single Periolpent (at either a single facility or multiple facilities) as proposed by Program Staff or a Trade Ally.

specifications is proposed provided by the Program implementer and executed by the Profulpent that offices the program implementary efficiency researces, the extended servings, and the project insentive. Accordingly receipt of this form by the Program Implementaryall reserve the local insentive for the

<u>Trade After</u> A contractor, supplier, or industry professional seeking to adapt his or her business model to utilize the energy efficiency programs to promote energy efficiency projects.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQS)

- Finergy efficiency is considered a low risk, high relation investment Registrating common report prompty light array; lowrease the comfort and productivity of your field ties. Schools within my produces. Unsures hidden produces. Emprove the endinances. This advantage of government investiges. How do I initiate participation in the Small Business Program?

If you are small business sustomer, places call the Energy Efficiency Solution

Figure are word holders washined, place will be laway fifthintoy holders Calcine at 1 97727 Water and the property here yearing assessment?

Make a line of any sainting underso and as continuation on decombination or delify some 3, the continuation of the continuati

APPENDICES

ALL EMDICES		
Appendix A	Proposal	
Appendix 8	Trade Ally Agreement	
Appendix C	Timeline of Projects	

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Entergy

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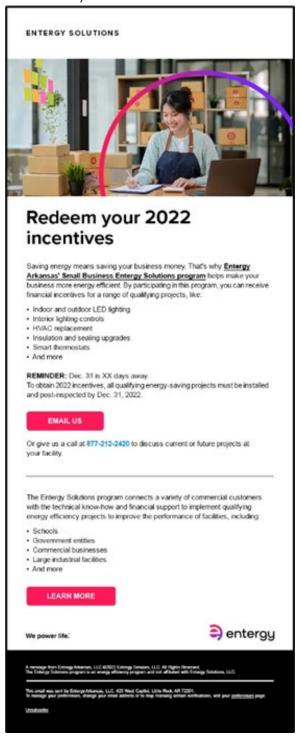
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STORE UP THE SAVINGS



Achieve Long-term Energy Savings at Your Convenience Store

Reduce Consumption. Increase Savings.

It takes a lot of energy to run a convenience store. On average, refrigeration consumes about 40 percent of a store's energy use, while lighting consumes about 25 percent — combined, that's more than half of a store's energy use. Entergy Arkansas' energy efficiency programs offer solutions that will improve the efficiency of not only your refrigeration equipment, but also the lighting and HVAC systems in your facility.

Benefits of Upgrading to Energy Efficiency:

- Boost your bottom line.
- Lower your energy costs.
- · Improve comfort and safety in your store.
- Increase employee productivity.
- · Lessen your store's impact on the environment.

Eligible Measures

The following measures are available for incentives:

- Refrigeration
- Lighting
- HVAC systems

Participation Is Simple:

- 1. Enroll in the Entergy Arkansas Small Business Program.
- We'll perform an on-site inspection of your existing systems — at no cost to you.
- You'll receive customized project recommendations, tailored to your store's needs.
- We will provide a list of qualified participating trade allies who are trained in the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- 5. The system upgrades will be installed.
- You'll receive cash incentives for all qualifying completed projects.

Ready to save? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/smallbusiness.



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ENTERGY ARKANSAS RETROCOMMISSIONING-LITE



Optimize your building (and your savings).

The Entergy Solutions Program has expanded its offerings to commercial customers to include Retrocommissioning-Lite. Where full retrocommissioning requires comprehensive, time-intensive and costly engineering services, Retrocommissioning-Lite is a rightsized alternative for small and medium-sized businesses. Through the Entergy Solutions Programs, Entergy Arkansas offers a streamlined, no-cost energy survey to identify energy inefficiencies and correct them to improve building operations.

Benefits:

- Improve building energy performance and reduce energy use by an estimated 5%.
- Advance occupant comfort and productivity.
- Extend equipment life and reduce maintenance needs.
- Increase internal knowledge of building systems and controls.

Who is eligible?

Facilities under 100,000 square feet using an Entergy Solutions trade ally may be eligible for Retrocommissioning-Lite. Common projects include programmable thermostat scheduling, ventilation adjustments, economizer installations and more.

How to participate:

- Call 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial to enroll in one of the Entergy Solutions Programs.
- We'll provide a list of Entergy Solutions trade allies trained in the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency offerings.
- Your selected trade ally will perform a no-cost on-site inspection to examine your existing building control systems.
- You'll receive a list of customized recommendations for your business designed to increase efficiency, reduce your Entergy bills, optimize your facility's performance and improve occupant comfort.
- Get cash incentives for all qualifying completed projects.

Did you know?

Approximately 72% of the measures implemented through retrocommissioning are centered around operations and control. That means lower costs for you.

Ready to save? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/commercial.



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SMALL BUSINESS ENERGY SOLUTIONS PROGRAM

ENTERGY SOLUTIONS

The Small Business Energy Solutions Program helps business owners like you understand why and whon energy efficiency upgrades make good financial sense. Our trade allies work with you to develop and implement a plan, which frequently improves more than just your business's energy efficiency—upgrades often improve occupant comfort, health, safety and more.

How to participate:

Call the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 577-212-2420 to speak to a program representative and to be provided a list of trade allies.

- We'll help you:

 Improve the efficiency and performance of your facility.

 A chieve significant, long-term energy savings.

 Eam incansives to help offset the cost of energy efficiency upgrades.

 12 months are eligible.

What are the benefits?

- What GPE LITE Usernatures:

 Financial incentives:

 Finadousl energy costs and non-energy-related impacts.

 Access to trade ally enthroots.

 Access to trade ally enthroots.

 No-cost which drough energy assessment and energy efficiency product installations including:

 Showerheads.

 Low-flow sentions.

 Pre-rines apray valves (electric water header

 4. Receive instant rebates from your trade ally.

- Pre-rines apray valves (electric water heater customers only).
 LEDs.
 Weather stripping.

set common energy efficiency upgrades in small businesses are listed below.

Lighting/Lighting Controls	\$0.17
Direct Install	Rall cost
Refrigeration*	\$0.00
Duct Sealing (Converted Businesses Only)	\$2.25
Ceiling Insulation (Converted Businesses Only)	\$2.25
HVAC Replacement	\$0.17

o we power life*

Small Business Program-Eligible Measures

Meesure Type	Measure Description
Lighting Retrofit	Lighting retroff projects replacing helfficient lighting systems with more efficient ones are slightle. An exempte in these floorances in yetsems being replaced with LID lamps or metal helidies with 15 fluctescent bulse. A versity of lamp and ballest contributions are alighte for this program, depending on the current technology installed of a bottly.
Lighting Controls	Automatic lighting controls save energy by turning off or dimming lights when they are not needed. Available sensors include passive infrared, duel-technology, integral occupiancy sensors and photocalls, which are sund with controls that manage based on dailight hours, occupiancy or with adjustable trainm.
Exterior Lighting	Energy can be seved on many major estation lighting applications—including parting lots, streats and readways, and other building-mounted lighting—by expressing lighting performance, control strategies or both. An assemple of this would be refortilling with LED lighting.
Refrigeration	Measures eligible for upgrades or replacement include evepositor fan upgrades to electronically commutated motors, anti-sweet heater controls and refrigerated door geskets.
Direct Install Measures	The following direct install measures are eligible for upgrades or replacement low-flow flaucat sensions, pre-rinse spray valves, LEDs and weather stripping.
Ceiling Insulation (Converted Buildings Only)	Existing businesses with insufficient levels of insulation have the opportunity to increase the insulation Fivelue to R-30. Insulation serings and incentives are based per sq. ft. of treated ceiling area.
Duct Sealing (Converted Buildings Only)	Leaks can be seeled in supply and return ducts of existing businesses. Duct pressurtation or a blower door text is required before and effer measure installation. Only pre-approved seeing materials are permitted by the program.
HVAC Replacement	Inefficient heat pumps and air conditioner units are eligible when replaced with efficient units in both existing buildings and new construction. Eligible units include small split-system and single-peckage air conditioner units and heat pumps.
CoolSever** A/C Tune-Up*	In addition to lowering your facility's energy and maintenance costs, a CooGever A/C Tuns-up is creaturly designed to provide a cooler, more comfortable and more productive work environment. Flux, churches, residuants and emission for any quality for additional energy-saving upgrades—including a smart teamment.

Thermostet.

1 Please see the CoolCaer Foot Sheet for details on the CoolCaer measures and incentive levels analytic under this program.

Questions?

Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/smallbusiness.



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BRYANT SCHOOL DISTRICT ENERGY EFFICIENCY REPORT CARD Cumulative Report: Electric Data Through April 2020; Natural Gas Data Through February 2020

low well does your faci	lity stand out?			
Facility	Energy Type	Energy Savings Change	Grade	Total Energy Savings
Elementary Schools				
Hurricane Creek	Bectricity	*	A	20.80%
Collegeville	Natural Gas	>	Α	16.70%
Davis	Bectricity		Α	15.80%
Bryant	Natural Gas	-	Α	11.10%
Salem	Natural Gas	>	Α	9.40%
Davis	Natural Gas	>	Α	9.20%
Hill Ferm	Bectricity	A	Α	6.00%
Salem	Bectricity		Α	6.00%
Bryant	Bectricity	<u> </u>	A	5.30%
Hill Farm	Natural Gas	•	Α	5.20%
Springhill	Bectricity		С	2.00%
Collegeville	Bectricity	_	D	1.10%
Springhill	Natural Gas	-	F	-4.30%
Parkway	Natural Gas	-	F	-13.10%
Parkway	Bectricity			-15.60%
Hurricane Creek	Natural Gas	-	-	-113,40%
Middle Schools	NEGET GET	_		-113.40%
	Donalds			OF TON
Bryant	Electricity	A	A	25.70%
Bryant	Natural Gas	>	A	11.10%
Bethel	Bectricity	A	Α	5.80%
Bethel	Natural Gas	-	F	-12.30%
High Schools	,	,	_	
Bryant High (Bldg. 10 Only)	Bectricity	A	Α	5.5%
Miscellaneous	,	,		
Central Office	Bectricity	A	Α	27.00%
Business Office	Natural Gas	-	Α	26.70%
Sports Complex	Bectricity	A	Α	15.80%
1200 S. Reynolds Buildings	Bectricity	A	A	5.20%
Bus Maintenance Facility	Natural Gas	-	Α	5.20%
Bus Maintenance Facility	Bectricity		Α	4.00%
Business Office	Bectricity		F	-10.60%
1200 S. Reynolds Buildings	Natural Gas	>	F	-21.60%
Guadina Buhala		Grade	Conde	
Grading Rubric Grades are based on a	facility's	A	≥ 4%	
measured electricity an		В	3-3.9%	
gas savings compared		c	2-2.9%	
current savings goal of	5%.	D	1-1.9%	
		*	≤ 0.9%	
Energy Savings Change	Rubric	Energy Sa	vings Change	Key
Energy savings are calc	ulated	*	Decrease	

monthly to update the total energy

savings and compare to the

previous month.

Please report to maintenance:

- Dripping water faucets.
- Gaps and drafts from windows and doors.
- Occupancy sensors that are not working properly.
- Opportunities for power strip installations (for ease of access).
- Ideas for any additional energysaving opportunities.

Energy Savings Tips

- Turn off lights in unoccupied rooms and use sunlight where possible.
- Shut down computer monitors and other devices when not in use (most devices still use power even when they are "asleep").
- Fully close all doors and windows, and double check for gaps and drafts.
- Turn off ice machines, fridges and other common equipment during school breaks, holidays and weekends.
- Turn down thermostats in unoccupied areas.
- Make sure air vents are not blocked.
 The longer the system needs to run, the more energy is wasted.

No Change

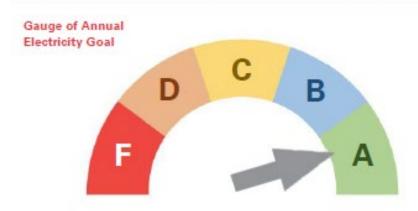
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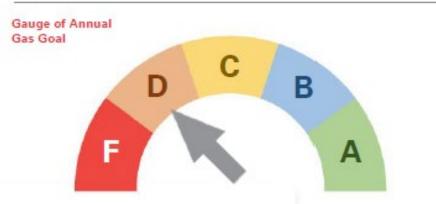






BRYANT SCHOOL DISTRICT ENERGY EFFICIENCY REPORT CARD Cumulative Report: Electric Data Through April 2020; Natural Gas Data Through February 2020





Top-Class Efficiency Solutions

After salaries, energy is the second-largest operating expense for most school districts—more than the cost of computers and textbooks combined. Let's continue to work together to make sure your facilities are performing at their greatest potential.

Questions? Contact Todd Sellers at tsellers@bryantschools.org.

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3.8.2 CitySmart_Program_Wianual.pdf



2022 Program Manual CitySmartSM - SCORE

PREPARED BY:

CLEAResult 1 Allied Dr. Suite 1600 Little Rock, AR 72202 Contact: Ashley Scott Phone: 501-221-4010

ENTERGY SOUTHONS

Entergy



·WE POWER LIFE

Britisty Arteries, U.C. 2022 CitySmet - SCORE Program Manual

PROGRAM OVERVIEW

Program Description

Program Description
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The program is designed to other out effective energy efficiency in the market/size with minimizing the impact of market barriers in your implementation of energy efficiency. Some objectives are inherent to transforming the energy efficiency market, while others are barriers that are offered to you. The Chydinant - SCORE Program is designed to

- Oversome barriers that hinder the implementation of energy efficiency projects.

 Frontile energy efficiency information and enhance avarances of energy and non-energy be
- Ease budget constraints that typically rule out energy efficient technologies and eason costs."
 Improve understanding about potential pephasis for installed energy efficiency projects
- Enhance averages of, and technical assistance for, energy-efficient technologies.

Briangy Artemas, U.C. 2021 CitySman - BCORE Program Manual

- Performs all required on site inspections and documentation.

- polition to the automore (select)

 Contact the principle agreement.

 Contact the principle in implement to autobalise shalling assessment and/or engage in benchmany; make planning services.

 Saland a sprinciple political instrument inventions for qualifying energy efficiency projects.

 Event bear of further to propose, fund, install and report projects before the and of program passe.
- Custod the program implementer when projects are completed and after staff to perform a post-inspection.

ale Ally periolpsis in the program as a trade ally, the trade ally must — Execute the trade ally agreement.

- Complete required trainings and adhere to program guidelines set out in this program manual. Provide verification of edecuate insurance coverage.

- Consult the CoolSever Trade Ally Manual for trade ally details around this measure

- Transform the market through training, education and the implementation of the program to make energy efficiency a primary consideration for customers.
- Identify and support the implementation of cost effective and comprehensive energy serings projects for Enterpy containers in order to meet around energy serings goals.
- Leverage such insertives to easiet was in implementing post-effective projects under the program.

Program Management & Contacts

Plene 801 021-4010

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Measures & Incentive Levels

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Plane 1477-212-2420

Program Roles & Responsibilities

- Manages the energy efficiency programs and oversess implementation

- May perform post-retroft on site inspections, measurements or phone conversations to collect data for program sevings verification.
- Provides updates to program salculation methodologies through annual Technical Resource Manual
- Surveys program participants to determine if program implementation is meeting their needs and

- Performs outseach and education about the energy efficiency program.

 Frontine energy efficiency existence to program perfolipents. For example, benchmarking and energy master planning services. Assists program participants and trade allies with program documentation.

Briangy Artamas, U.C. 2021 CitySmat - BCOM Propper Manual

PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY

Program Changes The Moving are not measure offerings within the Chydroen SCORE Program

- Continues. Continues will no longer be a standature program. It will be viewed as a measure within the program, (Please see the Continues Trade Ally Manual for more details.)
- program. Please were for Confident Profess of the Profession From the Collection Companies of the Collection Companies of Confidence Con

Participant Eligibility

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The after an member of various better that meet all program qualifications and dendereds placed below). Their effect are included the program and of the other company name on a fixed objects to be closed to the other company name on a fixed of splits trained also that may be given to you. Trained after any continue to perfolipte in the program as long as they remain in compliance with all program.

To participate, trade after most sign a trade afte agreement and marker beining an required by the program quiteform.
Additional forming will be provided an assemble in order to excess the problemany of the trade sign. The latest of trade sign of the problemant is and type of the requirement in additional forming of the trade sign of the problemant is and type of the requirement in additional forming of the problemant is and type of the register and the first provided and the properties that after the report propose. Details on the trade sign of the provided and the properties that after the report propose. Details on the trade sign of the provided and the properties that after the report propose. Details on the trade sign of the provided and t

- Understanding of basis building acience principles

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 Demonstrate the suppliffly to conduct business ou

The facts of y, upon repeat from the program implemente, and also said found not by you, shall make reasonable require or constitution beauth that the table of your performed to being such work up to the program described. The require or constitution will be the table of the program of the program implements. The table of your sales appear to take steps to ensure that follow sorts of comply with the program described.

Trade Ally Documentation Confidentiality

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PROGRAM INCENTIVES

A measure, for the purposes of subsidiating boundless, is considered to be a simple proposed energy efficiency improvement, at other a simple boundless of the proposed energy efficiency improvement, at other a simple boundless of the proposed energy efficiency in ordinary in the contract of the proposed energy efficiency entered energy entered ente

All measures within a project must be confirmed in the pre-installation inspection report and meet the following

- Must produce energy senings through an increase in energy efficiency.
 Must be cost effective as defined by the program utility and the program in
- New equipment must exceed minimum equipment efficiency standards. Must not develop any sevings as a result of fixel switching.
- Measures should larget to meet at least 25,000 kWh of annual savings.

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Briangy Arteman, U.C.

In the event that there are incentive funds at II available after September 1, 2021, you may exceed the 50 percent cap in order

Figure 1: Incentive Table

CitySmert - SCORE Incentive Matrix (per MMh)							
1 measure	2 massires	3 messures	de massures	Incentive Cap			
\$0.10	\$0.10 \$0.10 \$0.10						
Paid per LF (Paid per LF (or SF) of damaged paskethtrip curtain replaced						
\$0.12	\$0.12 \$0.19 \$0.14 \$0.19						
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2 20.50 TWO for the additional prescription measure for the medium groupers year (based on four qualifying measures).

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Hypothetical Wastewater Project

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e total annual seoings would be approximately SCR,556 MM, resulting in an estimated SCR,556 in annual utility senings. Emated cost of this project (using the above simulation) is SCR,758, with an estimated insentive of SCR,500. If the facility

Internation Design.

Mississi frameties maked from the program will be been in a projects total around 19th reluction as determined presents for the program reveals. Being will be established using one of ments entirely approaches. Customers will need to a second or the projects. The approach in place that are determined and the second or the projects. The approach in place that the second or projects or the projects of the projects of the projects of the second or the second or the second or the projects of the projects

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Cash Benefits Offered Under the Prog

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PARTICIPATION PROCESS

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Project Application Process

For purposes of this program, a project is inferred by a set of proposed energy servings researces included in a single project application. Comprehensive projects from fruit include a resign of inscere layers are excellenged. White their provide include excellent projects are represented in the contraction of the projects in the projects in the project in projects in the contraction of income former does not be projects. The project application is acceptant and approved in common former does not be projects. The project application is acceptant and a decidability you and set to the projects in the projects in the projects in the project of the projects in the projects in the projects in the project of the projects of interest of contracts of contract of the projects of interest of contracts of contracts on the projects of interest or contracts on the projects of interest or contracts or contracts on the projects of interest or contracts or All projects should meet the following requirements:

entive Reservation/Application Process

Incentive ReservationApplication Process
Use metal of a spirit policy adplication, for approximation process and review the application for completeness and eligibility they are not note social policy because the religibility they are not note social policy because the religibility they are not note social policy because of process and process. The proper improvement when the contrary are processed as processed and pro

Petialpents on the walking list may be able to reserve insentive funding for the current program year if other projects for which funding were reserved are securified and funds become available. Otherwise, they will be nightle to reserve funds during the next program year, but note that the project must be completed in the year in which the funds are reserved.

Incentive Payment Process

Deemed savings projects: you will receive an incentive payment representing 100 percent of the final calo

Demonst early a project, you will make an invention proporting the property 100 person of the first exclusive through a money and first in the contribute of the project in contribute, discussed and or inflat in the contribute of the project in contribute, discussed and or inflat, for an excess of contribute of the first of project completion. SMMV projects are provided by the contribute of the contribute of the first of the contribute of the first of the contribute of contribute of the contrib

Interdives are paid by sheat directly to you as explained above. Checks should be delivered no later than Desember 20, 2021 and verified unless otherwise notified.

Co-Funding of Feasibility Studies

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processes, where prescriptor methods are not adequate.

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Fer	isibility Study Saving	9 ⁴⁴
Min kWh	Max kWh	Incentive*
50,000	100,000	\$3,000
100,001	200,000	\$6,000
200,001	300,000	\$9,000
300,001	500,000	\$12,000
500,001	1,500,000	815,000
1,500,001	5,000,000	\$20,000

*Pull payout emounts with a total headfulfly loadget of \$100,000.
*Payout 60% for study submission and the remaining IDN upon project completion for cost servings.
*Pull-of its RNAP projects. Exchange seculation "discress." resources from the correct version of the Arbanese 1766.

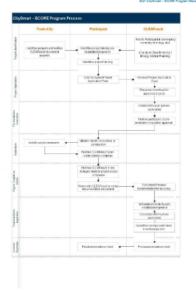
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After relating, 17th Association and a size of the sequence of the program implementation, the participant will be informed of the association of the project and the secondary amount their procedure is asset the participant with the study. The program implementar will review the funding for the feasibility and/or a seasy to associate, but it is should prove the study. The program implementation is 100 processed from our of the substitution processed for the secondary and the se

To ensure insentines are available for multiple projects, you and your affiliates may not receive more than 50 persent of the Enterpy Arkanese program insentives budget in any funding year.

In the event that there are incentive funds still available after Reptember 1, 2021, you may exceed the 50 persons up in order

Britany Artames, U.C. 2021 CityBreak - BCORE Program Manual



Briangy Artemas, U.C. 2021 CitySmart - BCORE Program Manual

TIMELINE OF PROJECTS

- Pre-inquestion (QA/GC) CLSAFeaut will have too business days to determine if more information/boursets are needed and respond.
- Pre-Impection CLEAPecut will have the business days to add to the pre-Impection quase, and an additional Schoolmen days to complete pre-Impection service.

- Invention Approval and Proceeding 20 Scalars object

Britishy Artemas, U.C.



Quality Control



Energy Artemes, U.C. 2021 CitySmen - BCORE Program Menual

ADDITIONAL NOTICES AND DISCLAIMERS Entergy Arkansas and/or CLEAReault

Existingly Arxaniass and Orthodoxynous in the advanced of the property come, unioner ender authorized bear existed or it is also by preferent with it have it is classed on if the property come, unioner ender authorized transitionates. Although, is let of appropried to the interest properties or consistent with this property, includes of ex-cellent and advanced to the properties of the

Notice followy Arkanes nor CLEAReact make any parentee or any other representation or serventy, expressed or implicit or otherwise, as to the quality, and or effectiveness of any products provided or works performed by any trade oily by any such trade oily's employees, advantables or applices.

Energy efficiency gains are subject to a number of varieties conditions and discussations. While it is the intent or program to soldies a reasy efficiencies at your facilities, neither findings Adamses nor CLEAPeaut guarantees or recreate that any specific energy efficiency gains will be additional for a perioder customer under the program.

Trade A Silies

As had ally shall, to the fulled soluted above the applicable law, indexedly, protect and had harmine CESMeass, foreign Advances, their efficient, faul contribution and and of their offliers, disables, control present, employees, agreet and representatives for the following the place is where it is, solutionally and calculatives, as the "Selectional"; however, and applicationally a facility of the solutional process and calculatives, as the "Selectional"; however, and applicational is the facilities to be impossible to a case of the solutional process and calculatives, as the applications of the facilities and the solutional contributions are upon the law process of the solutional process and calculatives, and the facilities and processors of the facilities and processors of the solution of the solution

DEFINITIONS

SS Energy Efficiency

Sings, Indicates a Residuality, Acompenhenite analysis of facility energy are, which provides a rating for the performance of half-days hypical on a sade of one to 1001 relative to a piece group of facilities saling regional data. This evaluation may be used to identify energy efficiency measures or can be used as a bod for finegy measure planning.

Faith: Assessment, Apreliminary facility webstrough performed by program define a train objets determine energy serving appertunities. An executance of size and measured provides alongs to repetition decumentation and additional on allowed function may be required for identified energy efficiency projects.

199. The abbreviation for billocett (equal to 1,000 wets), which is the unit of measurement for electrical demand or

1995. The altireviation for kilocentricus, which is the unit of measurement for electrical energy use. One 699 is the amount of energy concurred by the use of one 699 for one hour.

Manage A single proposed energy efficiency improvement, at either a single facility or multiple fac

Management and Verbillation. A prices of intervalies and resourcements that establish energy use of a proposed energy efficiency resource to both per extent and part establishment that allows the administration of energy serings. The process may also equal to gathering data on constaining factors for a specific explain or facility, each as production, companies, questionly have or electric resident.

<u>Participation Agreement</u> A non-binding document that once submitted by the participant will evoid them into the Incentive programs offered by finterpy Adamses, after program staff to verify eligibility and i permit appropriate program.

day. A facility well-through performed by program staff prior to implementation of energy

Energy Artemes, U.C. 2021 CitySment - BCORE Program Manual

sits to verify and document proposed or identified energy efficiency apprades within a perticipent's

had be believed to a security. A facility webbrough performed by program staff or program evaluation after replementation of energy efficiency projects to verify and document proposed or identified energy efficiency upgrades

<u>Project</u>. A planned set of energy efficiency measures for a single participant (at either a single facility or multiple facilities) as proposed by program staff or a trade ally.

The Aurique measure (or combination of measured that when evaluated for an energy efficiency project, may provide enhanced incentive rates for comprehensive projects.

Briangy Arkenses, U.C. 2021 CitySmark - BCORE Program Manual

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FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

What is the Olythmen's 2006 Program in September 1. The Olythmen's

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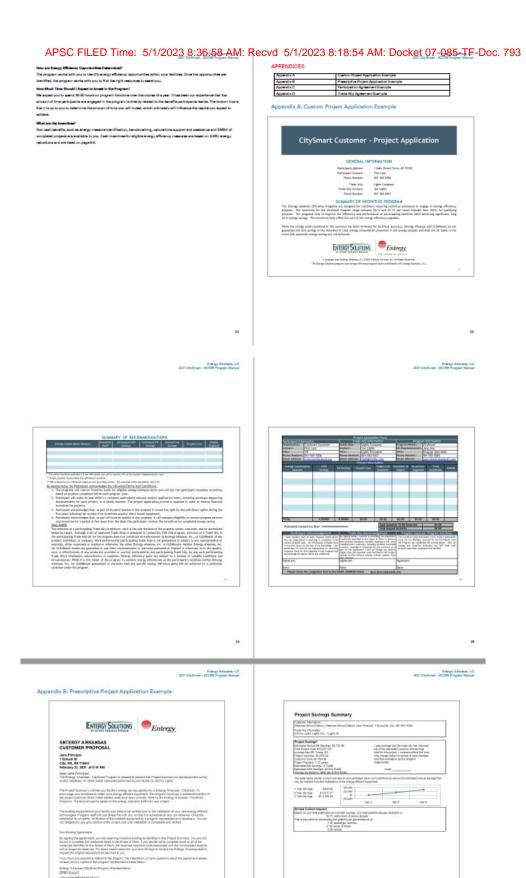
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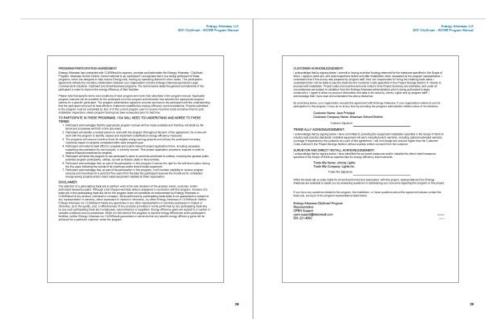
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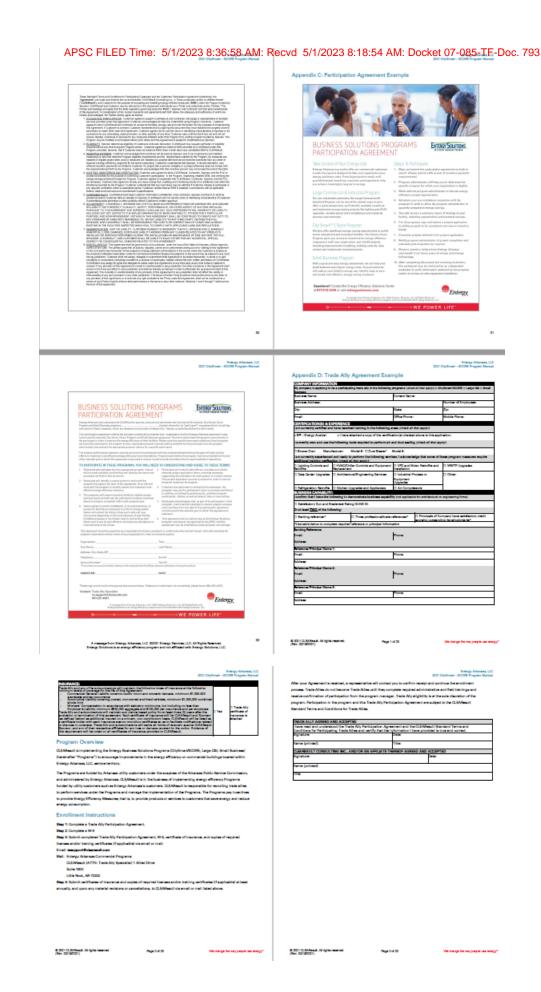
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The are the sale determined for offer and at leastly afficiency measures you deale to implement and have they are implemented.
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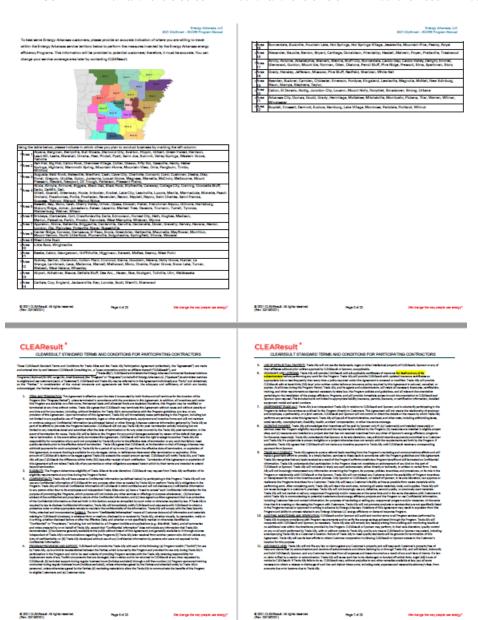
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LITTLE ROCK CONVENTION & VISITORS BUREAU



The Opportunity

Little Rock Convention & Visitors Bureau was looking to lower energy use in its Arkansas facility. The bureau reached out to Entergy Arkansas, having worked with the utility company before. During an energy audit, several lighting upgrade opportunities were identified. The bureau enrolled in the Entergy Arkansas CitySmartsM -SCORESM Program to have the work completed.

PROJECT AT A GLANCE

1,195,884 Annual kWh savings

\$167,423 Incentives paid

\$95,670 Estimated annual savings

2.3 Vears Payback period

The Project

At the Little Rock Convention & Visitors Bureau facility, over 450 fixtures were replaced or installed during the project. The interior lighting retrofit consisted of replacing 1,000 W high bay metal halides—which were running 24/7—as well as metal halide troffers and high bay quartz fixtures all with LEDs. The facility also had advanced lighting controls installed, which will allow the building operator to schedule when the lights are running and to dim them when the space is unoccupied. Overall, 24 percent of the project savings came from these advanced lighting controls, a measure few customers choose to implement.

The Results

The project is estimated to save Little Rock Convention & Visitors Bureau \$95,670 annually. The bureau received \$167,423 in incentives from Entergy Arkansas, putting the payback period at 2.3 years. It saved 1,195,884 kWh annually, which equates to the greenhouse gas emissions from 178 passenger vehicles driven for one year or the CO, emissions from 896,828 pounds of coal burned, according to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency calculations. Little Rock Convention & Visitors Bureau was so pleased with the results, it plans on completing additional interior and exterior lighting retrofits and phase two of the chiller plant optimization.

Questions? To learn more about the CitySmart - SCORE Program, contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart.

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PULASKI COUNTY SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT



The Opportunity

To reduce costs and improve learning environments for students throughout the Pulaski County Special School District, administrators partnered with the staff of Entergy Arkansas CitySmart^{5M} - SCORE^{5M} Program to identify cost-effective ways to improve energy efficiency throughout the district.

PROJECT AT A GLANCE

2.357.094 Annual kWh savings

\$190,714 Incentives paid

O months Payback period

\$188,567 Estimated annual savings

The Project

According to ENERGY STAR®, 60 percent of the

computers and monitors at organizations such as K-12 schools are left on at night, and 40 percent of monitors are not enabled for power management. This results in energy waste that costs schools and other organizations about \$750 million every year. To reduce energy costs associated with ineffective computer power management, PCSSD worked

with Entergy Arkansas to install PC power management software at 25 schools throughout the district.

The Results

PCSSD now houses 1,444 laptops and 4,522 desktops that are equipped with power management software, which will save the district an estimated \$188,567 in energy costs each year. To help PCSSD finance the project, the CitySmart - SCORE Program provided over \$190,000 in cash incentives, which covered the entire cost of the upgrade.

Prior to this project, PCSSD worked with the CitySmart - SCORE Program staff to improve interior lighting quality and efficiency by replacing metal halide lighting fixtures with T-5 fixtures in 11 schools throughout the district. Exterior lighting is next for PCSSD: administrators plan to install energy-saving LED fixtures throughout the district.

Questions? To learn more about the CitySmart - SCORE Program, contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart.

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NATIONAL PARK COMMUNITY COLLEGE



The Opportunity

National Park Community College is nestled in the resort community of Hot Springs, Arkansas. Aside from beautiful surroundings, the college promises quality education at an affordable price. To do so, NPCC must keep operating costs down, beginning with its utility bill.

NPCC decided to partner with the Entergy Arkansas CitySmartSM - SCORESM Program to reduce energy waste. The result? A multi-year commitment to efficiency and an A+ in energy savings.

PROJECT AT	A GLANCE
155,260	Annual kWh savings
\$3,844	Total incentives paid
^{\$} 12,421	Estimated annual savings
15 years	Payback period

The Projects

In 2013, NPCC made its first steps toward an energy-efficient campus with no-cost direct install and energy benchmarking. This included installation of 119 faucet aerators across campus. In 2014, the college took its high efficiency even further with a chiller changeout. The CitySmart - SCORE provided NPCC with incentive money to replace its lab science building's old chiller with a high-efficiency one.

The Results

University staff members have reported significant savings in both energy and water use based on utility data. The direct install did not cost the university any money, and the savings seen from this measure helped reduce the payback for the chiller installation. As a result of these upgrades, the college will achieve 155,260 kWh and \$12,421 in annual savings. And NPCC isn't stopping there with its energy-efficiency overhaul. The college hopes to begin retrofitting its T12 lamps to high-efficiency T8s in the near future.

Questions? To learn more about the CitySmart - SCORE Program, contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart.

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UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE AT MORRILTON

THE OPPORTUNITY

Entergy Arkansas' Continuous Energy Improvement initiative helps qualified facilities achieve lasting energy cost savings through simple, low- and no-cost improvements. Focusing on behavioral and operational changes, our CEI team offers personalized, step-by-step guidance, resources and yearly incentives to embed energy efficiency into your organization's culture.

Available to schools, governments and municipalities through our CitySmartsM
Program, CEI recently helped the University of Arkansas Community College
at Morrilton lower their overall electricity use by 9.89%.

THE INITIATIVE

Starting with an engineering walk-through of the school facilities, the CEI team identified several no-cost actions the school staff could take to save energy when the facilities were less occupied.

Ongoing improvements include:

- Adjusting HVAC schedules to increase building setpoints on nights and weekends when buildings were unoccupied.
- Implementing a shutdown checklist for staff to use when closing buildings for the evenings and weekends.
- Organizing staff walk-throughs before long holiday breaks to ensure equipment is turned off and/or unplugged.

THE RESULTS

The 16 participating facilities saw their electricity use drop by an average of 9.89%, with some individual facilities saving as much as 20%. In financial terms, the improvements are saving UACCM an annual \$14,353 in energy costs and earning them another \$3,377 a year in incentives from Entergy Arkansas.

Questions?

Reach out to the CEI team at 501-265-0249 or cei.central@clearesult.com.

For all the ways we can help your business save, visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart or call our Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420.

PROGRESS TO DATE

9.89% Reduction in overall electricity use

\$14,353 Estimated annual cost savings

168,859 Estimated annual kWh energy savings

3,377

Estimated annual incentive

"I'm excited to see the campus embrace this effort. Not only is it the right thing to do, but it also allows us to use some of the money we have saved to do even more projects."

-Allen Holloway, Director of Facilities, UACCM

"We are very happy for UACCM for their commitment to energy improvement"

Kenny Muhammad, Customer Service Manager, Entergy Arkansas





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ENTERGY ARKANSAS CITYSMART[™] - SCORE[™] PROGRAM FOR COLLEGES



Did you know that colleges and universities in the U.S. spend almost \$14 billion a year on energy?* You can help to lower this cost.

Join the CitySmart - SCORE Program to identify energy-saving opportunities at your college and receive financial incentive offers toward energy efficiency upgrades. This will not only lower your energy use and costs, but also boost comfort and productivity on campus.

Eligible Measures

The following measures are eligible for financial incentives:

HVAC systems

 Includes installing or replacing air conditioning units, heat pumps, demand-controlled ventilation systems and more.

Lighting

 Includes installing or replacing interior and exterior lighting systems in classrooms, hallways, offices, parking lots and between buildings.

Personal computer power management

Helps control power use on campus.

How to Participate:

- 1. Contact us at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart to enroll in the CitySmart - SCORE Program.
- 2. We'll perform an on-site inspection of your institution's end-use energy systems - at no cost to you.
- 3. You'll receive customized project recommendations, tailored to your needs.
- 4. We will provide a list of qualified participating trade allies who are trained in the Entergy Arkansas energy efficiency programs.
- You'll receive cash incentives for all qualifying completed projects.

College and University Energy Facts

- · Lighting accounts for about 30 percent of the annual electricity consumed by educational facilities in the U.S.**
- HVAC makes up approximately 46 percent of the annual electricity consumed by educational institutions in the U.S.**
- * Source: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency **Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

Ready to save? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart.



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•WE POWER LIFE*



SMART IDEAS FOR **GRADE A SAVINGS**

Energy efficiency is vital to helping balance school budgets. The nation's 17,450 K-12 school districts spend more than \$5 billion annually on energy costs alone.

When districts implement energy-efficient improvements, they save up to 30 percent on their annual energy bills and also prevent harmful greathouse gas emissions, which improves the learning environment.* It is estimated that \$2 billion of that 30 percent — as amount equivalent to the cost of nearly 40 million new textbooks — can be saved by improving energy officiency through programs like the Enlargy Arkansas CitySmart^{oo}. SCORE^{oo} Program.

Lowering Your Entergy Bill Is as Easy as 1-2-3.

Once you've enrolled in the CitySmart - SCORE Program, a program representative will perform an on-site inspection of your facility's and-use energy systems at no cost to you.

After determining which measures will achieve maximum savings, the program representative will compare the data gathered to industry standards. Such measures typically include interior and exterior lighting technologies, HVAC systems and computer power management.



Next, you will receive a customized list of recommendations. This list prioritizes projects that, if implemented, will increase efficiency and significantly reduce your Entergy bills.

If needed, we can provide a list of qualified trade allies enrolled in Entergy Arkansas' Small Business Energy Solutions Programs that can install the upgrades. Finally, you'll receive cash incentives for any qualified, completed projects.

- A properly illuminated and verificated environment is among the many factors that contribute to increased productively in the cleanone, which in turn effects performance and achievement.

 Typically, one-third of the energy used goes to seast a largely due to outdated equipment and schmology.

 Energy conts are a typical school district's second largest operating experse, after saleste. That's more then the cost of computers and toutbooks contributed.

Source: *U.S. EPA, 2; DOE, 2006000;p DOE, Undeted U.S. EPA, 2008b Source: **energystar.com

Ready to save? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyerkenses.com/citysmert.



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2020 CitySmart - SCORE Program Eligible Measures

Measure Type	Measure Description
Lighting	CALL CONTROL OF CONTRO
Ratrofit	Lighting mirroll projects replace existing lighting systems with more efficient lighting systems. A variety of high efficiency fature bellasts and lamps produce equivalent light levels as previous technologies white consuming asseming. These may are variety of lamps and lastest combinations shall are eligible for the perspens depending on the current learness (installed as a facility).
Controls	Automatic lighting controls some energy by barring off or demeling lights when they are not reasonany. Many different execute was called an extra on exception with a consistent with an extraple invalidating lighting controls, conspancy controls, there control and three clocks. For certain conditions, light reduction and automatic controls are manufactory for new construction and affected neintell projects.
Exterior	Energy warting opportunities was it for all major waterior lighting applications including parting but, steels and markety and other ladding reported lighting. Energy-source opportunities apply to be the reported lighting incentivated can intravact content attribution. For example, including less efficient high-intensity discharge bethookpies with light enriting dock lighting and company-based intensity are sourced candidate for enterior applications.
HVAC	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF
Replacement	For existing buildings and new construction, non-TAETICY STATA+ qualified heat pumps and air conditioning units are eligible to be episcad with ERETICY STAT qualified units. Eligible units for replacement include errall epit system and englic package air conditioners and heat pumps.
Chiller Replacement	Chillen are commonly used to provide cooling for a vertility of haliding legion and process track. The most common applications are for larger cooling loads (e.g., 50 to 50 forms and greater). This measure applies to the replacement of air-cooled and water cooled chillen.
Controls	FIAC controls are slight in the Enterpy Advance programs when no other controls providingly until or whom mining carbolic man be modified in improved by providing resourching controls are beneather that the hardward in ben hardward for building FIAC inspirence or central glast equipment to help carbolic common operating parameters such as temperature, humidity, chilled water temperature into the modified production of the control of the
VFD Motor Drives	A variable Inspanse, drive control the installation speed of an electric mater by controlling the Inspanse; of the electrical power applied to the notice WTH effects from the starts and can be replanted to better match system back, making almost and improving the properties of the
Wastewater Treat	ment
Form/ Blower Retrofits	These resource are ideal for sersion blowers that are greater than 100 HP and have no VHD controls. The replacement must be single-stage centrifugal sension blower with automatic dissolved oxygen controls to be a cost-effective project.
Pump Retrofits	Retrofitz can be completed on pumps that are centrifugal pumps, do not have VFD or stop controls and pumps where, total nameplate IFP a pump of the 100 pumps where, total nameplate IFP a pump of the 100 pumps where, total nameplate IFP a pump of the 100 pumps include the installation of VFDDs, startistic pointrist, filted as views and bypass controls.
Other Measures	
Improved Building Design (More Construction Only)	incentives are given to buildings that are built above and beyond the required energy codes. These transcense will be incontriving an a part of the individual measure type lighting, lighting controls, (MAC, etc.) as foliated below for the purposes of qualifying for bear for extracting and are not superior measures form entertied of smaller behaviority. For individual, of a participant is traditing a lighting settliff at one indulty and is building a new hashity with a qualifying lighting project, all of the lighting research are considered one lighting research are for suppress of calculating lighting lighting project, all of the lighting research are
Rahigeration	These are a manches of entispection researches that are eligible for appropries or replacement in Gelengy Arturous Programs: - Evaporation from upgrades to electricalizely communicated motions: - Ansi-several hoster controls - Resilvanced from graduate - Resilvanced from graduate
Kitchen and Plumbing Upgrades	Them are a number of kitchen resources that are eligible for upgrades or explacement in Enterty Arkanson Programs: Low-Row such senters pray sulves Low-Row such senters Low-
Personal Computer Power	Personal Computer Power Management is a computer activate that have off the power of a device when it is not in use, or pub- the hardware into the lowest power devand state available. Excuse achools have a significant amount of computers, this meth- ic highly effective in conserving energy.

Ready to save? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkenses.com/citysmert.



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BENCHMARKING WITH **ENTERGY ARKANSAS**



Understand Your Energy Use Patterns to Save More.

Benchmarking and Your Facility

According to ENERGY STAR®, 30 percent of the energy consumed in commercial and industrial facilities is used inefficiently or unnecessarily.* Benchmarking your municipal building, school, university or commercial facility allows you to identify specific energy-wasting issues and pinpoint the most cost-effective ways to save energy and reduce energy costs.

How Will You Benefit?

- · Our no-cost benchmarking service compares your energy performance metrics to those of similar buildings and results in a prioritized list of projects that, if implemented, will increase efficiency and reduce your monthly Entergy Arkansas bill.
- · We also offer a no-cost energy master planning workshop to help stakeholders in your organization collaborate on short- and long-term plans for managing energy more effectively.
- · After you've implemented one or more of the suggested energy efficiency improvements, we can perform re-benchmarking services at no cost so that you can measure your energy savings progress and continue improving the efficiency of your buildings.

*Source: energystar.gov

How to Participate:

- 1. To sign up for this no-cost benchmarking service from the Entergy Arkansas CitySmartsM - SCOREsM Program, call us at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart.
- 2. Once you complete the registration process, a program representative will collect data from your building and provide a comprehensive benchmarking report. If you'd like to sign up for a no-cost energy master planning workshop, notify the program representative.
- 3. We can also provide you with contact details for Entergy Solutions trade allies, who are qualified to install the upgrades recommended in the benchmarking report.
- 4. Finally, you'll receive cash incentives for any qualified completed projects and you'll be eligible to receive followup benchmarking services every two years. To request follow-up benchmarking, call us at 877-212-2420.

Energy Efficiency and Benchmarking Facts

- · Organizations that consistently subject their commercial buildings to energy benchmarking can reduce their energy bills by seven percent over three years, according to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- New technologies and renewable energy sources have advanced and grown in popularity in recent years, but according to ENERGY STAR, energy efficiency remains the easiest and most cost-effective way to reduce energy consumption.*

Questions? Contact the Energy Efficiency Solutions Center at 877-212-2420 or visit entergyarkansas.com/citysmart.





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Daily Energy-Saving Actions



Our school is participating in an innovative initiative aimed at reducing our energy costs by incorporating energy-saving actions into our daily routines. Together we can achieve significant savings.

Building

- Close all blinds and window coverings in all areas.
- Make sure all windows and doors to the outside are closed and locked.
- Close all interior doors separating spaces (gyms, auditoriums, entryways).

Lighting & Devices

- □ Turn off lighting in all unoccupied areas.
- Only turn on lights where work is taking place.
- ☐ Check computer labs and make sure all computers and monitors are switched off.
- □ Turn off all display case lighting and hallway lighting.
- □ Turn off all cleaning room or janitorial closet lights when not in use.
- When the building is not occupied, make sure all interior lights are turned off except exit and emergency lighting.

Water

- ☐ Check all drinking fountains, faucets, showers and toilets for leaks.
- □ Report any leaks to the facilities team.
- Unplug fountains during major break periods.

Special Projects

- If performing major floor projects such as shampooing or waxing, do so with energy efficiency in mind
- Coordinate these activities with the facility maintenance departments.

Facility-Specific Items

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3.8.11 1219-EAI-1757472-Food Svc Daily Shutdown Handout -clean.pdf



Daily Energy-Saving Actions



Our school is participating in an innovative initiative aimed at reducing our energy costs by incorporating energy-saving actions into our daily routines. Together we can achieve significant savings.

Lighting

- □ Turn off walk-in cooler lights when not in use.
- □ Turn off all storage room and office lights when unoccupied.
- ☐ Turn off service area lights and table lights once service is complete.

Equipment

- □ Turn off open-air milk coolers when not in use.
- □ Turn off steam tables, warmers and coolers immediately after service.
- □ Turn off ovens and cooking equipment once cooking is complete.
- □ Turn off screens and POS systems after service.
- Consolidate cooler space and unplug any stand-up units not used.
- ☐ Shut off ice machines and drain during break times.
- Use exhaust fans only when cooking. Report any air returned to the space through the exhaust fan system. Air should be removed by the fan and not reintroduced to the space.

Water

- ☐ Ensure that faucets are turned off when not in use.
- □ Report any water leaks immediately.
- Ensure dishwashing equipment is only on when washing is active.

Facility-Specific Items

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3.8.12 1219-EAI-1757472-Occupant Daily Shutdown Handout-clean.pdf



Daily Energy-Saving Actions



Our school is participating in an innovative initiative aimed at reducing our energy costs by incorporating energy-saving actions into our daily routines. Together we can achieve significant savings.

A minute a day keeps our energy costs at bay.

□ Close window blinds.

Did you know? The sun radiates heat onto interior surfaces and increases air conditioning run time and cost. An air gap between windows and blinds acts as an insulating layer that prevents convection of hot or cold air and radiates both out at night.

□ Turn off ALL devices when not in use: display screen, computers, monitors, audio systems, printers, decorative lighting, desk or floor lamps, aquarium lights, cable boxes, TVs.

Did you know? Vampire, or phantom energy (energy used by devices when they are "off"), could account for 10 percent of residential electricity costs.

☐ Close doors and windows.

Eliminating just four hours of unneeded lighting per day in 10 classrooms can equate to enough savings to feed three students lunch for the entire school year.

Can you incorporate energy efficiency into your lesson plans?

Engaging your students in these activities will encourage a culture of energy efficiency awareness in your classroom and beyond.

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3.8.13 1219-EAI-CISMT-1769755-CitySmart Fact Sheet CLEAN.pdf



3.9.1 22540 EAL AG Bill Insert GrowYourGreen v07 Release Web



Grow your green.

The Entergy Arkansas Agricultural Energy Solutions Program offers incentives for you to switch to energy-efficient lighting and irrigation equipment.

- LED lighting can boost production, lower maintenance and energy costs, and improve security and worker safety.
- Efficient irrigation systems minimize environmental impacts and operating costs while reducing water and energy consumption.

Get long-term, cost-effective electric savings for your farm. Visit entergyarkansas.com/agriculture to learn more.



Reap the savings.

The Entergy Arkansas Agricultural Energy Solutions Program offers incentives on other equipment upgrades for your farm:

- Exhaust, circulation and high-volume, low-speed fans increase air circulation and cool spaces at a fraction of the standard energy usage.
- Milk pre-coolers remove heat from the milk before it enters the refrigeration system to cut energy costs.
- Variable-speed controllers for vacuum pumps reduce energy use and noise levels and extend the life of the pump and motor by reducing wear and tear.

Ready to get started?

Email us at agriculturaleal@icf.com or call 501-435-3010.



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3.9.2 AES_Custom Application_2021_V3 RELEASE



Agricultural Energy Solutions Program is offered to agribusiness customers
critering Arkansas. Custom incentives are available for more complex
regressively projects and are based on energy savings, all custom projects
ultime preapproval prior to purchase or installation.

All applications for incentives must be preapproved by Enlergy Arkansas prior to purchasing and installing equipment. A preinstallation verification may be required.

Upon recept of written approval, the customer may begin project installation. Projects must be completed by the date indicated on
the preapproval letter.



- Customers must notify Entergy Arkansas upon project completion. If the project is completed in a manner different from what was indicated in the approved application, the customer shall provide an amended application and explanation of changes prior to making the changes. Incentives with be determined based upon the actual qualified equipment installed. Copies of invoices for all work are
- Upon final approval of the project, incentives will be paid to the customer (account holder) within six to eight weeks

Company Name:	ation (Entergy Arkansas Acc	Contact Pareon:		Title	
Company Name:		Conset Person:		1000	
Street Address:		Entergy Arkansus Elec	ctric Account Number		
City:	ZIP Code:	Email:		Telephone	
Mailing Address (if different):		City:		State:	ZIP Code:
□ Corporation □ LLC □ Partn	arahip 🗆 Individual Proprietorahip	□ Not-for-Profit			_
Ferm Type: Aqueculture Cet	tle 🗆 Deiry 🗆 Delta/Row Crops	□ Poultry □ Swine □	Other	Expected Comple	etion Date:
Trade Ally Information					
Trade Ally Company Name:		Contact Person:		Title:	
Street Address:		City:		State:	ZIP Code:
License Number:		Email:		Telephone	
Customer Acknowledgme	ent				
Pre-Installation - By signing	below, I hereby certify that a			are correct to the	he best of my
Authorized Representative (please prin	4:	Trtle:			
Authorized Signature:		Date:			
Post-Installation – By signir satisfied with their installati	ng below, I hereby certify that on.	I have seen the energy	efficiency meas	sures that have b	een Installed and I
Authorized Representative (please prin	4:	Title:			
Authorized Signature:		Date:			
	NIV				
ADMINISTRATIVE USE O			Program Rep	resentative:	
ADMINISTRATIVE USE O	Project Number:				
			Prespproved	Incentive \$:	

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Boost production, lower costs and save energy by installing energy-efficient lighting equipment.

Lighting can be a major contributor to your horticulture facility's energy use and costs. Installing energy-efficient lighting can make your facility more productive and help you save on your Entergy bill.

Entergy Arkansas offers incentives on eligible LEDs, lighting controls and other qualifying lighting equipment to help you save energy while lowering operating costs.

Discover the Benefits

No matter the size of your indoor grow room, greenhouse or other indoor horticulture facility, LEDs:

- Boost production to help you grow your green faster and easier.
- Lower HVAC costs by reducing the energy it takes to cool your facility.
- Improve employee and visitor safety.
- Enhance security.
- Set you apart as an environmentally responsible green facility.

According to the U.S. Department of Energy, horticulture lighting uses annual electricity equal to approximately 550,000 U.S. households. Switching to LEDs could reduce annual energy use by 40% saving approximately \$240 million per year.

More Ways To Save

By providing incentives to horticultural businesses that are installing energy-efficient equipment, Entergy Arkansas helps reduce upfront improvement expenses, as well as long-term energy costs. In addition to LEDs, incentives are available on variable frequency drives for irrigation pumps and ventilation equipment.

Start Saving

To learn more about the Agricultural Energy Solutions Program, call 501-435-3010 or visit entergyarkansas.com/agriculture.

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Test test 123 test drive Apt E6 Russellville, AR 71937

Dear Test test

Thank you for participating in the Entergy Arkansas Agricultural Energy Solutions Program.

We invite you to provide feedback about your experience through our brief customer survey. The survey will only take a few minutes to complete, and your valuable response will help us improve our service to customers just like you.

Please go to tinyurl.com/AgriculturalEnergy or use your smartphone to scan the QR code below to begin the survey



Interested in other ways Entergy Arkansas can help with energy-efficient upgrades to your farm? Please visit entergysolutionsar.com for more information.

If you need additional assistance or have any questions, feel free to call 501-435-3010 or email AgriculturalEAL@icf.com.

Sincerely,

Beau Blankenship Project Manager Entergy Arkansas

3.9.6 Survey Email

APSC FILED Time: 5/1/2023 8:36:58 AM: Recvd 5/1/2023 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793

Thank you for participating in an Entergy Solutions program.



donotreply@programprocessing.com Thu 10/15/2020 2:30 PM To: Goryachev, Igor

Dear Test Test,

 ${\it Thank you for participating in the Entergy Arkansas Agricultural Energy Solutions Program.}$

We invite you to provide feedback about your experience through our brief customer survey. The survey will only take a few minutes to complete, and your valuable response will help us improve our service to customers just like you.

Click <u>here</u> to begin the survey.

Interested in other ways Entergy Arkansas can help with energy-efficient upgrades to your farm? Please visit our website for more information.

If you need additional assistance or have any questions, feel free to call 501-435-3010 or email AgriculturalEAL@icf.com.

Beau Blankenship Project Manager Entergy Arkansas



Privacy Policy

3.9.7 AES Guidebook_2022_RELEASE.pdf



A variety of lighting controls incertives are available. These controls save energy by turning the lights off when a space is unoccupied. These incertives are not available for some new construction or major renovation projects.

technologies. So, while a specific custom measure is approved under one project, it does not guarantee that the same technology will be approved on any other project.

Typical custom measures include, but are not limited to:





The completion date of all projects should not extend beyond Nov. 30 of the current program year, unless approved in writing by the program implementer.

Measure	Measure Description
Lighting	Retroft lighting projects that replace existing lighting systems with more efficient lighting. There are a variety of lamp, ballest and finture combinations that are eligible for this program dependent upon existing conditions.

Custom Project Process Flow Application Intaba rate

polications can be submitted by the following methods:

One the application is sent to Dristoy Arismans, the inchrisial review process begins. If there are quantities regarding program rigidally, in Chargy Arismans representable will consider the individuals island on the application. If a project passes the news process, a pre-approved letter individuals island on the application. If a project passes the news process, a pre-approved letter of the control project passes the newspect process, and the control project passes are applications with a position of the control project passes are applications and the position will be passed on a valid bit. In the order in which the applications are necessarily project passes to the valid bit may be able to research the honorists that only the control program year? If projects are concelled and funds become available.

Once a completed application has been submitted, Enterpy Arkaneae begins the technical review process.

To do so, Enlargy Afkanesa reviews the supporting documentation including all equipment specifications required to prove eligibility. Lighting projects require an Electronic Lighting Worksheet that provides a detailed lighting inventory of the entire project.

If any concerns arise, the Enterpy Arkaneae technical reviewer will contact the trade ally or customer. All documentation must be accurate and thorough to be pre-approved. The typical Technical Review process takes three to bur veeles for custom applications. Once the technical notive is completed, Enterpy Arkaneae may request a pre-inspection.

After the customer has received the pre-approval letter for a custom application, the customer may complete the retroit, renovation or construction project lated in the application. The unknown or thinks ally is responsible for notifying (Intergy Africanes when the project has been

Please be advised that the pre-approval reserves the program funds through Nov. 30 of the ourself program year.

- Any changes made to project acceps.

 Final Invoices.

 Signed (by customer) application, verifying equipment has been installed as listed on the application.

Please note Entergy Advances must receive final project notification of completion prior to Nov. 30 of the current program year.

If it is determined that a post-inspection will be performed, a program representative will contact the customer or trade sily to set up the site inspection.

Incentive Payments

Quality Management Systems

Quality Assurance

Country Assertance.

To increase the ownell quality of the program, trade sily training courses will be provided for trade siles servicing agricultural customers. The focus of these training courses is to ensure that periopating trade siles are increading able of all program details and processes as well as to help position that comparise to promote the Agricultural Energy Solutions Program.

Upon mosipt, all application forms go through a quality control review for eligibility, completeness and accuracy.

For custom projects, a more in-depth review is completed by the technical reviewer to ensure technical eligibility is met and to verify the accuracy of energy-savings estimates.

In addition to these reviews, all projects are subject to on-site inspections to confirm pre-suisting and installed measures and operating conditions. Pre- and post-respections will be selected on a rendom basis. Topically, if will conside of 20% of the qualifying measures.

If your project falls its inspection, additional inspections will be conducted in an attempt to determine whether there is reasonable assurance that the project has been documented and that the actual savings can be verified.

in connection with any such inspection, adjustments to the application may be required for completion and submission to Entergy Arkansas. Depending on the discrepancies found, the incentive amount may increase or decrease.

Once a participant submits an application for an incentive, a program representative will become the main point of contact for all communications. The program representative will be in regular contact with participants throughout the process.

in addition, written communications will be mailed to the participant to document key mile such as:

- Making information letter if any information required to evaluate the project is missing.
 Project withdraw letter informing participant of the reasoning for cancellation of the application.
 Payment notification letter notifying the customer that the application process is complete.

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Frequently Asked Questions

The selection of a trade ally to perform work is the sole decision of the property owner, customer and/or authorized issues/bocupant.

inclusion of a trade ally in the participating trade ally list for the program does not constitute an endomement by Entergy Arkansas or ICF of any product, individual or company.

Enterry Arkanese is pleased to partner with local trade allies to promote energy efficiency services to business customers through the Agricultural Energy Solutions Program. Trade allies help raise swamness of the program and inform customers about the opportunities and hourstwas waiting.

CL Who is 10°F and stry are they provided?

If it is a range consulting some spirit ones sticled through a consolition bidding process
by through Advances in replacent the Aprillation Energy Solitions Program. (Of the
strategic Assessment in replacent the Aprillation Energy Solitions Regions.) (Of the sticked in the Solition Energy Solitions and Solition Energy Solitions and Solition Energy Solitions and Solitions Energy Solitions (Of the Solitions) in this Solition.

Q: Are incentive available for gas-consuming devices? The Entery Adamse Aproximal Energy Obstains Program encourages more efficient use of selectivity. With it has program does not first hair! we encourage automent to contact their gas provider for information about what programs they may offer.

Q: Will the program change from year to year? The program was designed using a basis-precision approach from utilities across the country. However, programs are reviewed perfodically, and it is possible for programmatic processes or elements, including boardives, to change from year to year.

Terms and Conditions

PROGRAM OFFER: This application covers products purchased and installed after Jan. 1, 2022, and is not into active for products purchased or installed prior to this date. Presponde is required for all projects. The program offers \$0.17 per kWh saved annually up to 75% of the product cost.

up to 10% of this product cost.

In INJUSTIC STATE PROGUET COST.

IN INJUSTIC STATE STATE CONTINUES AT A SOCIAL CONTINUES AND A CONTINUES AND INTERESTINATE AND A CONTINUES AND INTERESTINATE AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUE AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUE AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUE AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUE AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUE AND A CONTINUES AND A CONTINUE AND A CONT

the right to make follow-up visits to customer facilities during the 35 months following the actual completion of the project to provide Entergy Arkanase with an opportunity to review the operation of the measures for program evaluation purposes.

TRADE ALLY SELECTION: The customer may salect any trade sily to perform the work contemplated by the application, whether an Entergy Advances trade sily or not. However, Entergy Advances reserves the high. In its cole reasonable discretion, to prohibit specific trade allies from program participation.

WARRANTES: Undergy Arkaneae and ICF do not endorse, guarantee or warrant any particular manufacturer or product and Entergy Arkaneae and ICF provide no warrant any particular manufacturer or product and Entergy Arkaneae and ICF provide no warrantee as a proper or response by the product or searches. Entergy Arkaneae and ICF do a not table or response before any act or consecut of any company three by the customer of lample control or searches. The customer arkaneae are store, or be provided by Irade alles, vendors, etc. The customer acknowledges that neither Entergy Arkaneaes not ICF or any of the consultants are responsible for exacuting the design, engineering and construction of the facility or installation of the measures is proper or compless with my particular less including pasters less, include or the charge standards, meade to be achieved by the measures or the adequacy of safety of such measures.

LINITATION OF LIABILITY: Entergy Aforanas' and program implementer ICF's sole liability is limited to paying the property qualified incentives apecified herein. Entergy Aforanas and ICF shall not be liable to the customer or any other party for any indirect, consequential or incidental damages, regardless of the theory of recovery, caused by o skillow from any unfilled seamontained with this renorm.

LIABILITY WANTER: By executing an application, the Customer voluntarily agrees not to hold Entergy Adamses, ICF, its trade allies or any of their stillates, directors, officers, employees, agent, or contractors labels for any linear or injury. Customer further agrees not to angage in any inappropriate actions or otherwise endanger the safety or health of same.

OBLASHOUS BETWEEN THE PARTEE: The customer actionals does that any trade alsy actioned by the customer in one a spent or trade sky of chirtagy. Actionate and an independent trade sky anguage day the customer, and that Enlargy Actionate does not manage or control the trade sky performance. Distagy Actionate shall have no obligation to maintain, remove or perform any unot whateverse on the measures installed. Enlargy Actionate shall have no labelity for trade sky's blanc to perform, but him of the measures to function, it was dranged to the outcomer's premises cussed by the trade sky of the any to function.

CUSTOMER COMMUNICATION: Participant agrees that Entergy Arkanasa or Entergy Arkanasa' program implementer may contact participant via mail, prince, text message or email in connection with the program, including quality assurance communication.

..

JUSTOMER TAX OBLIGATION: The customer is responsible for declaring and paying my and all applicable federal, state and local taxes that may be owed on any incentive syment.

an measures purchased for installation under this application.

PROJECT VERIFICATION: Enterpy Arizaneas is not obligated to pay any incertible until it has performed a statisticary post-installation serification; if Enterpy Arizaneas determines that measures were not installation in a manner consistent with the approved application, or if an unapproved measures were installated or if the installation was not consistent with generally accepted engineering practices, changes may be required bettier payment is issued. Enterpy Arizaneas and is latified, in territorial paying the property qualified non-intrinse appendix have in installation and in the part of the arizaneas or any of the artificate and its labels to the customer or any other party for any information, consequently or indicated contributions and the party of the profession, and the party of the artification of moderated features, required as of the Sharoyy and recovery, caused by or arizing from any activities searched with this program.

at any time without notice. In the event of a program change, preapproved applications will be processed to completion under the terms and conditions in effect at time of preapproved. Entiry Advances' obligation to pay incombave will occur only after Entergy Advances has granted written authorization, which Entergy Advances may approve or disapprove at its acid discretion.

PROJECT APPROVAL: Preapproval is nequired for all custom and preacriptive projects.
Entropy Arkaneae reserves the right to pre-verify any project prior to preapproval. No
project-instead measures may be ordered or installed prior to the date of Entergy Arkaneae'
preapproval.

COMPLIANCE: The customer is responsible for obtaining any and all necessary licenses and permits related to the installation of measures. The customer size agrees to comply with all federal, state and local laws and regulations related to the installation and disposal of all equipment.

REMOVAL OF EQUIPMENT: The customer agrees to remove and dispose of the equipment being replaced by the measures in accordance with all legal requirements. The customer agrees not to reinitiate usy of this equipment in the Entergy Arkansas service territory or bransfer it to any other party for such installation.

REPLACEMENT OF FAILED EQUIPMENT: Customers who install measures are expected to replace any of the measures that fall with similar or superior energy-saving equipment of the customer's expense.

EVALUATION FOLLOW-UP VISITS: With advance notice, Enlargy Arkanese reserves
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2022 Agricultural Energy Solutions Program Guidebook

MESCELLANEOUS: These terms and conditions and this application constitute the entire agreement between the parties and supersede all other communications and representations.

Entergy Arkansas 2022 Agricultural Energy Solutions Program Guidebook

Agricultural Energy Solutions Program Case Study



15

16

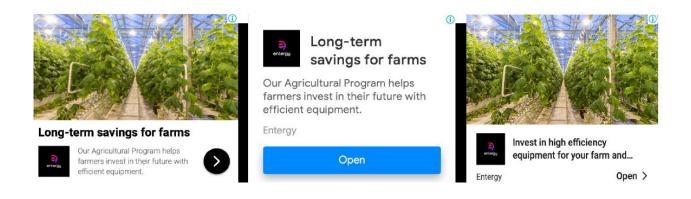
3.9.8 AES AG Online Display Ads 2022







3.9.9 AG Program Banners Display 2022



3.9.10 EAL Homepage Banner_Ag_March 2022.docx



Reduce energy costs on your farm.

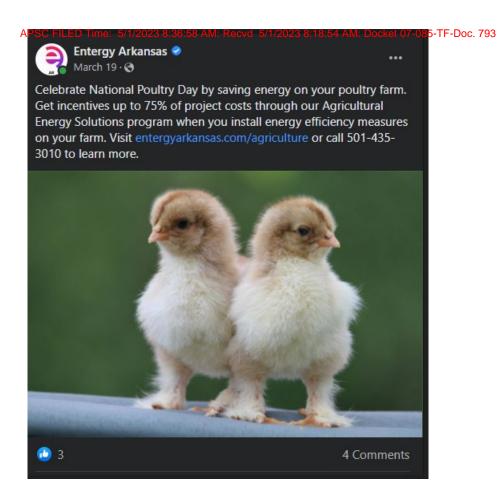
Get incentives covering up to 75% of project costs when you install energy-efficient measures through our Agricultural Energy Solutions program.

LEARN MORE

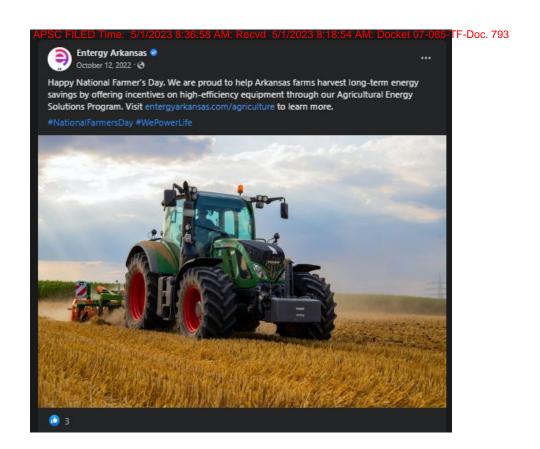
LEARN MORE Link - https://www.entergy-arkansas.com/your_business/save_money/ee/agricultural/

3.9.11 AES EAL 2022 Social Media Posts – Facebook and Twitter









3.10 Residential Direct Load Control

3.10.1 31195_EAL_Jan_Biz_Email_v01_RELEASE.pdf



3.10.2 32734_EAL_Feb_Dtc_Email_v01_RELEASE_forQuestline.pdf









ENTERGY SOLUTIONS Get a \$0 thermostat* just in time for summer Celebrate summer by enrolling in our Smart Direct Load Control Program to optimize your home's energy use. "foul! save energy and money, receive a 50 smart thermostat, and get a cash incentive each year you pertopate." The more you participate, the more you earn. Make the most of your opportunities to save. Enjoy the summertime savings. Visit us online or call 833-807-7682 for more debits or to get started antergy







You'll optimize how your business uses energy so you use less, plus you'll get a smart thermostat professionally installed (a \$225 value) at no cost* to you. And at the end of each year, you'll get a cash incentive of up to \$100 for every enrolled thermostat that participates.



Enroll >



Visit us online or call 833-807-7682 to enroll.

⁶ Eligible Entergy Arkenses customers receive a smart thermostat at no additional cost when they participate in the Smart Direct Load Control Program.

We power life."



A microgo Tran belings Arrance, LLC 60000 billings Service, LLC. All HighEn Inservice.
The Change Schildrap program is an every efficiency program and not affiliated with Change Schildrap. LLC.
This error was well by billings Arrance. LLC. 429 WAN Copies, USB (Hos. All 1220).
To exacting your preferences, change your renall address or day mounting these self-coders, wall your preference grange.





Wrap up your year with a smart move by enrolling in our Smart Direct Load Control Program. You'll optimize how your business uses energy, plus you'll get a smart thermostat professionally installed (a \$225 value) at no cost to you.\(^1\) And at the end of each year you'll get a cash incentive of up to \$100 for every enrolled thermostat that participates.



Enroll >



On a few summer days, we may send a signal to slightly raise the temperature for a short time (never on holidays or weekends). You can opt out up to three times per year and still get the cash incentive.



Aiready have a smart thermostat? Great. Sign up with your qualifying thermostat to get an enrollment incentive of up to \$50.

Visit us online or call 833-807-7682 to enroll.

"Digitive Enlargy Artenses customers receive a smert thermostal at no additional cost when they participate in the Great Direct Load Control Program.

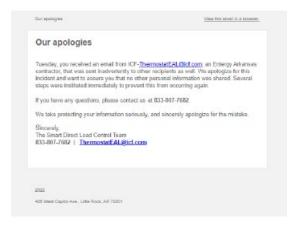
We power life.



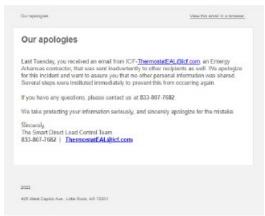
This email was sent by Entergy Advances, ILC. 425 West Capitol, Libb Roos, AN 72271.

To manage your professional, change your small existess or stop receiving these rollifornions, Vell your <u>professional page</u>

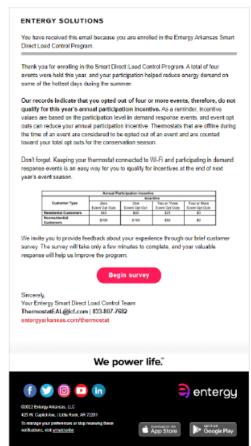
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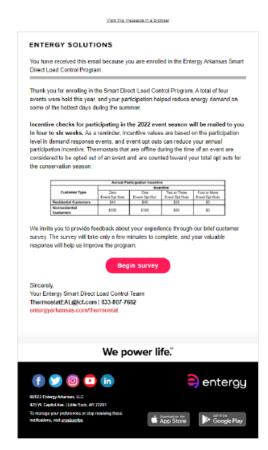


3.10.13 Apology Email Follow Up.pdf



Year this message in a proviser





3.10. 16 Summer Advantage Bilingual Doorhanger 2022 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793



3.10.17 Summer Advantage Postcard v1 2022





Ready. Set. SAVE.

We power life."





Ready. Set. SAVE.

We power life."

3.11.1 27937_EAL_DLC_BYOD_Bill_Insert_v02_RELEASE-WEB.pdf



Turn up the savings.

The Smart Direct Load Control Program can help lower your energy costs and offers cash incentives for participating every year.

Entergy Arkansas is helping commercial customers save energy and money the smart way. Enroll your qualifying smart thermostats in our program to receive:

- Up to \$100 for each thermostat upon sign-up.
- Up to \$100 every year for each participating thermostat.

Interested in this easy way to save? Visit entergyarkansas.com/thermostat to learn more.



How it works.

- Get incentives for each qualifying smart thermostat that you add to the program.
- On a few hot days from June through September (never on holidays or weekends), when the demand and cost for electricity are highest, we may send a signal to your thermostat to slightly raise the temperature for a brief time.
- You'll save energy, help prevent outages and earn a cash incentive at the end of each year—up to \$100 for each thermostat.
- The more you participate, the more you earn. So, make the most of your opportunities to save.

Ready to get started?

Learn more and sign up today at entergyarkansas.com/thermostat.



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E-072102

WE POWER LIFE*



Kick off summer with a smart thermostat that saves energy and money.

Now that summer is just around the corner it's the perfect time to get a smart thermostat that can provide convenience and insight while giving you control of your home's comfort and energy use. These smart devices learn your personal preferences to automatically adjust your home's temperature when you come and go. And by connecting them to your home's Wi-Fi, you can control the temperature from anywhere, using your smartphone or tablet. A smart thermostat is a great tool for controlling your home's energy use.

Smart Thermostate

- Learn your temperature preferences and establish a schedule that adjusts to energy-saving temperatures when you're asleep or away.
- Provide home-energy-use data that you can track and manage.
- · Give you control of your home's cooling and heating remotely through your smartphone.

Enroll in the <u>Entergy Arkansas Smart Direct Load Control Program</u> and get a smart thermostat with professional installation on us - a \$225 value. Plus get a cash incentive of up to \$40 at the end of each year you participate in the program. It's a smart, simple way to save energy and money.

Already have a smart thermostat? Great. Sign up with your qualifying thermostat and receive an enrollment incentive of up \$50.

Take your savings a step further with these energy-saving tips:

- Curb daytime use of big appliances like washers, dryers and dishwashers.
- . Turn off lights when you leave a room. You'll get to enjoy more natural light and save energy.
- Use smart power strips that automatically sense when devices are inactive and cut their power supply to save energy.
- . Keep your vents clear to help your heating system work more efficiently.

Enjoy smart, simple savings. Visit us online or call 833-807-7682 to learn more.

3.11.3 EAL_DLC_ Circuit Newsletter Article_July_2022.docx



Keep you and your family comfortable with a smart thermostat.

With smart thermostats, you can save energy and maintain your home's comfort no matter where you are. These thermostats are designed to learn your lifestyle whether you are home or not. Simply connect the smart thermostat to your home's Wi-Fi and then you can start controlling your home's temperature from anywhere you go, using your tablet or smartphone. Smart thermostats provide convenience, insight and control of your home's comfort and energy use.

Save money and stay comfortable

Smart thermostats that have earned the ENERGY STAR® certification are a great investment since almost half of the average household energy bill goes to heating and cooling. That's more than \$900 a year. And with an ENERGY STAR certified smart thermostat, you get optimal energy savings and home comfort at the same time.

Take your savings a step further.

Enroll in the Entergy Arkansas Smart Direct Load Control Program and get an ENERGY STAR certified smart thermostat with professional installation on us – a \$225 value. Plus, get a cash incentive of up to \$40 for each thermostat enrolled at the end of each year you participate in the program. Don't wait, start saving energy and money today.

Already have a smart thermostat2 No problem. Sign up with your qualifying thermostats and receive a one-time enrollment incentive of up \$50 per thermostat and up to \$40 per year for each thermostat.

Stay comfortable and enjoy simple savings. Visit entergyarkansas.com/thermostat to learn more.

SMART DIRECT LOAD CONTROL PILOT	PROGRAM			NEW STATE OF THE S	Sen Si			
Customer Information Last Name:								
	Last Name: Entergy Account #: Select One: Owner Renter							
First Name: Email Address:								
Daytime Phone #:								
Street Address:	City:		ZIP:	County:				
Trade Ally Information								
Business Name:		Technician	Name:					
Home Qualification Information								
Total Square Footage of Home:	Number of C	occupants In Home:		Age of Home In Years	E			
Project Information								
	lifying Questions:			Yes	No			
Does the customer have functioning WI-FI? If yes, cir			Satellite		Not Eligible			
Is the customer a current participant in the Summer A		•		Not Eligible				
Is the current thermostat an advanced smart thermost								
Does the customer wish to be considered for an additi	onal incentive to al	low data-logging device	to be installed (at tim	е				
of thermostat installation or at a later date)? Installation Date: mm/dd/yy Measure Lo	ocation:	Heating Type:						
			GasElectric R	esistance Heat Pump	Unknown			
Type of Thermostat Replaced: Manual Digital Programm	able	Control A/C	Hoot Dump Who	dow A/C ES Window	Exer Only N/A			
If programmable, was the thermostat prop		Thermostat Manufac		Thermostat Serial #:	rans Only NA			
programmed? Yes No	oriy	Thermostat mandia	culoi.	memorat senar #.				
Manual Digital Programm Programmable, was the thermostat proprogrammed? Yes No		Cover Plate Installed	Yes Yes	No				
(i) HVAC Manufacturer:	D BNAC Manufacturer: Toppone: # of Compressors: Area #8:							
E IIVAC Maliulactural.		1						
RLA: FLA:		M&V Device:	es No	M&V Device ID:				
Installation Date: mm/dd/yy Messure Lo		Harden Toron						
"	reacion.	Heating Type:	Gas Electric R	esistance Heat Pump	Unknown			
Type of Thermostat Replaced:		Cooling Type:			, ,			
Manual Digital Programm				dow A/C ES Window	Fans Only N/A			
If programmable, was the thermostat prop programmed? Yes No	erry	Thermostat Manufac	curer.	Thermostat Serial #:	1			
Manual Digital Programm If programmable, was the thermostat prop programmed? Yes No C-Wire installed? Yes No		Cover Plate Installe	17 Yes	□ No				
HVAC Manufacturer:	Tonnage:	# of Compressors:		Area ff2-				
E IIVAC Mandiacturer.	. s.mago.	compressions.		Albaic.				
RLA: FLA:		M&V Device:	es No	M&V Device ID:				
	You must confirm that the thermostat and HVAC are functioning properly after install.							
	The customer and thermostat MUST be registered with manufacturer before leaving customer's home.							
The following must be submitted along with this application: Customer invoice showing installation cost and incentive for each thermostat.								
Photo(s) of manufacturer nameplate(s) on outdoor compressor unit.								
 Photo(s) of the replaced thermostat. A message from Enlergy Arkansas, LLC \$2020 Enlergy Services	Prioto(s) or the replaced thermostat. Amessage from Entergy Artansas, LLC 62020 Entergy Services, LLC. All Rights Reserved. The Entergy Solutions program is an energy efficiency program and not affiliated with Entergy Solutions, LLC.							
<u></u>	_		o '	WE POW	ER LIFE			



3.11.6 23706_EAL_SmartDLC_BYOD_Flyer_Residential_v04_RELEASE_print.pdf





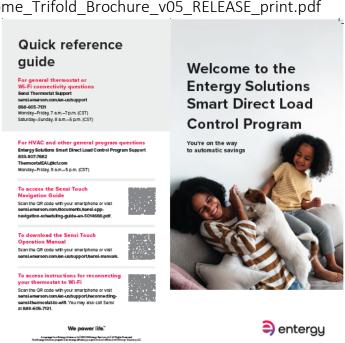


3.11.8 32736 EAL DLC Welcome Trifold Brochure v05 RELEASE print.pdf

Congratulations on enrolling

Here's a reminder about how the Entergy Solutions Smart Direct Load Control Program works:

- · When demand for electricity is highest, a signal will be sent to your thermostats to adjust the temperature by two to four degrees.
- · You will receive an alert when an energy-saving demand response (conservation) event begins.
- You'll learn the time that the event is scheduled to end.
- By participating, you qualify for an annual incentive It's your reward for helping to reduce electricity demand during times of highest strain.



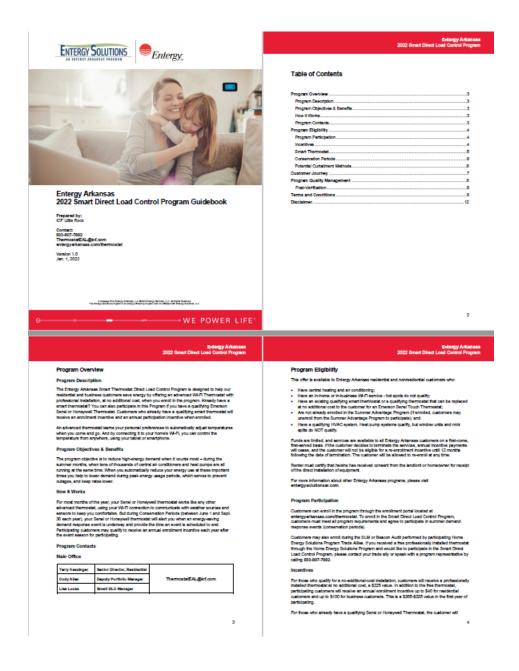
Customer Satis	faction S	urvey - S	mart Direc	ct Load Co	ontrol Prog	ram
Thank you for taking Arkansas Smart Dire			your feedbad	ck on your exp	perience with the	ne Entergy
* 1. Please describe Control Program.		satisfaction	n with the En	itergy Arkans	as Smart Dire	ect Load
O Very Satisfied						
○ Satisfied						
○ Neutral						
O Somewhat Unsatis	sfied					
O Very Unsatisfied						
* 2. How did you firs	st become av	vare of this	Entergy Solu	ıtions progra	m? 🔽	
○ Entergyarkansas	.com					
General online sea	arch					
○ Friend or neighbor						
○ Trade ally (Entergy	y Solutions con	tractor)				
 Entergy Arkansas 	email					
O Entergy Solutions	staff member					
O Social media						
Other (please specify):						
* 3. Why did you par	rticipate in th	nis program	? Select all ti	hat apply. 🔽	I	
☐ To receive a free the	nermostat					
☐ To save money on	my energy bill					
Neighbor/friend en	couraged me					
☐ To improve the effi	ciency of my h	ome				
To help the enviror	nment					
☐ To improve the cor	mfort of my hor	ne or busines	3			
Other (please specify):						
* 4. How likely would	d you be to r	ecommend	this Entergy	Solutions pr	ogram to oth	ers? 🔽
O Very likely						
Likely						
O Not Sure						
O Somewhat Unlikely	у					
Ounlikely						
* 5. Based on your recent experience, please rate your level of satisfaction with the trade ally (contractor) who installed your thermostat.						
	Very Satisfied	Satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Unsatisfied	Very Unsatisfied	Not Applicable
Ease of making appointment	0	0	0	0	0	0
On-time arrival for the appointment	0	0	0	0	0	0
Notifying you ahead of time that they are					0	0

* 5 Based on your recent experience, please rate your level of satisfaction with the trade ally (contractor) who installed your thermostat.

	Very Satisfied	Satisfied	Neubal	Somewhat. Unsatisfied	Very Unsatisfied	Not Applicable	
Ease of making appointment	0	0	0	0	0	0	
On-time arrival for the appointment	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Notifying you shead of time that they are going to be running late	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Overall appearance	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Had a friendly and courteous attitude	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Responded to specific energy concerns and questions	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Clearly described how the thermostat worked	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Your home or business was left the way they found it	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Comfortable Neutral Somewhat Uncom Very Uncomfortable	ale (hot)						
* 7. Did you opt out warm?	of a conserv	ation event	due to your h	ome or bus	iness becomi	ng too	
O Yes							
O No							
O I did not opt out							
Do you have any suggestions for improving this Entergy Solutions program or is there anything you liked or disliked about this program?							
* 9. How has your overall experience as an Entergy Arkansas customer been?							
○ Very Satisfying							
() Satisfying							
○ Neutral							
O Unsatistying							

○ Very Unsatisfying

* 10. Assuming everyone could choose their providers, what is the likelihood you would recommend Entergy Arkansas to a friend or colleague?					
○ Very Likely					
○ LIKely					
○ Not Sure					
O Somewhat Unlike	ty .				
Unlikely					
11. Please enter the	information indicated below (optional).				
First Name:					
Last Name:					
Phone Number:					
Email Address:					
	Proceed by Starrey/Montkey See here easy it is as greate a purey.				
	Privary & Capita Notice				



oc. 793

First Exrollment Incendire			
Path	Incentive		
Direct installation Residential and Nonresidential	No Additional Cost Professionally Installed Thermostat (\$225 value)		
Bring Your Own Qualifying Device Residential	950		
Bring Your Own Qualifying Device Nonresidential	\$100		

Annual Participation Incantive							
	Incentive						
Customer Type	Zero One Two or Three		Two or Three	Four or More			
	Event Opt Outs	Event Opt Out	Event Opt Outs	Event Opt Outs			
Residental Customers	\$40	\$40	\$25	90			
Nonresidential Customers	\$100	\$100	\$50	90			

Enlargy Arkanses 2022 Smart Direct Load Control Program



Program Quality Management

Post-Verification

unerroll from the Summer Advantage Program to participate.

Hillast have a qualifying HVAC system. Heat pump systems qualify, but window units and mini spits do NOT qualify.

RENTER'S CERTIFICATION: Ranter certifies that he/she has received consent from the landlord or homeowner for receipt of the direct installation or direct ship of equipment.

INCENTIVES: Energy Advances may, from time-to-dine, modify the incentive structure. The themselsel traitable by a trade sky or program representables shall make the property of the cultomer, but the cultomer gaves to notify Energy Advances immediately if the Cultomer decorrects or removes the Engineers, an action which will sentiment the Cultomer's eligibility for incentives. This Agreement is not adaptable or demands transferrise by the Cultomer.

REMOVAL OF EQUIPMENT: The Customer agrees, as a condition of participation in the program, for direct installation and direct objusted-install of a smart themsosts, to allow remov of the themsosts being replaced in sociotance with all laws, rules and regulations. The Customer agrees not to installati any newly installed expignment or newly worked areast hismostical sequence in Advances or through to the order rapping for installation in Advances.

ENDORSEMENT: Energy Arkansas does not endorse any system design, claim, trade ally or service in promoting this program.

BFORMATION RELEASE: Perloquet agrees the Entery Adanese and any contractor or other vendor providing services or export under this program for Entering Adanese may have access to and use participant a name, address, Entering Adanese account number, thermostic ages date to Entering Adanese account number, thermostic ages date to Entering Adaneses account number, thermostic ages date to Entering Adaneses account number to the adaptive address and account of the adaptive account of the account of the adaptive account of the adaptiv

LIMITATION OF LIMITED TO PARKHAD AND PROGRAM MIR. RIENTER IOTS
LIMITATION TO WARNING THE INCOMINE DEFORMED IN NO EXECT WALL
MINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF

The Customer understands that Entergy Arkanasa assumes no responsibility for and shall have no responsibility for the condition or repair of the Customer's certail air conditioner or other equipment. The Customer understands that the Customer is responsible for the repair and maintainance of the Customer's equipment.

Enlergy Arkanses 2022 Smart Direct Load Control Program

any inappropriate actions or otherwise entanger the solity or health of sensor WMRDARTECE (tagge Advances and CF of not enterned the paper comprision of sends or performance of healthed (jeth seathers) or otherwise (jet enterned explanent, supressly or implicitly, Criticaly, Advances and CF of one denotines, guartesian or available and manufacture or product, and Enterly Advances and CF provide no warmed any periode implicit, for any product, and Enterly Advances and CF provides no warmed seq. product, and the second of the second product of the second second second yellow, the production of the second product purpose in participation of the second sec

ROURT TO REPUBLIC The Driency Arkansas trade ally, doops Denicae or program implements has the right to refuse service or end the delivery when combroles by a Customer exting has propertied by refuse holding or unask statute. Trapporposite for inclinate to the inclinate to the billioning unreasonable demands for service, secondly threathering or off-movile language, threathering or end-beavier, fallure to comply with health and step recommendate and personal contact. Activities the sity seconds the right to sociate any premises, or violaty health, described pointingly unasks to results.

AUTHORIZATION, PROGRAM CHANGES, SUSPENSION OR CANCELLATION: Enlargy Arianness may change the program requirements, honefiles or farms and conditions, including suspending acceptance of applications or laminating the program, at any time without notice.

MANDITUTINO WAINVER: Incidental and up to finaging, Performance and the Streety Arlaneas, LLC and file affiliated companies, and easilys the unqualified and unconditional right and permission in premission, supplying highlight, chadais, and to enhance use asked and permission is represented, copyright, problem, chadais, and to enhance use asked and advantage of the street of the supplying and and an advantage of the supplying an advantage of the supplying and advantage of the supplying and advantage is an advantage of the supplying and advantage is an advantage of the supplying and advantage is an advantage of the supplying and advantage is an advantage of the supplying the supplyi

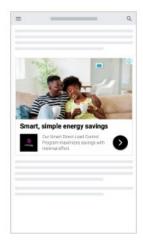
MISCELLANEOUS: These terms and conditions constitute the agreement between the parties and supersade all other communications and representations. By executing an enrollment, the Customer agrees to be bound by these terms and conditions.

Energy efficiency gains are subject to a number of variable conditions and circumstances. While it is the intent of the program to achieve energy efficiencies, neither Entergy Advances nor ICF guarantees or versions that any appoint energy efficiency gains will be achieved for a particular customer participating in the program.

$3.11.11\ \mathsf{SDLC}\ \mathsf{Online}\ \mathsf{Display}\ \mathsf{Ads}\ \mathsf{2022}\ \mathsf{8:36:58}\ \mathsf{AM:}\ \mathsf{Recvd}\ \mathsf{5/1/2023}\ \mathsf{8:18:54}\ \mathsf{AM:}\ \mathsf{Docket}\ \mathsf{07-085-TF-Doc.}\ \mathsf{793}$





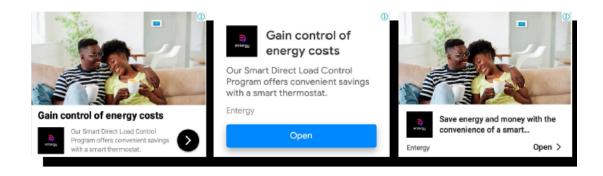






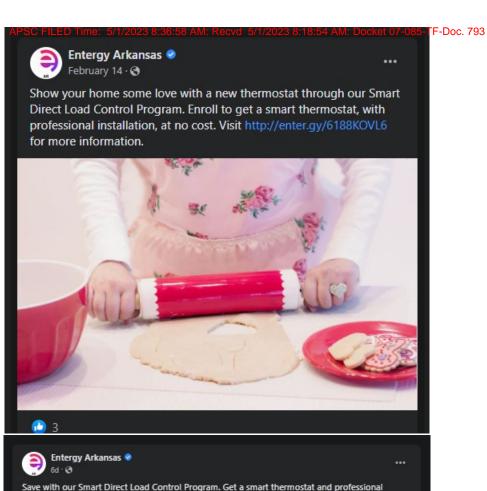


3.11.12 SDLC Program Banners Display 2022





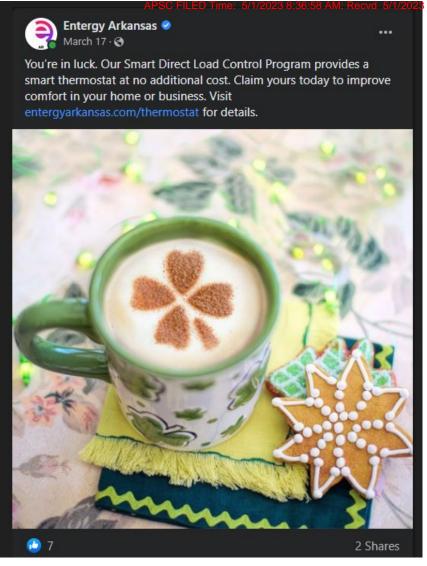




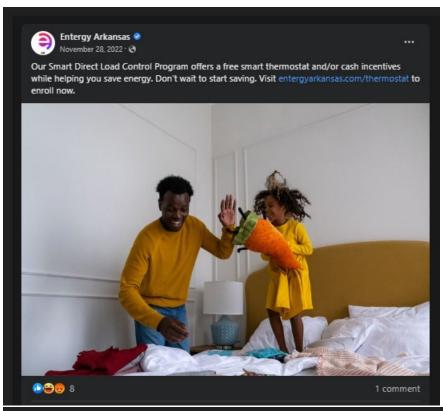


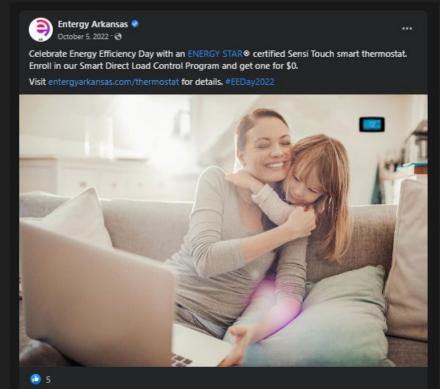


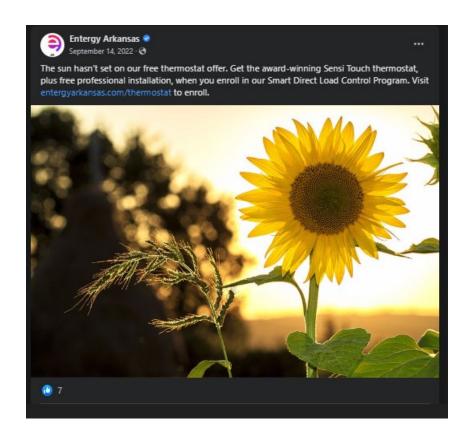












3.12 Agricultural I^{APSC FILED Time: 5/1/2023 8:36:58 AM: Recvd 5/1/2023 8:18:54 AM: Docket 07-085-TF-Doc. 793 Control}

3.12.1 2022 First Chance Fall Enrollment FINAL v.O.docx

ENTERGY SOLUTIONS Entergy	Entergy Arkansas, LLC P.O. Box 3797 Little Rock, AR 72203		
		RENEWAL	
Farmer Business Name % person		Entergy Arkansas, LLC	
Address		Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program Confirmation Ag	greement
City, State Zip		Attention customer: Based on our information, the wells listed belo	w are elicible
		to be activated with the new equipment this season. It is imperative	
Dear Farmer:		and return this document to reserve your spaces now.	, ,
Stuttgart farmer Gary Sebree has participated in Entergy's A	Agricultural Irrigation		
Load Control (AILC) program since 2017. During a recent int		Feel free to include additional wells if you wish to enroll them in the	e program and
expressed his satisfaction with the AILC program based on t		receive rebate incentives for them, too.	
short duration of seasonal load control events, the advanced		If you have questions, please do not hesitate to call 855-664-3276.	
option, and the ability to check his pump status at any time		Fax the signed form to 585-625-3466, e-mail a scanned copy to	
farmer portal to ensure proper operation. Gary also earns se		farmers@enterqy.com or mail it to:	
incentives and is doing his part to help reduce peak load for	r all Entergy Arkansas	AILC/ Customer Operations Support	
customers.		Entergy Arkansas, LLC	
Out and the distance when a local account of the first standards	hann installed on annual	P.O. Box 3797 Little Book, AR 72203	
Our records indicate that a load control device has already be of your wells; however, these wells are not currently registe		Please review and update all the information below and return as so	000 35
seasonal program rebates.	red to receive	possible.	DOII 45
seasonal program reduces.		F	
For your convenience, we have enclosed the updated AILC p	program information	Review and/or complete all items.	
and a Confirmation Agreement to ensure your eligibility for		Customer or Farm Name (Same as Entergy account name):	
incentives in 2022, subject to your pump(s) meeting AILC pr			
requirements. Participation in the program is always free an		Entergy BP#:	
remote-control access to qualified wells through a personali you need to do is review the materials enclosed, sign the en		Billing Address:	•
Agreement form and mail it in the envelope provided. You a			
the form to 585-625-3466 or e-mail the form to farmers@ent		What is your well status notification preference? (Please circle one	a)
		Email Text No Notice	
If you have any questions at all, please feel free to call us to	oday at 855-664-3276.	What email address or phone number should be used for sending t notices?	the status
		Email:	
Sincerely,			_
Santoyo Simby		Text Phone #:	
anilogo surey			
Santiago Asimbaya		Signature***:DA`	TE:
Entergy Arkansas, LLC			
		Print Name:	
P.S. Please sign and return the form today – so we can help	you make this a		
profitable year.		***YOUR SIGNATURE IS REQUIRED	

Wells on Progr		Walls with "X
Well #	Location	are to be included in program.
		
		

Enteroy	ntergy Arkansas, LLC O. Box 3797 Tile Rock, AR 72203	RENEWAL
Farmer Business Name % person Address	Agricultural Irri	Entergy Arkansas, LLC gation Load Control Program Confirmation Agreement
City, State Zip Dear Farmer:	to be activated with to	Based on our information, the wells listed below are eligible the new equipment this season. It is imperative that you signent to reserve your spaces now.
Stuttgart farmer: Stuttgart farmer Gary Sebree has participated in Entergy's Agricultu Load Control (AILC) program since 2017. During a recent interview, 4 expressed his satisfaction with the AILC program based on the low vishort duration of seasonal load control events, the advanced event option, and the ability to check his pump status at any time through farmer portal to ensure proper operation. Gary also earns seasonal rincentives and is doing his part to help reduce peak load for all Enter customers. Our records indicate that a load control device has already been inst of your wells; however, these wells are not currently registered to re seasonal program rebates. For your convenience, we have enclosed the updated AILC program and a Confirmation Agreement to ensure your eligibility for the CAS incentives in 2022, subject to your pump(s) meeting AILC program prequirements. Participation in the program is always free and include remote-control access to qualified wells through a personalized farm you need to do is review the materials enclosed, sign the enclosed Agreement form and mail it in the envelope provided. You also may the form to 585-625-3466 or e-mail the form to farmers@enterqu.com If you have any questions at all, please feel free to call us today at 80 Sincerely. Lautlous Jaimbaya Entergy Arkansas, LLC P.S. Please sign and return the form today – so we can help you mail profitable year.	al Irrigation iary olume and olume and obtification if you have questions fax the signed form to farmers entergy Arkansas ALC Custome Entergy Arkansas Po. Box 3797 Little Rook, AR Please review and up possible. Information BACK Review and/or completion is year-round er portal. All onfirmation choose to fax b. Signatures and the signed form to farmer in the signal form to farm the signal form the signal form to farm the signal form the sign	dditional wells if you wish to enroll them in the program an ives for them, too. 5, please do not hesitate to call 855-664-3276. 7, please do not hesitate to call 855-664-3276. 7, please support sas, LLC 7, please circle one) The support of the program of the status or phone number should be used for sending the status.
profitable year.		***YOUR SIGNATURE IS REQUIRED

Wells on Progr	_	Walls with "X"
Well #	Location	are to be included in program.



Santiago Asimbaya Program Manager 501-377-3512 | sasimba@entergy.com P.O. Box 3797, Little Rock, AR 72203

Dear AILC Participant:

We are pleased to provide the attached incentive check to you for your farm's participation in the Entergy Arkansas 2022 Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program during the month of August.

As the program agreement outlined, the August incentive payment was based on the number of your participating pumps in the program as of the end of the month, the runtime of the pumps during the month and the motor size of each pump. EACH participating pump had to have a minimum run-time of 64 hours in the month to qualify for an incentive.

To review the incentive schedule, visit:

entergyarkansas.com/irrigation

Thanks again for your participation in this valuable program.

Sincerely,

Santiago Asimbaya Entergy Arkansas, LLC



Santiago Asimbaya Program Manager 501-377-3512 | sasimba@entergy.com P.O. Box 3797, Little Rock, AR 72203

Dear AILC Participant:

We are pleased to provide the attached incentive check to you for your farm's participation in the Entergy Arkansas 2022 Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program during the month of July.

As the program agreement outlined, the July incentive payment was based on the number of your participating pumps in the program as of the end of the month, the runtime of the pumps during the month and the motor size of each pump. EACH participating pump had to have a minimum run-time of 64 hours in the month to qualify for an incentive

To review the incentive schedule, visit:

entergyarkansas.com/irrigation

Thanks again for your participation in this valuable program.

Sincerely

Santiago Asimbaya Entergy Arkansas, LLC

Sanctroys Simby

3.12.15 2022 AILC Incentive Letter FINAL – June.docx



Santiago Asimbaya Program Manager 501-377-3512 | sasimba@entergy.com P.O. Box 3797, Little Rock, AR 72203

Dear AILC Participant:

We are pleased to provide the attached incentive check to you for your farm's participation in the Entergy Arkansas 2022 Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program during the month of June.

As the program agreement outlined, the June incentive payment was based on the number of your participating pumps in the program as of the end of the month, the runtime of the pumps during the month and the motor size of each pump. EACH participating pump had to have a minimum run-time of 64 hours in the month to qualify for an incentive.

To review the incentive schedule, visit:

entergyarkansas.com/irrigation

Thanks again for your participation in this valuable program.

Sincerely,

Santiago Asimbaya Entergy Arkansas, LLC

anetroyo simby



Farmer Business Name % person Address City, State Zip

Dear Farmer:

If you have ever considered enrolling in the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control program, now is your chance. Our records indicate that the improved load control device has already been installed on some of your wells; however, these wells are not currently registered to receive seasonal program rebates. For your convenience, we have enclosed the updated AILC program information and a Confirmation Agreement to ensure your eligibility for the CASH BACK incentives in 2021. Participation in the program is always free and includes year-round remote-control access to qualified wells through a personalized farmer portal.

All you need to do is review the materials enclosed, sign the enclosed Confirmation Agreement form and mail it in the envelope provided. You also may choose to fax the form to 585-625-3466 or e-mail the form to farmers@entergy.com.

Thank you for doing your part in helping to reduce peak energy load for all Entergy Arkansas customers. Your participation in the Entergy AlLC program will help keep your community cool when drought and severe weather threaten to cause community-wide blackouts.

If you have any questions at all, please feel free to call us today at 855-664-3276.

Santoyo Simby

Santiago Asimbaya Entergy Arkansas, LLC

P.S. Please sign and return the form today - so we can help you make this a profitable year.

RENEWAL

Entergy Arkansas, LLC Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program Confirmation Agreement

Attention customer: Based on our information, the wells listed below are eligible to be activated with the new equipment this season. It is imperative that you sign and return this document to reserve your spaces now.

Feel free to include additional wells if you wish to enroll them in the program and receive incentive checks for them, too.

If you have questions, please do not hesitate to call 856-664-3276. Fax the signed form to 885-625-3466, e-mail a scanned copy to farmers @entergy.com or mail it to: ALCC Customer Operations Support Entergy Arkansas, LLC P.O. Box 3797

Little Rock, AR 72203

Please review and update all the information below and return as soon as

Wells with "X"

Review and/or comp	
Customer or Farm I	Name to be Printed on Checks (should match Entergy account
name):	
Entergy BP#:	
Billing Address:	
What is your well st	tatus notification preference? (Please circle one)
	Email Text No Notice
What email address	or phone number should be used for sending the status
notices?	
Email:	
Text Phone #:	
TEXT FIIOTIE W.	
Signature***:	DATE:
Print Name:	
	***YOUR SIGNATURE IS REQUIRED

Well #	Location	are to be included in program.		
		\vdash		
		-		

Your wells are now connected.







You are one step away from accessing your pumps through a computer, tablet or smartphone using your new farmer portal. The next step is to send an email to ailcfarmer@bplglobal.net with your farm name and contact phone number. Once this information is received, you will receive an email with the credentials needed to access your farmer portal account.

Call the Entergy Arkansas AILC Support Desk at **855-664-FARM** for customer support and farmer portal questions or visit entergy-fp.cnrg.com.





Frequently Asked Questions:

 How will I know when a load control event is being called?

Once your notifications are set up in the farmer portal, you will receive advanced text or email updates for scheduled load control events. If the yellow LED light on the load control device is on, the pump is currently being controlled by Entergy Arkansas.



Load Controller in a

 What if I already have a farmer portal account but am having difficulty logging in?

Try resetting your password by going to entergy-fp.cnrg.com and click "forgot password" or contact us at 855-664-FARM.

 Who do I contact if I would like to add wells into the program or need assistance with remote pump operation?
 Call the AILC support desk at us at 855-664-FARM or email ailcfarmer@bplglobal.net for additional assistance.

Customer Service Information:

For technical support and farmer portal questions please call 855-664-FARM (3276) or visit entergy-fp.cnrg.com.

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Entergy Arkansas, LLC P.O. Box 3797 Little Rock, AR 72203

⊸WE POWER LIFE[©]

Entergy Arkansa: LLC Agricultural Irrigation Load Control Program Terms and Conditions

Program Eligibility
To participate in the Agricultural Irrigation Load Control (AILC) program, participants must have 1) An active non-residential account in good standing with Ente
Ackanasa LLC, 2) Authorization to modify existing motor configuration 3) A motor size of at least 10 HP, which is the minimum size to participate in the program
Accessible motor control panels capable of accommodating program equipment.

togram interesters may qualify to receive a monthly rebate incentive for the program months of June, July and/or August. The incentive will be paid for each comin of active participation regardless of whether any cutalinear events were called in that month. Incentive levels will vary by motor ins. Entergy Arkanias LLC tricipates the average incentive to be \$100 per month for June, July and August, and the incentive levels it described in the Table below:

	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5	Tier 6	Tier 7	Tier 8	Tier 9
Motor HP	10-25	26-50	51-75	76-100	101-125	126-150	151-175	176-200	Larger
Monthly Incentive*	\$ 50.00	\$ 100.00	\$ 200.00	\$ 250.00	\$ 350.00	\$ 450.00	\$ 550.00	\$ 650.00	Upon Request
*Incentive void if a participant's actions interfere with a curtailment event. A minimum of 64 run-time hours for a pump is required during									

If a participant chooses to opt out of the program <u>during a curtailment event</u>, the participant forfiels that month's incentive. Active participation is defined as 1) A participant must have an active, non-definence, non-residential Entergy Arkanasa LLC account?) The participating account must be equipped with AILC control equipment through no fault of the participants? 3) The sentelled motor must be activable for curtailment during the designated program hours. Only the motor's ability to be activated remotely in required to participate the motor in not required to be on for the motor to be considered available. 4) A minimum of 64 run-time hours during the program mouth is required. This is equivalent to running the motor 16 hours a day for four times during the motor in the considered available.

Enrollment
The open enrollment period is from February 1, 2021 through August 15, 2021 (or until all of the required enrollments for that program season are received). Eligible customers must familia Entergy Adamsas LLC written or electronic consent for the installation of the control device. If the participation response is greater than anticipated, Entergy Adamsas LLC will establish a waiting list for program perticipation for the following program year.

Equipment Installations and Maintenance
BPL Global LLC, divis Comacted Energy, Entergy Adamsas; LLC's implementing contractor, will coordinate the installation of all program equipment. The equipment will be tested for operability during the installation process. This testing may require the motor to be turned off and on via the controller unit, which utilizes cellular technology. The unit will also be tested to ensure the unit is reporting the correct load after installation. Please note that once the installation is complete, it may take as much as 24 hours for the motor and controller to be operated remotely through the participant web-portal (in most cases the availability will be a master of minutes).

Existing participants which had the program equipment installed from 2008-2013 may now upgrade your All C equipment by having a new CNRG controller installed. These participants must re-register using the remote All C website (https://wr-fp.carg.com/) to operate these locations. All program equipment remains property of the All C program, and any minimatenance issues school the property of the following the state of the controller property of the participants may call Connected Energy's farmer help line at 1-557-564-FARM (3276). The participant agrees to allow Entergy Adamses LLC representatives to have access to the pumping unit for the purpose of installing, testing and maintaining the remote control discrete at all times.

Equipment Operations and Remote Access

After the AILC equipment has been installed, the participant may operate the pump motor as normal. The controller is wired to turn the motor on or off remotely but will not interface with meanal operation. The controller is equipped with an analyst LED indicator. When the analyst LED is on, a curtaliment owner is in effect. During a curtaliment event, the motor is de-margined and the motor will not operate. To operate the pump remotely, the participant must register in the AILC website (my./lettic.org.com). Once registered, the participating wells well be displayed along with their current availability, run intent and load. If the motor is on a history of the load in kWi is recorded and displayed. If the motor is available, the motor can be turned on, or if it is alwayly turned on, it may be turned off. As a precuntion against motor damage, the start function will be temporarily locked out for six (6) minutes after the motor has been turned off. Remote operations of the pump(s) will not be accessible during any AILC curtaliment.

Cartailment Events

Entergy Adsons LLC may conduct test curtailments during the equipment's installation to test the communications and operations. Other test curtailments may occur as required. The ALLC program will only curtail the participating singation loads from June 1 through August 21. Except in cases of emergency, the curtailments may not be scheduled on wealthys for a total of up to four hours (not counting an up to 15 minute ramp-up window) and be limited to occur between 12 pm. noom and 9 pm. Additionally, Entergy Arkanasa LLC will limit planned curtailment events to no more than two events in one calcades weak. Emergency Events may occur at any time from June 1 to August 31 regardless of program limitations. Before a curtailment event, the participant will receive an e-mail or text message softlying him or her of an upcoming curtailment. The message will include the duration of the curtailment as long as curtailment notification is selected during the surrollment process.

Remote operations of the pump(s) will not be accessable during any AILC curtailment.

Resewals, Termination or Expulsion

Euroliment starts February 1 and continues through August 15 (or until all of the required euroliments for that season are received). Participation in this program shall be from the date of nuccessful equipment installation or Tune 1, 2021, whichever is late; to August 31, 2021 and shall be automatically monwed for successive peak seasons in nucceeding years under starting the participant in figure 1, and the participant in the program participation are participation by forfeiting any panding monthly incentives. Participants may opt-out and re-sured in the program are prior to June 1, 2021. After them 1, a participant may opt-out the program in the continue participation in the program are prior to June 1, 2021. After them 1, a participant may opt-out of the program in the continue participant may opt-out on successful and a service season are received as a fallowable mid-season re-sured manufactured examples would be administrative error, change of pump ownership or management, account activation or de-activation, mupup motor modifications. Unless equipment removal is requested, opting out of the program will initiate field services to place the load control box on "by-pass" mode. This will allow the opt-out customer to experience uninstrupted service and allow finites participated until reinforce additional service calls for equipment metallation. If there is evidence of absention or tempering with the ALC program is control equipment, the participant will reinforce Entergy Arianasa LLC considers the tempering to be recurrent or malicious, Entergy Arianasa LLC considers in the tempering to be recurrent or malicious, Entergy Arianasa LLC considers in the tempering to be recurrent or malicious. Entergy Arianasa LLC considers in the tempering to be recurrent or malicious. Entergy Arianasa LLC considers in the tempering to be lowered to the malicious administrative are program.

Save time. Earn cash. Enroll now.

Your large motor wells receive large checks.





Monthly cashback incentives

Mator Hamepower	10-25	26-50	51-75	76-100	101-125	126-150	151-175	176-200	Larger NP
Monthly Incentive*	\$50	\$100	\$200	\$250	\$350	\$450	\$550	\$650	Upon Request

- The program is available to all Entergy Arkansas customers taking service under the Agricultural Pumping Service rate schedule.

- You will have remote access to your wells throughout the growing season, not just during the program period. Pumps are controlled using windess signals.
- paned. Pumps are centrelled using wiseless signats. During the program peried. Entergy Arkansas might naed to interrupt the electric service to the pump for no mere than four heurs each weekday. Menday through Friday. between the heurs of neen and 3 p.m.. excluding helidays."

Program benefits

- Cathlack is maked approximately two weeks fellowing and of month an average of \$100 par pump, per menth for the ALIC Pergram months of June. July and August.

 Operate well from easywhere, enytime with a laptop, table or amethybene. There is no more need to drive from well to well in the middle of the night just to turn them on are off.
- You will receive advance notifications from Entergy Advances when wells will be turned off or on.

- The Agricultural Intigation Lead Central Program paried
 Cashback is mailed approximately two weeks full results and a function of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second sec
 - Maximum intigation leads and air cenditioning leads caincide on het summer afterneens and place the greatest demand on electricity resources that serve you. This pregram helps to reduce serve of that demand for the benefit of all customers.
 - demand for the benefit of all customers. Exhappy Arkinase an abid immers to remetally operate walls excelled in the Agricultural Irrigation Lead Central Program year-reusel from your lapta, tablet or ameriphene. New, you can turn your campatible walls on ar off them beams, in town or in the field drytime of the day or night.

Save an average of \$350 per pump per month in June. July and August on your motors between 100-150hp. Larger motors will qualify for larger monthly incentives.

Sign up some or all of your pumps

Fregram participation is limited. We are segar to help you make the right decision for your crop needs and nasers your place in the program. Call 835-844-FARS (3276) or small termass@endergy.com new to get me information. Also visit entergyarkamass.com/irrigation.

Frequently Asked Questions

For complete details, visit our website at entergyarkansas.com/irrigation

How is the payment calculated?

HOW Is the payment calculated?
The payment is based on rathe hersepower of the pump motiva in the program. At the end of each month, rebets incondition around for the total number of pumps encelled for the entire menth are calculated. Entergy Antennas' program agent will send you a check within shout they wrette.

How does the remote switching work?

How does the remote switching work? Firmers participating the ALIC Pergerm can use the same technology Enterpy Arizanear uses to remetally central that insignation wells. Fermers will have access to a secure website where they can register only qualified, participating and active intigation well for remote central by a laptop, tablet or ameriphene. Please nets: considerance central secess will not be available during the hours of sed central interruption. Otherwise, you can mensage your work operation at any time during the graving passes.

Why is Entergy Arkansas offering this program?

We want to help customers zero meney and also induce the total peak lead – the inneunt of electricity required to zero all our customers during the weekledy parieds of summer afformens. As aean in previous years, reducing peak lead benefits all of our customers.

Are there any installation fees?

There are no installation fees. To participate, you must allow Entargy Arkansas contractors access to the mater central panel.

Have participating farmers been satisfied with

Yes. We palled 101 farmers at the end of the 2015 season. Mere than 78% expressed satisfaction in the everall program. Mere than 87% plan to stay in the program.

What happens if I choose to terminate the

what nappers in a moose to terminate the program before the three months are over?
You may and your participation for a specific well at the system was by calling us at 805-864-PARM (3279). But if you do, you will not receive a payment for the menth in which you terminate or any subsequent menth.

What if something goes wrong with the meter

or the switching controls? Installation and maintenance are Entergy Advances' responsibility. During business hours. cell 835-684-FARM (3278). During rights, weekends and heliderys. cell 800-50UTAÜE (800-568-8243).

We make it simple to participate Te perticipate in the ALC Program, you must agree to alle

- Allow us to turn off the pump for up to four hours per dry. Monday through Priday, anytime between the hours of neen and 5 p.m., excluding helidays. Pumps will be turned off and an remetally by a two-way communication system.
- the pump is oversion signs mare in my imprime, You can spit set of the ALLE Program instription, during June. July or August. You may and your participation for a specific used or fee all of your waits by calling 855-664-PARMS (\$2276), but if you waits by calling 855-664-PARMS (\$2276), but if you do, your pump will be insighted for an incentiva payment for the menth is which you terminate and all subsequent ALLE Program menths.





A measure from Renewy Advance. LLC \$2021 Renewy Services. LLC. 48 February Selection.

The Renewy Selection pressure is an energy officiency pressure and run officient with Renewy Selection. LLC.

→ WE POWER LIFE®